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MINUTES

Special Council Meeting

Tuesday 29 November 2022, 5:30pm

in the Council Chamber, Administration Building 48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054



1 Declaration Of Opening; Acknowledgment of Country; Acknowledgment of Visitors; Disclaimer

The Presiding Member declared the meeting open, welcomed all those in attendance and acknowledged the past and present traditional owners and custodians of the land on which the meeting was held.

2 Announcements by the Presiding Person Without Discussion

Nil

3 Attendances and Apologies

Present

Councillors

Cr Kathryn Hamilton, Mayor Cr Renee McLennan, Deputy Mayor *(authorised to participate by electronic means in accordance with Regulation 14C Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996)* Cr Hilary MacWilliam Cr Emily Wilding Cr Jennie Carter Cr Paul Poliwka Cr Tallan Ames

<u>Officers</u>

Ms Elizabeth Kania, Manager Governance and Strategy Ms Kathleen Stewart, Manager Organisational Development and HR

4 Declarations of Interest

Ms Kathleen Stewart declared an impartiality interest in the item as she had briefly worked in the same organisation as the nominated independent panel member candidate. Ms Stewart was not involved in the selection of the nominated candidate referred to Council.



5 Presentations or Deputations

Nil.

6 Statements by Members of the Public on Agenda Items

Nil

7 Questions from Members of the Public

Nil

8 Reports

8.1 Establishment of the Selection Panel for the recruitment of a Chief Executive Officer	
Property Address	NA
Landowner/Applicant	NA
File Reference	GOVN/POLCY/2
Author	Manager Organisational Development AND HR
Department	Office of the CEO, Human Resources
Previous Reports	NA
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.
Attachments	 CONFIDENTIAL - Independent panel member - CV [8.1.1 - 3 pages] Standards for CEO Recruitment- Performance and Termination Policy [8.1.2 - 12 pages]

Purpose

The purpose of this report was for Council to establish the Selection Panel for the recruitment of a Chief Executive Officer.

Kathleen Stewart, Manager Organisational Development and HR, addressed the Council on the selection process.



<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 8.1(a)</u> <u>SCM 1/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council determines that the following Councillors are appointed as members to the CEO Selection Panel:

Cr Kathryn Hamilton; Cr Renee McLennan; Cr Jennie Carter; Cr Paul Poliwka; and Cr Tallan Ames.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 7/0

<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 8.1(b)</u> <u>SCM 2/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that Council appoints Dr Christine Cunningham as the independent member to the CEO Selection Panel, as based on the candidate's CV, it was deemed that she was the most suitably qualified candidate.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 7/0

9 Closure

There being no further business, the Presiding Member declared the meeting closed, the time being 5.50pm.



MINUTES

Ordinary Meeting of Council

Tuesday 22 November 2022, 6:00 pm

in the Council Chamber, Administration Building 48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054



1 Declaration Of Opening; Acknowledgment of Country; Acknowledgment of Visitors; Disclaimer

The Presiding Member declared the meeting open, welcomed all those in attendance and acknowledged the past and present traditional owners and custodians of the land on which the meeting was held.

2 Announcements by The Presiding Person Without Discussion

On behalf of the Town, the Presiding Member extended condolences to former Mayor Dr John Paterson and family on the passing of his wife Patricia.

The Telethon Community Cinemas commence screening on 1 December.

Town Planning staff were congratulated for receiving a Commendation from the Planning Institute of Australia, Awards for Planning Excellence in the category of Stakeholder Engagement for the Town Centre Masterplan project.

3 Attendances, Apologies and Applications for Leave of Absence

Present

Councillors

Cr Kathryn Hamilton, Mayor Cr Hilary MacWilliam Cr Emily Wilding Cr Jennie Carter Cr Paul Poliwka Cr Tallan Ames

Officers

Mr Luke Gibson, Acting Chief Executive Officer Ms Donna Shaw, Acting Director Community Planning Mr Paul White, Director Corporate Services Mr Phil Adams, Executive Manager Infrastructure Mr Brice Campbell, Manager Recycling and Waste Ms Elizabeth Kania, Manager Governance and Strategy Mrs Amy Holmes, Minute Secretary

Public

Approximately 12 members of the public were in attendance.

Apologies

Cr Renee McLennan, Deputy Mayor Ms Nicole Davey, Exec Manager Sustainability & Environment



4 Declarations of Interest

Nil

5 Presentations or Deputations

Nil

6 Statements by Members of the Public on Agenda Item

Ms Carol Seidel, 55 Broadway, Bassendean

Does not support the officer recommendation of Item 12.6. Any decision by Council should be deferred until there is a clear understanding of the Act as it will impact Town of Bassendean volunteers who donate their time and services to the community.

Mr Alan Copleston, 81 Parker Street, Bassendean

Does not support officer recommendation of Item 12.6.

Mr Randhir Amoganathan 7A Hardy Road, Bassendean

Supports officer recommendation of Item 12.3. They reside adjacent to the property in question and the noise level affects their young child.

7 Questions from Members of the Public

Ms Joyce Archibald, 8 Carnegie Road, Bassendean

What consultation was given over the bulk rubbish collection being stopped?

The Manager Recycling and Waste advised that feedback has been collected from residents over a long period of time in relation to untidy streets, illegal dumping, inconvenient timing etc.

The Mayor commented that Town waste staff have dealt with many complaints over the phone. Neither service will please everybody - some prefer bulk verge collection, some prefer skip bin service. The current contractors offered skip bin service instead of verge collection.



There is a link on the Town's website with charities and buy nothing pages for people to be able to give away items. Waste collection service will change to offer a variety of services to residents.

The Manager Recycling and Waste advised that waste figures are reported on annually.

Ms Bev Johnson, 46 Eileen Street, Bassendean

How did we get to this point – what happened to Bassendean's commitment to greener, cleaner economy?

The Mayor responded that the administration have experienced a huge escalation of dumping of hazardous waste around town during bulk verge collection time, especially on vacant blocks. The bulk verge collection waste is going to landfill. Skip bins will go to the EMRC facility and it is estimated that 33% of the contents of those skip bins can be recycled.

Why can't Bassendean have its own verge collection truck?

The Manager Recycling and Waste advised that it would be extremely costly for the Town to provide its own truck and bulk verge collection service.

Mrs Anne Brinkworth, 19 Ida Street, Bassendean

Will Council please consider deferring Item 12.6?

Ms Fran Phelan, 15 River Street, Bassendean

With regard to Item 12.6, why has the report appeared in the November agenda when we were told December or January. How can the report be prepared in only one week?

The Acting Director Community Planning commented that the risk assessment has been underway for some time. The report was prepared in a week based on those findings. The Town has been in liaison with the City of Swan to see if it can share the service. Clients would need to be subscribed to My Aged Care.

Mr Bill Busby, 53 Haig Street, Bassendean

In reference to Item 12.6, the mental health and wellbeing of the elderly will be impacted if they cannot get out. The Town needs to look after the social fabric of the elderly community.



Council Resolution – Item 7.1 OCM 1/11/22

MOVED MacWilliam, Seconded Wilding, that Public Question Time be extended, the time being 6.35pm.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

Mr Alan Copleston, 81 Parker Street, Bassendean

What is the Town going to do about the mess caused when pickers go through the skip bins?

The Mayor responded that no system is 100% perfect. With bulk verge collections there were complaints about mess. With skip bins there will be issues. The Mayor asked that the community be patient.

Mr Joyce Archibald, 8 Carnegie Road, Bassendean

If someone climbs in a skip bin, who is liable for any injury?

The Director Corporate Services advised that the Town has insurance and various protections in place. It would depend on the specific circumstances.

Mr Don Yates, 10 Thompson Road, Bassendean (received in writing)

It was noted that Mr Yates provided a series of questions by email but did not attend the meeting.

The Mayor advised that Town staff will provide a written response to Mr Yates.

8 **Petitions**

Nil



9 Confirmation of Minutes

9.1 Confirmation of Minutes - Special Council Minutes of 25 October 2022		
Attachments:	1.	Special Council Minutes 25 October 2022 [9.1.1 - 4 pages]

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 9.1 OCM 2/11/22

MOVED Cr Carter, Seconded Cr Wilding, that the Minutes of the Special Council Meeting held on 25 October 2022 be received and confirmed as a true record. <u>CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY</u> 7/0

9.2	Confirmation of Minutes - Ordinary Council Minutes of 25 October 2022	
Attac	hments	 Ordinary Council Minutes 25 October 2022 [9.2.1 - 15 pages]

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 9.2 OCM 3/11/22

MOVED Cr Ames, Seconded Cr MacWilliam, that the Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 25 October 2022 be received and confirmed as a true record.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 7/0

10 Business Deferred from Previous Meeting

Nil

11 External Committee Reports and Updates

11.1 External Committee Reports and Updates	
Property Address	NA
Landowner/Applicant	NA
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1
Department	Office of the CEO
Previous Reports	N/A
Authority/Discretion	Information
	For the Council/Committee to note.
Attachments	1. EMRC Abridged Minutes -27 October 2022 [11.1.1 - 11 pages]



The purpose of this report was for Council to note the minutes from external Committees and organisations have been received.

<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 11.1</u> OCM 4/11/22

MOVED Cr Wilding, Seconded Cr Carter, that Council notes the documents from external Committees have been received within the reporting period.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

12 Officer Reports

It was agreed that items 12.2, 12.6, 12.7 and 12.11 be removed from the en bloc table and considered separately.

<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.1</u> OCM 5/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council adopts en bloc the following Officer recommendations contained in the Ordinary Council Meeting Agenda:

Item	Report	
12.3	Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) - 5B (Lot 35) Hardy Road, Bassendean	
12.9	Accounts Paid 31 October 2022	
12.10	Monthly Financial Report – October 2022	
12.12	Use of Common Seal	
12.13	Calendar December 2022	

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

Council was then requested to consider the balance of the Officer recommendations independently.

Item	Report	
12.2	Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) - Units 1 - 8, 63 (Lot 1) Third Avenue, Bassendean	
12.4	Evaluation of Pedestrian Zone Trial	
12.5	Parking Amendment Local Law 2023	
12.6	Community Transport Service Review	
12.7	Quarterly Report - Period ending 30 September 2022	
12.8	Resolutions of Council	
12.11	Alternative Weed Control Strategies - Children's Playgrounds	
13.1	Booked Verge Collection Service	



12.2 Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) - Units 1 - 8, 63 (Lot 1) Third Avenue, Bassendean	
Property Address	Units 1–8, 63 Third Avenue, Bassendean
Landowner/Applicant	63 Third Avenue Bassendean PTY LTD, Khaled and Lauren Baghdadi, Kirsten Van Kwawegen and Deserted Island PTY LTD
File Reference	2022-094
Department	Community Planning
Previous Reports	N/A
Authority/Discretion	Quasi-Judicial When the Council determines an application/matter that directly affects a person's right and interests. The judicial character arises from the obligation to abide by the principles of natural justice. Examples of Quasi- Judicial authority include town planning applications, building licences, applications for other permits/licences.
Attachments	 Schedule of Submissions [12.2.1 - 20 pages] Management Plan [12.2.2 - 13 pages] Floor Plans [12.2.3 - 9 pages]

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider an application for development approval for an existing Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) at Units 1 - 8, 63 Third Avenue, Bassendean. The matter is being referred to Council for determination as it is outside the authority deleted to staff due to the nature of the application being a use that is not listed within the Zoning table under Local Planning Scheme No. 10 (LPS 10).

Officer Recommendation – Item 12.2

That Council approves the application for development approval of an existing Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) at Units 1–8, 63 Third Avenue, Bassendean, subject to the following conditions:

1. The approval is valid for a period of 12 months only from the date of the approval. The applicant will be required lodge a subsequent application to extend to the term of the approval and in determining such an application, the Town would have regard to the performance of the accommodation over the previous period. If the Town is not satisfied of the previous performance, the application may not be supported;



- 2. The use must be undertaken in accordance with the submitted management plan (as amended by this approval) at all times to the satisfaction of the Town;
- 3. The contact details of the owner/manager must be prominently displayed at the front of the property as viewed from the street to the satisfaction of the Town;
- 4. A register of all persons occupying the short stay accommodation is required to be kept and shall be open to inspection on demand by the Town;
- 5. No more than four persons are permitted to be at each unit between the hours of 10:00pm and 7:00am;
- 6. A revised management plan shall be submitted, to the satisfaction of the Town within 60 days of the date of the approval addressing following:
 - (i) Removes reference to the swimming pool given there is no pool on the property;
 - Prescribes the minimum stay as five days (refer to error in brackets on page 5 of the management plan);
 - (iii) Includes details in respect to proposed access to the property (keypads and keys); and
 - (iv) Updating the 'Garbage and Recycling' section to refer to the three-bin FOGO system.

Cr Poliwka moved an alternative motion.

Council Resolution – Item 12.2 OCM 6/11/22

MOVED Cr Poliwka, Seconded Cr Carter, that Council refuses the application for development approval of an existing Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) at Units 1-8, 63 Third Avenue, Bassendean for the following reasons:

- The proposal does not comply with the location criteria contained in Local Planning Policy – Short Stay Accommodation and a variation is not supported as the proposed use may result in an accumulation of adverse impacts at a scale that may detrimentally affect the amenity of the local area in a manner that would not reasonably be expected in an existing low-density, residential context; and
- 2. The application is inconsistent with the requirements of orderly and proper planning.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0



12.3 Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) - 5B (Lot 35) Hardy Road, Bassendean	
Property Address	5B (Lot 35) Hardy Road, Bassendean
Landowner/Applicant	Semra Lee Smith and Roderick Smith
File Reference	2022-100
Department	Community Planning
Previous Reports	N/A
Authority/Discretion	Quasi-Judicial When the Council determines an application/matter that directly affects a person's right and interests. The judicial character arises from the obligation to abide by the principles of natural justice. Examples of Quasi- Judicial authority include town planning applications, building licences, applications for other permits/licences.
Attachments	 Schedule of Submissions [12.3.1 - 13 pages] Management Plan and Code of Conduct [12.3.2 - 2 pages]

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider an application for development approval for an existing Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) at 5B (Lot 35) Hardy Road, Bassendean. The matter is being referred to Council for determination as it is outside the authority delegated to staff due to the nature of the application being a use that is not listed within the Zoning Table under Local Planning Scheme No. 10 (LPS10).

<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.3</u> OCM 7/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council refuses the application for development approval of a Use Not Listed (Short Stay Accommodation) at 5B (Lot 35) Hardy Road, Bassendean for the following reasons:

- The proposal does not comply with the location criteria contained in Local Planning Policy – Short Stay Accommodation and a variation is not supported as the proposed use is likely to result in an accumulation of adverse impacts at a scale that may detrimentally affect the amenity of the local area in a manner that would not reasonably be expected in an existing low-density, residential context; and
- The applicant has failed to demonstrate how the use would be managed to ensure that there would not be an accumulation of adverse impacts at a scale that may detrimentally affect the amenity of the local area;
 CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY BY EN BLOC RESOLUTION OCM 5/11/22 6/0

Attachment 9.2.1



12.4 Evaluation of Pedestrian Zone trial	
Property Address	Old Perth Road, Bassendean
Landowner/Applicant	Various
File Reference	ТВА
Department	Community Planning
Previous Reports	23 November 2021
Authority/Discretion	Executive
	The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.
Attachments	1. P 2 P Feedback and Survey Results - post activation [12.4.1 - 5 pages]
	 P 2 P Survey Results - during activation [12.4.2 - 4 pages] P 2 P Survey Results - businesses [12.4.3 - 3 pages]

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider the evaluation of the recent trial 'pedestrian only zone' (POZ) at the western end of Old Perth Road, Bassendean and to determine the future of the zone.

Officer Recommendation – Item 12.4

That Council advises of its decision in relation to the recent trial 'pedestrian only zone' at the western end of Old Perth Road, Bassendean (*this section is required to be reworded at the Ordinary Meeting of Council*).

Council Resolution – Item 12.4 OCM 8/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that Council:

- 1. Notes the outcomes of the public consultation on the temporary Old Perth Road pedestrian only zone activation;
- 2. Requests the CEO expedite the removal of the infrastructure from within the pedestrian only zone and the reopening of the road to vehicular traffic;
- 3. Notes that the future Precinct Structure Plan will include an analysis of movement, transport and car parking matters, which will assist in the consideration of potential future pedestrian only zones in or around Old Perth Road.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0



REASONS:

The short term two week activation of a portion of Old Perth Road succeeded in attracting and engaging community members and others in the Town Centre. However the infrastructure utilised was of a temporary nature including various hired items such as marquees that were removed on or about 11 October. The remaining coloured pallet seating and painted soak-wells reinforce an atmosphere pop-up temporary stalls on a road surface that lacks shade and generates heat. These are all factors that now do not encourage people to linger and discourages activity in that space. The closed portion of the streetscape in its current state has little or no resemblance to what a fully funded infrastructure pedestrian zone project could deliver in terms of improved amenities catering to increasing population and business activity for a future thriving Town Centre.

Preparation of a Precinct Structure Plan will assist in encouraging high quality development outcomes and improving streetscapes and public places over time. It is vital to consider options for the future development of the Town Centre including the potential for some portions of the Town Centre to accommodate pedestrian only zones. To limit future planning innovations is to reduce the scope for coordinated improvements that respond to the needs of our growing Town. Draft Precinct Structure Plans are generally publically advertised for a period of 42 days, thereby enabling the community to further provide feedback in the future with the benefit of additional information such as traffic movements and parking analysis to shape pedestrian only zone planning.

12.5 Parking Amend	2.5 Parking Amendment Local Law 2023		
File Reference	LAWE/LOCLWS/2		
Department	Community Planning		
Previous Reports	N/A		
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.		
Attachments	 Draft Parking Amendment Local Law 2023 [12.5.1 - 2 pages] Parking Local Law 2019 track change amendments [12.5.2 - 31 pages] 		

Purpose

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider amending the *Parking Local Law 2019.*



Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.5 OCM 9/11/22

MOVED Cr Wilding, Seconded Cr Ames, that Council advertises the draft *Parking Amendment Local Law 2023* attached to this report, in accordance with section 3.12 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

12.6 Community Transport Service Review			
Property Address	N/A		
Landowner/Applicant	N/A		
File Reference	COMS/REPRTNG/3		
Department	Community Planning		
Previous Reports	N/A		
Authority/Discretion	Executive The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.		
Attachments	Nil		

Purpose

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider the future of the Community Transport Service.

Officer Recommendation – Item 12.6

That Council:

- 1. Discontinue the Community Transport Service by 23 December 2022; and
- 2. Notes that the Town will assist in transitional arrangements for clients and volunteers seeking alternative transport support or volunteering opportunities, respectively.

Cr Hamilton moved a deferral motion to allow for further consideration of this matter.

Council Resolution – Item 12.6 OCM 10/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr MacWilliam, that this matter be deferred to the December Ordinary Council Meeting.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0



12.7 Quarterly Report - Period ended 30 September 2022		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1	
Department	Office of the CEO	
Previous Reports	N/A	
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.	
Attachments	 Quarterly Report 2022-23 Quarter One [12.7.1 - 23 pages] Outstanding Resolutions Recommend for Closure [12.7.2 - 10 pages] 	

The purpose of this report was for Council to receive the Quarterly Report for the period ending 30 September 2022.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.7 OCM 11/11/22

MOVED Cr Wilding, Seconded MacWilliam, that Council:

- 1. Receives the Quarterly Report for the quarter ending 30 September 2022; and
- 2. Endorses the Council Resolutions recommended for closure attached to the Quarterly Report for the period ending 30 September 2022.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

12.8 Resolutions of Council		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	N/A	
Department	Office of the CEO	
Previous Reports	28 April 1998	
	14 December 2010	
Authority/Discretion	Executive	
	The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.	
Attachments	Nil	



The purpose of this report was for Council to consider the process around implementing and reporting on previous resolutions of Council.

Cr Hamilton moved the officer recommendation with amendments as shown in bold.

<u>Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.8</u> OCM 12/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council:

1. Rescinds the resolution from 28 April 1998, which reads:

"Councillors want those items listed for deletion to be forwarded to Council for endorsement and that those items in progress be circulated in the Bulletin on the last Friday of Each month."

- 2. Rescinds the resolution from 14 December 2010, which reads:
 - "1. Based on advice from the Department of Local Government that in future only items that are to be deleted be referred to Council and all other items in progress be included in the Crs' Bulletin on the last Friday of the month; and
 - 2. This information be included in the Town's website"
- 3. Notes that information of previous (pre May 2022 resolutions of Council that have been completed since the last update will be provided to Councillors each quarter, via the CEO Bulletin;
- 4. Requests the CEO:
 - (i) provide a new public Register of Council Resolutions dated from May 2022 on the website that provides details on the meeting type, meeting date, item number, item title, Officer Recommendation, Council decision (if different from officer recommendation);
 - (ii) update the Register each month following the release of Council meeting minutes; and
 - (iii) at the conclusion of each calendar year, provide a stand-alone document of the resolutions of that year and publish that document on the Town's website.



5. That no Resolution of Council is to be deleted from this online register, and when all actions outlined in a Resolution of Council have been "Completed" that a simple dated "Completed" notation be entered into the last column against the relevant ROC.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

REASONS:

Creation of an online Resolutions Register fosters greater transparency and ease in accessing information for both ratepayers and elected members.

12.9 Accounts Paid 31 October 2022				
Property Address	N/A			
Landowner/Applicant	N/A			
File Reference	FINM/CREDTS/4			
Department	Corporate Services			
Previous Reports	N/A			
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.			
Attachments	1. October 2022 Payments Listing [12.9.1 - 17 pages]			

Purpose

The purpose of this report was for Council to receive the list of payments for October 2022.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.9 OCM 13/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council receive the list of payments for October 2022.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY BY EN BLOC RESOLUTION OCM 5/11/22 6/0



12.10 Monthly Financial Report – October 2022				
Property Address	NA			
Landowner/Applicant	NA			
File Reference	FINM/AUD/1			
Department	Director Corporate Services			
Previous Reports	N/A			
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.			
Attachments	1. RSS at 31 October 2022 [12.10.1 - 12 pages]			

The purpose of this report was for Council to receive the Monthly Financial Report for October 2022 which incorporates the Statement of Financial Activity as legislatively required.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.10 OCM 14/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council:

- 1. Notes the Explanation of Material Variances in the Statement of Financial Activity; and
- 2. Receives the Monthly Financial Report for the period ending 31 October 2022, which incorporates the Statement of Financial Activity for the period to October 2022.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY BY EN BLOC RESOLUTION OCM 5/11/22 6/0



12.11 Alternative Weed Control Strategies - Children's Playgrounds			
Property Address	N/A		
Landowner/Applicant	N/A		
File Reference	ENVM/MAINT/1		
Department	Infrastructure		
	Sustainability and Environment		
Previous Reports	21/12/2021		
	27/09/2022		
Authority/Discretion	Information		
	For the Council/Committee to note.		
Attachments	 Location of play equipment [12.11.1 - 1 page] Playground Maintenance and Treatments [12.11.2 - 1 page] 		

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider a report outlining alternative weed control strategies so as to reduce or where possible eliminate the use of glyphosate or other herbicides in or near children's playgrounds.

Officer Recommendation – Item 12.11

That Council notes the contents of this report and the Town's ongoing commitment to continuously review its approach to weed management to evaluate latest developments and best practices.

Cr Carter moved an alternative motion.

<u>MOTION – Item 12.11</u>

MOVED Cr Carter, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that Council requests the Town cease the spraying of glyphosate on or near children's playgrounds.

<u>LOST</u> 1/5

Cr Carter voted in favour of the motion. Crs Hamilton, MacWilliam, Wilding, Poliwka and Ames voted against the motion.



Cr Poliwka moved the officer recommendation.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.11 OCM 15/11/22

MOVED Cr Poliwka, Seconded Cr MacWilliam, that Council notes the contents of this report and the Town's ongoing commitment to continuously review its approach to weed management to evaluate latest developments and best practices.

CARRIED 5/1

Crs Poliwka, MacWilliam, Hamilton, Wilding and Ames voted in favour of the motion. Cr Carter voted against the motion.

12.12 Use of Common Seal			
Property Address	Not applicable		
Landowner/Applicant	Not applicable		
File Reference	INFM/INTPROP/1		
Department	Office of the CEO		
Previous Reports	Not applicable		
Authority/Discretion	Executive The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.		
Attachments	Nil		

Purpose

The purpose of this report was for Council to note the documents affixed with the Common Seal during the reporting period.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.12 OCM 16/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council notes there were no items requiring affixing of the Common Seal during the reporting period. CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY BY EN BLOC RESOLUTION OCM 5/11/22 6/0



12.13 Calendar - December 2022			
Property Address	Not applicable		
Landowner/Applicant	Not applicable		
File Reference	INFM/INTPROP/1		
Department	Office of the CEO		
Previous Reports	N/A		
Authority/Discretion	Executive		
	The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.		
Attachments	Nil		

The purpose of this report was for Council to consider the calendar for December 2022.

Council Resolution/Officer Recommendation – Item 12.13 OCM 17/11/22

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Wilding, that Council adopt the calendar for December 2022 and January 2023 CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY BY EN BLOC RESOLUTION OCM 5/11/22 6/0

13 Motions of which Previous Notice has been given

13.1 Booked Verge (3.1 Booked Verge Collection Service	
Councillor	Cr Hamilton	
Attachments	Nil	

Council Resolution – Item 13.1 OCM 18/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Ames, that Council requests the CEO facilitate the following:

 Provision, as soon as practicable, of a booked verge collection service to address instances where skips on demand are not able to be utilised by a resident under circumstances governed by updated Compassionate Waste Service Guidelines;



- 2. Provision of the same booked verge collection service for collection of bulk waste at properties where there is inadequate space on the public verge and within the property itself to set down a skip bin for use by the resident; and
- Review and discussion of Waste Plans, future Waste projects, and Waste Initiatives via a Councillor Concept Workshop at the end of every calendar year. CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

REASONS:

Provision of Skips on Call is in itself not an issue, however the short notice provided in relation to cancellation of the annual Bulk Verge Collections has caused some disruption and issues locally. A period of transition would have been a preferred model to enable adequate promotion and substitute strategies to be put in place for the collection of bulk waste from residential properties including those properties where a skip bin cannot be placed. This Notice of Motion, if accepted, is an interim measure to address some of the problems created by the short notification to residents of Bulk Verge cancellation.

14 Announcements of Notices of Motion for the next meeting

Nil

15 Urgent Business

Nil

16 Confidential Business

Nil

17 Closure

The next Briefing Session will be held on Tuesday 6 December 2022, commencing at 6pm. The next Ordinary Council Meeting will be held on Tuesday 13 December 2022, commencing at 6pm.

There being no further business, the Presiding Member declared the meeting closed, the time being 8.12pm.

Ashley C Hams Executor of the Will of Margaret Joan Hams (Dec) 14 Carradale Glen, Hillarys, 6025 <u>hams@global.net.au</u> 0408959863

> The Manager Development Services Town of Bassendean 35 Old Perth Road Bassendean 6054 Dear Sir/Madam

Development application for demolition of buildings at 168 West Road, Bassendean. Re:

Heritage Listing 254

As Executor of the Will (I am a relative of the deceased) currently undergoing probate, application is hereby made for permission to proceed with a Demolition Permit.

of value if retained. Even if a subdivision is undertaken to amend the 1.7 metre encroachment of the It is my opinion, after consulting others, that the buildings are not in a condition and location to be residence, excluding the 2.2m wide rear green shade roofing, into Lot 308 being 145 Whitfield St, Bassendean, the potential sale of the old residence would be restricted.

Every consideration has been made to retain the residence but the full assessment resulted in the need to demolish and facilitate vacant land sales for the benefit of the estate and continued development of this area of Bassendean.

- Electrical switching and wiring are very old, with original bakelite switches and conduits for wires suggesting the house has never been rewired to current standards. Upgrading this now would be at considerable cost. .
 - Plumbing for waste water (sewer) is connected to West Road, being done in 1982.
- looking after the property in late 2016, indicating most piping is very old, with original joints Water supply is also to West Road and has had numerous repairs done since I started never seen by the plumber and likely to continue breaking down.
- Under floor posts are in varying condition from original timber to crumbling concrete to pine replacements installed in about 1990 and as the verandahs are deteriorating more posts need replacing.
- The inner wooden framed walls appear to be asbestos, creating health and environmental issues
 - Verandah timber posts and arch frames are failing and need extensive repairs, as are the shade extensions installed to protect the verandahs.
- The external asbestos outbuildings including the washhouse facility and car garage would require demolishing. Relocation of the laundry machine and trough could be done to the side verandah at considerable cost.
- as the family undertook only very necessary maintenance over many years. The only stove is Any potential buyer would need to spend a large amount on updating the kitchen to include a gas or electric stove and undertake upgrading of the home to make it a liveable property a Metters No 1 wood burner, not used for years.
 - down through the floor requiring extensive repairs and advice from the plumber that other The bathroom has very old fittings and recently had water gushing from inside the wall sections of the plumbing appeared to be original and in poor condition. .

- In the event of subdivision to move the boundary between 168 West Road and 145 Whitfield Street so it is no longer through the house, 145 Whitfield St would be reduced in value as its metre rear setback from the main residence wall, all subject to survey. This is less than the area would be reduced by 115 square metres down to 897 square metres, based on a 4 old quarter acre 1012 square metre lots in the area. .
 - The anticipated market value of the home after subdivision or renovation would not recoup the costs for the estate to give a fair and reasonable return to fulfil the wishes of the deceased. .
- I have been very close to Margaret Joan Hams (known as Joan), the deceased, over the last Gwen Hams passed in the same home and am very aware, with intimate knowledge, of the maintaining or renovating the house to modern standards. There is no single beneficiary of twenty five years of family gatherings and especially over the last six years since her sister beneficiaries who should benefit from her passing after the sale of the property and fully understood the problems with the boundary being through the house and the cost of wishes of Joan. Joan discussed and very carefully listed all her family, friends and the house and land on which it stands. •
- view presence. The entry had a view when the original site was an extra 40 metres wider to The building front door faces toward the north side fence so has no front door entry street the north side and house centrally located on the agricultural and garden use site. .
- beneficiaries. Demolition was discussed to enable a move to aged care in her later years and Reluctantly, although the home has sentimental value, Joan agreed the house would most Therefore, this submission to demolish is in accordance with her wishes and expectation. likely be demolished in order to meet her wishes to help so many by way of being her the land sale required to pay for that care, expected to be over many years. .
- Town of Bassendean historical group with photos and an old interview on record at Council. The home interior, exterior and surrounds have recently been meticulously recorded by the Additional images to show the current state of the structure are attached. •

Probate in progress

assessment, being processed through Thomas Gatter, Lawyers of Bassendean, with a probate Any action in regard to this application would be subject to the completion of the probate certificate expected in June 2022

Please consider this submission and contact myself if there are any queries.

Yours faithfully

O Culours **Ashley Hams**

Executor to the Will of Margaret Joan Hams (Deceased on 9th February 2022)

Enc: Copies of titles, Will Executor appointment page, map of site, Appl for DA, Credit Card form, image prints.

Town of Bassendean

Manager Development and Place Community Planning 48 Old Perth Road Bassendean WA 6054 Submitted by: Executor for the Estate of Margaret Joan Hams Ashley Hams 14 Carradale Glen HILLARYS WA 6025 Mob 0408959863 hams@global.net.au

Dear Sir/Madam,

Re: Application 2022-067 Demolition of residence at

168 West Road, Bassendean

Further to previous submissions and emails please find submitted for Council the following:

- 1. Heritage Assessment from Patrick Irwin, Architect.
- 2. Structural advice from Patrick Irwin, Architect.
- 3. This letter.

The reports address the requirement from Council for consideration of:

(i) The significance of the heritage place.

(ii) The feasibility of restoring or adapting the heritage place, or incorporating it into new development; and

(iii) The extent to which the community would benefit from the proposed (future) redevelopment of the site.

Patrick Irwin, Architect, was referred to me by historians in the Bassendean townsite based on his heritage experience, awareness of local requirements, being based in Guildford, a member of the Australian Institute of Architects and a founding member of Archicentre WA. He has also submitted many structural and building reports.

As Executor, I read the reports as, in summary, to include:

- 1. The home, built in c1914 of timber is a good example of the period architecture
- 2. Was located in the middle of an 8092 square metre (2 acres) site facing northwards
- 3. Is now on two lots of 1012 square metres each facing a retaining wall and 1800 high fence
- 4. Is in need of asbestos removal, renovation and modernisation internally
- 5. Has proven impossible to relocate as advised by house movers
- 6. Has proven to be of no interest to enquirers due to renovation requirements
- 7. Is set back 40 metres and has little street heritage recognition by the public
- 8. Cannot be built in front of
- 9. Has deteriorated gardens of old heritage value
- 10. Is restricting finalisation of the Estate distribution to many beneficiaries

This submission is now recommended for consideration by Council in accordance with Item 7.8 (b) of Local Planning Policy No 4.

Yours faithfully

Ashley Hams

HERITAGE ASSESSMENT OF **HERITAGE PLACE**

1.	PLACE No.	26180				
2.	NAME	Hams Homestead	(1915)			
3.	LOCATION	168 West Road, Bas	sendean			
4.		ON OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY and Information Officer to fill in)				
5.	LOCAL GOVERNM	ENT AREA	Town of Bassendean			
6.	OWNER (leave for Land Information Officer to fill in)					
7.	HERITAGE LISTINGS					
	Register of Herit	•				
	National Trust C	lassification:				
	Town Planning S	Scheme:				
	 Municipal Invent 	ory:	22 Aug 2017	Category 2		
	Register of the N	National Estate:				

8. **CONSERVATION ORDER**

9. HERITAGE AGREEMENT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE 10.

Hams Homestead, a single storey oiled weatherboard clad and corrugated iron roofed house in a simple Federation bungalow style¹, located in a culturally modified landscape, has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

with its oiled weatherboard walls, Oregon colonnaded verandahs on three sides, sited well behind camellia bushes and remnant rows of

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Hams Homestead, Bassendean Place Assessed October 2022

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¹ Apperly, R., Irving, R., Reynolds, P. A Pictorial Guide to Identifying Australian Architecture. Styles and Terms from 1788 to the Present, Angus and Robertson, North Ryde, 1989.

commercially grown roses, *Hams Homestead* makes a contribution to the originally semi-rural outer suburban setting;

Hams Homestead retains its structure and fittings including the Metters No 1 kitchen stove and the copper in its brick base in a separate washhouse, such that the place has the potential to contribute to an understanding of the design and construction methods of an early twentieth century family house;

together with the other elements on the site, *Hams Homestead* illustrates the development of Bassendean (West Guildford) and specifically how this semi-rural part of the suburb was settled by professionals and tradesmen of the middle classes in the early twentieth century;

the 2017 Town of Bassendean Municipal Heritage Inventory Place No 254 lists *Hams Homestead* built in 1915, being in FAIR condition, HIGH integrity and MODERATE Authenticity. These descriptions of the wooden clad timber-framed home, (not brick as recorded by the Council), reflect the style and simplicity of the building;

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

11. ASSESSMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE

The criteria adopted by the Heritage Council in November 1996 have been used to determine the cultural heritage significance of the place.

PRINCIPAL AUSTRALIAN HISTORIC THEME(S)

- 4.1.1 Selecting township sites
- 4.1.2 Making suburbs

HERITAGE COUNCIL OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA THEME(S)

- 104 Land allocation and subdivision
- 107 Settlements
- 602 Early Settlers

11.1 AESTHETIC VALUE

Hams Homestead with its modest scale, simple massing, colonnaded verandahs sited on remains of its 2 acre open site, is significant in exhibiting the aesthetic characteristics of a simple Federation home with the plan form redolent of a homestead. (Criterion 1.1)

The apparent construction sequence of the place built c1914 illustrates a place almost original and virtually unaltered since 1947, built to a standard plan. (Criterion 1.2)

The setting originally comprising eight quarter acre blocks² with frontages to two roads, with the *Hams Homestead* almost central with some native trees and extensive introduced roses³, makes a significant contribution to the impact of the place. (Criterion 1.3)

The setting has been compromised by the sale, development and enclosure of five of the eight original Lots, of the original setting

11. 2. HISTORIC VALUE

Hams Homestead is significant in illustrating the establishment of this part of the suburb of Bassendean as a semi rural suburb following federation (Criterion 2.1)

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

3

² Advice from Hams family

³ For consistency, all references to garden and landscape types and styles are taken from Ramsay, J. Parks, Gardens and Special Trees: A Classification and Assessment Method for the Register of the National Estate, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra, 1991.

The place was built for civil servant Archibald Amos McCallum (c1883-1964) and his wife Florence May McCallum, nee Tredrea (c1880-1958). The couple and their family lived at the house until the mid-1940s⁴.. (Criterion 2.3)

Hams Homestead is associated with PMG linesman Frederick John Hams and his family. Aerial photographs indicate that the house has been largely unchanged since the mid 20th century⁵. (Criterion 2.3)

11.3. SCIENTIFIC VALUE

Due to the intact and original nature of much of its fabric, Hams Homestead has the potential to contribute to an understanding of the design approach. social structure and construction methods of an early twentieth century Federation house in Western Australia. (Criterion 3.1)

11.4. SOCIAL VALUE

Hams Homestead is significant as an illustration of a home built in the early 1900s for the middle class members of the community in the Perth metropolitan area.

The place is significant to the West Guildford/Bassendean community, for its association with civil servant Archibald Amos McCallum (c1883-1964) and his wife Florence May McCallum and PMG linesman Frederick John Hams and his family. (Criterion 4.1)

The continuity of purpose of the place since its construction has contributed to Bassendean community's sense of place. (Criterion 4.2)

12. **DEGREE OF SIGNIFICANCE**

12.1. RARITY

Hams Homestead has a rare combination of a pattern-book plan and landscape setting which demonstrate a lifestyle of a semi-rural Federation period family home. (Criterion 5.1)

Hams Homestead is a comparatively rare example of an intact weatherboard cottage Federation bungalow in the Metropolitan area in authentic condition. Though there have been changes to the fabric, the place is highly legible as a Federation home.

Hams Homestead is a rare example of a late Federation Bungalow with virtually all internal wall and ceiling linings in asbestos sheeting, which in turn represents its greatest problem in the twenty-first century.

12.2 REPRESENTATIVENESS

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Hams Homestead, Bassendean Place Assessed October 2022

⁴ Inherit

⁵ Inherit

Hams Homestead is representative of the design and landscape setting which together are characteristic of the Federation period home for the professional classes in a peri-urban setting. (Criterion 6.1)

The place clearly demonstrates aspects of previous social values characteristic of the Federation period. (Criterion 6.2)

12.3 CONDITION

Hams Homestead is in fair to good condition despite limited maintenance in the latter decades. The roofing has been recently replaced and verandah awnings added, but previous water damage has left the verandah posts and friezes with peeling paint and cracking.

Internally all the walls and ceilings are lined with asbestos sheeting, and will require extensive attention & costs to remove this material. Sealing of the asbestos linings might be undertaken, but this may not be approved by insurance, lending institutions or statutory bodies.

Other structure, other than some eroded concrete stumps is generally in good condition as are the verandah floor-boards and internal mouldings & joinery.

12.4 INTEGRITY

Hams Homestead retains a high degree of integrity, as it was used as the Hams' family home since 1947. It is largely in its original form and stood almost centrally within its original setting, now awkwardly half disposed of. The alterations which have occurred at the rear do not detract significantly from the expression and legibility of the place.

The place would be capable of being restored or relocated except that the asbestos linings appear to make this prohibitive,.

The setting has been reduced and degraded as five of the original setting of eight quarter acre Lots have already been sold and developed. *Hams Homestead* is now located straddling the rear boundary over two Lots, with its entry door facing a metal fence above a 600 high retaining wall, only 3.4m away from the front steps.

Investigations have been explored to either relocate the house forward for visibility or left in situ to retain enough of the rose gardens to see the place is interpreted effectively into the future.

12.5 AUTHENTICITY

Hams Homestead retains a high degree of authenticity as the majority of rooms retain their original functions, finishings and fittings, and there have been only modest attempts to improve or modernise.

Hams Homestead is in need of maintenance, but the challenge of removal of asbestos linings to walls and ceilings has discouraged any relocation or refurbishments.

Hams Homestead stands awkwardly on part of its original site, which was an important part of the setting of the place.

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

Hams Homestead, Bassendean

13. SUPPORTING EVIDENCE

The documentary and physical evidence has been compiled by Patrick Irwin, Architect.

13.1 DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Hams Homestead is a single storey timber-framed oiled-weatherboard clad and Custom-orb roofed residence set in a large block of landscaped gardens, built about 1920 for civil servant Archibald Amos McCallum (c1883-1964) and his wife Florence May McCallum, nee Tredrea (c1880-1958).

The settlement of the Bassendean region by white settlers occurred shortly after the arrival of the first settlers in the Swan River colony in 1829. Prominent among these early settlers was the Colonial Secretary of the Swan River Colony, Peter Broun who obtained in 1833, Location S a triangular parcel of 1455 acres on the Swan River.⁶ Broun named the farm 'Bassendean' after a family property in England, Bassendean in Berwickshire.⁷ North of Broun's landholding was Location Q named Baskerville, 1531 acres, granted to William Tanner in 1830 which included the present townsite of Bassendean.⁸ Throughout the 19th century the district was known as West Guildford and was primarily used for agriculture.

Bassendean Homestead, stood across the road to the south, at 167 West Road and was originally part of a large land grant to James Henty in 1829, who engaged carpenter, William Dyer, to build a large house on the site. The Henty family left the Swan River Colony in 1831 and the property was transferred to the Colonial Secretary for the colony, Peter Nicholas Broun (1797-1846)⁹.

Broun and his family settled at the property in 1832 and named it 'Bassendean' after his home in Berwickshire, England. Broun successfully developed the farm until his death in 1846 at the age of 49.

Bassendean was originally known as 'West Guildford' and West Road was the original boundary of the Guildford town lots¹⁰.

By 1882, 30 Town lots were available on the west bank of the Swan River opposite the Helena River¹¹ but settlement was not rapid as no traffic bridge was constructed to cross the Swan River to the more established town of

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

Hams Homestead, Bassendean

⁶ Jennie Carter Bassendean A Social History 1829-1979 Town of Bassendean, Perth , 1986, p. 23.

⁷ The Department of land Information website, History of Suburb names, Bassendean. www.dola.wa.gov.au.

⁸ Carter, *Bassendean* p. 32.

⁹ Inherit; Bassendean Homestead, Place No

¹⁰ Inherit

¹¹ Michael J Bourke, On The Swan, A History of the Swan District, UWA Press, 1987, p. 246

Guildford until 1883¹², two years after the railway with its bridge was opened on 1st March, 1881¹³ providing convenient transport routes for West Guildford residents.¹⁴

This portion of Bassendean, south of Watson Street, was subdivided for residential development c1905 when developer Wesley Maley purchased a large parcel of land bordering the river. The names of roads in this subdivision known as 'Riverside', reflected Wesley Maley's enthusiasm for the prize rams he purchased for his Katanning pastoral property, Moojebing¹⁵.

The discovery of gold in the 1890s brought a massive population increase and great wealth to the Swan River colony. Consequently housing was in great demand and by the turn of the century there was a rapid increase in suburban settlement.¹⁶

The West Guildford Roads Board voted to change its name to Bassendean. A competition to choose a new name for the area was held in 1922, two school children nominated the name "Bassendean" in recognition of Peter Broun's property.

Hams Homestead was built c1914 for civil servant Archibald Amos McCallum (c1883-1964) and his wife Florence May, nee Tredrea (c1880-1958). The couple and their family lived at the house until the mid-1940s.

Retired PMG linesman Frederick John Hams (c1882-1984) and his family took over the place in 1947. Fred grew roses for stock and to sell around Bassendean and also assisted in renovating some homes in the area. Fred's wife Helen died in 1957 at 49 years, leaving a daughter Joan (c1933-2016), then 24, son Neville (c1934-2022) and Gwen (c1935-2022)¹⁸.

Joan and Gwen stayed on in the house, supporting their father. Joan worked from home, riding her bike to Guildford cleaning houses. Frederick Hams died in 1984 leaving his two daughters to maintain the land and buildings.

Neighbours seldom called in as the house was so far from the street and they felt they were intruding, so the home felt isolated. The house had limited heating with two fireplaces and the kitchen stove but no cooling system¹⁹.

- 14 Carter, Bassendean p. 62-63.
- ¹⁵ Inherit; Bassendean Homestead
- 16 Carter, *Bassendean* p. 68.
- 17 Dept of Land Information website on the origin of suburb names and Carter, *Bassendean* p. 120.
- ¹⁸ Joan Hams' funeral eulogy
- ¹⁹ Hams family advice

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

¹² Bourke, On The Swan p. 242

¹³ Bourke, On The Swan p. 242

Hams Homestead, Bassendean

Visitors often commented on the large Jacaranda tree on the 170 West Road site, rather than the old house itself. The place was more noted locally for the old rose garden and Camellia bushes concealing the front verandah²⁰.

Hams Homestead in 1947 according to Joan Hams²¹ was located on eight lots, four fronting West Road (Lots 327, 328, 329 & 330) and four Whitfield Street (Lots 307, 308, 309 & 310) to the west. Over about 40 years, five of these lots have been sold; Lots 307, 309 and 310 Whitfield Street and Lots 327 and 328 West Road. Lot 330 is currently on offer for sale in 2022, to settle on Dec 5th.

Hams Homestead now sits mainly on Lot 329 facing West Road, but partly over lot 308 behind, making subdivision or disposal of those lots difficult without moving *Hams Homestead* or further subdivision.

Hams Homestead place is currently vacant but still in ownership of the Hams family, since Joan the last remaining child of Frederick Hams died in 2022. The terms of estate conditions requires disposal of the remaining property and Town of Bassendean requires documentation to justify demolition of the place.

13.2 PHYSICAL EVIDENCE

Hams Homestead, is a single storey dwelling with a hipped Custom Orb roof, set back from the road and a densely planted formal rose garden and camellia shrubs. The hipped roof has a vented gablet to each end of the central ridge. There are two symmetrical gablets with timber detailing above the roof plane facing the street²² in a Federation Bungalow style.²³

Hams Homestead, was located almost centrally on eight, now 2 lots, but it retains remnants of the original culturally modified landscape setting.

An asbestos-clad studwork wash-house, located close to the rear of the house, retains the copper in original brick firebox plus chimney flue. The studwork is infested with termites and the bricks are decaying.

At the rear of the property later additions include an aviary, a shed and a steel-framed single garage to the west of the wash house.

Hams Homestead is approached up three steps, across the north side verandah which runs around the frontage and wraps partway back at each side. Entry through a leadlit tripartite door with fanlight to a wide entry hallway intersecting a second passage to left at an arched timber frieze in solid Oregon timber. The reception room and main bedroom are located to the left with two bedrooms and a bathroom to the right. Beyond the passage back-door with fanlight is the Dining room, off which is the Kitchen.

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

²⁰ Notes from Ashley Hams

²¹ Notes from Ashley Hams

²² Inherit

²³ Apperly, Richard, Irving, Robert, Reynolds, Peter A Pictorial Guide to Identifying Australian Architecture: Styles and Terms from 1788 to the Present Angus & Robertson, North Ryde, 1989, page 145.

These rooms retain all their original features including the timber surrounds and fireplaces, 170mm skirtings, 90mm architraves and original doors.

Since 1947 few alterations have been undertaken in the house. The most significant of these was the modernisation of the bathroom including a shower and also the corner verandah adjacent to the Dining room has been infilled, with sliding aluminium patio doors, to form a half-height glazed sunroom.

The internal details are intact, with a high level of detail and finishes, except for the bathroom. The internal paintwork is faded but the skirtings and mouldings are original. Exposed electrical conduits and switches are intact.

Hams Homestead, retains its original structure and features, but painting and other maintenance, especially to the external Oregon verandah posts and arched friezes is required to prevent further deterioration and internally to seal the asbestos linings.

Externally *Hams Homestead* has in recent decades been re-roofed in green Colorbond Custom Orb sheeting and surrounded at the eaves line with added canopies; sloping metal to the north and east, flat metal to the south and CGI on a timber framed ramshackle verandah to the west.

Hams Homestead, exhibits the aesthetic characteristics of a late Federation Bungalow home built to a 'pattern-book' standard plan form. Its oiled weatherboards are a rare and unusual exterior finish today.

13.3 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

The Heritage Council Database records 390 timber single storey residences built in the Federation Bungalow style, and of these approximately 93 are in Bassendean.

A search on the State Register of Heritage Places for single storey timberframed residences built in the Federation Bungalow style, shows 18 recorded, but of these several are built in brick, were not built as residences or pre-date Federation. Only one place confirming to the above description was confirmed on the State Register. This is *House at 26 King Street*, East Fremantle (4645). This house is smaller and simpler, on a small lot, with half a front verandah beside a projecting gable.

53 Anzac Terrace (7408), c1916, also In Bassendean, is a comparable Federation Bungalow, although built in brick. It too was originally on a larger site of a half acre, although about a quarter of this has since been subdivided. The plan form is similar, with verandah around three sides, but with a straight central hall, with a similar tripartite leadlight entry door.

13.4 KEY REFERENCES

No key references. Photographs by Patrick Irwin, Nov 2022

13.5 FURTHER RESEARCH

Further investigation may establish the exact date of construction of the place.

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

13. 6 INVESTIGATIONS FOR RETENTION

The Executor of the estate has investigated retaining *Hams Homestead*, by moving it towards the front of the Lot 329 to make it more visible from the street, and to free it from Lot 308. This could make sales more possible, whether for retention or to allow battle-axe subdivision behind, but house movers approached have declined to be involved with the place whilst asbestos linings remain.²⁴

A battle-axe subdivision of Lot 329 with the house in situ could allow parking at the front and some exposure down the battle-axe access leg, and provision for two new lots with street frontage, Lots 329 on West Road, and Lot on Whitfield St., but *Hams Homestead* would be even more concealed from the street.

Hams Homestead is reportedly above the 100 year flood level²⁵ but Lot 308 facing Whitfield St will require about 500mm of fill or other measures to comply with flood fringe requirements for development, which will tend to impinge on the *Hams Homestead* outhouses of the place to the rear.

Relocation of *Hams Homestead* whether or not on the existing Lot may require compliance with, or exceptions from, the R Codes, due to its stumped timber-framed construction and consequent height above the natural ground level. This generally calls for 7.5m set-back of any habitable room window or verandah to the boundary. This in turn might necessitate a wider site than the 20.12m wide block it currently sits on.

13.7 REASONS FOR DEMOLITION

Hams Homestead is awkwardly located on the remnants of the original 2 acre $(4,048m^2)$ site²⁶, straddling two of the remaining quarter acre $(1,012m^2)$ lots and set far back from the road, with little visual amenity for the community of Town of Bassendean from the street.

Hams Homestead is built encroaching over the rear boundary into Lot 310 also owned by the estate, limiting options for disposal of the estate on current Lots.

Hams Homestead is located over the boundary at the rear of Lot 329, and its original side entry verandah is only 3.4m from the concrete retaining wall and Colorbond fence of Lots 326 & 311, which means access and visibility are both compromised, unless the house is relocated to the front of the Lot;

Frederick Hams' home-made concrete stumps are spindly and in danger of failing. The timber-framed laundry building is infested with termites and the brick copper-base is severely decayed. The asbestos wall and ceiling linings will make sale of *Hams Homestead* extremely unlikely without a complete internal rebuild.

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

²⁴ Advice from Ashley Hams , Estate Executor

²⁵ Advice from Ashley Hams , Estate Executor

²⁶ Advice from Ashley Hams, Estate Executor

Hams Homestead is located almost 50 metres from the front boundary to West Road and if in situ when Lot 329 were subdivided it would be behind any new structure, and therefore not visible from the street²⁷.

If *Hams Homestead* were relocated it might be rotated 90° such that the entry door faces the street for clarity and convenience and to respond the encroachment of development to the North. This however would mean the gablets face to one side, which would both lose the original setting and the orientation.

Hams Homestead retains asbestos linings to all internal walls and ceilings. House-movers have said they will not contract to move the place whilst the asbestos remains in place²⁸, and this would necessitate considerable refurbishment, even prior to relocation and prohibitive costs to the Estate;

The current location and condition of *Hams Homestead* cannot effectively serve the Town of Bassendean in terms of retaining the place as a heritage asset to the Town, in situ. Nor can the Executor carry out his responsibilities for disposal and distribution of the assets of the estate with the place as it is.

The proposal to create a new West Road lot by subdivision of Lot 329 has not been supported by the Town of Bassendean as the Town considers no building should be erected between *Hams Homestead* and the frontage road.

Enquiries about sale of 168 West Road have been received by the realtor for the estate who advised that one potential purchaser wished to build a new home on the vacant lot after demolition with no interest in renovation. Another person inspected the house thoroughly and declined to make any offer as he considered the renovation to be too extensive to undertake whilst retaining any value in the site.

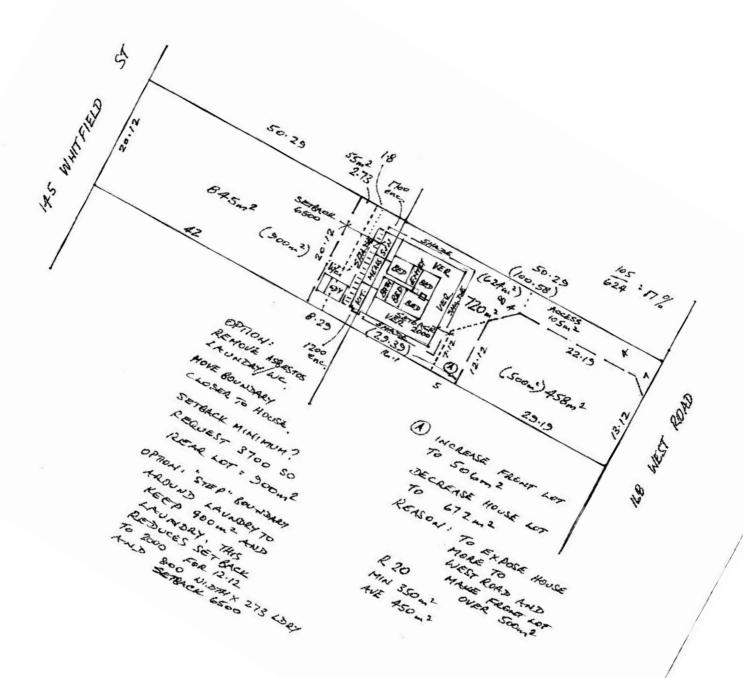
One potential purchaser of *Hams Homestead* advised: *Despite our initial* progress securing an asbestos remover, a heritage architect and builder to remediate, we have been unable to secure the services of a house transporter. Our endeavours have included: Nylund house transportersFrank Burns (Albany), McLennan's house transporters (and) Randall Smith & Sons; No results. Given the above inability or unwillingness to be involved in this project by the house transporters it would be unfair to the estate to seek any further indulgence.²⁹

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

²⁷ Advice from Ashley Hams, Estate Executor

²⁸ Advice from Ashley Hams , Estate Executor

²⁹ Advice from Ashley Hams, estate executor



PLAN BY ESTATE EXECUTOR SHOWING SITE OPTIONS EXPLORED

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean



GENERAL VIEW OF HAMS HOMESTEAD FROM WEST ROAD



VIEW OF HAMS HOMESTEAD FROM FRONT LAWN

Heritage Assessment of Heritage PlaceHams Homestead, BassendeanPlace AssessedOctober 2022



NORTH-EAST SIDE ENTRY VERANDAH



NORTH-EAST VERANDAH CORNER

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022



NORTH-EAST SIDE ENTRY DOOR



FRONT COLONIAL SASH WINDOWS

Hams Homestead, Bassendean



ENTRY HALL FRIEZE



KITCHEN STOVE; METTERS NO 1



LIVING ROOM FIREPLACE



LIVING ROOM VIEW

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

Hams Homestead, Bassendean





BEDROOM 1 EAST VIEW



BEDROOM 2 SOUTH VIEW

BEDROOM 2 NORTH VIEW

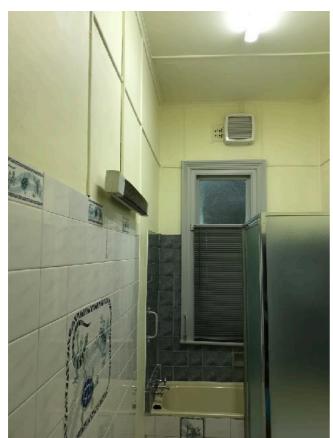
Heritage Assessment of Heritage PlaceHams Homestead, BassendeanPlace AssessedOctober 2022



BEDROOM 3 NORTH VIEW



BEDROOM 3 N/E VIEW



BATHROOM S/W VIEW



BATHROOM NORTH VIEW

Hams Homestead, Bassendean

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022





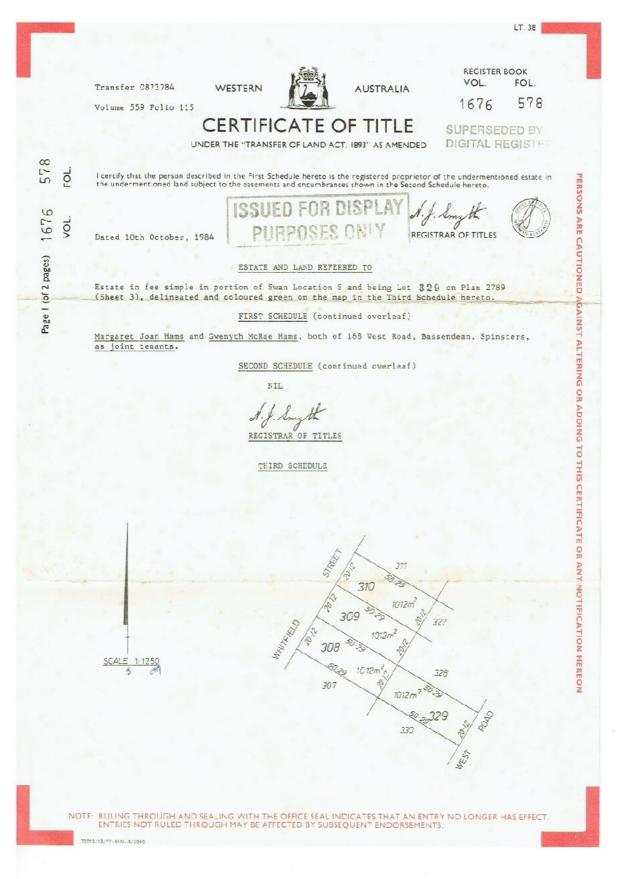
COPPER IN WASH-HOUSE



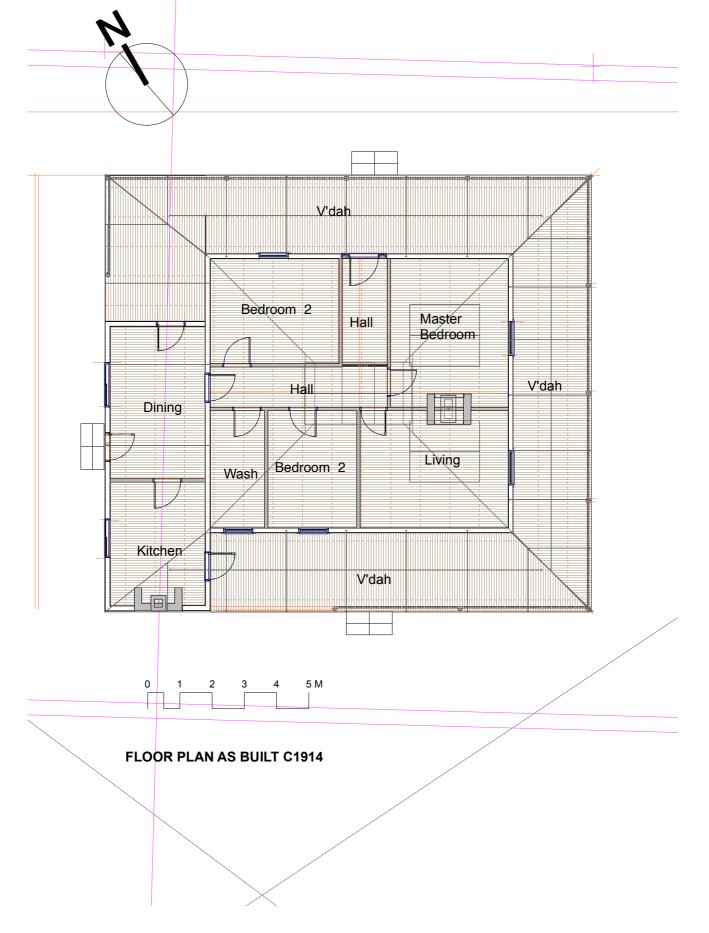
REAR VIEW WITH AVIARY AND SHED

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean

BELOW: CERT OF TITLE FOR LOT 329, TRANSFER C873784, 1984



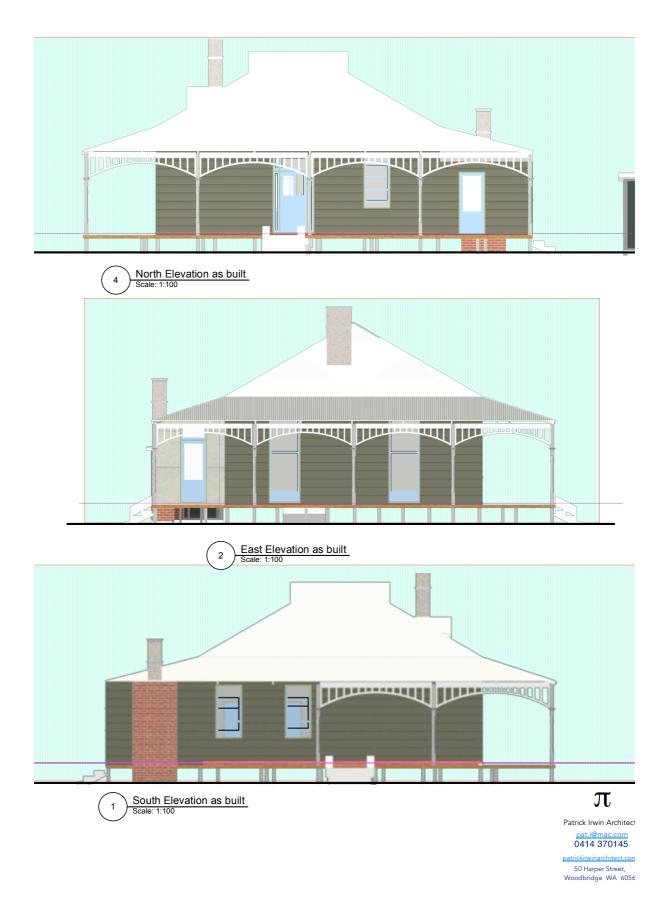
Attachment 12.2.3



ABOVE: HAMS HOMESTEAD, PLAN, AS BUILT CIRCA 1914

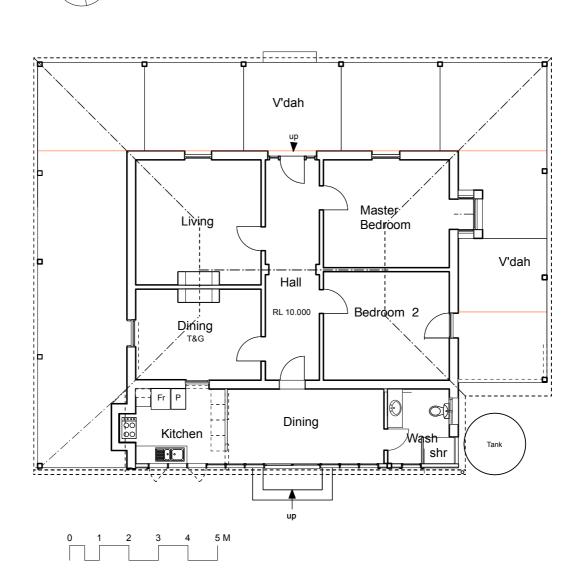
Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

Hams Homestead, Bassendean



ABOVE: HAMS HOMESTEAD, ELEVATIONS AS BUILT CIRCA 1914

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022 Hams Homestead, Bassendean



53 ANZAC TERRACE; PLAN AS BUILT C1916

Ν

ABOVE: 53 ANZAC TERRACE, BASSENDEAN, AS BUILT CIRCA 1916

Heritage Assessment of Heritage Place Place Assessed October 2022

Hams Homestead, Bassendean 22

Patrick Irwin π Ar



Alex Snadden

17th November, 2022

С

h

tect

A/Manager Development and Place Community Planning Town Of Bassendean 48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054

Dear Alex,

Hams Homestead- 168 West Road, Bassendean

I am attaching a Heritage Assessment for the above property, for which I was engaged by the Estate Executor, Ashley Hams.

I have assessed *Hams Homestead*, including options for its sustainable retention and sadly see no future under the responsibility of the Estate. The costs are too high even to enable relocation, which itself would lose its integrity of location, which has already been prejudiced by the proximity of retaining walls and fences of developments to the North.

The outbuildings are degraded and would require extensive and expensive Conservation Works to be retained. The Executor is responsible to over 30 beneficiaries for disposal of the estate, so his duty is to them, without exposing their assets to speculation or risk. It appears that only acquisition by the State Government or other body could offer a possibility of retaining *Hams Homestead*.

I can confirm that I have seen no evidence of structural concerns. Although the home-made concrete stumps are very spindly, and some have been replaced, those in situ are apparently adequate. There is one unsupported joist under the south-east corner of the verandah, but the verandah floor shows no deflection under normal foot traffic in that area, or anywhere.

My knowledge of structural issues, including of timber-framed heritage buildings is such that I have advised my client there is no need to appoint a consulting structural engineer, who would likely be acting mainly on my advice.

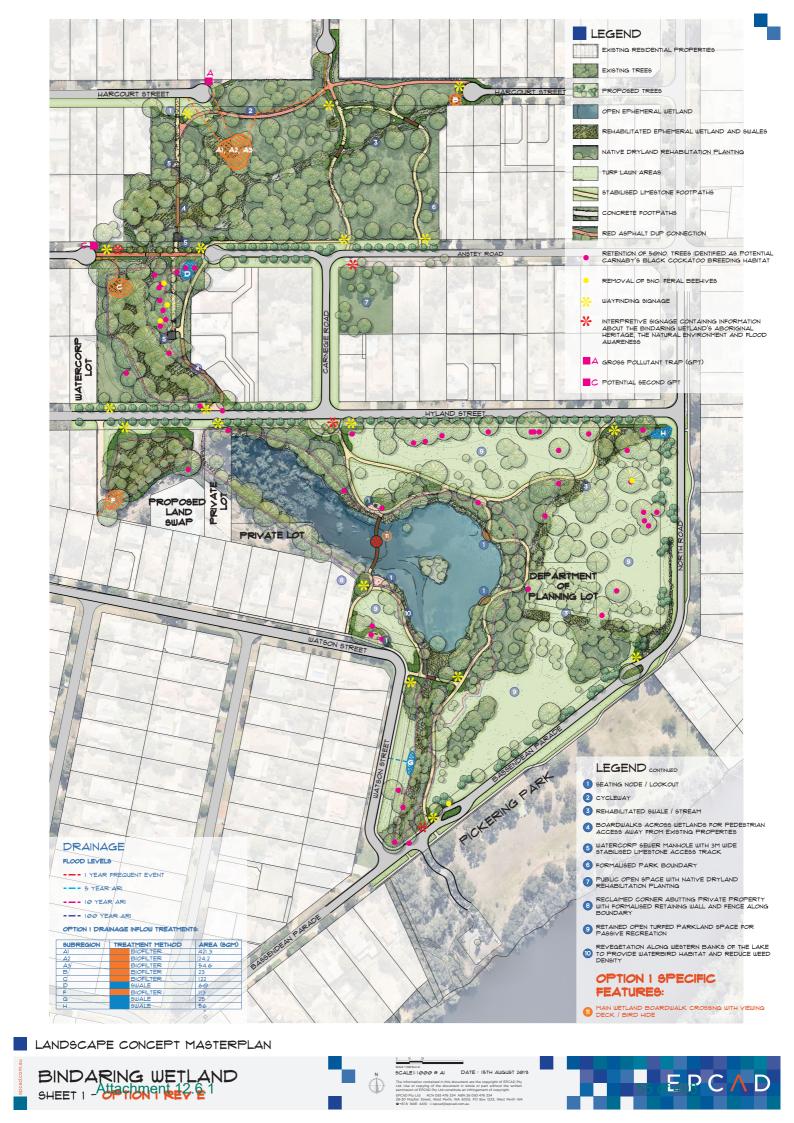
We prepared Measured Drawings of the place and shown them without modern improvements for clarity. We could present the drawings to show *Hams Homestead* in 3D, including verandah framing and stumps, but have restricted to simple orthographic views. The place is well recorded for posterity.

We cannot show any benefit to the community from the sale or redevelopment of the site, but the evidence supports the Estate's application for demolition of *Hams Homestead* to facilitate disposal of the Estate.

I believe Mr Hams will be including this same information as part of the Development Application, but I am approaching you directly, so please contact me directly if any of these matters I've raised require further elaboration.

Yours sincerely,

Patrick Irwin



Draft Waste Services Policy

Policy Objective

This Policy aims to provide consistent and effective provision of services relating to waste collection.

One Planet Living Principles, reducing waste to landfill, increased recycling and earthcycling, reducing per capita generation of waste, providing a cost effective service and supporting the circular economy are key considerations and will be incorporated into these services.

Policy Scope

This Policy provides guidance on how the Town will deliver waste services within the district, with further details provided in the Town's Waste Services Management Practice (the Management Practice).

Policy Statement

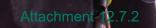
- 1. The Town of Bassendean collects, processes, recycles and disposes of waste generated within its boundaries.
- 2. The service is provided to all residential properties who follow the requirements of the service as detailed in the Management Practice.
- 3. Commercial or other properties may elect to use the Town's kerbside collection service.
- 4. The service must be provided in accordance with:
 - a) Local Government Act 1995;
 - b) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007;
 - c) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Regulations 2008;
 - d) Waste Local Law 2019;
 - e) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Strategy 2030;
 - f) Waste Avoidance and Resource Action Plan 2030; and
 - g) Town of Bassendean's Waste Plan.
- 5. The service must consist of the following:
 - a) Kerbside collection of Food Organics and Garden Organics (FOGO), Recycling and General Waste;
 - b) Collection of bulky hard waste and larger greenwaste; and

- c) Provision of public litter bins at appropriate locations.
- 6. Additional services may be provided as outlined in the Management Practice.
- 7. Services are to be provided with the following considerations:
 - a) A standard service includes a reasonable quantity of services which represents average use;
 - b) Services that are requested above the standard services are provided on a user pays principle where applicable;
 - c) Additional or alternative services for compassionate reasons or management of a significant tree above the standard service level can be provided at no cost, subject to guidelines;
 - d) Better Practice guidelines are adopted as soon as practicable following their introduction;
 - e) The Waste Hierarchy and Circular Economy is incorporated into decision making and service delivery; and
 - f) Services are to be provided for the community benefit and protected against repeated non-compliance by individuals.

Document Control box							
Document Responsibilities:							
Owner:	Chief Executive Officer	Owner Business Unit:	Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment				
Inception Date:	OCM/12/ December 2022	Decision Maker:	Council				
Review Date:	Annual	Repeal and Replace:	N/A				
Compliance Requirements:							
Legislation:	Local Government Act 1995						



Waste Services Management Practice



58 of 493

This Management Practice outlines how the Town will provide waste services.

Waste services include:

- Kerbside collection of Food Organics and Garden Organics (FOGO), Recycling and General Waste;
- Vergeside collection of Bulk Hard Waste and Greenwaste;
- Booked Skip Bin Service;
- Provision of Tip Vouchers;
- Public litter bins in parks and on streetscapes;
- Scheduled collections of mattresses, fridges and freezers; and
- Drop off days.

The services are provided in accordance with:

- Local Government Act 1995;
- Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007;
- Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Regulations 2008;
- Waste Local Law 2019
- State Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Strategy 2030 and Action Plan 2020-21; and
- Town of Bassendean's Waste Plan.

The Town's *Waste Local Law 2019* outlines the services provided by the Town under the *WARR Act 2007* and sets out certain requirements such as maximum weights, acceptable items while detailing penalties for non-compliance. Where the Management Practice and *Waste Local Law 2019* differ, the *Waste Local Law 2019* will take precedence.

For more information, please contact the Waste Services Team on 9377 8095 or mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au





Kerbside bin collection

The Town provides the following kerbside services as a standard service:

- 240L FOGO bin collected weekly;
- 240L Recycling bin collected fortnightly; and
- 140L General Waste bin collected fortnightly.

The kerbside bin service will comply with Better Bins: Kerbside Collection Guidelines (Waste Authority, 2015) and the lid colour on these bins will be consistent with Australian Standard AS4123.7-2006. Where bins are not in alignment with the AS4123.7-2006 the bin will remain in service until the service is substanially changed or a bin damaged beyond repair.

The following additional services can be added to the standard service on a fee per service basis:

- Additional 240L FOGO bin collected weekly;
- Additional 240L Recycling bin collected fortnightly;
- Upgrade 240L Recycling bin for a 360L Recycling bin collected fortnightly;
- Additional 140L General Waste bin collected fortnightly (approved detached residential dwellings only);
- Upgrade 140L General Waste bin to a 240L General Waste bin collection fortnightly;
- Additional 240L General Waste bin collected fortnightly; and
- Increase 240L General Waste bin collection to weekly (approved commercial properties only).

What can go into the bins

The Town's kerbside services comply with the Consistent Communications Collective (CCC) A-Z List as published on Wastenet website. The CCC A-Z List is communicated to residents via the 'Recycle Right' App and website. A summary of what is accepted in each kerbside bin service is available on the website page: <u>Three Bin System »</u> <u>Town of Bassendean</u>

Collection

Bins must be presented within 0.5 metres of the kerb, wheels facing the property prior to 6am on the nominated collection day. Bins must be at least 1 metre clear of obstructions such as poles, parked cars, services and trees. Bins must be removed from the verge as soon as practicable following collection. Collection times can vary from week to week and operate from 7am until 6pm.

Missed services

The Town's contractor will return for up to three collections where a bin is placed out late, obstructed, overweight, contaminated or not available for servicing for any reason within a 12-month period where the resident has corrected the issue. Where the Town or its contractor is at fault, the three collections limit does not apply. The Town determines where the fault has occurred.



Contamination

The Town has developed a four-stage process to deal with gross contamination in the FOGO, Recycling and General Waste Bins. Gross contamination occurs when the contents of a particular bin impact the community by:

- Harming or potentially harming a worker or equipment;
- Reducing the quality of the material collected; or Increasing the collection or processing cost.
- Increasing the collection or processing cost.

The Town may elect to impose penalties under the *Waste Local Law 2019* in lieu of the contamination process.

Step One

When a bin is grossly contaminated, the Town will notify the residents with a sticker on the contaminated bin and/or a letter notifying them of the contamination event.

Step Two

If a second contamination event occurs within six months of the first event, the bin is stickered and/or another letter sent requiring the resident to contact the Town for education.



Step Three

Should a further third contamination event occur within six months of the second event, the bin is again stickered and/or another letter sent advising that the contaminated service will be removed for a period of three months.

The size of the General Waste bin is increased to 240L for the suspension period.

Once the three-month removal period has elapsed, the resident can request that the suspended service be returned.

Step Four

Once this service has been returned, if within six months of the service being restored the bin is contaminated, the service will be permanently removed. Where a service has been suspended or permanently removed, no reduction in the Waste Service Charge applies.

There is no increase in General Waste bin size after the fourth contamination event. After a fourth contamination event the property owner must pay for any additional capacity required.

The resident must decontaminate their own bin if it is contaminated or arrange for it to be decontaminated at their own cost. It is not the responsibility of the Town nor its contractor to decontaminate a residents grossly contaminated waste. A resident may elect to have the contaminated bin emptied as general waste, subject to the approval of the Town. However, emptying a FOGO or recycling bins as general waste on request counts as a further contamination event.

Replacement FOGO Liners

Replacement FOGO liners are available from the Town's Administration and Library during opening hours. Residents must bring either Photo ID with their current address or two utility bills less than 6 months old to receive one roll of liners at no charge. The Town reserves the right to refuse supply of liners if it believes that they are not being used for their intended purpose, being sold or for any other reason. Provision of liners is subject to availability and may be withdrawn or cancelled at any time.

Compassionate Services

A person may apply for increased bin capacity on compassionate grounds such as a medical condition which increases the quantity of waste produced or makes correct sorting difficult. A large family is not considered a reason for a compassionate service. Applications for compassionate services are required to be supported by a medical professional or reasonable evidence of medical condition. An application may be submitted without the support of a medical professional or evidence with the condition that the support is received within 6 months. Where support is not provided after six months, a charge for the larger service will be added from the date the service was delivered.

The family or estate agent of a recently deceased person may apply for up to two additional tip vouchers or one skip bin at no cost to assist with waste removal of deceased estates. Evidence such as a death certificate, notice or letter from a mortuary or other suitable evidence is required on application. Applications must be received by the Town within a 12-month period of the date of death.

Inability to pay for services is not considered grounds for a compassionate service instead the Town considers these as part of its Financial Hardship Policy.

A Compassionate Service may be withdrawn or removed at the Town's sole discretion at any time.



Significant Trees

Where a Significant Street Tree on a verge produces a large volume of debris that is not currently removed as part of the Town's street sweeping or verge maintenance activities additional FOGO bins may be provided at no charge on application. A Significant Street Tree is a street tree that appears on the Town's Significant Tree Register. The Significant Tree Register can be found on the website page <u>Trees & Verges »</u> <u>Town of Bassendean</u>.

A no charge Significant Trees FOGO bin may be withdrawn or removed at the Town's sole discretion at any time.

Inside services

Where a resident is unable to move their bin from its normal storage location within their property boundary as a result of a medical condition, the Town and its contractor may offer collection from within the property boundary subject to:

- Evidence being presented to support the medical condition to the Town's satisfaction;
- Gates and other security measures must be unlocked on the collection day;
- The path from the verge to the bin storage areas must be level and firm with no steps or steep ramps; and
- The contractor inspects the property and accepts the application.

Failure to ensure that the bin is accessible on the collection day will result in a missed service.

An Inside Service may be withdrawn or removed at the Town's sole discretion at any time.

Container Deposit Scheme (CDS) Scavenging

The Town permits scavenging from recycling bins where the following requirements are met:

- Only occurs between 8am and 7pm;
- Permission is obtained from the person who placed the bin out for collection;
- No delay or obstruction to the normal collection of material occurs;
- Scavenging is for personal use only and not for commercial purposes;
- Material is left neat and tidy; and
- No nuisance or safety risk is caused during scavenging.



Public Litter Bins

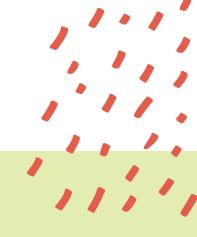


Public Litter Bins are to be conveniently and safely located for the disposal of litter, in a location that will not detract from adjacent properties and will improve the appearance for the benefit of the whole community.

In assessing the appropriate location for the provision of Litter Bins, regard should be taken to the following:

- High quality, urban designed, fit for purpose litter bins to be installed;
- Locations that are convenient/accessible to the general public for the safe and effective means of disposing of litter;
- Where possible be located near pedestrian crossings, high public use areas such as shopping precincts and bus shelters;
- A minimum of one metre back from the face of the kerb to ensure that pedestrians are not obscured from oncoming traffic and ensure compliance with Road Safety requirements, unless otherwise approved;
- Be accessible for safe emptying and cleaning activities;
- Located on areas under the Town's management;
- No political, commercial advertising or promotional material shall be permitted;
- Under no circumstances are the litter bin units to obstruct pedestrian access along the footpath or cycle path; and
- Meets Main Roads WA and other statutory approval requirements.

Installation of the litter bin units is considered on the basis of an assessment of a precinct's litter disposal requirements, not in response to one-off requests which may be received.



Booked Skip Bin Service

The Town provides residents one 3m3 general waste skip bin, and one 3m3 green waste skip bin per financial year. Alternatively, residents can also choose to order two 3m3 green waste skip bins per financial year. Residents will also be able to book up to two additional skip bins at a reduced rate per financial year.

This service is for residents to dispose of large items which do not fit in the kerbside collection service.

Residents who can't have a skip bin placed on their verge may be eligible for an alternative service from the Town. If you think this may apply to you, please let us know on 9377 8095.

Green Waste Skip Bin

The Green Waste Skip Bin can accept the following items:

- Tree branches and prunings up to 200mm in diameter and 1.5m in length
- Palm fronds up to 200mm in diameter and 1.5m in length
- Creepers and vines
- Succulents
- Lawn clippings
- Loose leaves and prunings

Bulk Waste Skip Bin

The General Waste Skip Bin can accept the following items:

- Household furniture
- Whitegoods and metal products
- Bric-a-brac / Odds and ends
- General discussed materials

Please note that general household refuse will NOT be collected in skip bins.

Availability of skip bins is subject to demand, if you need a bin at a particular time, it is best to book it well in advance. Residents are encouraged to have material ready to load directly into the bin. If you don't have enough waste to fill a skip bin, talk to your neighbours to see if they have any material they might want to add.

Scheduled Services – Mattresses, Fridges and Freezers

The Town provides a service where residents can request a booking for the collection of the following items:

• Fridges and Freezers (doors removed); and

• Mattresses (maximum of three per year). These items can be placed on the verge for collection up to 2 days before the nominated collection day. The Town will advertise a phone number to book this service in its annual Recycling and Waste Calendar.

Tip Vouchers

Each property that pays for a waste service in the Town is entitled to two (2) tip vouchers each financial year, to be collected from the Town.

Each tip vouchers entitles the owner to dispose of up to 300 kilograms of waste equal to 1.8m by 1.2m trailer or ute at the Red Hill Waste Management Facility on Toodyay Road, Red Hill. Residents may also redeem tip vouchers at the Baywaste Transfer Station, 271 Collier Road Bayswater from 1 September 2022 by paying an additional fee on entry.

Gifting or re-sale of tip vouchers is not permitted. Lost, stolen or damaged tip vouchers will not be replaced.

New owners will receive a pro-rata number of tip vouchers on application.

Landlords are encouraged to provide their tip vouchers to tenants.

Community Drop Off Days

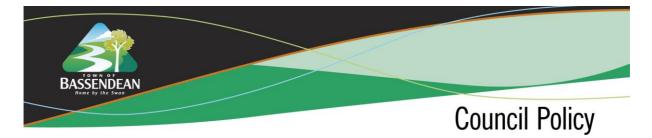
The Town will hold two Community Drop Off Days accepting the following items:

- Tyres (up to 4 per property, off rim only and up to 4wd size);
- Metal;
- Cardboard;
- Household batteries;
- Vehicle batteries;
- Used engine oil;
- Styrofoam;
- Empty aerosol cans; and
- E-waste.

Proof of address and photo ID is required on entry. Material must be in a condition that it is safe to handle by two persons. The Town may refuse to accept any material at its discretion.



For more information, please contact the Waste Services Team on 9377 8095 or mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au



2.14 Placement Of Roadside Litter Bins Policy

Objectives

To provide a framework for the placement of high quality, urban designed, roadside litter bins which are conveniently and safely located for the disposal of litter, that will not detract from adjacent properties and will improve the streetscape appearance for the benefit of the whole community.

Anti-litter educational strategies shall accompany the provision of litter bins along with sound maintenance regimes.

Policy

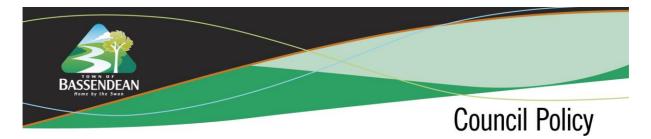
Location & Placement of Units

In assessing the appropriate location for the provision of Litter Bins, regard should be taken of the following:

- High quality, urban designed, litter bins;
- Locations that are convenient/accessible to the general public for the safe and effective means of disposing of litter;
- Where possible be located near pedestrian crossings, high public use areas such as shopping precincts and bus shelters;
- A minimum of one metre back from the face of the kerb to ensure that pedestrians are not obscured from oncoming traffic and ensure compliance with Road Safety requirements, unless otherwise approved;
- Be accessible for safe emptying and cleaning activities;
- No political, commercial advertising or promotional material shall be permitted;
- Under no circumstances are the litter bin units to obstruct pedestrian access along the footpath or cycle path; and
- Main Roads WA and other statutory approval requirements.

Installation of the litter bin units is on the basis of precincts litter waste disposal requirements, not in response to one-off requests which may be received.

All roadside litter bins vandalised shall be assessed to determine the precincts litter disposal requirements before immediately replacing the bin.



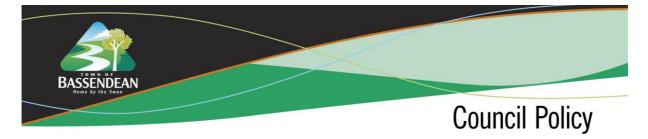
Maintenance of Bins

Cleaning of the bin receptacles, litter bins and surrounds shall be regularly cleaned inside and out, free of stains and physically and mechanically intact.

Application

Responsibility for the implementation of this policy rests with the Mayor, Councillors, Council delegates and Chief Executive Officer. The Policy is to be reviewed every three years.

Policy Type: Strategic Policy	Policy Owner: Director Operational Services	
Link to Strategic Community Plan:	First Adopted: OCM – 4/8/01	
Environmental Sustainability and Adaption to	Last Reviewed: March 2014	
Climate Change	Version: 2	
	Next Review due by: December 2016	



2.12 Bulk Rubbish, Greenwaste Pick Up Collections Publicity Policy

Objective

To ensure that residents have advance notice of this service and a clear indication of materials suitable for collection.

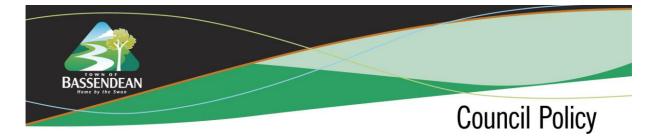
Policy

Council will keep its residents fully informed of the bulk rubbish, green waste pruning collection days by advising them of the dates and times of the collection, by means of a pamphlet printed on a distinctive coloured paper, showing a clear map with the area indicated where collections will be made. Pending budget provision, the Town will deliver pamphlets each year.

Application

Responsibility for the implementation of this policy rests with the Mayor, Councillors, Council delegates and Chief Executive Officer. The Policy is to be reviewed every three years.

Policy Type: Strategic Policy	Policy Owner: Director Operational Services
Link to Strategic Community Plan:	First Adopted: OCM – 18/4/99 Last Review Date: March 2014
Environmental Sustainability & Adaptation to Climate Change	Version: 2 Next Review due by: December 2016



2.13 Bulk Rubbish And Greenwaste Pruning PickUp Service Policy

Objective

To provide a service to residents who are unable to dispose of bulk items or greenwaste pruning by other methods.

Policy

Council will provide bulk rubbish and greenwaste pruning pick-ups, within separately specific timeframes each financial year, dependent on Council budget allocations.

Removal of recyclable goods from materials placed on verges is permissible, providing the material is stored on the verge in accordance to the set out requirements and within the specified time frames and the site is left tidy.

Application

Responsibility for the implementation of this policy rests with the Mayor, Councillors, Council delegates and Chief Executive Officer. The Policy is to be reviewed every three years.

Policy Type: Strategic Policy		Policy Owner: Director Operational Services
Link to Strategic Community Plan: Environmental Sustainability & Adaptation to Climate Change	£	First Adopted:OCM – 19/4/99 Last Review Date: March 2014 Version: 2 Next Review due by: December 2016

Memorandum of Understanding

Between Electricity Networks Corporation ABN 18 540 492 861

and Town of Bassendean ABN 20 347 405 108

for

Targeted Underground Power Program (TUPP) Project 271 – Bassendean/Eden Hill

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	Parties agree as follows	
	Purpose of this document	
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7.	Annexure 1 – Release 1 – FY22: Project No. 271 Bassendean/Eden Hill	6

Parties

ELECTRICITY NETWORKS CORPORATION ABN 18 540 492 861, a statutory body corporate established under section 4(1)(b) of the *Electricity Corporations Act 2005* (WA), of 363 Wellington Street, Perth, Western Australia (**Western Power**)

and

Town of Bassendean of 35 Old Perth Road, Bassendean 6934 - ABN 20 347 405 108 (the LGA)

Introduction

1. Background

- (a) Western Power has identified overhead distribution assets within Bassendean Annexure 1
 (Project Area) which have reached or will soon be reaching the end of their design life and are therefore due for replacement.
- (b) Where assets reach the end of their design life and are due for replacement Western Power is obliged to replace those assets in the most efficient means possible.
- (c) Historically underground distribution assets have not been the most efficient means of replacing overhead distribution assets.
- (d) Western Power and the LGA wish to jointly investigate replacing these overhead distribution assets with underground assets, as this is expected to be mutually beneficial and result in an efficient solution for Western Power (**Project**) and the LGA.

The Parties agree as follows

2. Purpose of this document

- (a) This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) outlines the relative intentions of both Western Power and the LGA to develop a project under the principles of mutual understanding, mutual benefits, common interest, shared goals and mutually complementary activities (Purpose).
- (b) This MOU is not a legal agreement and is not intended to create legally binding obligations or liabilities on either party; however all parties commit to using their best endeavours to achieve its purpose.

3. Objective

The Parties will jointly develop the Project in the Project Area as identified by Western Power. The Objective will be achieved by acting in good faith and working together and with property owners throughout the initiation phase of the project with the intent of agreeing and executing a Works Contract to effect delivery of the Project.

4. Duration

(a) Subject to 4(b), this MOU shall be effective from the date of its execution by both Parties

and shall remain in effect until the execution of a Works Contract by both Parties or the termination of this MOU by either Party by the giving of 30 days' notice by one party to the other of the intention to terminate the MOU.

(b) In the absence of a termination, mutual agreement to continue this MOU, or a resulting Works Contract being executed, this MOU shall terminate on 31 December 2025.

5. Confidential Information

- (a) To achieve the Objective it may be necessary for the Parties to exchange Confidential Information.
- (b) Confidential Information means this MOU, and all or any part of any information that a Party (First Party) supplies or provides to the other Party, or gives the other Party access to, including:
 - (i) any information relating to businesses carried on by the First Party from time to time;
 - (ii) the assets, liabilities and undertakings of the First Party;
 - (iii) financial statements and arrangements of the First Party, including balance sheets, profit and loss statements, assets and liability statements and income and expenditure statements;
 - (iv) manuals, trade secrets, source and object codes, accounts, books, ledgers, financial and other records of the First Party (including non-public historical financial details);
 - (v) drawings, know-how, techniques;
 - (vi) business and marketing plans, projections and forecasts of financial performance of the First Party;
 - (vii) arrangements and agreements with third parties;
 - (viii) customer information and customer information proprietary to customers, customer lists;
 - (ix) formulae, concepts not reduced to material form, designs, plans, models, intellectual property of any nature whatsoever (including information technology strategies and innovations) of the First Party;
 - business and funding strategies, asset and liability management policies of the First Party;
 - (xi) the existence, progress or terms of the Purpose, or the fact that the First Party, or the other Party, or both, is involved in the Purpose, or that any discussions may have taken place or may be taking place between the Parties;
 - (xii) the substance of any report, test, recommendation, advice, or other information, acquired by either Party in respect of the Purpose; and
 - (xiii) any other information of the First Party that is by its nature confidential, or that is marked, or designated, or confirmed by an officer of the First Party as, confidential

or proprietary, at the time of its disclosure.

- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, Confidential Information does not include any information referred to above that:
 - (i) is in, or enters, the public domain through no wrongful act of any person; or
 - (ii) a Party can establish, to the reasonable satisfaction of the other Party, either is, or was made, available on a non-confidential basis to it, through no wrongful act of any person, or is or was developed, independently of the other Party without using any the other Party's Confidential Information.
- (d) The Party that receives or is disclosed Confidential Information of the First Party must not, directly or indirectly:
 - (i) use any of that Confidential Information except to the extent necessary to give effect to the Purpose; or
 - (ii) disclose any of that Confidential Information,

without first obtaining the other Party's written consent.

6. No Partnership or Agency

Nothing in this MOU shall be deemed to constitute a partnership between the parties or authorise either party to act as agent of the other party for any purpose.

SIGNED BY THE PARTIES

SIGNED for and on behalf of WESTERN POWER by :

SIGNED for and on behalf of the Town of Bassendean by:

NAME (PLEASE PRINT):

NAME (PLEASE PRINT):

Position title (please print):

Position title (please print):

Signature:

Signature:

7. Annexure 1 – Release 1 – FY22: Project No. 271 Bassendean/Eden Hill Bayswater





Town of Bassendean proposed underground power project boundary map

Town of Bassendean / City of Bayswater boundary

Transmission line will not be underground



«Owner_Names» «Owner_Mailing_Address_Line_1_Street_» «Owner Mailing Address Line 2 Suburb »

Dear Resident

The Town of Bassendean has been offered the opportunity by Western Power for the undergrounding of power in your area - including your properties at;

«NRUPP_ADRESS»

Making the switch from overhead to underground power is designed to improve the reliability of your power supply and provide a safer environment for all. More specifically, once the power is underground, you'll experience fewer disruptions after significant storm events, which means fewer power outages; improved street appearance as a result of no power lines; increased property value due to the absence of poles and lines and the inclusion of new streetlighting; and the opportunity for increased tree canopy – with no need to worry about trees getting in the way of wires anymore. Property owners and local government also save on maintenance costs through lower life-cycle costs - underground power has minimal maintenance and operating costs. Additionally, underground power supports emerging technologies such as electric vehicles and caters better to future power demand.

The cost of underground power is a shared cost between Western Power, the State Government and the Town of Bassendean. In terms of the cost for homeowners, Council has historically enabled the cost to be paid over several years, through the annual rate notice. The cost per household is still to be confirmed. This figure will be firmed up over the coming months.

At this stage, the Town would like to invite you along to an information evening, with Western Power, so that you may learn more about this opportunity. Details are as follows:

Date:Wednesday 5 October 2022Time:6.00pm (A free community BBQ will be available from 5.30pm).Location:Old Perth Road Pedestrian Zone (between Wilson Street and Guildford Road)

48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054 PO Box 87, Bassendean WA 6934 T: (08) 9377 8000 F: (08) 9279 4257 E: mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au ABN 20 347 405 108

www.bassendean.wa.gov.au Attachment 12.9.3 HOME BY THE SWAN

Alternatively, if you are unable to attend, but wish to provide feedback or ask a question, please email <u>mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au</u>.

Council will be asked to consider Western Power's proposal for underground power in your area in the coming months at a Council meeting.

Yours Sincerely

A.Mabbs.

Peta Mabbs CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

19 September 2022



Bassendean Underground Power Project



What we know at this stage

- Western Power has proposed a further underground power project in the Town of Bassendean
- The project is subject to Council approval for a co-funding agreement with Western Power, with the Town required to contribute to the cost of network infrastructure.
- Based on Western Power's cost estimate, the cost for property owners will be up to \$6,000, but can be reduced by various means including properties having existing underground consumer mains connection, being a multi-unit site and/or payment being made in full in the first year.
- The Town will need to levy a service charge on property owners for the cost, with payment able to be made immediately or, with Council approval, over a number of years (in which case, interest will be payable)
- Construction is expected to commence late-2023 or early-2024
- The Town will shortly consult with affected property owners regarding preferred payment options and will keep the community informed as to Council's decision.

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www.bassendean.wa.gov.au Attachment 12.9.4 HOME BY THE SWAN 81 of 493

Improved street appearance – Ivanhoe Street



Walter Road East & Mary Crescent



More Information

Visit Western Power's website for more information on underground power: https://www.westernpower.com.au/community/work-in-your-area/underground-power/

Contact Western Power for project-related questions:

- Email: <u>undergroundpower@westernpower.com.au</u>
- Phone: 131 087

Contact the Town of Bassendean for information about Council decisions and costs:

- Email: <u>mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au</u>
- Phone: 9377 8000

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Underground Power – Community Survey

BACKGROUND

Western Power has approached the Town of Bassendean with a proposal for underground power in your area. The project is subject to Council approval for a Co-Funding Agreement with Western Power.

The Town must contribute to the cost of network infrastructure (27%), with the State Government contributing 25% and Western Power contributing 48%. The Town will also need to pay for the cost of consumer mains connections (service connections).

The Town will need to levy a service charge on property owners for their proportion of the cost and borrow funds sufficient to make the cash call payments to Western Power.

Construction is expected to commence late-2023 or early-2024 and be complete by mid-2025.

IMPORTANT

If the Town of Bassendean does not enter into an agreement for underground power, Western Power will replace the existing infrastructure with like-for-like infrastructure (overhead poles and wires) as part of its normal maintenance program. If that occurs, the Town may not have another opportunity to affordably instal underground power in the project area for 40 to 50 years.

PROPOSAL

That Council approves the Town of Bassendean entering into a Co-Funding Agreement with Western Power for the provision of underground power to the project area.

That the Town of Bassendean recovers the cost of the project from property owners within the project area, as follows:

- By levying a service charge as part of annual Rates Notices, commencing 2023/24
- Providing property owners with the option to pay in full during 2023/24, or in instalments over either 7 years or 10 years
- Providing a discount for properties with an existing underground consumer mains connection
- Providing a discount for payment in full during 2023/24
- For multi-unit development sites, spreading the cost of the consumer mains connection(s) equally.

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www.bassendean.wa.gov.au Attachment 12.9.5 HOME BY THE SWAN

BENEFITS OF UNDERGROUND POWER

- Improved public safety
- More street trees
- Less tree pruning, improved tree canopy
- Improved street appearance/aesthetic value
- Improved reliability and security of power supply
- Increased property value
- Lower life-cycle costs
- Improved LED streetlighting and with future product offerings for smart streetlights
- Improved opportunity for emerging technologies

COST OF THE PROJECT

Western Power has provided an E30 cost estimate for the project. E30 means the cost may increase or decrease by up to 30%. Western Power will provide the Town with an E10 estimate in due course, which is intended to be accurate to within 10%. Following execution of a contract with the successful tenderer, Western Power will provide the Town with the final cost for the project.

E30 estimate – total project

Total Project Cost (E30 Estimate): \$13.18M

	Service	Tabal LCA				
Location	Total	WP Contribution	LGA Contribution	Connection (LGA to found)	Total LGA Contribution	Meter #
2. Bassendean	¢11.0CM	\$8.65M	\$3.21M	¢1.22M	\$4.53M	1 221
	\$11.86M	73%	27%	\$1.32M		1,221

LGA means 'Local Government Authority' (the Town of Bassendean).

COST FOR PROPERTY OWNERS (SERVICE CHARGE)

The Town has used the E30 cost estimate provided by Western Power to estimate the service charge payable by property owners.

Estimates	Overhead Conversion Required	Overhead Conversion not Required
Net Cost	\$4,337	\$1,972
Loan Interest (7 years)	\$985	\$448
Loan Interest (10 years)	\$1,441	\$655
Project Management/Admin (5%)	\$217	\$99
Total (7 Years)	\$5,539	\$2,518
Total (10 Years)	\$5,995	\$2,725

Notes:

- Loan interest calculated at 6% per annum
- For properties that require an underground consumer mains connection, the property owner will be required to contribute to both the Capex component and the Service Connection component
- For properties with an existing underground consumer mains connection, the property owner will be required to the Capex component only.

MORE INFORMATION

Visit Western Power's website for more information on underground power: https://www.westernpower.com.au/community/work-in-your-area/underground-power/

Contact Western Power for project-related questions:

- Email: <u>undergroundpower@westernpower.com.au</u>
- Phone: 131 087

Contact the Town of Bassendean for information about Council decisions and costs:

- Email: mail@bassendean.wa.gov.au
- Phone: 9377 8000

SURVEY QUESTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

You are invited to complete the TUPP Underground Power Community Survey form by:

- Completing the survey online at <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/tobundergroundpower</u>.
- Completing the hard copy survey attached; or
- Scanning the QR code below



Completed forms can be returned to the Town at the Customer Service Centre at 35 Old Perth Rd, or by mail to PO Box 87, Bassendean WA 6934.

PLEASE RETURN YOUR SURVEY TO THE TOWN OF BASSENDEAN BY 5.00PM ON FRIDAY 25 NOVEMBER 2022. ONLINE SURVEY CLOSES SUNDAY 27 NOVEMBER 2022.

IMPORTANT

The Town will present the results of this survey to Council to help inform Council in its decisionmaking.

In completing this survey you are not "casting a vote" for or against the proposed project. Council, as the community's elected representatives will decide whether the Town will enter into a Co-Funding Agreement with Western Power.

If Council decides to enter into a Co-Funding Agreement with Western Power, Council will make decisions about the amount of the service charge(s) to be imposed, repayment period(s) and other relevant matters regarding the project.

Decisions made by Council about the proposed project will apply to all property owners within the project area.

TUPP UNDERGROUND POWER COMMUNITY SURVEY

1. Please provide your Full Name

2. Please provide your Property Address(es)

3. Does your property already have an underground consumer mains connection?

- 0 Yes
- Ο No
- 0 Unsure

4. Do you support the underground power proposal?

- Ο Yes
- 0 No

Comments

5. What is your preferred method of payment?

- 0 Pay in full up front 0
 - Pay by instalments over 7 years
- Pay by instalments over 10 years 0

6. Do you have any other comments?

TARGETED UNDERGROUND POWER PROGRAM – COMMUNITY SURVEY – COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

PART A - ONLINE SURVEY RESPONSES

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
1		But I don't understand why fees for already having existing connections underground are so high. I paid large fees direct to western power to get property underground and now to be slugged further fees is unfair.	Don't agree to large fees for existing underground power in place. It should be reduced, to be proactive and have underground installed whilst completely extension I'm now disadvantaged by further fees for having it in place.	Many properties within the project area already have an underground consumer mains connection, meaning that an overhead conversion is not required. An underground consumer mains connection is the connection that runs from the green dome to the property. As shown in the preamble to the community survey, properties with an existing underground consumer mains connection are likely to receive a significant discount to the standard charge, so property owners will not be required to pay twice for the same thing. However, the Town is required to contribute to the cost of undergrounding the Western Power network, which all property owners within the project area are likely to be required to contribute to. That is the LGA Contribution of 27% shown in the orange table in the preamble to the survey.
2	Based on previous episodes of power outages due to weather events, aging poles etc underground power will provide stability in power supplies. It will reduce risk in case of tree disruption and make it safer.	Is there a home owner percentage required that the final decision is based on? The outlay is quite expensive given the current economic climate - the cost is not tax deductible and there is no value added real estate benefit to properties. We currently have a power network and while we can appreciate the benefits of underground power, what is the return on investment? Thank you	Is this financial modelling based on current evidence of similar projects?	The financial modelling is based on the current estimated cost of the project provided to the Town by Western Power, which is an E30 cost estimate (that is, subject to an increase or decrease of up to 30%). The financial model takes into account Western Power and State government contributions toward the network component (capital expenditure component of the cost which excludes the consumer mains connection). Should the project progress, the financial model will be refined as more accurate cost estimates are provided by Western Power and more accurate details are obtained about other relevant factors, including the nature and number of different connections required, makeup of multi-unit development sites, and other possible variations, for example for properties with high voltage power lines that will not be undergrounded.
3	Some of the existing assets are in dire need of an upgrade.	The sooner this is done; the better.		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
4		Please get it done as soon as possible.	A fantastic thing to happen in Bassendean	Noted, thank you.
5	an absolute must for the town		This is the type of infrastructure upgrade the town needs	Noted, thank you.
6			Hope the proposal succeeds. Will be great to be able to have bigger and more street trees out front and in the neighbourhood and happy to pay a bit for that.	Noted, thank you.
7	I support the Town of Bassendean contributing to this project as it will improve safety and amenity of the area reduce future maintenance and capital costs and in turn make better use of our rates and contribute to positive property prices.			Noted, thank you.
8		I would love for Ida Street to be included within any future plans for underground power		Part of Ida Street received underground power as part of the recently completed project, and a further portion of Ida Street (including your property) will receive underground power as part of this proposed project.
9	Existing infrastructure is in appalling condition.	Just get on with it.		Noted, thank you.
10			I think it is very important that people completely understand the benefits of underground power. I attended the information evening and was staggered by the comments from some people who just don't seem to understand. Keep it up Basso Council!	The Western Power brochure "underground power in your area" contains information on the benefits of underground power and other information about what to expect when an underground power project is planned in your area. The brochure is available here: wp_upp_brochure_aug22.pdf (westernpower- website.azurewebsites.net)
11		I think this is amazing opportunity for our street and completely support the project.		Noted, thank you.
12	I don't agree that the costs outweigh the benefits			Noted, thank you.
13	Too expensive in these harsh economic times			Noted, thank you.
14		Please get this done.		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
15		It would be great to support underground power on west road to allow for more verge tree planting to compliment the historical oak trees		The Town will continue to advocate for further underground power projects within the district.
16		A good option for our community.	I was unaware of this proposal. I was informed by a random conversation with a local.	The Town wrote direct to property owners within the proposed project area; however we are aware that a small number of property owners did not receive a letter. The Town will continue to work on improving the database as the project progresses.
17	Will greatly improve the overall aesthetics of the town.			Noted, thank you.
18	Agree with the proposal. Beautification of the street.			Noted, thank you.
19	Because I live on a pension and with cost of living it is expensive. Underground power would be excellent- I cannot afford to pay the price.	I would prefer not to pay at all.	Far to expensive when you live on a single aged pension	 Pensioners and seniors who currently receive a rebate on their Council rates may be entitled to a rebate against their underground power charge in accordance with the State Government Pensioner and Seniors Rebate Scheme. 1. Holders of a Pensioner Concession Card, State Concession Card or a Commonwealth Seniors Health Card WITH a WA Seniors Card, will be entitled to receive either up to 50% rebate or full deferral on underground electricity charges: or 2. Holders of a WA Seniors Card, who do not hold a Commonwealth Seniors Health Card, will be entitled to receive a single \$100* rebate on underground electricity charges for the first year only of the scheme. *The current rebate amount is \$100 but is at the discretion of the Department of Finance. Please refer to Finance WA – "Pensioner and Seniors Concessions Scheme" for further information: Subsidies Fact Sheet - Pensioners and Seniors Concession (www.wa.gov.au)

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
20	Too expensive for residents. The TOB should cover more of the cost. It should cost no more than a total of \$500 for each home owner.	You can't keep offloading costs to residents every year. The TOB has a massive amount of money come in via rates.	TOB needs to improve its communication and understanding of obligations it has to residents. The Town treats residents poorly.	The proposed project is the third underground power project within the Town of Bassendean, with each project based on a user-pays principle. For the Town to fund part of the cost through Municipal funds contributed by ratepayers across the district, would disadvantage those who have already paid for underground power on a user-pays basis.
21		Payment options of less than 7 years should be available for those that already have underground connection capability eg a green dome. Repayments could be done over 3 or 5 years perhaps.		Thank you for the suggestion. We will look at the feasibility of this, within the constraints posed by our current systems.
22	Please complete West Road ASAP to bring back to its old glory days with tree canopy	My understanding is that many homes on West Rosd already have this so it wouldn't be too much to complete the street and give one of the main Bassendean streets their street appeal back		Western Power determines the priority of underground power projects. While the local government can approach Western Power with a specific underground power proposal, the cost of the project will depend on its scale and the available useful life remaining in the existing infrastructure. For a small project with substantial remaining useful life in the infrastructure, the cost may be prohibitively high. Nevertheless, the Town will continue to advocate for further underground power projects within the district.
23		I would like to know about the cost of the entire process. I live in a duplex. Will each building be connected separately as atm all power connects to my unit via a pole		The current estimated cost of the entire project was shown in the orange table in the preamble to the survey (\$13.18 million). The specific connection requirements for each property will be determined by Western Power. Depending on the duplex, one or two consumer mains connections may be required. If only one consumer mains connection is required to service both properties, it is likely that the cost of a single consumer mains connection will be shared. Please note that that only applies to the consumer mains connection component of the project cost, not to the network component (CapEx cost shown in the orange table in the preamble to the survey).

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
24	I am being charged up to \$6000 to: - assist Western Power install infrastructure that will save them significant funds in overhead power line maintenance - assist the TOB to reduce costs for pruning trees that were initially planted in the incorrect place - assist in installing infrastructure that supports 5G which has proven to be harmful to humans WP currently pays for infrastructure maintenance. Why can't they use the money they are saving on upgrading the old power lines for this project? If WP and TOB are saving money in the future due to reduced maintenance costs, why can't they be using those saved funds to pay for this project? If I pay the \$6000 that saves them so much money, will I receive reduced rates and / or reduced WP fees over the next 50 years to compensate me? Not likely. With the current financial circumstances facing rate payers (increased mortgages due rate rises, increased cost of living due to inflation, which in the past has inevitably led to a depression in the economy and a reduction in property values) I question that this is the right time to be slugging residents for an "involuntary" \$6000 charge. TOB says this is an "excellent opportunity" but it appears to me that they are being given a "don't wait. Buy now or pay more in the future" slogan to encourage their participation. I do not support this project proceed, I am not under any legal contract to fund the project.			 Western Power has advised that it is more expensive to convert the existing overhead network to an underground network. While Western Power is likely to benefit from reduced maintenance costs in the future, and the Town of Bassendean is likely to benefit from reduced costs associated with tree pruning under power lines, those costs will reduce over time and are not available to meet the up front capital cost of the project. Should Council endorse the project and ultimately levy a service charge in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Local Government Act 1995</i> to recover the cost of the project from property owners, the service charge will become a debt due to the Town should it remain unpaid after the relevant due date(s), and may be recovered in accordance with the Town's Recovery of Rates and Service Charges Policy. Please note also, that Council has adopted a Financial Hardship Policy to assist debtors who may be experiencing financial hardship. Council's policies are available on the Town's website.
25	Please install underground network as soon as possible.	Would like to see this done immediately.		Noted, thank you.
26	I would like to see more trees being planted if power goes underground. I think this would add value to the area and make it both safer & aesthetically pleasing	I'm happy to pay by instalments over 5-10 years		Noted, thank you.
27	It will help improve the look of the neighbourhood and hopefully will cut down on power outages. We will no longer have to butcher trees or even remove them			Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
28		I don't think now is the right time for a significant infrastructure project that involuntarily burdens the residents/rate payers. With higher costs of living and interest rates, to add on such a significant cost either up front or over a period is unreasonable.		Noted, thank you.
29	Fully support this. The streets that have already been converted look great with no power poles, no wires, and the new, efficient LED street lights. I hope you get the numbers to make the change. Thank you.	Any payment option really. Best for us would be over 4 years, but let's just do it. Please.		Noted, thank you.
30	I don't want to pay any money for the underground connection, The government should take the full expenses.			As shown in the orange table in the preamble to the survey, the Town is required to pay 27% of the cost of undergrounding the network (CapEx) plus the full cost of the required underground power consumer mains connections.
31	I don't think it should be so expensive			Noted, thank you.
32	I do not want to pay for underground power.	Government should pay for the full expenses		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
33	The recent model used in the Eden Hill underground Power project would have been preferable	A range of payment options should be made available to suit people's needs, with a discount for full up front payment.		The Eden Hill project was an NRUPP project, while the proposed new Bassendean project is a TUPP project. The report to Council for the briefing session on 6 December 2022 includes the following commentary on the key difference between the two projects: The Town and Western Power have recently completed a Network Renewal Underground Power Project (NRUPP) in Eden Hill and parts of Bassendean. NRUPP projects are driven by Western Power and target areas with a high density of aging overhead assets. For the recently completed project at the Town, the overhead assets were so aged that Western Power funded the entire cost of undergrounding the capital infrastructure, with property owners required to fund the cost of the consumer mains connection, being the cost of converting the overhead connection to an underground connection from the property to the green dome. NRUPP projects are unusual, with only four projects proposed or completed (Eden Hill, Scarborough, Hilton and St James). The key difference with the proposed TUPP project is the greater useful life remaining in the Western Power infrastructure. This means that the Town is required to fund a portion of the Western Power infrastructure, to reflect the higher cost of undergrounding that infrastructure compared to a likefor-like replacement, as well as the cost of the required consumer mains connections. For the NRUPP project, property owners with an existing underground consumer mains connection were not required to contribute to the cost of the project (because there was no associated cost to be paid by the Town). For the proposed TUPP project, it is anticipated that all owners of property within the project area will be required to contribute to ward the cost of the Western Power infrastructure, with a discount applicable for properties that do not require an underground consumer mains connection.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
34		Interest free instalments over 12/24 months would be my preferred method of payment		The service charge is intended to be imposed as part of Council's annual rating process. It may be possible (subject to system capability) for the up front payment option to be aligned with the usual payment options for rates (one, two or four instalments), although the two or four instalment option would likely attract the same interest charge as would be levied on rates.
35	I'm unsure as to why we have to pay anything if we already have an underground power connection as my family who live in Success Hill just got underground power and they didn't pay anything for it.	We would prefer the up front option and one of the 7 or 10 year options so we could choose one or the other at the time of payment.		Refer response to number 33 above. For the NRUPP project in Eden Hill, those with an existing underground consumer mains connection were not required to pay a service charge because Western Power funded the entire cost of undergrounding the network. For the proposed project in Bassendean, the Town must pay 27% of the cost of undergrounding the network.
36	Support is as per propaganda received in mail in relation to benefits.	Seems to be taking a long time. Some streets had works completed a few months ago and now the rest won't be completed for at least another 12 months?		The proposed TUPP project in Bassendean is a new and entirely separate project to the recently completed NRUPP project in Eden Hill and parts of Bassendean.
37	Please make this happen TOB.	Can you please further clarity on how this arrangement works for Strata complexes. Thanks		The arrangements for strata complexes, or multi-unit developments as we call them, will depend on the nature of the underground consumer mains connection(s) required. Should only one consumer mains connection be required to service all properties within the development, it is possible that the cost of the consumer mains connection may be shared among property owners within the development. It is important to note, however, that this does not mean the same will apply to the network portion of the cost (CapEx).
38	We don't have a money it would be better if you do re-zoning first.			Noted, thank you.
39	Don't see the advantage of this my power input comes into my house now	Still don't see the advantage as my and address [unit] b come in on one line to my units from the existing pole.	Cost is a bit high	Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
40	This is absolutely necessary and very much supported by us	It would be great to be given the option to part pay for better shade producing street trees in lieu of the 4 box trees that I have out the verge of my property		Noted, thank you.
41	At a time when there is a cost of living crisis, wages are stagnant and housing and living costs are increasing everyday, we are already struggling to get by. Upgrading to underground power will have no tangible impact on improving our standard of living but will increase financial hardship in an already difficult time.	People are struggling to get by at the moment. You will be sending your residents into hardship if you proceed with this.	The increased financial hardship will have a flow on effect in the community as residents will not be able to support local businesses. The sense of community will be diminished.	Noted, thank you.
42		We have a shared consumer pole as a point of mains connection. From the base of the pole to the three strata units on our block our power is underground already. Will this make our connection costs cheaper as the on property undergrounding has already been done? Thanks		Refer response to number 37 above.
43		I would prefer to determine my payment method at the time of the rates strike rather than now as it will depend if the interest rate charged by the local government is greater than my mortgage variable rate.		You will be able to make the choice at the time of the first rates instalment, to either pay up front or pay by whatever longer term payment option(s) Council decides.
44	Due to high inflation rate it is better to delay this for few years. Material and labour cost will come down eventullay.	Everything is higly priced now so better to delay one or two year to finalise		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
45		I would like to know how much is the council contributing from the general rates revenue. In the last few years the council has done things like put plaques in front of trees, added road calming, modified roads for cyclists, tried to heritage list people's homes and put stickers on street corners with directions and distances. Those monies would have been better spent on underground power. I hope that future wastes on money like these will be curtailed until this expense is paid off.		The Town proposes to recover the cost of the project from property owners within the project area, as it has done for previous underground power projects within the Town of Bassendean.
46	Great idea. Council must govern the community and take bold leadership. It will help raise property prices which will benefit all land owners in the town.	4 x instalments	Do it!!	Noted, thank you.
47		the owner should be able to choose the route for the meter box connection.		This is a matter for Western Power.
48	NOTE: It is apparent to me that only Low Voltage is considered for under grounding; not High Voltage. As a result the eye sore of overhead power lines (and the obstruction to verges, by way of power poles) will still exist despite underground on streets in which the high voltage runs. It is disingenuous to not inform rate payers UPFRONT that their payment (i.e. their contribution to the scheme) will NOT result in the removal of ALL overhead power cables in the residential streets under the scheme. Better	Disappointedly, the communication issued with the request for this survey is highly confusing; conflating industry terms with laymen's terms that have not been well explained. E.g. terms for the wire from street cables (underground or overhead) vs, wire from street supply to green dome (no mention of green dome) vs cable from green dome to point of attachment (on the house). This could have been better explained by a diagram and descriptors names and descriptor explanation. Thank		Yes, high voltage power lines will not be undergrounded. Property owners on Iolanthe Street may be afforded a discount to the standard service charge, subject to future modelling and Council decision. Thank you for the feedback regarding the communication. The Town plans to further maintain communication with property owners as further details about the project are known. The Town will also update the FAQs on its website as and when required, and will include a diagram as you have suggested.

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	communication is required in this regard.	you for the opportunity to provide feedback.		
49		Western powers and Governments should cover the cost, not the residents.	The benefits provided on the survey are poorly presented. I believe the main advantage of this will be low maintenance for Western Power.	Noted, thank you.
50	It's ridiculous that this cost is being transferred to the residents with interest. This cost should be covered by the government.	I am happy with the current arrangements. Given than we pay tax to the government, this needs to be funded by the state. Not transferred to home owners with interest		Noted, thank you.
51	I do not support underground cables when I already have it, paid for it already long ago and have to pay for it again. This is fraudulent and should not be tolerated. Also no consideration has been given to property owners who wants to go off grip by solar panels and batteries. This will require no more cables at all and will help stop climate change.	I do not want to pay again for what I already have and paid for long ago.	Consider no cables at all, going off grip via solar panels and batteries.	Refer response to number 1 above.
52	It is unnecessary overburden cost to residents. Our Family has no issue either underground or pole wiring as long as residents will not liable to pay or contribute any money. Bassendean council rates are already higher side with compare to other suburbs like Bassendean.	Stop this project, don't push Bassendean residents towards this project.		Noted, thank you.
53	An excellent proposal	Do not delay	How does our cost compare with other suburbs?	The cost of the proposed project is higher than for the recently completed NRUPP project in Eden Hill and parts of Bassendean, for the reasons explained at number 33 above, but broadly consistent with State Underground Power Projects (SUPP) in other local governments.

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54	Yes I agree with underground power but we shouldn't have to pay extra			Noted, thank you.
55	I have lived in bassendean for over 20 years and believe the reasons for going underground for power is a waste off shires and my money,the reason's given to do this are not off any benefit to me or the environment, I am currently investing in solar batteries to suit my home and believe this is a better way to go than worry about power lines that the majority off suburbs still use.I believe the money could be used better by all, cause in 10 years time solar batteries will be the norm In all homes, let's use this money to be leaders in supporting our shire and environment at the same time and get solar batteries installed in our suburb like the new estate's are doing, I believe this is a step backwards for all of us when bigger issues can be addressed	I hope this doesn't go ahead as both shire rates and electricity bills will rise as well as this additional cost, for no benefit for anyone	In 10 years time I believe that the cost of , and availability of home solar batteries far outweigh the cost and reasons for this cost and step backwards for this great suburb	Noted, thank you.
56	We think that people who can't afford it should have their fees completely subsidised, either by the state or the local authority.			Noted, thank you.
57	Im very supportive of this initiative.	Just that it would be devastating if this opportunity was missed.		Noted, thank you.
58	Due to costs at this challenging time, we don't support this. We are also aware that approx. 65% of this ward of Bassendean and Eden Hill got their underground power at no cost to home	We would like clear justification about why other areas got their upgraded facilities for free but we have to pay.		Refer response to number 33 above.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
	owners and we feel its unjustified that we have to pay.			
59	Very supportive of this	Will be disappointed if it doesn't happen		Noted, thank you.
60	Underground power would allow trees on property to grow much higher than currently due to overhead cables.			Noted, thank you.
61	I think the concept is good and makes the suburb look much more inviting . It does come with added stress to already stressed home owners.	The financial pressure this places on me in enormous even with the payment plan as I already struggle with my land rates now .	May be there should be some help for people on a pension . There is no mention of that on this proposal.	Refer response to 19 above.
62	Underground power has made a huge difference to the streetscapes north and east of us, and I'd love to see the same in my part of Bassendean.	Thank you to Council for continuing to advocate with Western Power for underground power in Bassendean.	Thank you to Council for continuing to advocate with Western Power for underground power in Bassendean.	Noted, thank you.
63	Should help stop the tree or crash related power outs.			Noted, thank you.
64		I support underground power		Noted, thank you.
65	The area completed has dramatically improved the streetscape	I understand this might not work for all but the option to pay up front would be great.		Noted, thank you.
66	This is a great initiative, we can't wait to see the power lines removed and the trees allowed to grow. We really support this. This will be great for Bassendean.	Payment in instalment either 7 or 10 years is preferable, however if significant reduction was made for cash up front that could be an option too.	Please make this happen. It would be a shame to miss this opportunity.	Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
67	Nobody wants this, and you're	The lairy red text on your recent	This project should be stopped	Your comments are noted. They are either addressed
	forcing it on us because it	communication is indicative of	until after the next council	elsewhere in this document, or are beyond the scope
	benefits the council and nobody else. The purported	the paucity of ToB's critical thinking on this matter. The	election, which will then be used a plebiscite on it. Ignore WP	of the proposed underground power project.
	"economic benefit" of increasing	State Government (through	when they say there's a pole	You may wish to note that tip passes are available
	property value will only benefit	Western Power) is offering to	replacement schedule, and	from the Bassendean Memorial Public Library, which is
	the council, as it will increase	replace the existing	waiting is not possible, they're	open from 9:00am to 1:00pm on Saturdays.
	the rateable value of the	infrastructure for free, yet you	only trying to create a sense of	
	property. You may claim that	are falling for this prank of "we'll	urgency to get you to commit.	In terms of your comments about the survey, it is clear
	that you're contributing 27% of	contribute to underground	It's a common sales tactic, and	when read in conjunction with the preamble that the
	the money required for this	power" This is like keeping a	you should be aware of it and	Town stated its intention to recover the cost from
	program, but you're really not,	car that you already own and is	dismiss it out of hand with the	property owners, and intended to borrow funds to
	because a) it's ratepayer's	good working order, or being	contempt it deserves.	make the cash call payments to Western Power.
	money, and b) the council will	sold a shiny new thing by a		Further, the survey did not ask "Do you support
	get it back fivefold in less than a	shonky salesman because "it's		underground power", it asked "Do you support the
	decade. You, the ToB, and us,	on special". Sure. you'll get a		underground power proposal", which links the survey
	the long ignored ratepayers, are	\$100k car for \$75k, but you still		to the preamble which in turn provides details about
	going to subsidise the state	have pay \$75k instead of		the proposed cost, recovery of that cost from property
	government in doing what they	NOTHING. Your red text		owners and possible interest charges on borrowed
	are supposed to do, and have	headed "Important" says that		funds.
	been making appropriations for	participating in this is not a vote.		The company and in here with a staff
	since the early 1900s. And why?	It's "to assist the council in		The survey was prepared in-house using staff
	Some flimsy marketing dribble	decision making". However, the		resources.
	about "beauty" and "property values". If you were really	disingenuous prose in this communication is deceptive, and		
	concerned about doing things	is what a salesperson would call		
	for the community, you'd	an "assumptive close". Nowhere		
	actually hold a plebiscite, on the	in this document is the question		
	topic of: "We have \$15m of	asked "Do you want us to		
	ratepayer's money to spend.	borrow money and then force		
	Order these projects in	you to pay it back for us so we		
	preference of where you want	can put in underground power?"		
	this allocated", and include	That is the crux of the topic. It		
	options such as: Insourcing	doesn't even say "Do you want		
	the poor quality rubbish pickup	underground power?" It slips		
	and bulk collection programs	right past that to say "Do you		
	Employing rangers to patrol the	support underground power?"		
	Town 24/7 and report suspicious	They are entirely different		
	activity to reduce the rampant	questions, although your		
	crime Offering free asbestos	cunning scriveners have made		
	disposals to residents	them sound the same. It's a play		
	Rejuvenating the arboretum on	right out of Yes Minister. Then		

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
	Broadway, so it looks less like a tip, and more like a pleasant public open space Opening council offices on Saturdays so those of us who work full time can actually get in there to pick up our tip passes (why you stopped the voucher on the rates notice system defies common sense) Providing free desexing to domestic animals in the Town Providing functional cycleways on all major roads Building an aquatic centre. Offered any of these, residents will send underground power to the bottom of the list, where it belongs.	the question is "How do you want to pay for this?" Again, the slippery prose of a career bureaucrat, no doubt guided by a Sydney law firm on retainer. The actual question should be "Do you want to pay for this, or are you happy to have the government maintain the existing system at no cost to you or the council?" [Content removed] This is essentially the same mechanism your "survey" is using. You're saying "We're going to do this, how badly do you want to be financially impacted by it?"		
68			Very much support the proposal to have underground power and improve the townscape look and feel.	Noted, thank you.
69		Too expensive		Noted, thank you.
70	I am happy with how things are, I live on iolanthe street which has the transformer lines running up them. So iolanthe st will always have power lines, I see little point in a half job being done.	Will the iolanthe st house be eligible ? If not eligible what are my options ? Does the debt sit with the house or the owner, ie if I sell in 2 years will I need to clear the loan ? 6% interest seems excessive through a government funded scheme, what interest percentage is the town paying ?		Refer response to number 48 above. Once Council has determined the service charge as part of the relevant Annual Budget, the seller is responsible for payment of the service charge, with any outstanding amount at the time of sale deducted at settlement. An interest rate of 6% used for the cost estimates is an estimate only. The Town will not seek to recover from property owners any more than the actual interest incurred by the Town on any required loans to support this project.
71			If the house is sold after 2 years would the cost be passed onto the new owner or would they need to be paid out at settlement	Refer response to 70 above.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
72	What plans are in place if only a quarter of residents in the street agree to have underground power?	Concerned about damage to my reticulation pipes when pushing the cable under my front verge.		Council will make a decision as to whether or not to proceed with the project for the entire project area. If Council does proceed, all properties will be provided with underground power.
				The proposed works are a major civil project and even with the non-invasive methods used, some verge and front garden disruption will occur. In the first instance, property owners/occupiers should direct any requests to the contractor, as they are responsible for all re- instatements and repairs and have all the appropriate resources. If the project proceeds, the details of the relevant contractor will be provided to the community.
73	too much buy in required from property owners, for very little return on investment			Noted, thank you.
74	Note Property 1 has underground power (part of new build) but Property 2 does not.	Note 2 properties.		Refer response to number 37 above.
75	We strongly support this, it's a great idea and opportunity.			Noted, thank you.
76	At a time of economic uncertainty where the current power is fit for purpose (and western powers responsibility) I'm concerned about the total economic cost.	After listening to the western power representatives at the meeting I feel this is being driven by them to suit their purposes. We have not had any significant power issues in the years we have lived in Bassendean.		Noted, thank you.
77	This year Western power spent \$100s of thousands on replacing street poles (4 in my street and 1 in front of my house). As I believe from the community meeting I won't be getting underground power due the the new poles. The first round people paid around \$2500 for the contribution so way should I pay more for a service I can't get.			Refer response to number 33 above.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
78	Great I idea to increase the street tree canopies	Would be happy to pay up front depending on the cost. I assume that it will be somewhat significant given that the only other options presented are 7 and 10 years		Noted, thank you.
79	This initiative is crucial for safety and power security		Whatever the payment plan, the underground power initiative should go ahead	Noted, thank you.
80	Would love to know how much ours would be so we can budget			Further information will be provided once known.
81	[Number removed] Anzac Terrace already has underground power to the property which was connected in 2007 definitely not going to improve the value of my property as quoted by Town Of Bassendean	As a local Real Estate Agent i totally disagree what Town Of Bassendean is telling owners that it will increase the value of their home except for possible property that can be subdivided that could benefit	It will look better without overhead powerlines but planting trees at rate payers expense when powerlines are removed is a waste of ratepayers money.	Noted, thank you.
82		If I can afford to pay out the instalment option earlier than my nominated time will that be possible?		No, unfortunately our systems do not have that capacity.
83	Any infrastructure past my property belongs to Western Power and should be paid for by them.	If this decision is made by Council in favour of underground power then any payment instalments should not attract interest. Question 5 assumes I am in favour of paying which I am not. I cannot afford a large increase in my rates	I do not support this and will not support any elected member making this decision against my wishes. If we are not deemed "an area of need" then why are we even considering it?	As stated in the preamble to the survey, if the Town of Bassendean does not enter into an agreement for underground power, Western Power will replace the existing infrastructure with like-for-like infrastructure (overhead poles and wires) as part of its normal maintenance program. If that occurs, the Town may not have another opportunity to affordably instal underground power in the project area for 40 to 50 years.
84		Why is this happening? Why are we paying for something that we have already got? Surely it's been paid for already when the houses were built in this area. Who instigated this? Was there an additional charge made at that time? If not, then why is there a need to have an	I will not be paying	Refer to responses above.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
		additional charge now? I will not pay.		
85	Too much money	Waste of my money		Noted, thank you.
86	I would like to get it. But it's so expensive, don't know how we going to pay for this. Hope, this is not send us to live on the street	Can i get it in any cheaper price? My house is quite old, can even afford to fix the roof!	Can't afford it	You may wish to refer to the Council's Financial Hardship Policy.
87	Only if Iolanthe Street is getting it.			Refer response to number 48 above.
88	I have had underground power to my house for maybe 15 years and was told at the time that I would not have to pay extra as it was a Western Power discission at the time. What is the Capex component and how much will it be?	I believed that there would be no cost to me (see above comment) but I think it's a great project which enhances the area.		The CapEx component will be determined once Western Power provides the actual cost of the project and various other factors are known. The estimate, based on known information at this stage, is shown on page 4 of the preamble to the survey, in the "Overhead Conversion not Required" column.
89	With the immense cost of living, rising interest rates and lack of state payrises, it's unjust to load people up with additional costs at this time.			Noted, thank you.
90		Is there any opportunities to also include Community Batteries in the agreement with Western Power?		Not at this time.
91		I can pay up front depending on price.		Noted, thank you.
92		I have chosen the 7 years option but I would prefer ro be able to choose any of the options closer to the start date.	I have contacted Western Power about this, but if the HV line along the street isn't removed then resident's won't get the full benefit. That is, no street beautification.	Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
93		this needs to be done as soon as possible. Instalment payments need to be a little more tailored to pensioners abilities		Refer response to number 19 above.
94	im on a strata(2 dwellings with Underground connection). Do we share the costs?			Refer response to number 37 above.
95			Looking forward to completion.	Noted, thank you.
96	Highly Support!	Highly Support this this		Noted, thank you.
97	Poles were replaced in my street & around the suburb in last 2 years. Being a 'sustainable' council, (with new building requirements) surely solar panels on existing homes would benefit the Rate Payers more	The cost of living, mortgages, food, fuel, insurances etc have all increased. Now this rate increase for a power connection! I already have power to my home. Paying off Solar Panels would be more beneficial for us & the planet. I'm not happy that we weren't given a choice. Paraphrasing Mayor Hamilton from an article that I recently read about the new building requirements, "rising energy costs". "Long term environmental benefits now & into the future." So, solar panels on every ToB house would fit with the 'Sustainable vision'. If a rate payer survey was conducted beforehand of Underground power vs Solar panels to pay for, I reckon Solar panels to pay for, I reckon Solar panels would win! Why black poles? They stand out more than the silver poles I wonder what the black poles will look like after being in the sun in a few years	I do not want this, Not having a choice, the cost adding to my forever rising bills & when done, how much more will my home be worth?!! Not happy Town of Bassendean	Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
98	Why are people made to pay for upgrading of government infrastructure. \$4000-\$5000 for upgrading an existing functioning service. This needs to have an opt out option. All this cost, just so the council can save a few dollars on tree pruning each year?			Yes, under the proposed project the Town is required to contribute 27% of the cost of undergrounding the Western Power network. The up-front capital costs to underground power are significant, and it is more expensive to underground power than to replace poles and wires as they reach the end of their useful lives. This additional cost must be balanced against the benefits of underground power and there are inevitably different opinions. Thus, this community survey to seek the views of property owners within the proposed project area, to inform Council's decision-making on this project.
99	Have a green dome on property but not connected to meter box	Get it done asap please		Noted, thank you.
100	Required long term & for modernisation	I wish it was cheaper as this would need to occur in ~10 years anyways due to pole/infra aging but ohwell :)		Noted, thank you.
101	not needed			Noted, thank you.
102	I disagree that the last stage was purely old Eden Hill infrastructure, put pressure on WP to finish this final stage under the same project subsidy			Western Power have proposed this project as a TUPP, rather than a NRUPP, refer response to number 33 above.
103	I can't justify the cost. My experience having underground power does not prevent power blackouts and power surges.		not at this stage	Noted, thank you.
104	Yes, I think long term it's a good idea, and understand the reasoning. However, It's not great timing financially to be forking out the kind of money required! Instalments no interest (worth a shot!) would be the best method of payment			Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
105	PLEASE go ahead with this! Having to look at the ugly and messy power poles and missing out on more tree canopy for the next 40 years is a terrible thought.	Please go ahead with this project!	If the cost is the main problem for people, please find a way to still go ahead with this project. Surly there are cost savings for Western Power and the Town over the project life to help the business case?	The Town considers payment over a number of years, via the same instalments as are available for payment of annual rates, will be effective in achieving affordability for property owners. While Western Power is likely to benefit from reduced maintenance costs in the future, and the Town of Bassendean is likely to benefit from reduced costs associated with tree pruning under power lines, those costs will reduce over time and are not available to meet the up front capital cost of the project.
106		We feel the cost is pretty high especially for pensioners. Paying an extra \$\$\$ on our rates could impact us greatly		Refer response to number 19 above.
107	I don't support a scheme that would charge me for a service I already have. I fail to see any benefit I would receive in exchange for my \$2000. Is it legal to ask me to pay for something I already have?	I think it is immoral asking people that already have underground power to pay for it again		Refer response to number 1 above.
108	100% yes - we have to move forward for better amenity, presentation and tree canopy growth on the streets of Bassendean. More and more houses are being subdivided and trees lost. The verge is the last hope!			Noted, thank you.
109	It is so unsightly and the trees cannot grow to full potential in the street			Noted, thank you.
110			Please let's get this!	Noted, thank you.
111		I believe we pay enough in Rates already . And don't see why we should be charged for the project .		Noted, thank you.
112		Gimme gimme gimme	If it could somehow be free, that'd be amazing. Have we tried asking them nicely?	Noted, thank you.
113	I can not afford any increase in rates. Times are tough already!	I understand the benefits but not the timing		Noted, thank you.

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114	and no, either way nothing changes	The council have been talking about this for decades, what you now need to do is actually make a decision and live with it. All the cost of fact finding and meeting and surveys and correspondence and what ever else you people have wasted money on all could of gone to pay for erm IDK under ground power for the suburb perhaps. please do something right!		Noted, thank you.
115	Above ground power is more visible, faults underground are more likely to impact families and prone to damage by tree routes taking longer to rectify.	The benefit is lower maintenance and associated operational cost and improved aesthetics. This should be a Western Power investment.		Noted, thank you.
116	We strongy agree with the push for underground power. We have lived in Bassendean for 16 years and have lost power many times, twice for more than 24 hours. Last summer the lines sparked outside our house causing a grass fire. It was only because of the quick thinking of my parents that a car wasn't set alight. On another occasion last summer the box on the power pole was glowing and tripped. In addition power lines are ugly and it affects the growth of the trees. The suburb would be better without them. We are keen for anything that improves the reliability of our power and the look of the suburb.	We would prefer to be paying the same amount as those in Eden Hill but understand that is outside councils control.	Due to the issues we have had we are keen for underground power and hope the council vote for it.	Noted, thank you.
117	Been promised by councillors for 15 Years			Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
118	I support underground power in general and enjoy having it at my property. I am NOT in favour of the proposal offered, as it requires me to pay for underground power AGAIN. I do not understand why I would be required to pay for something that I already have, and have previously paid the fee for. What guarantee will there be that I wouldn't have to pay for it for a third time in future? If additional funds are required to cover the costs, why not collect them from all of the Bassendean council area to minimise the price for those who receive no benefit from the upgrade?			Refer response to number 1 and 20 above.
119		I have been requesting this for the past two decades. Very pleased that the Bassendean council is proactive in having this actioned.		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
120	I disagree that some owners have to pay \$3000 more than others. A more equitable solution should be found.	The interest on loan repayments is not supported. No one should profit from the repayment for infrastructure improvements. We already partly pay through tax and will have to bear some of the costs. Interest on top of that is unreasonable.		The Town will not seek to recover from property owners any more than the actual interest incurred by the Town on any required loans to support this project. The Local Government Act 1995 states: 6.38(4) A local government may only use the money raised from a service charge - (a) to meet the cost of providing the specific service for which the work, service or facility charge was imposed; or (b) to repay money borrowed for anything referred to in paragraph (a) and interest on that money. 6.38(5) If a local government receives more money than it requires from the service charge imposed under subsection (1)(a) [that is, a service charge imposed on owners of land within the district] it — (a) may, and if so requested by the owner of the land, is required to, make a refund to the owner of the land which is proportionate to the contributions received by the local government; or (b) is required to allow a credit of an amount proportionate to the contribution received by the local government in relation to any land on which the service charge was imposed against future liabilities for rates or service charges in respect of that land.
121	We have had to call western power over a near file [fire?] On the power pole on our boundary. The power outages experienced during the summers have been in relation to power poles. The power poles spoil the sky line in our beautiful suburb. The street trees have to be cut to accomodate the powerlines. Live wires overhead are more dangerous.	Please prioritise this upgrade to our essential Sevices.	Thank you for taking the time to ask residents.	Noted, thank you.
122	Only way forward.	I live in a block of villas		Noted, thank you.

No.	Q4. Do you support the proposal? Comment.	Q6. Do you have any other comments?	Other comments	Officer Comment
123	I already have underground power so I should not have to pay for it.			Refer response to number 1 above.
124	The cost. Cost of living is increasing and on a pension this project is making things even tighter financially.			Refer response to number 19 above.

TARGETED UNDERGROUND POWER PROGRAM – COMMUNITY SURVEY – COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

PART B – PAPER SURVEY RESPONSES

No.	Survey Respondent Comment	Officer Comment
125	As a resident of Bassendean, and on a pension, I'm not sure if I could afford the repayments. Would I be entitled to a pensioner discount?	 Pensioner and Senior rebates are available. To be eligible for a State Government Rebate for underground power you must be an owner and occupier of the rateable property as at 1 July or earlier. If a pensioner, either: Receives a pension and holds a current Pensioner Concession Card or State Concession Card; or Holds both a WA Seniors Card issued by the Department of Communities' WA Seniors Card Centre and a Commonwealth Seniors Health Card, A rebate of up to 50% of the Underground Power charge is available. If a senior holds a WA Seniors Card issued by the Department of Communities' Seniors Card Centre, a rebate of up to 25% (capped at \$100) may be available. The State Government rebate is only available in the first financial year in which the Underground Power debt is raised and, the account must be paid in full on or before the 30 June of that financial year for the rebate to be claimed. Please refer to Finance WA – "Pensioner and Seniors Concession Scheme" for further information: Subsidies Fact Sheet - Pensioners and Seniors Concession (www.wa.gov.au)
126	Being a pensioner it would be difficult to find the extra funds needed to pay for it	Refer response to number 1 above.
127	It will make a better view and hopefully avoid power failures	Noted, thank you.
128	Should have done it years ago! Long term payment will ensure future owners will share the cost	Noted, thank you.
129	Bring it on quickly	Noted, thank you.
130	It is nice to see the streets of Bassendean that have already been done and would be a shame not to complete the rest. It is a big visual improvement and a step into the future	Noted, thank you.
131	If possible I would prefer to be able to choose either 'pay in full' upfront or over a period of time – like rates offer now – as pay upfront may offer a considerable discount (without interest required)	Noted, thank you.
132	Method of payment will depend on final cost	Noted, thank you.
133	We are so looking forward to underground power – please let it happen	Noted, thank you.

No.	Survey Respondent Comment	Officer Comment
134	We have lovely trees great for keeping the global temperature down. They can grower taller and other people in the area would like to do the same. Let's all think what's ahead for our grandkids and children if we don't look after our planet. Let's make Bassendean the greenest in the west.	Noted, thank you.
135	I hope this project proceeds	Noted, thank you.
136	Payment method depends on total cost	Noted, thank you.
137	Continue to keep ratepayers informed as discussions continue. Thank you.	Noted, thank you.
138	It will be much more pleasing to the eye. I'm all for it!!	Noted, thank you.
139	We were in favour when we had a survey a number of years ago	Noted, thank you.
140	Can't wait for it to happen. Big yes.	Noted, thank you.
141	I would like to pay instalments over. As part of Annual rate notices	Noted, thank you.
142	Not relevant. Property and entire Mickleton Tce has underground power. (Has had it for around 40 years or more) and already enjoys the 'benefits' of 'underground power' listed in your community survey	In general, with streets such as this, it is likely they have underground consumer mains connections, which are fed by the overhead network, and works will be required in terms of converting overhead transformers as well as underground works in the street. This is the CapEx component that property owners will be required to contribute to. Further information will be provided as an when it is available from Western Power.
143	Can not afford it. When UP was first spoken about seniors were supposed to get a discount – so I don't know how to fill this in, all depends on the cost for seniors.	Refer response to number 1 above.
144	Our property has had several upgrades in the past 10 years, metres, powerlines etc. We are more interested in solar energy batteries. We would rather channel our limited amount of money into cheaper power alternatives for our home and the upgrading of the solar panels and batteries when required. We do not believe the amount you want to charge us for this is necessary and unwanted change to the way the power is supplied to the property is of any benefit or value to us and furthermore, the recent hasty decisions that the council has made have not inspired confidence in their decision-making process. We do not believe that we will see any benefit from this in our lifetime	Noted, thank you.

No.	Survey Respondent Comment	Officer Comment
145	The final cost will be much higher than quoted. Past experience will tell you that. The main beneficiaries will be Western Power with lower future costs. They should pay all costs. Any organisations who accepts a quote with a + or – 30% is not acting responsibly. I already have paid for Underground Power and now you want to charge me again!!! I hope a lot more information is given to ratepayers and a lot more accurate costs are given before our 'representatives' make a decision	The proposal at this stage is for Council to enter into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Western Power. The purpose of the MOU is to outline the relative intentions of both Western Power and the Town to develop a project under the principles of mutual understanding, mutual benefits, common interest, shared goals and mutually complementary activities. The objective is to jointly develop the project in the project area as identified by Western Power. Should Council resolve to enter into the MOU, Western Power will engage in project planning and design, before providing a Co-Funding Agreement to the Town in late 2023, with a plus or minus 10% cost estimate, which will be presented to Council. Regarding your comment about already having paid for underground power, refer response to number 22 below.
146	We do not support the proposal as we already have underground power.	Many properties within the project area already have an underground consumer mains connection, meaning that an overhead conversion is not required. An underground consumer mains connection is the connection that runs from the green dome to the property. As shown in the preamble to the community survey, properties with an existing underground consumer mains connection are likely to receive a significant discount to the standard charge, so property owners will not be required to pay twice for the same thing. However, the Town is required to contribute to the cost of undergrounding the Western Power network, which all property owners within the project area are likely to be required to contribute to. That is the LGA Contribution of 27% shown in the orange table in the preamble to the survey.
147	The whole of Elsefield Way already has underground power. The area to be connected to Underground Power did not contribute to Elsefield Way connection Why should we contribute to theirs?	Refer response to number 18 and 22 above.
148	Can't afford the extra cost currently. Last underground power stopped next door and pole declared new and safe. It still is. It doesn't appear the comments are taken on board but it isn't my responsibility to update and maintain government-owned infrastructure. My taxes already do that. We asked for it in the last round as neighbor was the end of the line and other side already has it. It didn't suit WP then and it doesn't suit me now!	Noted, thank you.
149	We support the idea of underground power but asking the consumer to pay for the connection again is rubbish. We have already paid for the connection to western power. Why should we pay again???	Refer response to number 22 above.

No.	Survey Respondent Comment	Officer Comment
150	After years ago I wouldn't of minded but right now, with inflation, cost of living and interest rates it would be VERY hard to manage. I don't think its fair for people who cant pay upfront to pay interest on a bill they in some cases weren't agreeable to having	The Town will not seek to recover from property owners any more than the actual interest incurred by the Town on any required loans to support this project. Should the Town not recover interest costs from property owners within the proposed project area, that would mean that all ratepayers throughout the Town of Bassendean would effectively be required to subsidise the cost of this project.
151	Worried about the expenses.	Noted, thank you.



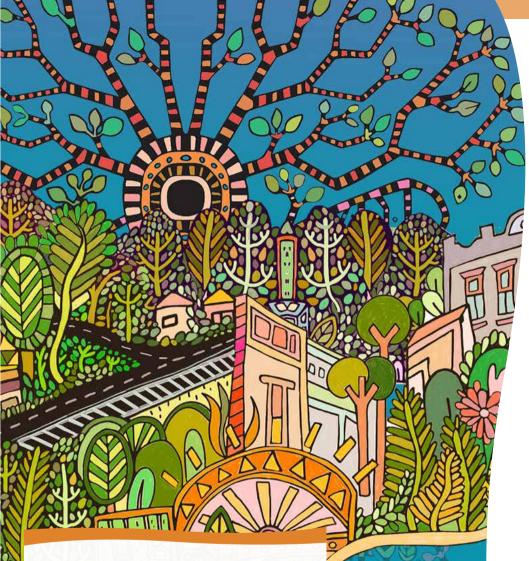
TOWN OF BASSENDEAN

Strategic Community Plan



Attachment 12.11.1

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Ngalak kaadtitj nidja boodja Baal Whadjuk Noongar boodja Ngalak nyininy We-together know this land. It Whadjuk

1

Noongar land. We together sitting.

In the language of the first people of this land we say that we know that we are gathered together here on the land of the Whadjuk Noongar people. Always was, always will be.



1 A message to our community

Thank you to our community for the input and insight that has allowed us to develop our new Strategic Community Plan for 2020 to 2030.

We are very excited about the future of our Town over the next ten years and beyond. We are especially excited that our vision for the future has been developed in collaboration with residents of Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill.

There have been many changes in the Town of Bassendean since our previous Strategic Community Plan was developed in 2017. In light of these changes, we have thoroughly reviewed our Plan to ensure it aligns with our vision, values and aspirations for the future.

Our Strategic Community Plan is now more a reflective of our unique Town of Bassendean community than ever before. We encourage you to read it, and look to it when you consider where our Town is headed over the next ten years. It acts as our constitution, a compass that guides our decisions and our work, and a reflection of who we are and what we strive for.

2019 saw the delivery of our Town's most comprehensive community engagement project – BassenDream Our Future – which saw thousands of us share our views on the future direction of Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill. The structure of our organisation has also changed since 2017, and we wanted to ensure that our current Council and staff had the opportunity to provide input.

Like the rest of the world, our Town has been impacted by the COVID-19 crisis, and some of these impacts will change the face of our community and local government into the future. Our Plan considers how we can achieve the outcomes that were priorities prior to the COVID-19 crisis, whilst ensuring we have a strong, resilient community that can recover and respond to future impacts.

When you read our Plan you are reading the aspirations of your fellow community members and your local government. We are already well on the way to achieving many of these aspirations, but there is a long way to go to realise our shared vision. We look forward to working together in continuing to build a welcoming, sustainable, accessible, proactive and resilient Town of Bassendean.

What makes our town unique?

The Town of Bassendean is a small local government area that sits on the Swan River, approximately 8km north-east of the Perth CBD.

Our local government area is comprised of three suburbs:

Bassendean Ashfield Eden Hill

We might be small size, but we are big in heart, connectedness and collaboration.

We value our uniqueness and the bonds that bring us together.

2.1 What we value

From extensive discussions with many of our approximately 16,000 community members, we know that our Town is much loved for its sense of community, history, natural environment and accessibility.

Our sense of connection is strong because Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill are welcoming places where people know each other and enjoy a "country town" vibe. There is the opportunity to continue to strengthen our community, ensure we are well-connected and to support each other. Our residents, businesses, community groups, Council and staff all value working together to achieve our goals.

Our local area has a rich history that is reflected in our community, the natural environment and our Town's built form. Balancing our connections to the past with the need for future positive change is crucial. We seek a sustainable future for our people, our environment and our economy.

A beautiful natural environment with an abundance of vegetation, trees, green open space and connection to the Swan River are highly valued by our community. We are already making positive enhancements to our natural environment and are leaders in this area.

A historic and accessible town centre in Bassendean, three train stations and easy access to the Perth CBD make Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill attractive and convenient places to live. When considering where future members of our growing community could live, many of us agree that our activity centres and train stations are important locations for future housing.

2.2Who we are

We are a diverse community with a similar age structure to metropolitan Perth more broadly. Many of our families have lived in our Town for generations, while others of us are new migrants. We have slightly fewer family households and slightly more single-person households than the Perth average.

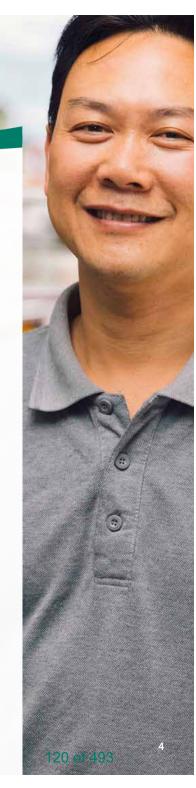
Our service, facility and business needs are tailored to our diverse community.

The major industries in which our residents currently work are health care and social assistance, education and training, construction, and public administration and safety. Employment has been impacted significantly by the COVID-19 crisis and our Plan can help us consider how to respond effectively to other disruptions in the future.

Our diverse community is provided for by a range of housing options, with a mix of homeowners, private renters and government housing tenants. We embrace this diversity in our community, and understand that our planning, development and service delivery need to reflect this. For many residents, circumstances are likely to have changed or change as a result of COVID-19, with more of our residents struggling to pay mortgages and rents.

There are currently about 6,200 dwellings in our community. The State Government has allocated our Town a target of an additional 4,150 homes by 2050. It is evident that many of these new homes will be located around our town centre and transport hubs to ensure good accessibility and preserve our green spaces.

Key statistics about our Town can be found at: www.bassendean.wa.gov.au/our-town/ about-bassendean/statistics.aspx



3 How our plan was developed

The Strategic Community Plan (SCP) has been informed by the comprehensive BassenDream Our Future community engagement process and the MARKYT Community Scorecard research project.

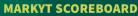
Methods

BASSENDREAM OUR FUTURE



3000+

Interactions with community members and other stakeholders





811

Residents completed a scoreboard (12% of private dwellings in the area)







19 Council-affiliated respondents

and visitors

Out-of-area ratepayers

1,281

feedback forms)

RZ

Feedback materials received

(including postcards, poll

and survey responses and



Engagement initiatives, plan

an ideas Hub and online polls

open for the entire project

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21

process

Residents in total

Our Town today

TOP 5 THINGS THAT ARE GREAT ABOUT OUR TOWN:*



(O)

2. Proximity to Perth CBD

1. Proximity to the river

- **3.** Access to public transport
- 4. Natural environment
- 5. Location (general)

TOP 10 WORDS USED TO DESCRIBE OUR TOWN RELATE TO:*

- 1. Sense of community
- 2. Green and natural
- 3. Relaxed / quiet
- 4. Feels like a village / country town
- **5.** Connection to history and heritage
- 6. connected / accessible
- 7. Future potential
- 8. Proximity to the river
- 9. Progresssive
- **10.** Too quiet / uneventful

OUR TOWNS MOST HIGHLY RELATED SERVICES AND FACILITIES:**

- Library Services
 - Public Transport
 - Festivals, events, arts and cultural initiatives

OUR TOWNS MOST HIGHLY RELATED SERVICES AND FACILITIES RELATIVE TO OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:**

65

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- Councils Leadership
- Community Consultation
 - Efforts to adapt to climate change and promote sustanability
 - Public Transport
 - Youth Services

*BassenDream Our Future **MARKYT Community Scoreboard



6

Attachmont 12

Our Town in 10 years

TOP 5 THINGS THAT COULD MAKE OUR TOWN EVEN BETTER:*



1. Environmental management



2. Preserve / enhance open space



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3. Events / arts /

cultural initiatives



5. Old Perth Road activation / revitalisation

- **TOP 10 WORDS USED THAT COULD DESCRIBE OUR TOWN IN THE FUTURE RELATE TO:***
- 1. Vibrant / active
- 2. Green and natural
- 3. Sense of community
- **4.** Modern / progressive
- 5. Sustainable
- 6. Place of interest
- 7. Inclusive / inviting
- 8. Connected / accessible
- 9. Safe
- 10. Relaxed / quiet

AREAS WHERE OUR TOWN CURRENTLY PERFORMS BELOW THE AVERAGE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AND COULD BE IMPROVED:**







Town centre





Playgrounds, parks and reserves

7

development

Economic development Safety and security

Other previous projects that involved significant community participation were also reviewed, along with relevant Town of Bassendean strategies, policies and projects.

Multiple workshops with staff and elected members to draft the Strategic Community Plan were conducted.

This input from the community, stakeholders and Town of Bassendean staff and elected members has allowed for the development of a Strategic Community Plan that is reflective of this unique community.

How our Plan related to the **One Planet Living Framework**

Our Town was only the second local government in Western Australia to adopt the One Planet Living sustainability framework. We are proud of our commitment to leading sustainability and the framework guides our approach to this.

This Plan reflects the 10 principles of the One Planet Living framework and addresses environment, social and economic sustainability challenges.

We are also part of a network of like-minded local governments across Australia.

The 10 principles of the One Planet Living Framework are shown in the diagram below.



ONE PLANET LIVING PRINCIPLES We chose to adopt the One Planet Living principles because:

It puts people first.

It's grounded in the reality of how people live their lives rather than box ticking

It's holistic.

Nothing will drop through the gaps with our 10 principles

It's about true sustainability. There's no greenwashing.

It reaches hearts as well as minds.

One Planet Living is used to inspire people across the world to get involved in sustainable change.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS
EQUITY AND LOCAL ECONOMY
CULTURE AND HERITAGE
LAND USE AND WILDLIFE
SUSTAINABLE WATER
LOCAL AND SUSTAINABLE FOOD
SUSTAINABLE MATERIALS
SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT
ZERO WASTE
ZERO CARBON

8

*BassenDream Our Future **MARKYT Community Scoreboard



Over the next 10 years, our Town and community will be:

A welcoming and inclusive community whose members know and support each other.

A community and local government that take environmentally sustainable actions for our Town, State, country and planet.



An accessible place with a rich natural environment, thriving town centre and precincts, and connection to history.



Supported by a proactive local government that makes brave decisions and enables positive change.

Resilient, adaptable to change and moving towards self-sufficiency.





This is our key guiding document that ensures our actions and decisions reflect our unique community and the feedback we have received.

Every local government in Western Australia must have a Strategic Community Plan. The Strategic Community Plan defines the local government's vision, aspirations and priorities for the next 10 years. It is the overarching document that informs all other plans, strategies and policies. Our Plan is reviewed entirely every four years with a smaller desktop review every two years.

We want our Plan to guide everything we do.

Our Plan is designed to achieve the following objectives:

- Clearly and succinctly describe our vision for the future, and how this can be
 achieved
- Be used as a compass to direct all our work, actions and decisions towards realising our vision and key outcomes
- Ensure we know what success in working towards our vision looks like, and how
 this is measured
- Remind us all to focus on achieving positive outcomes
- Be a touchstone for all other strategies, plans and day-to-day work of our Town
- Ensure our resources (funding, staff time, volunteer time etc.) are allocated efficiently to strategies, projects and work that will have the greatest impact



How we can work together

6

Our Plan is for all members of our community (including all residents, ratepayers and businesses); and the Town of Bassendean elected members and staff.

It tells the story of who we are and what we are striving for.



6.1 How to use this plan: Community members

Residents, ratepayers, businesses and other stakeholders of our Town can use this Plan to:

- See how your feedback and the feedback of your community has informed our Plan
- Understand the vision and key priorities of our community and local government
- Understand the framework that guides Council decision making
- Determine how your actions can contribute to achieving positive change in the Town of Bassendean

62 How to use this plan: Elected members

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48

Elected members of our Town use this Plan to:

- Consider whether motions and proposals put forward by other elected members, community members, proponents and staff are contributing to the vision, priorities and outcomes of our Plan
- Ensure current projects are of a high value and contributing towards the agreed vision, priorities and outcomes
- Strike a balance between strategic priorities, legislated needs and community aspirations
- Where competing priorities are assessed against the plan – determine which provides greater value. For example, does the new proposal provide greater value than an existing one? Should there be a redirection of resources?





Town of Bassendean staff members use this Plan to:

- Assess new tasks, projects and proposals to ensure they contribute to the vision and priority areas
- Ensure current projects are of a high value and contributing towards the agreed vision, priorities and outcomes
- Strike a balance between strategic priorities, legislated needs and community desires
- Where competing priorities are assessed against the plan – determine which provides greater value. For example, does the new proposal provide greater value than an existing one? Should there be a redirection of resources?



These priority areas were identified following community engagement and were refined during workshops with staff and elected members:

- **1.** Strengthening and connecting our community
- 2. Leading environmental sustainability
- 3. Creating a vibrant town and precincts
- **4.** Driving financial sustainability
- **5.** Facilitating people-centred services
- **6.** Providing visionary leadership and making great decisions
- **7.** Building community identity by celebrating culture and heritage

The following pages detail specific outcomes that relate to each priority area, strategies to achieve those outcomes and what achieving that outcome looks like.

The strategies and indicators of success are intentionally broad. This is because our Plan must be flexible enough to allow different ways of achieving an outcome. Our Strategic Community Plan does not describe specific policies, plans or actions that will be taken to achieve the outcomes. We have more specific plans and policies, such as the Corporate Business Plan, that reflect the Strategic Community Plan and define specific actions.

"What success looks like" is defined in both the short and long term in the following pages, as the Strategic Community Plan has a 10-year outlook. Short-term indicators of success are those that may be achieved within the first three years. Long-term indicators of success are those that can be achieved within the remaining seven years.



PRIORITY AREA 1: 8

Strengthening and **Connecting our Community**

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE	
Fostering a culture of collaboration and trust between the organisation and community	 Provide opportunity to listen and involve our community in decisions that affect them 	Greater community support for decision making	
Establishing partnerships with the community that build capacity, connection and sense of belonging	 Identify community members and organisations with the capacity to deliver projects and programs Build capacity of community groups to deliver social return on investment Identify and deliver community funding Foster volunteering to provide services for our community and to build connections Build capacity of volunteers to deliver programs and services with limited input from the Town 	 Increased percentage of services delivered by community groups compared to the Town Increased social return on investment using an agreed approach Increased volunteer participation rates Town staff hours result in greater return for time in volunteer management 	
Treating people equitably with access to programs and services, regardless of advantage or ability	 Ensure access and inclusion to spaces and places throughout our Town for all, including community members with disabilities, youth, seniors, Indigenous people, and culturally and linguistically diverse people Enable programs and services that cater for all, including community members with disabilities, youth, seniors, Indigenous people, and culturally and linguistically diverse people 	 Alignment between services delivered and community needs Diversity (in terms of demographic, ability, culture, background) of community members accessing spaces, places, programs and services is reflective of community structure 	
Creating an environment where people feel welcome and safe	 Create public spaces and transport routes that encourage people to linger, interact and enjoy (including evening use) Encourage the adoption of a collective responsibility towards safety 	 Increased use of public transport by different demographics Increased active transport by different demographics Reduced antisocial incidents 	
Supporting healthy lifestyles throughout our Town	 Improve functionality of amenities and lifestyle options Improve walkability and cycle-ability 	 Increased use of public open spaces and other amenities Improved health and wellbeing of residents 	
Creating a resilient and adaptable community	 Support community organisations in crisis preparedness and recovery Prioritise local employment Identify essential and non-essential services for clear prioritisation 	 Community organisations with their own crisis preparedness strategies Increased proportion of local workers are local residents Clarity on prioritisation of services 	
Facilitate community connection	 Prioritise projects that bring people together and strengthen community connectedness 	 Increased participation rates in volunteering, community activities and events 	

15

PRIORITY AREA 2:

9

Leading environmental sustainability

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE
Demonstrate strong leadership in waste reduction and carbon neutrality	 Initiate and drive innovative waste management practices Initiate and drive innovative renewable energy practices 	 SHORT TERM State Government targets are met Waste generated per capita is reduced by 10% LONG TERM 70% of waste is diverted from landfill by 2030 On track to achieve carbon neutrality by 2030
Be innovative in responses to sustainability challenges	 Embed sustainability considerations in Council decision making Practise early uptake of suitable new technologies and innovations 	SHORT TERM Examples of being first adopters are evident
Foster an empowered community that drives sustainability	 Increase community support for sustainability considerations 	 SHORT TERM Increased community support for sustainable initiatives
Conserve, protect and enhance our natural environment and biodiversity	 Conserve, enhance and repair natural and urban areas Facilitate management of reserves by Friends groups 	SHORT TERM Increased number and rate of participation of environmental volunteers LONG TERM Restoration and revegetation measures improve
Value and conserve and protect our water resources and waterways	 Implement waterwise initiatives and policies for residents, businesses and other organisations Convert drains into living streams 	 SHORT TERM Gold Waterwise Council status is retained Quality of water flows into Swan River improves Stream restoration measures improve
Support the creation of a more green and shaded Town	 Create an urban forest throughout reserves, gardens and streets Protect existing trees and green spaces 	SHORT TERM Fewer trees lost during development SHORT TERM Increased proportion of tree cover Reduced heat island effect



Creating a vibrant town and precincts

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE
Support the town centre to thrive	 Advocate for economic growth of our Bassendean town centre Engage potential government and private sector development partners to realise opportunities within the Town of Bassendean 	LONG TERM Increased number of developments within the town centre Increased population within the Town Improved retention of existing businesses Increased number and retention of new businesses Increased local employment
Increase the residential population close to centres and train stations	 Ensure planning and development strategies and policies align with the desire to focus future development around centres and train stations 	 LONG TERM Meet obligations under State population target Appropriately located development Increased dwelling numbers and diversity of dwelling types Enhanced quality of development outcomes

17

PRIORITY AREA 4:



Driving financial sustainability

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE
Ensure there is sufficient, effective and sustainable use of assets	 Assess assets (including review of portfolio, landholdings and facility condition, use and capacity) to optimise and rationalise Ensure financial planning has a long- term outlook and a focus on land asset rationalisation 	 SHORT TERM All Town-owned buildings increased in their utilisation Defined position and strategy of when buildings need renewal LONG TERM Consolidated infrastructure footprint Enhanced sustainability footprint Clear indications of whole-of-life costs
Ensure community facilities are accessible to and well utilised by a diverse range of community members	 Community Infrastructure Strategy (use of community spaces, shared or individual hubs, appropriate number of facilities) Leasing, Licensing and Hiring Strategy 	 SHORT TERM Increased use of facilities Increased shared use of spaces/diversity of use
Support the local economy	 Prioritise infrastructure projects that generate local employment and support a circular economy Ensure the local economy is positioned to recover from crises 	 SHORT TERM Increased local employment, relative to non- local employment Increased local supply-chain use, relative to non-local supply

PRIORITY AREA 5: 12

Facilitating people-centred services

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES
Ensure community	 Improve communication regarding where
members know	community members can receive services,
where and how to	advice and provide feedback Ensure transparent and open discussions with
access services	community members
Deliver efficient	 Improve efficiency of internet and computer
and well-connected	technology systems for community-facing
internet and computer	services Explore online options for services that
technology systems	currently require physical presence

WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE

SHORT TERM

- Clarity within the community and local government regarding who deals with different types of decision
- Clarity and consistency around complaints procedure

SHORT TERM

- Improved efficiency of online services for community
- · Improved efficiency of online services for administration
- Increased customer base for online services
- Ability to deliver core work and services via non-contact methods

19

PRIORITY AREA 6:



Providing visionary leadership and making great decisions

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE
Make brave decisions in line with a risk appetite	 Early identification of potential risks / issues/opportunities Embed opportunity cost considerations Ensure community engagement processes are 	 SHORT TERM Efficient and effective Council meetings Defensible decision making that is based on the identification of opportunities and benefits as well as negative impacts LONG TERM Examples of being first adopters Ensure community engagement processes are
Ensure major decision making is informed by community feedback	implemented in major strategic projects	implemented in major strategic projects
Ensure operational activities reflect the strategic focus of Council	 Ensure clear communication and flow of information from decision makers to operational staff Implement a framework on decision making that identifies delegated authority for different levels of decision 	 SHORT TERM Efficient and effective Council meetings Outcomes-focused decision making (not process-focused) More delegated authority to CEO on appropriate items to enable Council to focus on strategy
Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council, administration and the community	 Build understanding and support for the vision and Strategic Community Plan Demonstrate clear connections between the Strategic Community Plan, project and business- as-usual services and operations Create an organisational culture of performance, innovation and excellence Develop shared values between Council, administration and the community 	 SHORT TERM Openness and transparency of decision making Enhanced staff morale Staff have appropriate strategic direction Agreement on the link between projects and Strategic Community Plan General alignment regarding values
Foster an environment of innovation and leadership	 Foster an environment of innovation, where people are encouraged to contribute Foster leadership: harness the talent of individuals Recognise and reward innovation and leadership 	SHORT TERM • Councillors and staff feel empowered to make appropriate decisions • Professional development for staff and councillors • Inductions to professional networks LONG TERM • Recognition of excellence by other organisations
Respond effectively and efficiently to crises	 Implement crisis management framework Communicate the impacts to business continuity 	 SHORT TERM Clarity of impacts to business continuity among elected members and staff prior to crisis situations Clarity amongst the community of local government, organisation and community responses



PRIORITY AREA 7:



Building community identity by celebrating culture and heritage

DIRECTION	POTENTIAL STRATEGIES	WHAT SUCCESS LOOKS LIKE
Appreciate, celebrate and engage with Noongar Boodjar (land), history, culture and people Create a community closely connected to its history and heritage	 Enhance partnerships with Noongar people be guided by Traditional Owners in the appreciation, celebration and participation of Noongar Boodjar, history, culture and people Enhance participation and engagement of local Noongar people in community life and decision making Maintain and share the historical stories of the Town of Bassendean Ensure heritage locations and buildings of historical value within the Town are recognised, cared for and utilised by the community 	SHORT AND LONG TERM • Noongar people being active participants during projects and direction, in collaboration with the Town of Bassendean • Increased understanding of Noongar Boodjar, history, culture and people among non-indigenous community SHORT TERM • Local studies collection actively accessed by the community LONG TERM • Historical and heritage facilities are well used by the community • Historical and buildings are visible to locals
Engage the community in arts and culture	 Implement arts and cultural programs and activities that reflect the unique history of the Town of Bassendean and are relevant to its community 	and visitors SHORT AND LONG TERM Community participation in arts and cultural programs and activities

21



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Strategic Community Plan 2020-2030 Town of Bassendean

Ngallaka Kaadtitj Nitdja boodja Baalup Whadjuk Nungar Boodja. Ngallaka Nyininy Nitdja. We-together know this land it is Whadjuk Nungar land. We-together sitting here.

In the language of the first people of this land we say that we know that we are gathered together here on the land of the Whadjuk Noongar people.

Always was, always will be.

Introduction

Welcome to the Town of Bassendean Strategic Community Plan 2020-2030. This plan has been developed following extensive feedback from our community to consider:

- Where are we now?
- Where do we want to be?
- How do we get there?

It follows the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework guidelines and satisfies a legislative requirement for all local governments to have a plan to shape the future: This plan describes:

- A future vision for the Town
- How the Town will achieve and resource its objective
- How success will be measured and reported

1. A message to our community

Our Strategic Community Plan is the Town's most significant guiding document. It represents the collaboration of the Local Government with its community. The Plan sets out the key priorities of the Town and provides guidance and strategies to achieve the community's aspirations and vision for the district over the next 10 years.

We are very excited about the future of our Town over the next ten years and beyond, especially as the vision for the future has been developed in collaboration with residents of Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill.

There have been changes in the Town of Bassendean since our Strategic Community Plan was developed in 2020. At that time, the context was heavily influenced by the developing COVID-19 situation. Given how that how situation as changed over the ensuing two years, we needed to thoroughly review our Plan to ensure it aligns with our current vision, values and future aspirations.

We encourage you to read the Strategic Community Plan, and look to it when you consider where our Town is headed over the next ten years. It acts as a compass that guides our decisions and our work, and is a reflection of who we are and what we strive for.

When you read our Plan you are reading the aspirations of your fellow community members and your local government. Achieving many of these aspirations is a priority to realise our shared vision for current and future generations to enjoy the wonderful qualities of Bassendean into the future. We look forward to working together in continuing to build a welcoming, proactive and resilient community.

2. What makes our town unique?

The Town of Bassendean is a small local government area that sits on the Swan River, approximately 8km north-east of the Perth CBD. It is the only band three local government east of the Perth CBD.

Our local government area is comprised of three suburbs: Bassendean Ashfield Eden Hill

We might be small in size, but we are big in heart.

We value our uniqueness and the bonds that bring us together.

2.1 What we value

From extensive discussions with many of our approximately 16,000 community members, we know that our Town is much loved for its sense of community, history, natural environment and accessibility.

Ashfield, Bassendean and Eden Hill are welcoming places where people share connections and enjoy a strong sense of community. We have the opportunity to continue to strengthen our community, ensure we are well-connected and support each other. Our residents, businesses, community groups, sporting clubs, Council and staff all value working together to achieve our goals.

Our local area has a rich history that is reflected in our community, the natural environment and our Town's built form. Balancing our connections to the past with the need for future positive change is crucial. We seek an environmentally and financially sustainable future..

A beautiful natural environment with an abundance of vegetation, trees, green open space and connection to the Derbarl Yerrigan/Swan River are highly valued by our community. We are already making positive enhancements to our natural environment and are leaders in this area.

The historic and accessible town centre of Bassendean, three train stations and easy access to the Perth CBD make our Town an attractive and convenient place to live. When considering where future members of our growing community could live, many of us agree that our activity centres and train stations are important locations for future housing; reducing the impact on our traditional suburban precincts.

2.2 Who we are

Population: 15,935 Demographics: 0-17 years = 20.3%; 60+ = 23.5% Median age: 40 Born overseas: 32% Geographic area: 10.3km2 Distance from Perth: 10km Number of dwellings: 6,895; Average household size: 2.4 Population density = 15.47 people per hectare Housing tenure: Purchasing or fully owned: 70%; renting: 20.9%; social housing: 5.7% Household types: couple families with child/children: 28.1%; lone person: 30%; couples without children: 25.5%

Source: <u>2021 Bassendean - Eden Hill - Ashfield, Census Community Profiles | Australian Bureau of Statistics</u> (<u>abs.gov.au</u>)

3. How our plan was developed

The Strategic Community Plan (SCP) is informed by the comprehensive BassenDream Our Future community engagement process and the MARKYT Community Scorecard research project. The Town undertook a subsequent scorecard project in 2022 that informed the review of the Plan.

Methods

BASSENDREAM OUR FUTURE

3000+	1,281	21
Interactions with community members and other stakeholders	Feedback materials received (including postcards, poll and survey responses and feedback forms)	Engagement initiatives, plan an ideas Hub and online polls open for the entire project process

MARKYT SCOREBOARD (2022)

- 1,125 Community members in total responded
- **33** Council affiliated respondents
- 87 local businesses
- 20 Out-of-area ratepayers and visitors
- 1,082 Residents completed a scorecard

Our Town in 10 years

The top 10 words used that could describe our Town in the future relate to:*

- 1. Vibrant/active
- 2. Green and natural
- 3. Sense of community
- 4. Modern/progressive
- 5. Sustainable
- 6. Place of interest
- 7. Inclusive/inviting
- 8. Connected/accessible
- 9. Safe
- 10. Relaxed/quiet

The top 5 things that could make our Town even better:**

- 1. Community safety and crime prevention
- 2. Town centre development and activation
- 3. Sustainable practices/climate change mitigation
- 4. Swan River management and enhancement
- 5. Festivals, events, art and cultural activities

Areas where our Town currently performs below the average for local governments, and could be improved:**

- Town centre development
- Economic development
- Public transport
- Education and Training

*BassenDream Our Future (2019)

**MARKYT Community Scorecard (2022)

The plan was also informed by a review of previous projects that involved significant community participation as well as relevant Town of Bassendean strategies, plans and policies. The preparation of the draft Strategic Community Plan 2020-2030 also involved multiple workshops with staff and elected members.

This input from the community, stakeholders and Town of Bassendean staff and elected members has allowed for the development of a Strategic Community Plan that is reflective of our unique community.

How our Plan related to the One Planet Living Framework

Our Town was the second local government in Western Australia to adopt the One Planet Living sustainability framework. We are proud of our commitment to leading sustainability and the framework guides our approach to this.

This Plan reflects the 10 principles of the One Planet Living framework and addresses environment, social and economic sustainability challenges.

We are also part of a network of like-minded local governments across Australia.

The 10 principles of the One Planet Living Framework are shown in the diagram below.

We chose to adopt the One Planet Living principles because:

- It puts people first it's grounded in the reality of how people live their lives
- It's holistic nothing will drop through the gaps with our 10 principles
- It's about true sustainability there's no greenwashing
- It reaches hearts as well as minds One Planet Living is used to inspire people across the world to get involved in sustainable change.

4. Our vision for the future

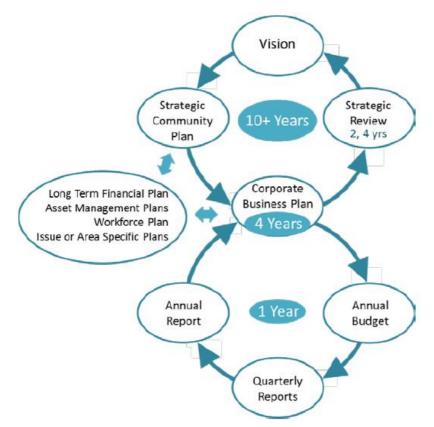
Over the next 10 years, our Town will accommodate a vibrant, active and environmentally sustainable mixed-use town centre based around existing transport nodes and surrounded by suburban streets that preserve the history and heritage of the district. With a network of quality open spaces and safe, tree-lined streets, it will be home to a welcoming and engaged community that values the district's rich natural environment and connection to the Derbal Yerrigan. The long-term self-sufficiency of the Town is supported by a proactive local government that acknowledges all the voices in the community, for a bright and prosperous future.

5. The Purpose of our Plan

This is our key guiding document that ensures our actions and decisions reflect the priorities and aspirations of our community. It enables the Town to link the community's vision to the Town's financial capacity to provide services.

Every local government in Western Australia must have a Strategic Community Plan. The Strategic Community Plan defines the local government's vision, aspirations and priorities for the next 10 years. It is the overarching document that informs all other plans, strategies and policies. Our Plan is reviewed entirely every four years with a smaller desktop review every two years.

The Strategic Community Plan links the aspirations of the community with Council strategies. The Town has developed a number of supporting plans that document the Town's assets, risk, and workforce considerations. These inform the Town on how it can achieve the priorities set out in the Strategic Community Plan.



Source: Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

Our Plan is designed to achieve the following objectives:

- · Clearly and succinctly describe our vision for the future, and how this can be achieved
- · Be used as a compass to direct decisions and actions towards realising key outcomes
- Ensure we know what looks like, and how this is measured
- Remind us all to focus on achieving positive outcomes
- Be a touchstone for all other strategies, plans and day-to-day work of our Town
- Ensure our resources (funding, staff time, volunteer time etc.) are allocated efficiently to strategies, projects and work that will have the greatest impact.

6. How we can work together

Our Plan is for all members of our community (including all residents, ratepayers and businesses); and the Town of Bassendean elected members and staff.

It tells the story of who we are and what we are striving for.

6.1 How to use this plan:

Community members

Residents, ratepayers, businesses and other stakeholders of our Town can use this Plan to:

- See how your feedback and the feedback of your community has informed our Plan
- Understand the vision and key priorities of our community and local government
- Understand the framework that guides Council decision making

6.2 How to use this plan:

Elected members

Elected members set the strategic direction of the Town. Elected members use this Plan as guidance to:

- Consider whether motions and proposals put forward by other elected members, community members, proponents and staff are contributing to the vision, priorities and intended outcomes of the Plan
- Strike a balance between strategic priorities, legislative requirements and community aspirations
- Assist in prioritising competing proposals, projects and actions; ensuring best value for the community and Town.

6.3 How to use this plan

Town staff

Town of Bassendean staff are responsible for the implementation of Council decisions and the day-to-day operational functions of the local government. This administration function is separate from Council's role and responsibilities. Elected members cannot under legislation undertake the roles and responsibilities of Administration. Staff use this Plan to:

- Align operational activities with the strategic focus of Council
- Assess new tasks, projects and proposals to ensure they contribute to the vision and priority areas
- Ensure current projects are of a high value and contribute towards the agreed vision, priorities and outcomes
- Assist in prioritising competing proposals, projects and actions; providing the best value for the community and Town.

7. Our priorities

Three priority areas were identified following community engagement and were refined during workshops with staff and elected members:

- 1. Strengthening and connecting our community
- 2. Achieving environmental sustainability
- 3. Creating a vibrant town centre

Driving financial sustainability

Underpinning the three priorities of the Strategic Community Plan is financial sustainability. Financial sustainability is the ability to meet current and future expenses as they arise and the capacity to respond to foreseeable changes and emerging risks. The Town is cognisant of the need for all projects and activities to come within the Town's financial capabilities both in the short and long term. Sometimes, tough decisions need to be made to provide for the future sustainability of the Town as a thriving local government able to meet the aspirations of its community.

This will involve a disciplined approach to financial planning and management, including taking a long-term outlook to support sufficient, effective and sustainable use of all assets.

The following pages detail specific outcomes that relate to each priority area, strategies to achieve those outcomes and what achievement looks like.

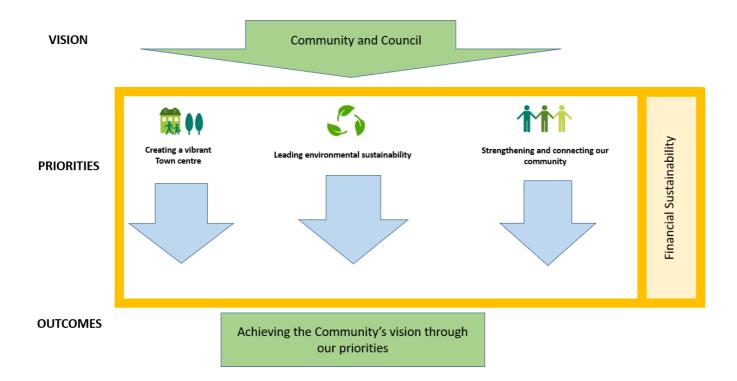
The strategies and indicators of success are intentionally broad. This is because our Strategic Community Plan must be flexible enough to allow different ways of achieving an outcome. We have more specific plans and policies, such as the Corporate Business Plan, that reflect the Strategic Community Plan and define specific actions.

"What success looks like" is considered in both the short and long term in the following pages, as the Strategic Community Plan has a 10-year outlook. Short-term indicators of success are those that may be achieved within the first three years. Long-term indicators of success are those that can be achieved within the remaining seven years.

Financial Sustainability

A diagrammatic representation of the interrelationship between financial drivers and the impact they have on strategic priorities and the achievement of the aspirations of our Community.

Financial sustainability guides all decision-making; it is embedded into our decision-making processes. This means we strive to provide value across the district in a manner that balances service delivery to meet current community expectations with the prosperity and sustainability of future communities.



PRIORITY AREA 1: Strengthening and Connecting our Community

Our community is safe, welcoming and connected, where people have a genuine sense of belonging, with a collective identify that acknowledges and values the Town's rich history and heritage.

Desired Outcomes	Potential Actions	
Aspiration 1.1: An environment where people feel so	ife, connected and welcome	
 An enhanced perception of community safety A community with high levels of participation in volunteering, community activities and events A healthy community with a strong sense of wellbeing Public open spaces and amenities that are well utilised by the community Community members have access to a broad range of cultural, sporting and recreational 	 Encourage an individual and collective responsibility towards safety Create safe public spaces and transport routes Upgrade public spaces and amenities Improve walkability and cycle-ability through infrastructure improvements Enable, develop and implement programs and services that cater for all, including community members with disabilities, youth, seniors, Indigenous people, and culturally 	
activities	and linguistically diverse people	
Aspiration 1.2: A community that is engaged in arts,		
 Community participation in arts and cultural programs and activities Enhanced partnerships with Noongar people Significant historical and heritage elements are valued by the community and protected for future generations A community with an understanding and appreciation of Noongar boodja, history, culture and people 	 Build partnerships with the community to increase capacity of volunteers to deliver programs and services Identify and deliver community funding Implement arts and cultural events, programs and activities that reflect the unique history of the Town and engage the community Ensure heritage locations and buildings of historical value within the Town are recognised, cared for and utilised. Enhance partnerships with Noongar people to create opportunities that celebrate and promote an appreciation of Noongar Boodjar, history, culture and people 	
	 Boodjar, history, culture and people Invite Noongar people to collaborate in consultation for projects within culturally sensitive indigenous areas. 	

Aspiration 1.3: A transparent, modern, trusted local government that shows leadership by communicating with and supporting people within the community		
 Alignment between services delivered and community needs Provision of hard infrastructure and built assets that meet the needs of the community Provision of efficient and integrated online and information technology systems Projects that are planned and delivered successfully The community has ready access to information and can easily interact with the organisation. 	 Facilitate timely and efficient delivery of services and projects Pursue increased community use and sharing of Town assets Improve the Town's website and enhance online service provision Implement systems with improved efficiency or functionality Develop a Long Term Financial Plan to provide an appropriate financial outlook that helps guide important Council decisions. Develop a Corporate Business Plan that supports the aspirations of the community and sets the Town's corporate direction 	

PRIORITY AREA 2:

Achieving environmental sustainability

Our natural environment is a key component of our local identify; it is highly valued and cared for and is supported by a local government that takes environmental sustainability seriously.

Desired Outcomes	Potential Actions	
Aspiration 2.1: An area where our natural environment, tree canopy, biodiversity, water resources and waterways		
are conserved, protected and enhanced		
 A district comprised of tree-lined streets, reserves and private lots with mature vegetation and canopy cover Increased proportion of tree cover throughout the district, with reduced urban heat impacts Healthy natural areas and riverbanks Community members invested in and contributing to the care of our natural environment A district that accommodates valued areas of environmental significance 	 Protect existing trees on private land Create an urban forest across our reserves, gardens and streets Conserve, protect, enhance and restore natural areas in partnership with the community Protect and enhance the Swan River foreshore and waterways Develop strong and constructive partnerships with state government agencies and service authorities 	
Aspiration 2.2: A local government that demonstrates str environmental sustainability and climate action	rong leadership and supports the community in	
 Reduction of waste generally, with 70% of waste being diverted from landfill by 2030 Achieving carbon neutrality by 2030 Climate resilience Retention of Gold Waterwise Council status Management of groundwater use within licensed allocations (10% reduction from 2028) 	 Initiate and drive carbon neutrality/emission reduction by, among other things, implementing the Town's Emissions Reduction Strategy Implement waterwise initiatives and policies internally and for residents, businesses and other organisations Embed Water Sensitive Design into all Town projects Identify and manage climate change risks to the Town Facilitate and support community environmental sustainability and climate action Initiate and drive best practice in waste management and landfill diversion, in accordance with the Town's Waste Plan 	

PRIORITY AREA 3: Creating a vibrant town centre

Our Bassendean Town Centre is an active and vibrant mixed-use centre leveraging from enviable access to existing transport nodes, rich local history and valued green spaces. It is recognised as one of the eastern region's most sought-after locations in which to live, work and visit.

Desired Outcomes	Potential Actions	
Aspiration 3.1: A town centre that is rejuvenated and redeveloped and a source of pride for the local community.		
 More people living, working and recreating in our Town centre Consolidation of the local government's physical footprint within the Town Centre The Town Centre accommodates diverse, new development that aligns with the Town Centre Masterplan Quality public spaces and amenities within the Town Centre 	 Engage with the state government and private sector to facilitate development opportunities for government owned or managed land Prepare a Precinct Structure Plan to guide future development within the Town Centre Capital projects which improve functionality, desirability and use of public spaces and amenities Improve walkability and cycle-ability, including through infrastructure improvements 	
Aspiration 3.2: A town centre that is home to a thriving lo encourages new ones.	ocal economy that supports existing businesses and	
 Properties within the Town Centre are used for their highest and best use High rates of commercial occupancy within the town centre The Town Centre is recognised as a location that supports business growth The business community has ready access to information and can easily interact with the Town 	 Promote the Town Centre and the development, business, tourism and activation opportunities that exist within it Review the regulatory environment to ensure that it facilitates economic development outcomes Capital projects are focused on the Town Centre Consult with commercial stakeholders on decisions directly affecting them 	

Council's decision-making framework

Elected members make decisions on behalf of the community that they represent.

All Council meetings and Briefing sessions are open to the public.

Council agendas are prepared by the Administration and provide expert information and considered recommendations to assist Council in making decisions.

In making decisions on behalf of the Community, Council exercises its decision-making function by weighing the following considerations:

- 1. Value to the community, taking account of whole-of-life costs and benefits
- 2. Impact on the Town's current financial position, and long-term financial sustainability
- 3. Impact on the Town's assets, projects and capacity
- 4. Relevant legislation, regulation and policy
- 5. Effective assessment of risk
- 6. Equity in service delivery for the district, now and into the future
- 7. Council's ongoing commitment to the 10 principles of the One Planet Living framework.

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DELEGATIONS REGISTER

Current as at 29 July 2022

Register of Delegations

Town of Bassendean



VERSION CONTROL			
Number	Date	ltem	Reason
1	27/10/2020	OCM	Section 5.46(2), <i>Local Government Act 1995,</i> annual review; major reform required.
2	20/11/2020	Delegations 1.2.1, 4.1.4, and 5.1.3 revoked	Act amendment (effective 07/11/2020) harmonised the process to appoint authorised persons. The CEO is the prescribed decision-maker to make appointments. Council decision not required to revoke as the amendment means Council no longer has the authority.
3	01/2021	Delegation 1.2.12	Sub-delegation provided to officers to reflect new Purchasing Policy. Council decision not required as the amendment deals with a sub-delegation from the CEO.
4	01/2021	Delegation 1.2.27	Delegation adopted by Council July 2020 and included in the Register.
5	17/06/2021	Delegation 1.2.14 Delegation 1.2.15	Sub-delegation to Senior Accountant for the period 1 July 2021 – 31 December 2021 as Manager Finance position vacant. The delegation has been superseded by the sub-delegation dated 17 December 2021.
6	22/06/2021	Delegation 1.2.28	Delegation adopted by Council June 2021 and included in the Register.
7	22/07/2021	Delegation 10.1.3	Amend the condition of sub-delegation from CEO to Planning Officer to include approval for carports, non- habitable additions, and grouped dwellings.
8	24/08/2021	OCM Review	Section 5.46(2), <i>Local Government Act 1995,</i> annual review; major reform required.
9	24/08/2021	Delegation 1.2.23 Delegation 1.2.11 Delegation 1.2.12	 1.2.23 - Amend to include the issue of a permit for a circus, only where the circus does not include the use of exotic animals. 1.2.11 - Include a condition on the delegation. 1.2.12 - Limitation on sole supplier delegation.
10	17/12/2021	Delegation 1.2.14	Sub-delegation to senior accountant and management accountant updated.
11	19/01/2022	Delegation 1.2.2 Delegation 10.1.3	Sub-delegation to planner amended to senior planner.
12	09/06/2022	Delegation 1.2.27	Sub-delegation amended to reflect new position title of Manager Recycling and Waste. Sub-delegation advised by CEO to officer.
13	28/06/2022	Delegation 1.2.15 Delegation 1.2.28	Delegation amended to include the provision of the write-off of small rates balance up to \$10.00 per property per annum. Delegation amended to include approval of application to cut/prune a tree where there is no dispute and the application is signed by all owners.

COMPLIANCE LINKS – IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Delegations exercised under this Register of Delegations must be recorded in accordance with Administration Regulation 19.

Compliance links, including Legislation, Council Policy, Local Laws or external standards and guidelines, referred to each instrument of delegation contained in this register were correct at time of Council adoption.

Delegates **must** always review the primary legislation and compliance links before exercising a delegated authority to ensure decision making complies with legislative and other compliance obligations.





TOWN OF BASSENDEAN REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS

The following is the register of delegations for the purposes of sections 5.18 and 5.46 of the *Local Government Act 1995* which includes all delegations made by the Council of the Town of Bassendean under section 5.42 of the *Local Government Act 1995*, section 127 of the *Building Act 2011*, section 48 of the *Bush Fires Act 1954*, section 44 of the *Cat Act 2011*, section 10AA of the *Dog Act 1976*, section 118 of the *Food Act 2008*, section 16 of the *Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016*, section 21 of the *Public Health Act 2016* and Schedule 2 clause 82(1) of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*. The delegations made within this register were made by the Council of the Town of Bassendean by a resolution passed by an absolute majority of the Council on 27 October 2020. Signed, for the Council –

Renee McLennan Mayor

Date 29th October 2020

TOWN OF BASSENDEAN REGISTER OF SUB-DELEGATIONS

The following is the register of sub-delegations for the purposes of section 5.46 of the *Local Government Act 1995* which includes all delegations made by the Chief Executive Officer of the Town of Bassendean under section 5.44 of the *Local Government Act 1995*, section 127 of the *Building Act 2011*, section 45 of the *Cat Act 2011*, section 10AA of the *Dog Act 1976*, section 17 of the *Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016* and Schedule 2 clause 83 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*. The delegations made within this register were made by the Chief Executive Officer of the Town of Bassendean. Signed by the Chief Executive Officer –

Peta Mabbs CEO

Date 29th October 2020

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1 Local Government Act 1995 Delegations

1.1 Council to Committees of Council

1.1.1 Audit and Governance Committee

Delegatory	Loool Covernment
Delegator: Express Power to	Local Government Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.16 Delegation of some powers and duties to certain
	committees.
	 s 7.1B Delegation of some powers and duties to audit
Express Power or	committees. Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 7.12A(2), (3) & (4) Duties of Local Government with respect to audits
Delegate:	Audit and Governance Committee
Function:	1. Authority to meet with the City's Auditor at least once every year on behalf of the Council [s 7.12A(2)].
	2. Authority to:
	 a. examine the report of the Auditor and determine matters that require action to be taken by the Town of Bassendean; and
	 b. ensure that appropriate action is taken in respect of those matters [s 7.12A(3)].
	3. Authority to review and endorse the Town of Bassendean's report on any actions taken in response to an Auditor's report, prior to it being forwarded to the Minister [s 7.12A(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This delegation is not to be used where a Management Letter or Audit Report raises significant issues.
	 In that instance the Local Government's meeting with the Auditor must be directed to the Council.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil. Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 7.1B.
Compliance Links:	 Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries Operational Guideline - The appointment, function and responsibilities of Audit Committees. Audit and Governance Committee Instrument and Terms of
	 Audit and Governance Committee instrument and Terms of Reference
	 Town of Bassendean Investment Policy
	 Town of Bassendean Financial Sustainability Policy
Record Keeping:	 Audit Committee Minutes shall record and identify each decision made under this delegation in accordance with the requirements of <i>Local Government (Administration) 1996</i> Regulation 19. Town of Bassendean Record Keeping Policy.
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1.1.2 Complaints Committee

Delegator:	Local Government	
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:	
Delegate:	s.5.16 Delegation of some powers and duties to	
	certain committees	
Express Power or Duty	Local Government (Model Code of Conduct)	
Delegated:	Regulations 2021: `	
C	Clause 12 Dealing with a complaint	
	Clause 13 Dismissal of complaint	
Delegate:	Complaints Committee	
Function:	 Authority to make a finding as to whether an alleged breach the subject of a complaint has or has not occurred, based upon evidence from which it may be concluded that it is more likely that the breach occurred than that it did not occur [MCC.cl.12(1) and (3)]. In making any finding the Committee must also determine reasons for the finding [MCC.cl.12(7)]. Where a finding is made that a breach has occurred, authority to: a. take no further action [MCC.cl.12(4(a)]; or b. prepare and implement a plan to address the behaviour of the person to whom the complaint relates [MCC.cl.12(4)(b), (5) and (6)]. Authority to dismiss a complaint and if dismissed, the Committee must also determine reasons for the dismissal [MCC.cl.13(1) and (2)]. 	
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Committee will make decisions in accordance with the principles and specified requirements established in Code of Conduct Complaints Management Policy. That part of a Committee meeting which deals with a Complaint will be held behind closed doors in accordance with s.5.23(2)(b) of the Act. The Committee is prohibited from exercising this Delegation where a Committee Member in attendance at a Committee meeting is either the Complainant or Respondent to the Complaint subject of a Committee agenda item. In the event of (c) above, the Committee member is to recuse themselves from attendance at the meeting. Should this result in loss of a quorum at the meeting, the Committee may resolve to defer consideration to a future meeting at which the 	



	conflicted Committee Member is absent and a quorum of members is present. <u>NOTE TO CONDITIONS (C) AND (D)</u> : The purpose of this Condition is to require that a Committee Member who is identified as either the Complainant or Respondent is required to recuse themselves by notifying the Presiding Member of their intention to be an apology for the meeting at which the Complaint is an agenda item.	
Express Power to Sub- Delegate:	• Nil.	
Compliance Links:	 Council Policy Complaints Committee Terms of Reference Council Policy Code of Conduct Complaints Management Council Policy Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates 	
Record Keeping:	 Committee Minutes shall record the details of each decision made under this delegation in accordance with the requirements of Administration Regulation 19. 	



- 1. Local Government Act 1995 Delegations
- 1.2 Council to CEO
- 1.2.1 Appoint Authorised Persons (Revoked due to Act Amendment 7/11/2020)



1.2.2 Powers of Entry

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate: Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO Local Government Act 1995: s 3.28 When this Subdivision applies s 3.31(2) General Procedure of Entering Land
	 s 3.32 Notice of entry s 3.33 Entry under warrant s 3.34 Entry in an emergency s 3.36 Opening fences
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to exercise powers of entry to enter onto land to perform any of the local Government functions under the <i>Local Government Act 1995</i>, other than entry under a Local Law [s 3.28].
	2. Authority to give notice of entry [s 3.32].
	3. Authority to seek and execute an entry under warrant [s 3.33].
	4. Authority to execute entry in an emergency, using such force as is reasonable [s 3.34(1) and (3)].
	 Authority to give notice and effect entry by opening a fence [s 3.36].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Delegated authority under s 3.34(1) and (3) may only be used, where there is imminent or substantial risk to public safety or property or in an emergency.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger Ranger Senior Environmental Health Officer Environmental Health Officer Senior Planner Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor



CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	• The CEO and relevant Director must be advised before delegated authority under s 3.33 is exercised.
	 Delegated authority under s 3.34(1) and s 3.34(3) may only be exercised, where there is imminent or substantial risk to public safety or property or in an emergency.
	 Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	 Each person appointed under this delegation must be issued with an identification badge and carry this badge whenever exercising this delegation.
	 Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with Regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 9.10 Appointment of authorised persons – refer also s 3.32(2)] Part 3, Division 3, Subdivision 3 – prescribes statutory processes for Powers of Entry. s 3.34(2) Entry in an emergency.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.3 Declare Vehicle is Abandoned Vehicle Wreck

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 3.40A(4) Abandoned vehicle wreck may be taken
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Declare that an impounded vehicle is an abandoned vehicle wreck [s 3.40A(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Disposal of a declared abandoned vehicle wreck to be undertaken in accordance with Delegated Authority 1.2.4 Disposing of Confiscated or Uncollected Goods or alternatively, referred to Council for decision.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	Director Corporate Services
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	<i>Local Government Act 1995</i> Part 3 Division 3 Subdivision 4 Impounding abandoned vehicle wrecks and goods.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.4 Confiscated or Uncollected Goods

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 3.46 Goods May be withheld until costs paid s 3.47 Confiscated or uncollected goods, disposal of s 3.48 Impounding expenses, recovery of
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to refuse to allow goods impounded under s 3.39 or s 3.40A to be collected until the costs of removing, impounding and keeping them have been paid to the local government. [s 3.46].
	 Authority to sell or otherwise dispose of confiscated or uncollected goods or vehicles that have been ordered to be confiscated under s 3.43 [s 3.47].
	 Authority to recover expenses incurred for removing, impounding, and disposing of confiscated or uncollected goods [s 3.48].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Disposal of confiscated or uncollected goods, including abandoned vehicles, with a market value less than \$20,000 may, in accordance with <i>Local Government (Functions and</i> <i>General) Regulations 1996</i> Regulation 30, be disposed of by any means considered to provide best value, provided the process is transparent and accountable.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995: Part 3, Division 3, Subdivision 3 s 3.58 Disposing of Property - applies to the sale of goods under s 3.47 as if they were property referred to in that section.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.5 Close Thoroughfare to Vehicles

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
-	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 3.50 Closing certain thoroughfares to vehicles.
	• s 3.50A Partial closure of thoroughfare for repairs or
	maintenance.
	 s 3.51 Affected owners to be notified of certain proposals.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to close a thoroughfare (wholly or partially) to
	vehicles or particular classes of vehicles for a period not
	exceeding 4 weeks [s 3.50(1)].
	2. Authority to determine to close a thoroughfare for a period
	exceeding 4 weeks and before doing so, to:
	 give; public notice, written notice to the Commissioner of
	Main Roads and written notice to prescribed persons
	and persons that own prescribed land; and
	 consider submissions relevant to the road closure/s
	proposed [s 3.50(1a), (2) and (4)].
	3. Authority to revoke an order to close a thoroughfare
	[s 3.50(6)].
	4. Authority to partially and temporarily close a thoroughfare
	without public notice for repairs or maintenance, where it is
	unlikely to have significant adverse effect on users of the
	thoroughfare [s 3.50A]
	5. Before doing anything to which section 3.51 applies, take
	action to notify affected owners and give public notice that
	allows reasonable time for submissions to be made and
	consider any submissions made before determining to fix or
	alter the level or alignment of a thoroughfare or draining
	water from a thoroughfare to private land [s 3.51].
Council Conditions on	If, under s 3.50(1), a thoroughfare is closed without giving
this Delegation:	local public notice, local public notice is to be given as soon
-	as practicable after the thoroughfare is closed [s 3.50(8)].
	 Maintain access to adjoining land [s 3.52(3)].
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Engineering Technical Coordinator



	 Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.6 Obstruction of Footpaths and Thoroughfares

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996 (ULP): reg 5(2) Interfering with, or taking from, local government land.
	 reg 6 Obstruction of public thoroughfare by things placed and left - Sch 9.1, cl 3(1)(a).
	 reg 7A Obstruction of public thoroughfare by fallen things – Sch 9.1, cl 3(1)(b). reg 7 Encroaching on public thoroughfare – Sch 9.1, cl 3(2).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine, by written notice served on a person who is carrying out plastering, painting or decorating operations (the work) over or near a footpath on land that is local government property, to require the person to cover the footpath during the period specified in the notice so as to:
	a. prevent damage to the footpath; or
	 prevent inconvenience to the public or danger from falling materials [ULP reg 5(2)].
	 Authority to provide permission including imposing appropriate conditions or to refuse to provide permission, for a person to place on a specified part of a public thoroughfare one or more specified things that may obstruct the public thoroughfare. [ULP reg 6(2) and reg (4)].
	3. Authority to renew permission to obstruct a thoroughfare and to vary any condition imposed on the permission effective at the time written notice is given to the person to whom permission is granted [ULP reg 6(6)].
	 Authority to require an owner or occupier of land to remove any thing that has fallen from the land or from anything on the land, which is obstructing a public thoroughfare [ULP reg 7A].
	 Authority to require an owner occupier of land to remove any part of a structure, tree or plant that is encroaching, without lawful authority on a public thoroughfare [ULP reg 7].



Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Actions under this Delegation must comply with procedural requirements detailed in <i>the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.</i> Permission may only be granted where, the person has:
	 Where appropriate, obtained written permission from each owner of adjoining or adjacent property which may be impacted by the proposed obstruction.
	ii. Provided a bond, sufficient to the value of works that may be required if the proponent does not satisfactorily make good public assets damaged by the obstruction at the completion of works.
	iii. Provided evidence of sufficient Public Liability Insurance.
	 iv. Provided pedestrian and traffic management plans which are sufficient for the protection of public safety and amenity.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	 Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Engineering Technical Coordinator
	Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996. Penalties under the Uniform Local Provisions Regulations are administered in accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the Local Government Act 1995.
Record Keeping	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.7 Public Thoroughfare – Dangerous Excavations

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996,
Duty Delegated:	regs 11(1), (4), (6) & (8) Dangerous excavation in or near public
	thoroughfare – Sch 9.1, cl 6.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine if an excavation in or on land adjoining a public thoroughfare is dangerous and take action to fill it in or fence it or request the owner or occupier in writing to fill in or securely fence the excavation [ULP reg 11(1)].
	2. Authority to determine to give permission or refuse to give permission to make or make and leave an excavation in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public thoroughfare [ULP reg 11(4)].
	3. Authority to impose conditions on granting permission [ULP reg 11(6)].
	 Authority to renew a permission granted or vary at any time, any condition imposed on a permission granted [ULP reg 11(8)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Actions under this Delegation must comply with procedural requirements detailed in <i>Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.</i> Permission may only be granted where, the proponent has:
	 Where appropriate, obtained written permission from or entered into a legal agreement with, each owner of adjoining or adjacent property which may be impacted by the proposed works.
	 Provided a bond, sufficient to the value of works that may be required if the proponent does not satisfactorily make good the public assets at the completion of works.
	iii. Provided evidence of sufficient Public Liability Insurance.
	 iv. Provided pedestrian and traffic management plans which are sufficient for the protection of public safety and amenity.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infractructure
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure



CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor Engineering Technical Coordinator Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996 – prescribe applicable statutory procedures. Penalties under the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996 are administered in accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the Local Government Act 1995. Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law 2010.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.8 Crossing – Construction, Repair and Removal

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996:
Duty Delegated:	 reg 12(1) Crossing from public thoroughfare to private land or
	private thoroughfare – Sch 9.1, cl 7(2)
	 reg 13(1) Requirement to construct or repair crossing – Sch
	9.1 cl 7(3)
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to approve or refuse to approve, applications for
	the construction of a crossing giving access from a public
	thoroughfare to land or private thoroughfare serving land
	[ULP reg 12(1)].
	2. Authority to determine the specifications for construction of
	crossings to the satisfaction of the Local Government [ULP
	reg 12(1)(a)].
	3. Authority to give notice to an owner or occupier of land
	requiring the person to construct or repair a crossing [ULP
	reg 13(1)].
	4. Authority to initiate works to construct a crossing where the
	person fails to comply with a notice requiring them to
	construct or repair the crossing and recover 50% of the cost
	of doing so as a debt due from the person [ULP reg 13(2)].
Council Conditions on	• Actions under this Delegation must comply with procedural
this Delegation:	requirements detailed in the Local Government (Uniform
	Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other omployees
Sub-Delegate/s:	employeesDirector Community Planning
oub-Delegate/3.	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Engineering Technical Coordinator
CEO Conditions on	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep
this Sub-Delegation:	records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise
	of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations
	1996.
	• Penalties under the Local Government (Uniform Local
	Provisions) Regulations 1996 are administered in
	accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the Local Government
	Act 1995.



	Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law 2010.
Record Keeping:	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.9 Private Works on, over or under Public Places

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 Reg 17 Private works on, over, or under public places – Sch
	9.1, cl 8
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to grant permission or refuse permission to construct a specified thing on, over, or under a specified public thoroughfare or public place that is local government property [ULP reg 17(3)].
	2. Authority to impose conditions on permission including those prescribed in reg 17(5) and (6) [ULP reg 17(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Actions under this Delegation must comply with procedural requirements under <i>Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.</i> Permission may only be granted where, the proponent has:
	 Where appropriate, obtained written permission from or entered into a legal agreement with, each owner of adjoining or adjacent property which may be impacted by the proposed private works.
	 Provided a bond, sufficient to the value of works that may be required if the proponent does not satisfactorily make good the public place at the completion of works.
	iii. Provided evidence of sufficient Public Liability Insurance.
	iv. Provided pedestrian and traffic management plans which are sufficient for the protection of public safety and amenity.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Engineering Technical Coordinator
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.



Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996. Penalties under the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996 are administered in accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the Local Government Act 1995.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.10 Give Notice to Prevent Damage to Local Government Property from Wind Erosion and Sand Drift

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
Delegate.	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers of duties to the CEO s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) 1996:
Duty Delegated:	 reg 21(1) Wind erosion and sand drifts – Sch 9.1, cl 12.
Duty Delegated.	
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give notice to an owner or occupier of land if it is considered that clearing the owner or occupier's land may cause local government land, having a common boundary, to be adversely affected by wind erosion or sand drift [ULP reg 21(1)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	Nil
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Environmental Health Officer
	 Environmental Health Officer
	 Principal Building Surveyor
	Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise
	of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations
	1996.
	• Penalties under the Local Government (Uniform Local
	Provisions) Regulations 1996 are administered in
	accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the Local Government
	Act 1995.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
r tooping.	document management system.



1.2.11 Expressions of Interest for Goods and Services

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 3.57 Tenders for providing goods and services Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996: reg 21 Limiting who can tender, procedure for reg 23 Rejecting and accepting expressions of interest to be acceptable tenderer.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine when to seek Expressions of Interest and to invite Expressions of Interest for the supply of goods or services [F&G reg 21].
	2. Authority to consider Expressions of Interest which have not been rejected and determine those which are capable of satisfactorily providing the goods or services, for listing as acceptable tenderers [F&G reg 23].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Delegates exercising this delegation must comply with: The Town of Bassendean Purchasing Policy The Town of Bassendean Procurement Guidelines Prior to going to market, notification to Councillors through the CEO Bulletin of the nature of the goods and the estimated cost sought.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Nil.
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Nil.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996. WALGA Subscription Service – Procurement Toolkit. Town of Bassendean Purchasing Policy. Town of Bassendean Procurement Guidelines.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.12 Tenders for Goods and Services

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 3.57 Tenders for providing goods or services
	Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996:
	 reg 11 When tenders have to be publicly invited;
	 reg 13 Requirements when local government invites
	tenders though not required to do so;
	 reg 14 Publicly inviting tenders, requirements for;
	 reg 18 Rejecting and accepting Tenders;
	\circ reg 20 Variation of requirements before entry into
	contract;
	\circ reg 21A Varying a contract for the supply of goods or
	services.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. The CEO is delegated authority to invite tenders for the
	supply of contracts over the value of \$250,000 without further
	reference to Council, unless expressly identified and itemised
	by resolution of the Council. [F&G reg 11(1)].
	2. Authority to, because of the unique nature of the goods or
	services or for any other reason it is unlikely that there is more
	than one supplier, determine a sole supplier arrangement
	[F&G reg 11(f)] up to a maximum of \$50,000, with sole
	supplier proposals in excess of \$50,000 to come before
	Council for determination.
	3. Authority to invite tenders although not required to do so [F&G reg 13]. Authority to undertake tender exempt
	procurement, in accordance with the Purchasing Policy
	requirements, where the total consideration under the
	resulting contract is \$250,000 or less and the expense is
	included in the adopted Annual Budget.
	4. Authority to determine in writing, before tenders are called,
	the criteria for acceptance of tenders [F&G reg 14(2a)].
	5. Authority to determine the information that is to be disclosed
	to those interested in submitting a tender [F&G reg 14(4)(a)].
	6. Authority to vary tender information after public notice of
	invitation to tender and before the close of tenders. [F&G reg
	14(5)].
	7. Authority to evaluate tenders, by written evaluation, and
	decide which is the most advantageous [F&G reg 18(4)].
	8. Authority to determine that a variation proposed is minor in
	context of the total goods or services sought through the
	invitation to tender, subject to a maximum 5 percent
	variation of the contract price, and to then negotiate minor
	variations with the successful tenderer before entering into
	a contract [F&G reg 20(1) and (3)].



	 9. Authority to seek clarification from tenderers in relation to information contained in their tender submission [F&G reg 18(4a)]. 10. Authority to vary a contract that has been entered into with a successful tenderer, provided the total variation value does not exceed 5 percent, of the original contract. 11. Authority to exercise an extension option subject to: a. the extension being within the original terms and conditions approved by Council; and b. in accordance with reg 11(2)(j) [F&G reg 21A].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Delegates exercising this delegation must comply with: The Town of Bassendean Purchasing Policy. Town of Bassendean Procurement Guidelines. Prior to going to market, notification to Councillors through the CEO Bulletin of the nature of the goods and the estimated cost sought.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services Functions 2, 4, 8 and 10. Director Community Planning Functions 2 and 4. Function 10 provided the total variation value does not exceed above 5% of the original contract value. Executive Manager Infrastructure, Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Functions 4 and 10 provided the total variation value does not exceed above 5% of the original contract value. Coordinator Procurement, Contracts and Leases Functions 5, 6, 7 and 9.
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996 – prescribe applicable statutory procedures WALGA Subscription Service – Procurement Toolkit Purchasing Policy. Town of Bassendean Procurement Guidelines.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.13 Disposing of Property

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 3.58(2) & (3) Disposing of Property.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to dispose of property to: a. the highest bidder at public auction [s 3.58(2)(a); b. the person who at public tender called by the local government makes what is, considered by the delegate to be, the most acceptable tender, whether or not it is the highest tender [s 3.58(2)(b)]. Authority to dispose of property by private treaty only in accordance with section 3.58(3) and prior to the disposal, to consider any submissions received following the giving of public notice [s. 3.58(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Disposal of real property is excluded from this delegation. When determining the method of disposal: (a) Where a public auction is determined as the method of disposal: Reserve price has been set by independent valuation. Where the reserve price is not achieved at auction, negotiation may be undertaken to achieve the sale at up to a -10% variation on the set reserve price.



	determined as having a nil market value, then the disposal must ensure environmentally responsible disposal.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s: CEO Conditions on	 Director Community planning Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Finance Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	 sub-delegation. Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995 – s 3.58 Disposal of Property. Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1995 – reg 30 Dispositions of property excluded from s 3.58 of the Act. Asset Management Policy.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.14 Payments from the Municipal or Trust Funds

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.42 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
	• s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996:
Duty Delegated:	 reg 12(1)(a) Payments from municipal fund or trust fund,
	restrictions on making.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to make payments from the municipal or trust
	funds [reg 12(1)(a)].
Council Conditions on	
this Delegation:	 Authority to make payments is subject to annual budget limitations.
this belegation.	linitations.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
_	 Director Community Planning
	Manager Finance
	 Senior Accountant
	 Management Accountant
CEO Conditions on	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep
this Sub-Delegation:	records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise
•	of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
	sub-delegation.
	The sub-delegation to the Senior Accountant is up to \$50,000.
	The sub-delegation to the Management Accountant is up to
	\$50,000.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995.
	 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations
	1996 - refer specifically reg 13: Payments from municipal
	fund or trust fund by CEO, CEO's duties with respect to.
	 Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996.
	 Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural
	Industries Operational Guideline No 11 – Use of Corporate
	Credit Cards.
	 Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural
	Industries: Accounting Manual.
	 Town of Bassendean Purchasing Policy.
	 Town of Bassendean Procurement Guidelines.
	 Town of Bassendean Use of Corporate Credit Card
	Procedures.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
Record Reeping.	document management system.
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1.2.15 Defer payment, Grant Discounts, Waive Fees or Write Off Debts

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.12 Power to defer payment, grant discounts, waive fees
	or write off debts.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Waive a debt, fee or charge which is owed to the Town of
	Bassendean [s. 6.12(1)(b)].
	2. To waive or grant concessions in relation to any amount of
	money which is owed to the Town in relation to a
	development application. [s. 6.12(1)(b)].
	3. Grant a concession in relation to money which is owed to
	the Town of Bassendean [s 6.12(1)(b)].
	4. Write off an amount of money which is owed to the Town of
	Bassendean [s 6.12(1)(c)].
	5. Write off small rates balances up to a maximum of \$10.00
	per property per annum.
Council Conditions on	 Delegation for (1) above does not apply to debts, which are prescribed as debte that are taken to be a rate or convice
this Delegation:	prescribed as debts that are taken to be a rate or service
	charge [s 6.12(2)].A debt may only be written off where all necessary measures
	have been taken to locate/contact the debtor and where costs
	associated to continue the action to recover the debt will
	outweigh the net value of the debt if recovered by the Town.
	 This Delegation must be exercised in accordance with
	Council Policies - Recovery of Sundry Debts, and Town of
	Bassendean Financial Hardship Policy.
	The power to waive fees or write off money is subject to the
	amount not exceeding \$250 per fee.
	 Authorise a write off of any debts (not including rates or other
	charges) to a maximum value of \$250 <u>per debt</u> .
	 Write off small rates balances to a maximum of \$10.00 per
	property per annum.
	 Council shall be informed of the details whenever this
	delegation is exercised.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
Cas-Delegaters.	 Director Corporate Services Director Community Planning – Function 5 is not sub-
	delegated to this position.
	•
	position.
	 Manager Finance Senior Accountant – Function 5 is not sub-delegated to this



CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	Function 5 – is not sub-delegated to the Director Community Planning or the Senior Accountant.
Compliance Links:	 Council Policies - Recovery of Sundry Debts Policy, and Town of Bassendean Financial Hardship Policy. Planning and Development Regulations 2009
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.16 Power to Invest and Manage Investments

Delevetory	
Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	• s 6.14 Power to invest.
	Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996:
	 reg 19 Investments, control procedures for
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to invest money held in the municipal fund or trust fund that is not, for the time being, required for any other purpose [s 6.14(1)].
	 Authority to establish and document internal control procedures to be followed in the investment and management of investments [FM reg 19].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 All investment activity must comply with the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996: reg 19 Investments ,control procedures for reg 19C Investment of money, restrictions on. Investment Policy. A report detailing the investment portfolio's performance, exposures and changes since last reporting, is to be provided as part of the Monthly Financial Statements.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services Manager Finance
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	 Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	 A decision to invest must be jointly confirmed by two Delegates.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996. Investment Policy.
Record Keeping	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.17 Rate Record Amendment

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	Local Government Act 1995: s 6.39(2)(b) Amend the rate record
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine any requirement to amend the rate record for the 5-years preceding the current financial year [s 6.39(2)(b)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Delegates must comply with the requirements of s 6.40 of the Act.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Nil.
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Nil.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995 – s 6.40 prescribes consequential actions that may be required following a decision to amend the rate record. Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review to the State Administrative Tribunal.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.18 Agreement as to Payment of Rates and Service Charges

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.49 Agreement as to payment of rates and service charges
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to make an agreement with a person for the payment of rates or service charges [s 6.49]
Council Conditions on	This Delegation must be exercised in accordance with
this Delegation:	Council Policies:
	 Recovery of Rates and Service Charges
	 Financial Hardship
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
g	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
3	 Manager Finance
CEO Conditions on	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep
this Sub-Delegation:	records in accordance with regulations in relation to the
J J	exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	Council Policies:
	 Recovery of Rates and Service Charges
	 ○ Financial Hardship
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.
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1.2.19 Determine Due Date for Rates or Service Charges

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
-	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.50 Rates or service charges due and payable.
	- · ·
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to determine the date on which rates or service
	charges become due and payable to the Town of
	Bassendean [s 6.50].
	- N ¹¹
Council Conditions on	• Nil
this Delegation:	
Furness Device to	
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
	-
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.2.20 Recovery of Rates or Service Charges

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.56 Rates or service charges recoverable in court.
	 s 6.64(3) Actions to be taken.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to recover rates or service charges, as well as costs of proceedings for the recovery, in a court of competent jurisdiction [s 6.56(1)].
	2. Authority to lodge (and withdraw) a caveat to preclude dealings in respect of land where payment of rates or service charges imposed on that land is in arrears [s 6.64(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This Delegation must be exercised in consideration of Council Policies: Recovery of Rates and Service Charges Rates Exemption Financial Hardship.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Council Policies: Recovery of Rates and Service Charges Rates Exemption Financial Hardship.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.21 Recovery of Rates Debts – Require Lessee to Pay Rent

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
5	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.60 Local Government may require lessee to pay rent.
,	
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to give notice to a lessee of land in respect of which there is an unpaid rate or service charge, requiring the lessee to pay its rent to the Town of Bassendean [s 6.60(2)].
	2. Authority to recover the amount of the rate or service charge as a debt from the lessee if rent is not paid in accordance with a notice [s 6.60(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This Delegation must be exercised in consideration of Council Policies: Recovery of Rates and Service Charges Financial Hardship.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995 – refer sections 6.61 and 6.62 and Schedule 6.2 prescribe procedures relevant to exercise of authority under s 6.60. Council Policies: Recovery of Rates and Service Charges Financial Hardship.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.22 Rate Record – Objections

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 6.76 Grounds of objection.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to extend the time for a person to make an objection to a rate record [s 6.76(4)].
	2. Authority to consider an objection to a rate record and either allow it or disallow it, wholly or in part, providing the decision and reasons for the decision in a notice promptly served upon the person whom made the objection [s 6.76(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegate who has participated in any matter contributing to a decision related to the rate record, which is the subject of a Rates Record Objection, must not be party to any determination under this Delegation.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.23 Administration of Local Laws

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO.
Delegate.	
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s. 3.18(1) Local Government Act 1995.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Powers to determine applications, issue and apply conditions to approvals, consents, permits, licences and registrations, undertake enforcement functions and exercise discretion under the following local laws – 1. Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law 2010 2. Animals, Environment, Nuisance and Pests Local Law
	 Animals, Environment, Nulsance and Pests Local Law 2019 Bee Keeping Local Law 2018 Dogs Local Law 2019
	 Dust and Building Waste Local Law 2018 Fencing Local Law 2013 Health Local Law 2001 Parking Local Law 2019
	9. Property Local Law 2001 10. Responsible Cat <u>s</u> Ownership Local Law 2006<u>2021</u> 11. Waste Local Law 2019
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Infringements may only be issued by persons authorised for the purposes of section 9.16 of the Local Government Act 1995.
	 The CEO may only issue a permit under the Property Local Law for the operation of a circus on Town Property, where that circus does not involve the use of exotic animals.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services Director Community Planning Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger Ranger Senior Environmental Health Officer Environmental Health Officer Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor



CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995
	Part 9 Division 1 Objections and Review
	 Part 9 Division 2 Enforcement and Legal Proceedings
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.2.24 Disposal of Sick or Injured Animals

Local Government
Local Government Act 1995:
s.5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
s.5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Local Government Act 1995:
s.3.47A Sick or injured animals, disposal of
s.3.48 Impounding expenses, recovery of
Chief Executive Officer
1. Authority to determine when an impounded animal is ill or
injured, that treating it is not practicable, and to humanely
destroy the animal and dispose of the carcass [s.3.47A(1)].
2. Authority to recover expenses incurred for removing,
impounding, and disposing of confiscated or uncollected goods
[s.3.48].
a. Delegation only to be used where the Delegate's reasonable
efforts to identify and contact an owner have failed.
Local Government Act 1995:
s.5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
employees
 Director Corporate Services
 Director Community Planning
 Executive Manager Infrastructure
 Manager Development and Place
 Senior Ranger
Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
sub-delegation.
Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
document management system.



1.2.25 Compensation for Damage Incurred when Performing Executive Functions

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	s.5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	s.5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	s.3.22(1) Compensation
	s.3.23 Arbitration
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. In accordance with the s.3.22 procedures, assess and
	determine the extent of damage to private property arising
	directly from performance of executive functions and make
	payment of compensation [s.3.22(1)].
	2.Where compensation is unable to be determined and agreed
	between parties, give effect to arbitration in accordance with
	s.3.23.
Council Conditions	a. Delegation is limited to settlements which do not exceed a
on this Delegation:	material value of \$5,000.
	b. Council shall be informed of the details whenever this
	delegation is exercised.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	s.5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Corporate Services
	 Director Community Planning
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.2.26 Management of Vested Land and Unvested Facilities

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	s.5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	s.5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	s.3.53(3) Control of certain unvested facilities
Delegate:	s.3.54(1) Reserves under control of local government Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to agree the method for control and management of
Function.	an unvested facility which is partially within 2 or more local government districts. [s.3.53(3)].
	2. Authority to do anything a local government could do under
	the Parks and Reserves Act 1895 if it were a Board appointed
	under that Act, to control and manage any land reserved under
	the Land Administration Act 1997 and vested in or placed under
	the control and management of the local government.
Council Conditions	a. Limited to matters where the financial implications do not
on this Delegation:	exceed a relevant and current budget allocation and which do
	not create a financial liability in future budgets.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	s.5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
	 Director Community Planning
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	Delevations everyized are to be recorded in the Tours's
Record Keeping	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.2.27 Authority to waive or grant concessions pursuant to Town of Bassendean Compassionate Waste Services Guidelines

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government Act 1995: s. 6.12(1)(b) and (c) Power to defer payment, grant discounts, waive fees or write off debts. Authority to waive a fee or grant a concession pursuant to the Town of Bassendean Compassionate Waste Services Guidelines.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to waive a fee or charge, or grant a concession in accordance with the Town of Bassendean Compassionate Waste Services Guidelines.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Manager Recycling and Waste
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise of the power or the discharge of the duty.
Compliance Links:	• Town of Bassendean Compassionate Waste Services Guidelines (adopted by Council 28 July 2020).
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.2.28 Authority to make Tree Preservation Orders in prescribed circumstances in accordance with clause 4.7.7.3(ii) of Local Planning Scheme No. 10

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.42 Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO
Express Power or	 Local Planning Scheme No. 10 –
Duty Delegated:	Clause 4.7.7.3(ii) – Tree Preservation Orders
	Clause 4.7.7.5
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to make Tree Preservation Orders in accordance with clause 4.7.7.3(ii) of Local Planning Scheme No. 10 – Where consent is received from the owner(s) and occupier(s) of the land on which the tree is located, which, for the purpose of this delegation, includes lots where a tree may overhang; Without notice to the owner(s) and/or occupier(s) of the land on which the tree is located, where there is a risk of imminent damage to the tree requiring an order to be made as a matter of urgency. Where consent is not received from the owner(s) and occupier(s) of the land on which the tree is located and the CEO does not consider it appropriate to make an order, the matter will be referred to Council for determination. Authority to approve applications to cut/prune trees subject to Tree Preservations Orders, in accordance with 4.7.7.5 of Local Planning Scheme No 10 where there is no dispute, and the application is signed by all owners on the land in which the tree is located.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Sub-Delegate/s:	■ Nil.
CEO Conditions on	Each person to whom a power or duty is delegated must keep
this Sub-Delegation:	records in accordance with regulations in relation to the exercise
	of the power or the discharge of the duty.
Compliance Links:	Town of Bassendean Local Planning Scheme No. 10.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.3 CEO to Employees

1.3.1 Determine if an Emergency for Emergency Powers of Entry

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 3.34(2) Entry in emergency
Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	 Director Corporate Services
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
Function:	1. Authority to determine on behalf of the CEO that an
	emergency exists for the purposes of performing local
	government functions [s 3.34(2)].
CEO Conditions on	 Two delegates, one of which much be a Director or
this Delegation:	Executive Manager or the Manager Development and
-	Place, must agree and approve any actions under this
	delegation.
	 The CEO must be notified prior to the exercise of this
	delegation.
Express Power to	Nil.
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	•
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.3.2 Determine and Manage Conditions on Approvals to Obstruct a Public Thoroughfare

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer		
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:		
Delegate:	• s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other		
•	employees.		
Express Power or	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations		
Duty Delegated:	1996:		
	 reg 6(4)(d) Obstruction of public thoroughfare by things 		
	placed and left - Sch. 9.1 cl. 3(1)(a)		
Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning 		
	Director Corporate Services		
	Executive Manager Infrastructure		
	Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment		
Function:	When determining to grant permission to obstruct a public		
	footpath or thoroughfare under Delegated Authority –		
	Obstruction of Footpaths and Thoroughfares:		
	1. Authority to determine the sum sufficient to cover the		
	cost of repairing damage to the public thoroughfare resulting		
	from the placement of a thing or a protective structure, on the		
	basis that the local government may retain from that sum the		
	amount required for the cost of repairs by the local government		
	if the damage is not made good by the applicant [ULP reg		
	6(4)(d)]].		
	2. Authority to determine the requirements for protective		
	structures, during such time as it is considered necessary for public safety and convenience		
	[ULP reg 6(5)(b).		
	3. Authority to determine and require in writing, that the		
	person granted permission to obstruct a public thoroughfare		
	repair damage caused by things placed on the thoroughfare		
	and authority to determine if such repairs are to the satisfaction		
	of the local government [ULP reg 6(5)(d)].		
CEO Conditions on	 Decisions under this Delegation must be exercised in 		
this Delegation:	alignment with Council's Delegated Authority Obstruction of		
	Footpaths and Thoroughfares.		
	 Actions under this Delegation must comply with the 		
	procedural requirements detailed in the Local Government		
	(Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.		
Express Power to	Nil.		
Sub-Delegate:			
Compliance Links:	 This delegated authority is effective only in alignment with 		
	Delegated Authority Obstructions of Footpaths and		
	Thoroughfares.		
	 Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 		
	1996.		
	 Penalties under the Uniform Local Provisions Regulations 		
	are administered in accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the		
	Local Government Act 1995.		



Record Keeping:	•	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
		document management system.



1.3.3 Determine and Manage Conditions on Permission for Dangerous Excavations on or on land adjoining Public Thoroughfares

Express Power to	
	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other omployees
Express Power or	employees. Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations
Duty Delegated:	1996:
, ,	 reg 11(6)(c) and (7)(c) Dangerous excavation in or near public thoroughfare – Sch 9.1, cl 6.
Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	Director Corporate Services
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
Function:	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment When determining to grant permission to for a dangerous
	 excavation under Delegated Authority – Public Thoroughfare – Dangerous Excavations: 1. Authority to determine, as a condition of granting permission, the sum sufficient to deposit to cover the cost of
	repairing damage to the public thoroughfare or adjoining land resulting from the excavation or a protective structure, on the basis that the local government may retain from that sum the amount required for the cost of repairs by the local government
	if the damage is not made good by the applicant
	[reg 11(6)(c)].
	2. Authority to determine, as a condition of granting permission, requirements for protective structures and for the protective structures to be maintained and kept in satisfactory condition necessary for public safety and convenience [reg
	 11(7)(c)]. 3. Authority to determine if repairs to damage resulting from excavation or protective structures have been repaired satisfactorily.
CEO Conditions on	 Decisions under this Delegation must be exercised in
this Delegation:	alignment with Council's Delegated Authority Public
	 Thoroughfares – Dangerous Excavations. Actions under this Delegation must comply with the
	procedural requirements detailed in <i>the Local Government</i>
	(Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	Nil.
Compliance Links:	 This delegated authority is effective only in alignment with Delegated Authority - Public Thoroughfares – Dangerous Excavations. Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations
	1996.Penalties under the Local Government (Uniform Local
	<i>Provisions) Regulations 1996</i> are administered in accordance with Part 9, Division 2 of the <i>Local Government Act 1995</i> .



Record Keeping:	-	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
		document management system.



1.3.4 Determine and Manage Conditions on Permission for Private Works on, over, or under Public Places

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Express Power or	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations
Duty Delegated:	1996:
	 reg 17(5)(b) and reg 17(6)(c) Private works on, over, or under public places, Sch 9.1 cl. 8.
Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
-	 Director Corporate Services
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
Function: CEO Conditions on this Delegation:	 Authority to determine, as a condition of granting permission for Private Works in Public Places, the sum sufficient to deposit with the Local Government to cover the cost of repairing damage to the public thoroughfare or public place resulting from the crossing construction, on the basis that the Local Government may retain from that sum the amount required for the cost of repairs by the local government if the damage is not made good by the applicant [reg 17(5)(b)]. Authority to determine if repairs to damage resulting from excavation or protective structures have been repaired satisfactorily. [reg 17(6)(c)]. Delegates exercising this delegation must comply with the prescribed manner and form for permissions set out under reg 17(4).
Express Power to	reg 17(4). Nil.
Sub-Delegate:	- INH.
Compliance Links:	 This delegated authority is effective only in alignment with Delegated Authority Private Works on, over or under Public Places
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.3.5 Appoint Persons (other than employees) to Open Tenders

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Local Government (Functions and Genera) Regulations 1996: reg 16(3) Receiving and opening tenders, procedure for.
Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Director Corporate Services Executive Manager Infrastructure Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment Coordinator Procurement Contracts and Leases
Function:	1. Authority to appoint one person (other than employees) to be present with an employee of the Local Government to open tenders, when two employees are unable to attend then tender opening [F&G reg 16(3)].
CEO Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	• Nil
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



1.3.6 Information to be Available to the Public

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
-	employees.
Express Power or	Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996 (Admin
Duty Delegated:	Regs):
, ,	regs 29(2) and 29(3) Information to be available for public
	inspection (Act s 5.94).
	 reg 29B Copies of certain information not to be provided
	(Act s 5.96).
	Local Government Act 1995:
	 s 5.95(1)(b) & (3)(b) Limits on right to inspect local
	government information.
Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
Function:	1. Authority to determine the public right to inspect
	information, by determining if the information requested relates
	to a part of a meeting that could have been closed to members
	of the public but was not
	[Admin Regs reg 29(2)].
	2. Authority to determine the public right to inspect
	information in an agenda or minutes, by determining if the
	information requested would be part of the meeting which is
	likely to be closed to members of the public [Admin Regs reg
	29(3)].
	3. Authority to determine the manner and form by which a
	person may request copies of rates record information [s
	5.94(m)] or owners and occupiers register and electoral rolls [s
	5.94(s)] and to make the information available, if satisfied, by
	statutory declaration or otherwise, that the information will not
	be used for commercial purposes [Admin Regs reg 29B].
	4. Authority to determine not to provide a right to inspect
	information, where it is considered that in doing so would divert
	a substantial and unreasonable portion of the local
	government's resources away from its other functions [s
	5.95(1)(b)].
	5. Authority to determine not to provide a right to inspect
	information contained in notice papers, agenda, minutes, or
	information tabled at a meeting, where it is considered that that
	part of the meeting could have been closed to members of the
0000	public but was not closed [s 5.94(3)(b)].
CEO Conditions on	■ Nil
this Delegation:	- NU
Express Power to	■ Nil
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	Record Keeping Policy.
	 Electronic Recording and Livestreaming of Council
	Meetings.
	Freedom of Information Act 1982
Record Keeping:	 Record Keeping Policy.



 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
document management system.



1.3.7 Financial Management Systems and Procedures

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
-	employees.
Express Power or	Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996
Duty Delegated:	(FM Regs):
	reg 5 CEO's Duties as to financial management.
Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
-	 Director Community Planning
	 Executive Manager Infrastructure
	 Executive Manager Sustainability and Environment
	 Manager Finance
	 Coordinator Procurement, Contracts and Leases
Function:	 Authority to establish systems and procedures which give effect to internal controls and risk mitigation for the: (a) Collection of money owed to the Town of Bassendean. (b) Safe custody and security of money collected or held by the Town of Bassendean. (c) Maintenance and security of all financial records, including payroll, stock control and costing records. (d) Proper accounting of the Municipal and Trust Funds, including revenue, expenses and assets and liabilities. (e) Proper authorisation of employees for incurring liabilities, including authority for initiating Requisition Orders, Purchase Orders and use of Credit and Transaction Cards. (f) Making of payments in accordance with Delegated Authority (g) Preparation of budgets, budget reviews, accounts and reports as required by legislation or operational requirements. [FM Regs, reg 5].
CEO Conditions on this Delegation:	 Procedures are to be systematically documented and retained and must include references that enable recognition of statutory requirements and assign responsibility for actions to position titles. Procedures are to be administratively reviewed for continuing compliance and confirmed as 'fit for purpose' and subsequently considered by the Audit and Governance Committee at least once within each three (3) financial years. [Audit reg 17].
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	• Nil
Compliance Links:	 Local Government Act 1995. Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 Purchasing Policy.
	 Procurement Guidelines.
	 Use of Corporate Credit Card Procedures.



	•	Record Keeping Policy.
Record Keeping:	•	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
		document management system.



1.3.8 Audit – CEO Review of Systems and Procedures

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
	employees
Express Power or	Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996:
Duty Delegated:	 reg 17 CEO to review certain systems and procedures.
Delegate/s:	Director Corporate Services
Function:	1. Authority to conduct the review of the appropriateness
	and effectiveness of the Town of Bassendean systems and
	procedures in relation to:
	(a) risk management; and
	(b) internal controls; and
	(c) legislative compliance [reg 17(1)].
CEO Conditions on	 Each matter is to be reviewed at least once within every
this Delegation:	three (3) financial year, with a report on each matter to be
-	provided to the Audit and Risk Committee that details the
	findings, including any identified deficiencies, and actions
	required.
Express Power to	Nil.
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	 Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



1.3.9 Infringement Notices

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other
201090101	employees.
Express Power or	Local Government Act 1995:
Duty Delegated:	 s 9.13(6)(b) onus of proof in vehicle offences may be
Buty Belegated.	shifted.
	 s 9.19 Extension of Time.
	 s 9.20 Withdrawal of Notice.
	Building Regulations 2012:
	 reg 70(1A), 70(1), 70(2) Approved officers and authorised
	officers.
Delevete/er	
Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place
	 Manager Development and Place Service Development 4 endur
	 Senior Ranger – function 1 only
Functions	 Ranger – function 1 only Authority to consider an express of a vahiale's submission
Function:	1. Authority to consider an owner of a vehicle's submission
	that the vehicle that is subject of an infringement notice, had
	been stolen or unlawfully taken at the time of the alleged
	offence [s 9.13(6)(b)].
	2. Authority to extend the 28-day period within which payment
	of a modified penalty may be paid, whether or not the period
	of 28-days has elapsed [s 9.19].
	3. Authority to withdraw an infringement notice within one year
	after the notice was given, whether or not the modified
	penalty has been paid by sending a withdrawal notice (in the
	prescribed form) to the alleged offender and if the modified
	penalty has been paid, providing a refund [s 9.20].
CEO Conditions on	(a) The Senior Ranger delegate can only exercise the power
this Delegation:	under s 9.13(6)(b) onus of proof in vehicle offences may be
	shifted.
	(b) A delegate who participated in a decision to issue an
	infringement notice, must NOT determine any matter related
	to that infringement notice under this Delegation.
	(c) A Delegate who has been delegated authority to withdraw
	an infringement must NOT be appointed as an authorised
	person for the purposes of issuing an infringement notice.
	(d) Delegation as an 'Approved Officer' in accordance with
	<i>Building Act 2011 and Building Regulation 70(1)</i> for the
	purposes of Building Act 2011 Infringement Notices is
	limited to the following listed position only:
	 Principal Building Surveyor.
	(e) Delegation for Dog Act, Cat Act, Parking Local Law,
	Infringement Notices is limited to the following listed
	positions ONLY:
	○ Senior Ranger
	o Ranger o
Express Power to	• Nil
Sub-Delegate:	



Compliance Links:	•	Ranger Procedure Manual
Record Keeping:	•	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
		document management system.



2 Building Act 2011 Delegations

2.1 Council to CEO / Employees

2.1.1 Grant a Building Permit

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Building Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s. 127(1); s. 127(3) Delegations: special permit authorities
	and local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	Building Act 2011:s. 18 Further information.
Duty Delegated.	 s. 20 Grant of building permit.
	 s. 22 Further grounds for not granting an application.
	 s. 27 Conditions imposed by permit authority
	Building Regulations 2012:
	 Reg. 23 Application to extend time during which permit has effect (s. 32).
	 Reg. 24 Extension of time during which permit has effect (s. 32(3)).
	 Reg. 26 Approval of new responsible person (s. 35(c)).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to require an applicant to provide any documentation or information required to determine a building permit application [s. 18(1)]. Authority to refuse to consider an application if s. 18(1) not complied with [s. 18(2)]. Authority to grant or refuse to grant a building permit [s. 20(1); s. 20(2); s. 22]. Authority to impose, vary or revoke conditions on a building permit [s. 27(1); s. 27(3)]. Authority to determine an application to extend time during which a building permit has effect [reg. 23]. (a) Subject to being satisfied that work for which the building permit was granted has not been completed or the extension is necessary to allow rectification of defects of works for which the permit was granted [reg. 24(1)]. (b) Authority to impose any condition on the building permit extension that could have been imposed under s. 27 [reg. 24(2)].
	5. Authority to approve, or refuse to approve, an application for a new responsible person for a building permit [reg. 26].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s. 127(2)); or



	 a person employed by the Local Government under s. 5.36 Local Government Act 1995; and
	 Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg. 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s. 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011 s. 119 Building and demolition permits – application for review by State Administrative Tribunal (SAT). s. 23 Time for deciding application for building or demolition permit. s. 17 Uncertified application to be considered by building surveyor.
	Building Regulations 2012
	 reg. 25: Review of decision to refuse to extend time during which permit has effect (s. 32(3)) – reviewable by SAT. Building Services (Registration Act) 2011 – Section 7. Home Building Contracts Act 1991 – Part 3A, Division 2 – Part 7, Division 2 Building and Construction Industry Training Levy Act 1990.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.2 Demolition Permits

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s. 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Building Act 2011: s 18 Further information. s 21 Grant of demolition permit. s 22 Further grounds for not granting an application. s 27(1) and (3) Impose conditions on permit. Building Regulations 2012 reg 23 Application to extend time during which permit has effect (s 32). reg 24 Extension of time during which permit has effect (s 32(3)). reg 26 Approval of new responsible person (s 35(c)).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to require an applicant to provide any documentation or information required to determine a demolition permit application [s 18(1)].
	 Authority to grant or refuse to grant a demolition permit on the basis that all s 21(1) requirements have been satisfied [ss 20(1); 20(2); 22].
	 Authority to impose, vary or revoke conditions on a demolition permit [ss 27(1); 27(3)].
	4. Authority to determine an application to extend time during which a demolition permit has effect [reg 23].
	 (a) Subject to being satisfied that work for which the demolition permit was granted has not been completed OR the extension is necessary to allow rectification of defects of works for which the permit was granted [reg 24(1)]. (b) Authority to impose any condition on the demolition permit extension that could have been imposed under s 27 [reg 24(2)].
	5. Authority to approve, or refuse to approve, an application for a new responsible person for a demolition permit [reg 26].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 Local Government Act 1995; and



	 Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011 s 119 Building and demolition permits – application for review by SAT s 23 Time for deciding application for building or demolition permit Building Services (Complaint Resolution and Administration) Act 2011 Part 7, Division 2. Building and Construction Industry Training Levy Act 1990. Heritage Act 2018.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.3 Occupancy Permits or Building Approval Certificates

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 government. Building Act 2011: s 55 Further information. s 58 Grant of occupancy permit, building approval certificate. ss 62(1); 62(3) Conditions imposed by permit authority. s 65(4) Extension of period of duration Building Regulations 2012 reg 40 Extension of period of duration of time limited occupancy permit or building approval certificate (s 65).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to require an applicant to provide any documentation or information required in order to determine an application [s 55]. Authority to grant, refuse to grant or to modify an occupancy permit or building approval certificate [s 58].
	 Authority to impose, add, vary or revoke conditions on an occupancy permit [ss 62(1); 62(3)].
	 Authority to extend, or refuse to extend, the period in which an occupancy permit or modification or building approval certificate has effect [s 65(4); reg 40].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 <i>Local Government Act 1995</i>; and Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011 s 59 time for granting occupancy permit or building approval certificate.



	 s 60 Notice of decision not to grant occupancy permit or grant building approval certificate. s 121 Occupancy permits and building approval certificates – application for review by SAT. Building Services (Complaint Resolution and Administration) Act 2011 – Part 7, Division 2. Building and Construction Industry Training Levy Act 1990. Heritage Act 2018.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.4 Designate Employees as Authorised Persons

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Building Act 2011: s 96(3) authorised persons. s 99(3) Limitation on powers of authorised person.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to designate an employee as an authorised person [s 96(3)].
	 Authority to revoke or vary a condition of designation as an authorised person or give written notice to an authorised person limiting powers that may be exercised by that person [s 99(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 <i>Local Government Act 1995</i>; and Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community PlanningManager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011: s 97 requires each person designated as an authorised person must have an identity card. reg 5A Authorised persons (s 3) – definition.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.5 Building Orders

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to	Building Act 2011:
Delegate:	 ss 127(1); 127(3) Delegation: special permit authorities and
	local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Building Act 2011: s 110(1) A permit authority may make a building order.
Duty Delegated.	\circ s 111(1) Notice of proposed building order other than
	building order (emergency).
	\circ ss 117(1); 117(2) A permit authority may revoke a
	building order or notify that it remains in effect.
	 ss 118(2); 118(3) Permit authority may give effect to building order if non-compliance.
	 s 133(1) A permit authority may commence a prosecution
	for an offence against this Act.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to make Building Orders in relation to:
	(a) Building work.
	(b) Demolition work.(c) An existing building or incidental structure [s 110(1)].
	2. Authority to give notice of a proposed building order and consider submissions received in response and determine
	actions [s 111(1)(c)].
	3. Authority to revoke a building order [s 117].
	4. If there is non-compliance with a building order, authority to
	cause an authorised person to:
	(a) take any action specified in the order; or(b) commence or complete any work specified in the order;
	or
	(c) if any specified action was required by the order to
	cease, to take such steps as are reasonable to cause
	the action to cease [s 118(2)]. 5. Authority to take court action to recover as a debt,
	reasonable costs and expense incurred in doing anything in
	regard to non-compliance with a building order [s 118(3)].
	6. Authority to specify a way in which an outward facing side of
	a particular close/boundary wall must be finished off.
	7. Authority to initiate a prosecution pursuant to section 133(1) for non-compliance with a building order made pursuant to
	section 110 of the <i>Building Act 2011</i> .
Council Conditions on	A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may
this Delegation:	be only to:
	 an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the least Covernment under
	 a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 Local Government Act 1995; and



	 Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011: Section 111 Notice of proposed building order other than building order (emergency). Section 112 Content of building order. Section 113 Limitation on effect of building order. Section 114 Service of building order. Part 9 Review - s 122 Building orders – application for review by SAT.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.6 Inspection and Copies of Building Records

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local
Dereguter	government.
Express Power or	Building Act 2011:
Duty Delegated:	 s 131(2) Inspection, copies of building records.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to determine an application from an interested person to inspect and copy a building record [s 131(2)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 <i>Local Government Act 1995</i>; and
	 Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Building Act 2011 – s 146 Confidentiality.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.7 Referrals and Issuing Certificates

Delegator	Local Covernment (Dermit Authority)
Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to	Building Act 2011: • s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local
Delegate:	
	government.
Express Power or	Building Act 2011:
Duty Delegated:	 s 145A Local Government functions.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to refer uncertified applications under s 17(1) to a building surveyor who is not employed by the local government [s 145A(1)]. Authority to issue a certificate for Design Compliance, Construction Compliance or Building Compliance whether or not the land subject of the application is located in the Town of Bassendean's, Local Government District [s 145A(2)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 <i>Local Government Act 1995</i>; and Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: S 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO)
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



2.1.8 Private Pool Barrier – Alternative and Performance Solutions

Delegator:	Local Government (Permit Authority)
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local government.
Express Power or	Building Regulations 2012:
Duty Delegated:	 Reg 51 Approvals by permit authority.
	 Reg 50(4) Use of alternative requirements.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to approve requirements alternative to a fence, wall, gate or other component included in the barrier, if satisfied that the alternative requirements will restrict access by young children as effectively as if there were compliance with AS 1926.1 [reg 51(2)]. Authority to approve a door for the purposes of compliance with AS 1926.1, where a fence or barrier would cause significant structural or other problem which is beyond the control of the owner or occupier or the pool is totally enclosed by a building or a fence or barrier between the building and pool would create a significant access problem for a person with a disability [reg 51(3)]. Authority to approve a performance solution to a Building Code pool barrier requirement if satisfied that the performance solution complies with the relevant performance requirement [reg 51(5)]. Authority to use alternative requirements for a barrier to a pre-May 2016 private swimming pool [reg 50(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 Local Government Act 1995; and Decisions under this delegated authority should be either
	undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations</i> 2012.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Principal Building Surveyor Building Surveyor
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	



Record Keeping:	•	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
		document management system.



2.1.9 Smoke Alarms – Alternative Solutions

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(1) & (3) Delegation: special permit authorities and local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Building Regulations 2012: reg 55 Terms Used (alternative building solution approval). reg 61 Local Government approval of battery powered smoke alarms.
Delegate:	Chief Executive OfficerPrincipal Building Surveyor
Function:	 Authority to approve alternative building solutions which meet the performance requirement of the Building Code relating to fire detection and early warning [reg 55].
	2. Authority to approve or refuse to approve a battery powered smoke alarm and to determine the form of an application for such approval [reg 61].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 A delegation of a special permit authority's powers or duties may be only to: an employee of the special permit authority (s 127(2)); or a person employed by the Local Government under s 5.36 Local Government Act 1995; and
	 Decisions under this delegated authority should be either undertaken or informed by a person qualified in accordance with reg 5 of the <i>Building Regulations 2012</i>.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Building Act 2011: s 127(6A) Delegation: special permit authorities and local governments (powers of sub-delegation limited to CEO).
Sub-Delegate/s:	Nil.
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Reg 60: Requirements for smoke alarms.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3 Bush Fires Act 1954 Delegations

3.1 Council to CEO, Mayor and Bush Fire Control Officer

3.1.1 Make Request to FES Commissioner – Control of Fire

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 13(4) Duties and powers of bush fire liaison officers.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to request on behalf of the Town of Bassendean that the FES Commissioner authorise the Bush Fire Liaison Officer or another person to take control of fire operations [s 13(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited pursuant to s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.2 Prohibited Burning Times - Vary

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 48 Delegation by local government. s 17(10) local government may by resolution delegate to its mayor, or president, and its Chief Bush Fire Control Officer, jointly its powers and duties under subsections (7) and (8).
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 17(7) Prohibited burning times may be declared by Minister Bush Fire Regulations 1954: reg 15 Permit to burn (s 18 Bush Fires Act 1954), form of and apply for after refusal etc.
Delegate:	Mayor and Chief Bush Fire Control Officer (jointly)
Function:	 Authority, where seasonal conditions warrant it, to determine a variation of the prohibited burning times, after consultation with an authorised CALM Act officer [s 17(7)] – [Conservation and Land Management Act 1984]
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Decisions under s 17(7) must be undertaken jointly by both the Mayor and the Chief Bush Fire Control Officer and must comply with the procedural requirements of s. 17(7B) and (8).
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.3 Prohibited Burning Times – Control Activities

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate: Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 48 Delegation by local government. Bush Fires Act 1954: s 17(7) Prohibited burning times may be declared by Minister. s 27(2) and (3) Prohibition on use of tractors or engines except under certain conditions. s 28(4) and (5) Occupier of land to extinguish bush fire occurring on own land. Bush Fire Regulations 1954: reg 15 Permit to burn (Act s 18), form of and apply for after refusal etc.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine permits to burn during prohibited burning times that have previously been refused by a Bush Fire Control Officer [reg 15]. Authority to recover the cost of measures taken by the Town of Bassendean or Bush Fire Control Officer, to extinguish a fire burning during Prohibited Burning Times, where the occupier of the land has failed to comply with requirements under s 28(1) to take all possible measures to extinguish a fire on the land they occupy [s 28(4)], including authority to recover expenses in any court of competent jurisdiction [s 28(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Nil. Decisions by the Mayor under s 17(7) and (8) must be in accordance with the process and requirements set out in the provisions.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3)
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.4 Restricted Burning Times – Vary and Control Activities

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 18(5), (11) Restricted burning times may be declared by FES Commissioner. s 22(6) and (7) Burning on exempt land and land adjoining exempt land. s 27(2) and (3) Prohibition on use of tractors or engines except under certain conditions. s 28(4) and (5) Occupier of land to extinguish bush fire occurring on own land. Bush Fire Regulations 1954: reg 15 Permit to burn (Act s 18), form of and apply for after refusal etc. reg 15C Local Government may prohibit burning on certain days.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority, where seasonal conditions warrant it and after consultation with an authorised <i>CALM Act</i> officer, to determine to vary the restricted burning times in respect of that year [s 18(5)].
	2. Authority, where a permitted burn fire escapes or is out of control in the opinion of the Bush Fire Control Officer or an officer of the Bush Fire Brigade, to determine to recoup bush fire brigade expenses arising from preventing extension of or extinguishing an out of control permitted burn [s 18(11)].
	 Authority to determine permits to burn during restricted times that have previously been refused by a Bush Fire Control Officer [reg 15].
	 Authority to determine to prohibit burning on Sundays or specified days that are public holidays in the District [reg 15C].
	5. Authority to arrange with the occupier of exempt land, the occupier of land adjoining it and the Bush Fire Brigade to cooperate in burning fire-breaks and require the occupier of adjoining land to provide by the date of the burning, ploughed or cleared fire-breaks parallel to the common boundary [s 22(6) and (7)].
	6. Authority to recover the cost of measures taken by the Town of Bassendean or Bush Fire Control Officer, to extinguish a fire burning during Restricted Burning Times, where the occupier of the land has failed to comply with requirements under s 28(1) to take all possible measures to extinguish a fire on the land they occupy [s 28(4)], including authority to



	recover expenses in any court of competent jurisdiction [s 28(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.5 Control of Operations Likely to Create Bush Fire Danger

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	Bush Fires Act 1954:s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 27D Requirements for carriage and deposit of incendiary material. Bush Fires Regulations 1954: reg 39C Welding and cutting apparatus, use of in open air. reg 39CA Bee smoker devices, use of in restricted or prohibited burning times etc. reg 39D Explosives, use of. reg 39E Fireworks, use of.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give directions to a Bush Fire Control Officer regarding matters necessary for the prevention of fire arising from: (a) a person operating a bee smoker device during a prescribed period [reg 39CA(5)]. (b) a person operating welding apparatus, a power operated abrasive cutting disc [reg 39C(3)]. (c) a person using explosives [reg 39D(2)]. (d) a person using fireworks [reg 39E(3) Authority to determine directions or requirements for the carriage and deposit of incendiary materials (hot or burning ash, cinders, hot furnace refuse, or any combustible matter that is burning) [s 27D]. Note: this authority is also prescribed to a Bush Fire Control Officer, a Bush Fire Liaison Officer or an authorised CALM Act officer.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3)
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.6 Burning Garden Refuse / Open Air Fires

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Bush Fires Act 1954: s 24F Burning garden refuse during limited burning times. s 24G Minister or local government may further restrict burning of garden refuse. s 25 No fire to be lit in open air unless certain precautions taken. s 25A Power of Minister to exempt from provisions of section 25. Bush Fires Regulations 1954: reg 27(3) Permit, issue of.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give written permission, during prohibited times and restricted times, for an incinerator located within 2 metres of a building or fence, only where satisfied it is not likely to create a fire hazard [s 24F(2)(b)(ii) and (4)]. Authority to prohibit or impose restrictions on the burning of garden refuse that is otherwise permitted under s 24F [s 24G(2)]. Authority to issue directions to an authorised officer as to the manner in which or the conditions under which permits to burn plants or plant refuse shall be issued in the District [reg 27(3) and reg 33(5)]. Authority to prohibit (object to) the issuing of a permit for the burning of a proclaimed plant growing upon any land within the District [reg 34]. Authority to provide written approval, during prohibited times and restricted times, for fires to be lit for the purposes of: a. camping or cooking [s 25(1)(a)]. b. conversion of bush into charcoal or for the production of lime, in consultation with an authorised <i>CALM Act</i> officer [s 25(1)(b)]. Authority to prohibit the lighting of fires in the open are for the purposes of camping or cooking for such period during the prohibited burning times as specified in a note published in the Gazette and newspaper circulating in the District and authority to vary such notice [s 25(1a) and s 25(1b)]. Authority to serve written notice on a person to whom an exemption has been given under s 25 for lighting a fire in open air, prohibiting that person from lighting a fire and to determine conditions on the notice [s 25A(5)].
Council Conditions on	Nil
this Delegation:	 Sub delegation is prohibited by a 49(2)
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).



Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.7 Firebreaks

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 33 Local government may require occupier of land to plough
	or clear fire-breaks.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give written notice to an owner or occupier of land or all owners or occupiers of land within the District, requiring, to the satisfaction of the Town of Bassendean: a. clearing of firebreaks as determined necessary and specified in the notice; and b. act in respect to anything which is on the land and is or is likely to be conducive to the outbreak of a bush fire or the spread or extension of a bush fire; and c. as a separate or coordinated action with any other person carry out similar actions [s 33(1)]. Authority to direct a Bush Fire Control Officer or any other employee to enter onto the land of an owner or occupier to carry out the requisitions of the notice which have not been complied with [s 33(4)]. Authority to recover any costs and expenses incurred in doing the acts, matters or things required to carry out the requisitions of the notice [s 33(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.8 Appoint Bush Fire Control Officer/s

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
•	
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 38 Local Government may appoint bush fire control officer.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to appoint persons to be Bush Fire Control Officers for the purposes of the <i>Bush Fires Act 1954;</i> and: a. Of those Officers, appoint one as the Chief Bush Fire Control Officer and one Deputy Chief Bush Fire Control Officer; and b. Determine the respective seniority of the other Bush Fire Officers so appointed [s 38(1)]. Authority to issue directions to a Bush Fire Control Officer to burn on or at the margins of a road reserve under the care, control and management of the Town of Bassendean [s 38(5A)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil – Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	 Firebreak and Fuel Load Notices.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.9 Control and Extinguishment of Bush Fires

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 46 Bush fire control officer or forest officer may postpone lighting fire.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to prohibit or postpose the lighting of a fire, despite a permit having been issued, where in the opinion of the Delegate the lighting of a fire would be or become a source of danger by escaping from the land on which it is proposed to be lit [s 46(1A)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.10 Recovery of Expenses Incurred through Contraventions of this Act

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 58 General penalty and recovery of expenses incurred.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to recover expenses incurred as a result of an offence against the Bush Fires Act, being expenses incurred through the fulfilment of a duty or doing anything for which the Act empowered or required the Town of Bassendean or those on behalf of the Town of Bassendean to do [s 58].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.11 Prosecution of Offences

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 59 Prosecution of offences.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Delegate:	Manager Development and Place
Function:	 Authority to institute and carry on proceedings against a person for an offence alleged to be committed against this Act [s 59].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Compliance Links:	Bush Fires Act 1954:
	 s 65 Proof of certain matters.
	 s 66 Proof of ownership or occupancy.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



3.1.12 Alternative Procedure – Infringement Notices

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 59A(2) Alternative procedure – infringement notices.
Delegate	Senior Ranger
Delegate:	Ranger
Function:	1. Authority to serve an infringement notice for an offence
	against this Act [s 59A(2)].
Council Conditions on	■ Nil.
this Delegation:	
Express Power to	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	Bush Fires Act 1954:
	 s 65 Proof of certain matters.
	s 66 Proof of ownership or occupancy.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



3.1.13 Withdrawal of Infringement Notices

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Delegate:	 s 48 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Bush Fires Act 1954:
Duty Delegated:	 s 59A(5) Alternative procedure – infringement notices.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Delegate.	Manager Development and Place
Function:	1. Authority to withdraw an infringement notice for an offence
	against this Act [s 59A(5)].
Council Conditions on	 Nil
this Delegation:	
Express Power to	 Sub-delegation is prohibited by s 48(3).
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	Bush Fires Act 1954:
	 s 65 Proof of certain matters.
	 s 66 Proof of ownership or occupancy.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



4 Cat Act 2011 Delegations

4.1 Council to CEO

4.1.1 Cat Registrations

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 44 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Cat Act 2011: s 9 Registration. s 10 Cancellation of registration. s 11 Registration numbers, certificates and tags. s 12 Register of Cats. s 13 Notice of certain decisions made under this subdivision. Cat Regulations 2012 Schedule 3, cl 1(4) Fees Payable.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to grant, or refuse to grant, a cat registration or renewal of a cat registration [s 9(1)]. Authority to refuse to consider an application for registration or renewal where an applicant does not comply with a requirement to give any document or information required to determine the application [s 9(6)]. Authority to cancel a cat registration [s 10]. Authority to give the cat owner a new registration certificate or tag, if satisfied that the original has been stolen, lost, damaged or destroyed [s 11(2)]. Authority to give notice of certain decisions to a cat owner [s 13]. Authority to reduce or waive a registration or approval to breed fee, in respect of any individual cat or any class of cats within the Town of Bassendean [Regulations Schedule 3 cl 1(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Notices of decisions must include advice as to Objection and Review rights in accordance with Part 4, Division 5 of the Cat Act 2011.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	<i>Cat Act 2011:</i>s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	 Ranger not to exercise powers under s 13. Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.



4.	Cat	Act	2011	Delegations

Compliance Links:	Cat Regulations 2012
	 reg 11 Application for registration (s 8(2)), prescribes the Form of applications for registration.
	 reg 12 Period of registration (s 9(7)).
	 reg 11 Changes in registration.
	 reg 14 Registration certificate (s 11(1)(b)).
	 reg 15 Registration tags (s 76(2)).
	 Decisions are subject to Objection and Review by the State Administrative Tribunal rights – refer Part 4, Division 5 of the Cat Act 2011.
	 Responsible Cats - Ownership Local Law 202106.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



4.1.2 Cat Control Notices

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate	 s 44 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Cat Act 2011:
-	
Duty Delegated:	 s 26 Cat control notice may be given to cat owner.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give a cat control notice to a person who is the owner of a cat ordinarily kept within the Town of Bassendean [s 26].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government
Sub-Delegate/s:	Senior Ranger
U	 Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Nil.
Compliance Links:	 Cat Regulations 2012 – reg 20 Cat control notice [s 23(3)], prescribes the Form of the notice. Responsible Cats Ownership Local Law 20062021.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



4.1.3 Approval to Breed Cats

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 44 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Cat Act 2011: s 37 Approval to Breed Cats. s 38 Cancellation of approval to breed cats. s 39 Certificate to be given to approved cat breeder. s 40 Notice to be given of certain decisions made under this subsection.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to grant or refuse to grant approval or renew an approval to breed cats [s 37(1) and (2)]. Authority to refuse to consider an application for registration or renewal where an applicant does not comply with a requirement to give any document or information required to determine the application [s 37(4)]. Authority to cancel an approval to breed cats [s 38]. Authority to give an approved breeder a new certificate or tag, if satisfied that the original has been stolen, lost, damaged or destroyed [s 39(2)]. Authority to give notice of certain decisions made under this subdivision to a cat owner.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Notices of decisions must include advice as to Objection and Review rights in accordance with Part 4, Division 5 of the Cat Act 2011.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Cat Act 2011: s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Cat Regulations 2012: reg 21 Application for approval to breed cats (s 36(2)). reg 22 Other circumstances leading to refusal of approval to breed cats (s 37(2)(f)). reg 23 Person who may not be refused approval to breed cats (s.37(5)). reg 24 Duration of approval to breed cats (s 37(6)). reg 25 Certificate given to approved cat breeder (s 39(1)). <i>Responsible Cats Ownership Local Law 20062021</i>.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



4.1.4 Appoint Authorised Persons (Revoked due to Act Amendment 7/11/2020)



4.1.5 Recovery of Costs – Destruction of Cats

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 44 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Cat Act 2011:
Duty Delegated:	 s 49(3) Authorised person may cause cat to be destroyed.
Buty Bologutou.	
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to recover the amount of the costs associated with
	the destruction and the disposal of a cat [s 49(3)].
Council Conditions on	■ Nil
this Delegation:	
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
-	 Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Responsible Cats Ownership Local Law 20062021.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



4.1.6 Applications to Keep Additional Cats

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 44 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Cat (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 2013:
Duty Delegated:	 reg 8 Application to keep additional number of cats
,	 reg 9 Grant of approval to keep additional number of cats
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to require any document or additional information required to determine an application [reg 8(3)]. Authority to refuse to consider an application if the applicant does not comply with a requirement to provide any document or information required to determine an application [reg 8(4)]. Authority to grant or refuse approval for additional number of cats specified in an application to be kept at the prescribed premises and to determine any condition reasonably necessary to ensure premises are suitable for the additional number of cats [reg 9].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Nil
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 <u>Responsible</u> Cats <u>Ownership</u> Local Law <u>20062021</u>.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



4.1.7 Reduce or Waiver Registration Fee

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 44 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Cat Regulations 2012:
Duty Delegated:	 Schedule 3 Fees clause 1(4).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to reduce or waiver a fee payable under Schedule 3 clauses (2) or (3) of the <i>Cat Regulations 2012</i> in respect to any individual cat or class of cat.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This delegation does not provide authority to determine to reduce or waiver the fees payable in regard to any class of cat within the District. This matter requires a Council decision in accordance with s. 6.16, s. 6.17 and s. 6.18 of the Local Government Act 1995.
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
-	 Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Delegates exercising this delegation require the authorisation of two delegates, one of whom must be the Manager Development and Place.
Compliance Links:	 Responsible Cats Ownership Local Law 20062021.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



4.2 Cat Act Delegations - CEO to Employees

4.2.1 Infringement Notices – Extensions and Withdrawals

Delegator:	Chief Executive Officer
Express Power to	Cat Act 2011:
Delegate:	 s 45 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Express Power or	Cat Act 2011:
Duty Delegated:	 s 64 Extension of time.
Duty Delegated.	 s 65 Withdrawal of notice.
Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
Delegate/s.	 Manager Development and Place
Function:	1. Authority to extend the period of 28 days within which
T unction.	the modified penalty may be paid and the extension may be allowed whether or not the period of 28 days has elapsed [s 64].2. Authority, within one year of the infringement notice
	being given and whether or not the modified penalty has been paid, to withdraw an infringement notice [s 65].
CEO Conditions on this Delegation:	 Delegates exercising this delegation require the authorisation of two delegates, one of whom must be the Manager Development and Place or Senior Ranger. The delegate authorised to issue the infringement cannot be the same delegate authorised to withdraw the infringement.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	• Nil
Compliance Links:	Cat Regulations 2012:
	 reg 28 Withdrawal of infringement notice (s 65(1)). Responsible Cats Ownership Local Law 202106.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5. Dog Act 1976 Delegations

5 *Dog Act* 1976 Delegations

5.1 Dog Act Delegations Council to CEO

5.1.1 Part Payment of Sterilisation Costs / Directions to Veterinary Surgeons

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10A Payments to veterinary surgeons towards costs of sterilisation.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine where a resident who is the owner of a registered dog, would suffer hardship in paying the whole of the cost of sterilisation and determine to pay part of such costs to a maximum value of \$200.00 [s 10A(1)(a) and (3)]. Authority to give written directions to a veterinary surgeon to be complied with as a condition of part payment of the cost of sterilisation [s 10A(1)(b) and (2)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Delegates exercising this designation must confer with the Manager Finance to obtain relevant information about the subject resident.
Compliance Links:	 Dog Local Law 2019
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5. Dog Act 1976 Delegations

5.1.2 Refuse or Cancel Registration

Express Power to Delegate: Dog Act 1976: Express Power or Duty Delegated: or Act 1976: Duty Delegated: or Act 1976: Solution: s 15(2) and s 15(4A) Registration periods and fees. s 15(3) Registration procedure. s 17(4) and (6) Refusal or cancellation of registration. s 17(4) and (6) Refusal or cancellation of registration and refunct the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. Chief Executive Officer Function: 1 Authority to determine to refuse a dog registration and refunct the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. 2. Authority to determine to refuse a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has beer convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences against this Act, the Cat Act 2011 or the Animal Welfare Act 2002 or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectively confined in or at premises where the dog is ordinarily kept; or (c) the delegate is not satisfied that the dog is ordinarily kept; or (d) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. 3. Authority to discount or waive a registration fee, including a concessional fee, for any individual dog or any class of dogs within the Town [s 15(4A)]. 4. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to refuse or	Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power or Duty Delegated: Dog Act 1976: • s 15(2) and s 15(4A) Registration periods and fees. • s 15(3) Registration procedure. • s 17(4) and (6) Refusal or cancellation of registration. • s 17(4) and (6) Refusal or cancellation of registration. • s 19 Refund of fee on cancellation. • s 19 Refund of fee on cancellation. Delegate: Chief Executive Officer Function: 1. Authority to determine to refuse a dog registration and refunct the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. 2. Authority to direct the registration officer to refuse to effect or renew or to cancel the registration of a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has beer convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences agains this Act, the Cat Act 2011 or the Animal Welfare Act 2002 or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease; or (c) the deg is required to be microchipped but is noi microchipped; or (e) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. 3. Authority to discount or waive a registration fee, including a concessional fee, for any individual dog or any class of dogs within the Town [s 15(4A)]. 4. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to be reviewed [s 17(4)]. 5. Authority to refund such amount as prescribed of the be detained or destroyed or otherwise disposed of as though it had been		Dog Act 1976:
Duty Delegated: • s 15(2) and s 15(4A) Registration periods and fees. s 16(3) Registration procedure. • s 17A(2) If no application for registration made. • s 17A(2) If no application for registration of registration. • s 19 Refund of fee on cancellation. Delegate: Chief Executive Officer Function: 1. Authority to determine to refuse a dog registration and refunct the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. 2. Authority to direct the registration of a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has beer convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences against this Act, the Cat Act 2011 or the Animal Welfare Act 2002 or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease; or (c) the delegate is not satisfied that the dog is or will be effectively confined in or at premises where the dog is ordinarily kept; or (d) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. 3. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to refuse or cancel a registration and the applicant or owner has papied to the State Administrative Tribunal for the decision to be reviewed [s 17(4)]. 4. Authority to orphoving a decision to refuse of as though within the Town [s 15(7A)]. 5. Authority to orphoving a decision to section 31, 32 or 33A and had not been claimed [s 17(6)].		
Delegate: Chief Executive Officer Function: 1. Authority to determine to refuse a dog registration and refunct the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. 2. Authority to direct the registration of a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has beer convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences agains this Act, the Cat Act 2011 or the Animal Welfare Act 2002 or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease; or (c) the delegate is not satisfied that the dog is or will be effectively confined in or at premises where the dog is ordinarily kept; or (d) the dog is required to be microchipped but is not microchipped; or (e) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to refuse or cancel a registration and the applicant or owner has not applied to the State Administrative Tribunal for the decision to be reviewed [s 17(4)]. Authority, following seizure, to determine to cause the dog to be detained or destroyed or otherwise disposed of as though it had been found in contravention of section 31, 32 or 33A and had not been claimed [s 17(6)]. Authority to refund such amount as prescribed of the second such and the applicant contravention of section 31, 32 or 33A and had not been claimed [s 17(6)].		 s 15(2) and s 15(4A) Registration periods and fees. s 16(3) Registration procedure. s 17A(2) If no application for registration made. s 17(4) and (6) Refusal or cancellation of registration.
 the fee, if any [s 16(2)]. Authority to direct the registration officer to refuse to effect or renew or to cancel the registration of a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has beer convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences agains this Act, the <i>Cat Act 2011</i> or the <i>Animal Welfare Act 2002</i> or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease; or (c) the delegate is not satisfied that the dog is or will be effectively confined in or at premises where the dog is ordinarily kept; or (d) the dog is required to be microchipped but is not microchipped; or (e) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. Authority to discount or waive a registration fee, including a concessional fee, for any individual dog or any class of dogs within the Town [s 15(4A)]. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to refuse or cancel a registration and the applicant or owner has not applied to the State Administrative Tribunal for the decision to be reviewed [s 17(4)]. Authority, following seizure, to determine to cause the dog to be detained or destroyed or otherwise disposed of as though it had been found in contravention of section 31, 32 or 33A and had not been claimed [s 17(6)]. 	Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
	Function:	 Authority to direct the registration officer to refuse to effect or renew or to cancel the registration of a dog, and to give notice of such decisions, where: (a) the applicant, owner or registered owner has been convicted of an offence or paid a modified penalty within the past 3 years in respect of 2 or more offences against this Act, the <i>Cat Act 2011</i> or the <i>Animal Welfare Act 2002</i>; or (b) the dog is determined to be destructive, unduly mischievous or to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease; or (c) the delegate is not satisfied that the dog is or will be effectively confined in or at premises where the dog is ordinarily kept; or (d) the dog is required to be microchipped but is not microchipped; or (e) the dog is a dangerous dog [s 16(3) and s 17A(2)]. Authority to discount or waive a registration fee, including a concessional fee, for any individual dog or any class of dogs within the Town [s 15(4A)]. Authority to apply to a Justice of the Peace for an order to seize a dog where, following a decision to refuse or cancel a registration and the applicant or owner has not applied to the State Administrative Tribunal for the decision to be reviewed [s 17(4)]. Authority, following seizure, to determine to cause the dog to be detained or destroyed or otherwise disposed of as though it had been found in contravention of section 31, 32 or 33A and had not been claimed [s 17(6)]. Authority to refund such amount as prescribed of the registration fee on cancellation of registration and return by
		 The CEO may sub-delegate to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the



5. Dog Act 1976 Delegations

Express Power to Sub-Delegate: Sub-Delegate/s: CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties. Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Dog Act 1976 s 17A If no application for registration made – procedure for giving notice of decision under s 16(3). Note: Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal – s 16A; s17(4); s 17(6). Dog Local Law 2019
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.3 Appoint Authorised Persons (Registration Officers) (Revoked due to Act Amendment 7/11/2020)



5.1.4 Recovery of Moneys Due Under this Act

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	Dog Act 1976: • s 29(1) Power to seize dogs. • s 29(5) Power to seize dogs.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to appoint authorised persons to carry out the functions conferred by the <i>Dog Act 1976</i> [s 29(1)]. Authority to recover moneys, in a court of competent jurisdiction, due in relation to a dog for which the owner is liable [s 29(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in s 29(5) of this Delegation. The CEO may not further delegate the powers and duties contained in s 29(1) of this Delegation.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate: Sub-Delegate/s:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties. Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Includes recovery of expenses relevant to: \$ 30A(3) Operator of dog management facility may have dog microchipped at owner's expense. \$ 33M Local government expenses to be recoverable. \$ 47 Veterinary service expenses recoverable from local government. reg 31 Local government expenses as to dangerous dogs (declared). Dogs Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.5 Dispose of or Sell Dogs Liable to be Destroyed

Delevatory	Least Covernment
Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or	Dog Act 1976:
Duty Delegated:	 s 29(11) Power to seize dogs.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to dispose of or sell a dog which is liable to be destroyed [s 29(11)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation. Proceeds from the sale of dogs are to be directed into the Municipal Fund.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	The exercise of this delegation requires the approval of two delegates, one of which must be either the Manager Development and Place or the Senior Ranger.
Compliance Links:	 Dog Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.6 Declare Dangerous Dog

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Dog Act 1976: s 33E(1) Individual dog may be declared to be dangerous dog (declared).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to declare an individual dog to be a dangerous dog [s 33E(1)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Dog Act 1976: S 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
	The exercise of this delegation requires the approval of two delegates, one of which must be the either the Manager Development and Place or the Senior Ranger.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal. Dog Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.7 Dangerous Dog Declared or Seized – Deal with Objections and Determine when to Revoke

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Dog Act 1976: s 33F(6) Owners to be notified of making of declaration s 33G(4) Seizure and destruction. s 33H(1), (2) and (5) Local government may revoke declaration or proposal to destroy.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to consider and determine to either dismiss or uphold an objection to the declaration of a dangerous dog [s 33F(6)]. Authority to consider and determine to either dismiss or uphold an objection to seizure of a dangerous dog [s 33G(4)]. Authority to revoke a declaration of a dangerous dog or revoke notice proposing to cause a dog to be destroyed, only where satisfied that the dog can be kept without likelihood of any contravention of this Act [s 33H(1)]. Authority to, before dealing with an application to revoke a declaration or notice, require the owner of the dog to attend with the dog a course in behaviour and training or otherwise demonstrate a change in the behaviour of the dog [s 33H(2)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation. Delegation of the s 33F power to deal with an objection to a dangerous dog declaration should not be delegated to the same person or position who is authorised to exercise s 33E powers enabling the declaration of a dangerous dog.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	<i>Dog Act 1976:</i> s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal. Dog Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.8 Deal with Objection to Notice to Revoke Dangerous Dog Declaration or Destruction Notice

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Express Power or	Dog Act 1976:
Duty Delegated:	 s 33H(5) Local government may revoke declaration or proposal to destroy.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to consider and determine to either dismiss or uphold an objection to a decision to revoke [s 33H(5)]:
	(a) a notice declaring a dog to be dangerous; or
	(b) a notice proposing to cause a dog to be destroyed.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may further delegate (sub-delegate) to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation. Delegation of the s 33H(5) power to deal with an objection should not be delegated to the same person or position authorised to exercise s 33H(1) or s 33H(2).
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Dog Act 1976: s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for
	review by the State Administrative Tribunal.Dog Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.9 Determine Recoverable Expenses for Dangerous Dog Declaration

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	 s 10AA Delegation of local government powers and duties
Express Power or	Dog Act 1976:
Duty Delegated:	 s 33M(1)(a) Local Government expenses to be recoverable.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine the reasonable charge to be paid by an owner at the time of payment of the registration fee under s 15, up to any maximum amount prescribed, having regard to the expenses incurred by the Town of Bassendean in making inquiries, investigations and inspections concerning the behaviour of a dog declared to be dangerous [s 33H(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 The Chief Executive Officer may sub-delegate to employees which the CEO has determined as being suitably capable of fulfilling the powers and duties contained in this Delegation. Delegation does not include s 33M(1)(b) as the setting of a fixed fee should occur by Council resolution in accordance with s 6.16 Imposition of fees and charges, <i>Local Government Act 1995.</i>
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 10AA(3) Delegation of local government powers and duties.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal. Dog Local Law 2019.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



5.1.10 Grant an Exemption to Keep More than Two Dogs

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Delegate:	s 10AA Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Dog Act 1976 s. 26(3)
Duty Delegated:	 Grant of exemption to keep more than two dogs over
	the age of three months at a premise.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. The authority to grant an exemption for the keeping of dogs at a premise where a kennel licence is not required and the number of dogs exceeds two as specified in the <i>Dogs Local Law 2019</i> and apply conditions to the exemption.
Council Conditions	(1) An exemption may only be granted where the
on this Delegation:	premises comply in all respects with the provisions of the
	 Act and Local Law. (2) Prior to determining the application for an exemption, all adjoining neighbours are required to be consulted and provided opportunity to make written submission on the application. Documentation of the consultation to be recorded in the Town's document management system. (3) This delegation is not to be exercised where: an applicant requests in writing that Council determine the application. one or more objections are received which, in the opinion of the delegated officer, raise genuine amenity concerns with the proposed exemption. the applications involves the keeping of more than 3 dogs that have reached 3 months of age; and/or the applications involves the keeping of a dog under the age of three months unless it is a pup of a dog whose keeping is authorised by the exemption. (4) The granting of an exemption is to include the following conditions: Any approval issued by the delegator to the applicant is not transferable or assignable either to any other occupier of the premises or to any other
	premises within the District.
	 The exemption may be revoked or varied at any time
Express Douter to	time.
Express Power to	Dog Act 1976:
Sub-Delegate:	s 10AA Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	Manager Development and Place



	Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	Dogs Local Law 2019
	Dog Act 1976
	Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review
	by the State Administrative Tribunal
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's
	document management system.



6 *Food Act 2008* Delegations

6.1 Council to CEO

6.1.1 Determine Compensation

Delegator:	Local Government (s 8 defined as 'enforcement agency')
Express Power to Delegate:	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118(3) Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Food Act 2008: s 56(2) Compensation to be paid in certain circumstances. s 70(2) and (3) Compensation.
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Environmental Health Officer
Function:	 Authority to determine applications for compensation in relation to any item seized, if no contravention has been committed and the item cannot be returned [s 56(2)]. Authority to determine an application for compensation from a person on whom a prohibition notice has been served and who has suffered loss as the result of the making of the order and who considers that there were insufficient grounds for making the order [s 70(2); 70(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 In accordance with s 118(3)(b), this delegation is subject to relevant Department of Health Chief Executive Officer Guidelines, as amended from time to time.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



6.1.2 Prohibition Orders

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118(3) Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Food Act 2008: \$ 65(1) Prohibition orders. \$ 66 Certificate of clearance to be given in certain circumstances. \$ 67(4) Request for re-inspection.
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Manager Development and Place Senior Environmental Health Officer Environmental Health Officer
Function:	 Authority to serve a prohibition order on the proprietor of a food business in accordance with s 65 of the <i>Food Act 2008</i> [s 65(1)]. Authority to give a certificate of clearance, where inspection demonstrates compliance with a prohibition order and any relevant improvement notices [s 66]. Authority to give written notice to proprietor of a food business on whom a prohibition order has been served of the decision not to give a certificate of clearance after an inspection [s 67(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 In accordance with s 118(3)(b), this delegation is subject to relevant Department of Health Chief Executive Officer Guidelines, as amended from time to time.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



6.1.3 Food Business Registrations

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency (local government s 8) may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118(3) Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Food Act 2008: s 110(1) and s 110(5) Registration of food business. s 112 Variation of conditions or cancellation of registration of food businesses.
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Manager Development and Place Senior Environmental Health Officer Environmental Health Officer
Function:	 Authority to consider applications and determine registration of a food business and grant the application with or without conditions or refuse the registration [s 110(1) and s 110(5)]. Authority to vary the conditions or cancel the registration of a food business [s 112].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil – Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Note – Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal. The Australia and New Zealand Food Authority: Priority Classification System for Food Businesses. Department of Health, WA Food Regulation: Food Business Risk Profiling – Guidance to the classification of food businesses,
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



6.1.4 Appoint Authorised Officers and Designated Officers

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118(3) Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Food Act 2008: s 122(1) Appointment of authorised officers s 126(6), (7) and (13) Infringement Officers
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place
Function:	 Authority to appoint a person to be an authorised officer for the purposes of the <i>Food Act 2008</i> [s 122(2)]. Authority to appoint an Authorised Officer appointed under s 122(2) of this Act or s 24(1) of the <i>Public Health Act 2016</i>, to be a Designated Officer for the purposes of issuing Infringement Notices under the <i>Food Act 2008</i> [s 126(13)]. Authority to appoint an Authorised Officer to be a Designated Officer (who is prohibited by s 126(13) from also being a Designated Officer for the purpose of issuing infringements), for the purpose of extending the time for payment of modified penalties [s 126(6)] and determining withdrawal of an infringement notice [s 126(7).
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil – Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 s 122(3) requires an Enforcement Agency to maintain a list of appointed authorised officers. s 123(1) requires an Enforcement Agency to provide each Authorised Officer with a Certificate of Authority as prescribed.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



6.1.5 Debt Recovery and Prosecutions

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate: Express Power or	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118(3) Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations. Food Act 2008:
Duty Delegated:	 s 54 Cost of destruction or disposal of forfeited item. s 125 Institution of proceedings.
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place Senior Environmental Health Officer
Function:	 Authority to recover costs incurred in connection with the lawful destruction or disposal of an item (seized) including any storage costs [s 54(1)] and the costs of any subsequent proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction [s 54(3). Authority to institute proceedings for an offence under the <i>Food Act 2008</i> [s 125].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Exercise of the power under s 54 is confined to the Chief Executive Officer and the Manager Development and Place. In accordance with s 118(3)(b), this delegation is subject to relevant Department of Health Chief Executive Officer Guidelines, as amended from time to time.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 s 143(1) publication of names of offenders (by the Department of Health CEO).
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



6.1.6 Food Businesses List – Public Access

Delegator:	Local Government (s 8 defined as 'enforcement agency')
Express Power to Delegate:	 Food Act 2008: s 118 Functions of enforcement agencies and delegation. s 118 (2)(b) Enforcement agency may delegate a function conferred on it. s 118 Delegation subject to conditions [s 119] and guidelines adopted [s 120]. s 118(4) Sub-delegation permissible only if expressly provided in regulations.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Food Regulations 2009: reg 51 Enforcement agency may make list of food businesses publicly available.
Delegate:	 Chief Executive Officer Manager Development and Place Senior Environmental Health Officer Environmental Health Officer
Function:	1. Authority to decide to make a list of food businesses maintained under s 115(a) or s 115(b) publicly available [reg 51].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 In accordance with s 118(3)(b), this delegation is subject to relevant Department of Health Chief Executive Officer Guidelines, as amended from time to time.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 NIL – Food Regulations 2009 do not provide for sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	 Department of Health Chief Executive Officer Guidelines as amended from time to time.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



7 Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016 Delegations

7.1 Council to CEO

7.1.1 Give Notice Requiring Obliteration of Graffiti

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Delegate:	 s 16 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Duty Delegated:	 s 18(2) Notice requiring removal of graffiti.
	 s 19(3) and s 19(4) Additional powers when notice is given.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give written notice to a person who is an owner or occupier of property on which graffiti is applied, requiring the person to ensure that the graffiti is obliterated in an acceptable manner, within the time set out in the notice [s 18(2)]. Authority, where a person fails to comply with a notice, to do anything considered necessary to obliterate the graffiti in an acceptable manner [s 19(3)] and to take action to recover costs incurred as a debt due from the person who failed to comply with the notice [s 19(4)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 17 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
	 Ranger
CEO Conditions on	• Nil.
this Sub-Delegation:	
Compliance Links:	 Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



7.1.2 Notices – Deal with Objections and Give Effect to Notices

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Delegate:	 s 16 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Duty Delegated:	 s 22(3) Objection may be lodged.
	 s 24(1)(b) & (3) Suspension of effect of notice.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to deal with an objection to a notice [s 22(3)]. Authority, where an objection has been lodged, to: (a) determine and take action to give effect to the notice, where it is determined that there are urgent reasons or an endangerment to public safety or likely damage to property or serious nuisance, if action is not taken [s 24(1)(b)]; and (b) to give notice to the affected person, before taking the necessary actions [s 24(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 17 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on	 Nil.
this Sub-Delegation:	
Compliance Links:	 Decisions under this delegation may be referred for review by the State Administrative Tribunal.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



7.1.3 Obliterate Graffiti on Private Property

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Delegate:	 s 16 Delegation by local government.
Express Power or	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Duty Delegated:	 s 25(1) Local government graffiti powers on land not local government property.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority to determine to obliterate graffiti applied without consent of the owner or occupier, even though the land on which it is done is not local government property and the local government does not have consent [s 25(1)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 Subject to exercising Powers of Entry under Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016.
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 17 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the
this Sub-Delegation:	sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



7.1.4 Powers of Entry

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Delegate:	 s 16 Delegation by local government
Express Power or	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Duty Delegated:	 s 28 Notice of entry.
	 s 29 Entry under warrant.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Authority to give notice of an intended entry to the owner or occupier of land, premises or thing, specifying the purpose for which entry is required [s 28]. Authority to obtain a warrant to enable entry onto any land, premises or thing for the purposes of this Act [s 29].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to	Graffiti Vandalism Act 2016:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 17 Delegation by CEO of local government.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning
	 Manager Development and Place
	 Senior Ranger
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	• Nil.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



8 Public Health Act 2016 Delegations

8.1.1 Designate Authorised Officers

Delegator:	Enforcement Agency (means at s 4(1) a Local Government)
Express Power to	Public Health Act 2016:
Delegate:	 s 21 Enforcement agency may delegate.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Public Health Act 2016 s 24(1) and (3) Designation of authorised officers.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	Authority to designate a person or class of persons as authorised officers for the purposes of:
	 The <i>Public Health Act 2016</i> or other specified Act. Specified provisions of the <i>Public Health Act 2016</i> or another specified Act; Provisions of the <i>Public Health Act 2016</i> or another specified
	Act, other than the specified provisions of that Act.
	 Including: 4. an environmental health officer or environmental health officers as a class; or 5. a person who is not an environmental health officer or a class of persons who are not environmental health officers; or 6. a combination of the two [s 24(1) and s 24(3)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This delegation is subject to each person so appointed being: Appropriately qualified and experienced [s 25(1)(a)]; and Issued with a certificate, badge or identity card identifying the authorised officer [s 30 and s 31]. A Register (list) of authorised officers is to be maintained in accordance with s 27.
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil – Unless a Regulation enacted under the <i>Public Health</i> Act 2016, specifically authorises a delegated power or duty of an enforcement agency to be further delegated [s 21(4)].
Compliance Links:	 Public Health Act 2016 s 20 Conditions on performance of functions by enforcement agencies. s 25 Certain authorised officers required to have qualifications and experience. s 26 Further provisions relating to designations. s 27 Lists of authorised officers to be maintained. s 28 When designation as authorised officer ceases. s 29 Chief Health Officer may issue guidelines about qualifications and experience of authorised officers. s 30 Certificates of authority. s 31 Issuing and production of certificate of authority for purposes of other written laws. s 32 Certificate of authority to be returned. s 136 Authorised officer to produce evidence of authority.



		Criminal Investigation Act 2006, Parts 6 and 13 – refer s 245 of the Public Health Act 2016. The Criminal Code, Chapter XXVI – refer s 252 of the Public Health Act 2016.
Record Keeping:	•	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



8.1.2 Enforcement Agency Reports to the Chief Health Officer

Delegator:	Enforcement Agency (means Local Government vide s.4 definition)
Express Power to	Public Health Act 2016:
Delegate:	s.21 Enforcement agency may delegate
Express Power or	Public Health Act 2016
Duty Delegated:	s.22 Reports by and about enforcement agencies
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function: This is a precis only. Delegates must act with full understanding of the legislation and conditions relevant to this delegation.	 Authority to prepare and provide to the Chief Health Officer, the Local Government's report on the performance of its functions under this Act and the performance of functions by persons employed or engaged by the Town of Bassendean [s.22(1)] Authority to prepare and provide to the Chief Health Officer, a report detailing any proceedings for an offence under this Act [s.22(2)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	Nil.
Compliance Links:	<i>Public Health Act 2016</i> s.20 Conditions on performance of functions by enforcement agencies.
Record Keeping:	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



8.1.3 Determine Compensation for Seized Items

Delegator:	Enforcement Agency (means Local Government vide s.4 definition)
Express Power to	Public Health Act 2016:
Delegate:	s.21 Enforcement agency may delegate
Express Power or	Public Health Act 2016
Duty Delegated:	s.264 Compensation
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	1. Authority, in response to an application for compensation, to determine compensation that is just and reasonable in relation to any item seized under Part 16 if there has been no contravention of the Act and the item cannot be returned or has in consequence of the seizure depreciated in value [s.264].
Council Conditions on	a. Compensation is limited to a maximum value of \$5,000, with
this Delegation:	any proposal for compensation above this value to be referred for
	Council's determination.
Express Power to	Nil.
Sub-Delegate:	
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



9. Health (Asbestos) Regulations 1992

9 HEALTH (ASBESTOS REGULATIONS) 19929.1.1 Appoint Authorised Officer or Approved Officer

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Health (Asbestos) Regulations 1992: Reg 15D(7) Infringement Notices
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	Health (Asbestos) Regulations 1992:Reg 15D(5) Infringement Notices
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
	Senior Environmental Health Officer
Function:	1. Authority to appoint a person or classes of persons as an authorised officer or approved officer for the purposes of the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 2004</i> Part 2 [reg 15D(5)].
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	Subject to each person so appointed being issued with a certificate, badge or identity card identifying the officer as a person authorised to issue infringement notices [reg 15D(6)].
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Nil – the Health (Asbestos) Regulations 1992 do not provide a power to sub-delegate.
Compliance Links	 Criminal Procedure Act 2004 – Part 2
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system. Instruments or Certificates of Authorisation – Copies are to be retained on the Authorised Person's personnel file. A record of each Authorisation is to be retained in the Authorised Persons Register, retained as a Local Government Record.



10 Planning and Development Act 2005

10. 1.1 Illegal Development

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42(b) Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO.
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 Planning and Development Act 2005: Section 214 Illegal development, responsible authority's powers as to ss 214(2), 214(3) and 214(5).
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	 Give a written direction to the owner or any other person undertaking an unauthorised development to stop, and not recommence, the development or that part of the development that is undertaken in contravention of the planning scheme, interim development order or planning control area requirements; Give a written direction to the owner or any other person who undertook an unauthorised development: (a) remove, pull down, take up, or alter the development; and (b) to restore the land as nearly as practicable to its condition immediately before the development started, to the satisfaction of the responsible authority. Give a written direction to the person whose duty it is to execute work to execute that work where it appears that delay in the execution of the work to be executed under a planning scheme or interim development order would prejudice the effective operation of the planning scheme or interim development order.
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil
Express Power to Sub-Delegate:	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community PlanningManager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	• Nil.
Compliance Links:	 Part 13, Planning and Development Act 2005.
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



10.1.2 Issue Written Notice – proposed road or waterways, drawings etc required

Delegator:	Local Government		
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:		
Delegate:	 s 5.42(b) Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. 		
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO. 		
Express Power or	Planning and Development Act 2005:		
Duty Delegated:	• s 170(3) issue written notice to require a person subdividing		
	 land to do certain things. s 170(4)(b) issue written notice require a person subdividing. 		
	 s 170(4)(b) issue written notice require a person subdividing land to amend certain things. 		
	U		
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer		
Function:	 s 170(3)(a) issue written notice requiring person to amend the 		
	drawings or specifications or both; and		
	 comply with such further conditions. 170(4) issue written notice requiring nersen to emand the 		
	 s 170(4) issue written notice requiring person to amend the drawings or specifications or both to satisfy s 169 minimum 		
	standards.		
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	• Nil		
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:		
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other 		
Ū	employees.		
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning 		
	 Manager Development and Place 		
CEO Conditions on	• Nil.		
this Sub-Delegation:			
Compliance Links:	 Part 13, <i>Planning and Development Act 2005.</i> s 169 Roads and waterways, minimum standards of 		
	 s 169 Roads and waterways, minimum standards of construction for. 		
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's 		
1 0	document management system.		



10.1.3 Deemed Provisions for Local Planning Scheme

Delegator:	Local Government
Express Power to Delegate: Express Power or	 Local Government Act 1995: s 5.42(b) Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO. Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015, Schedule 2, Part 9, Division 2: cl 82 – Delegations by Local Government. Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes)
Duty Delegated:	 Regulations 2015, Schedule 2, Part 9, Division 2: cl 68 – Determination of applications cl 70 – Form and date of determination cl 77 – Amending or cancelling applications. Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panels) Regulations 2011: Regulation 17A – Amendment or cancellation of development approval by responsible authority.
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer
Function:	To determine an application for development approval or an application to amend or cancel a development approval by -
Council Conditions on this Delegation:	 This delegation is not to be exercised where: an applicant requests in writing that Council determine the application. the originating application on a proposal was considered and determined by Council, all subsequent applications on the same proposal are to be presented to Council for determination unless in the opinion of a delegated officer, it is of a minor or insignificant nature. Determinations are limited to the following matters only: uses that are noted with a "P" in Table 1 of the Local Planning Scheme that are permitted as of right subject to compliance with the requirements of the Local Planning Scheme. Uses that are shown as "D" or "A" in the zoning table of the Local Planning Scheme. Ginema or Theatre. Fast Food Outlet, unless the outlet is located inside a shopping centre. Hotel. Industry – Mining. Night Club. Restricted Premises. Tavern.



	 Development of land where the requirements of the Local Planning Scheme, State Planning Policies and/or Local Planning Policies have been complied with.
	 Development of land where the requirements of the Local Planning Scheme, State Planning Policies and/or Local Planning Policies have not been complied with but where, in the opinion of the delegated officer: the proposal is consistent with the objectives of the Local Planning Scheme and relevant Policy; the proposal would not have a detrimental impact on the streetscape or any other property; or the variation is minor in nature; or the variation can be overcome by imposing a condition(s) on any development approval granted, or modifying the design of the development
	 or modifying the design of the development. Where advertising of the application is required: consent, no objection or no response is received from those consulted; or in the opinion of the delegated officer, the proposal is consistent with the objectives and intent of the Local Planning Scheme and any Policy, as well as the principles of orderly and proper planning; or in the opinion of the delegated officer, the proposal is consistent with the objectives and intent of the Local Planning Scheme and any Policy; or any objection received can be overcome by imposing a condition(s) on any a development approval granted, or modifying the design of the development; or the objection does not relate to valid planning and development considerations associated with the proposal.
	 is received from adjoining landowners during consultation. Telecommunications Infrastructure within commercial and industrial zones to a maximum height of thirty (30)
	metres.
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes)
	Regulations 2015, Schedule 2, Part 9, Division 2:
	 cl 83 – Local Government CEO may delegate powers.
Sub-Delegate/s:	 Director Community Planning Manager Development and Place
	 Manager Development and Place Senior Planner
CEO Conditions on	Senior Planner
this Sub-Delegation:	



	This delegation does not apply to applications within Special Control Areas, on the Heritage List, in designated bushfire prone areas or in the floodway or flood fringe, and is applicable for approvals only.				
	Determination for approval of the application types listed belo including where there are additions to existing approv developments:				
	- Outbuildings				
	- Patios				
	- Habitable additions				
	- Ancillary Dwelling				
	- Fences and retaining walls				
	- Swimming pools and spas				
	- Solar panels				
	- Single Dwelling				
	- Home Occupation				
	 Carports Non-habitable additions Two grouped dwellings 				
	 Extension of development approvals for up to 2 years from the original expiry date. 				
	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.				
Compliance Links:	 Town of Bassendean Local Planning Policies. 				
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system. 				



10.1.4 Other Matters

Delegator:	Local Government			
Express Power to	Local Government Act 1995:			
Delegate:	 s 5.42(b) Delegation of some powers or duties to the CEO. 			
	 s 5.43 Limitations on delegations to the CEO. 			
Express Power or Duty Delegated:	 See relevant provisions and clauses set out in functions below for: Planning and Development Act 2005 			
	 Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 			
	 Local Town Planning Scheme 4A Local Town Planning Scheme 10 			
Delegate:	Chief Executive Officer			
Function:	 Structure Plans (a) The determination under Clause 17(1) of the Deemed Provisions as to whether a structure plan complies with the requirements of Clause 16(1), or if further information is required before the structure plan can be accepted for assessment and advertising. (b) The advertising of a structure plan under Clause 18(2) of the Deemed Provisions. (c) The provision of advice and assistance to the Commission under Clause 23 of the Deemed Provisions. (d) The determination that advertising of an amendment to a structure plan is not required, where it is minor in nature, under Clause 29(3) of the Deemed Provisions. 			
	 (e) The preparation of a report and recommendation on an amendment to a structure plan, under Clause 20 of the Deemed Provisions, where it is determined that the amendment is minor in nature and advertising is not required. 2. Activity Centre Plans 			
	 (a) The determination under Clause 33(1) of the Deemed Provisions as to whether an activity centre structure plan complies with the requirements of Regulation 32(1), or if further information is required before the structure plan can be accepted for assessment and advertising. 			
	 (b) The advertising of an activity centre structure plan under Clause 34(2) of the Deemed Provisions. 			
	(c) The provision of advice and assistance to the Commission under Clause 39 of the Deemed Provisions.			
	(d) The determination that advertising of an amendment to a structure plan is not required, where it is minor in nature, under Clause 45(3) of the Deemed Provisions.			



	(e)	The preparation of a report and recommendation on an
		amendment to an activity centre structure plan, under Clause 36 , where it is determined that the amendment is minor in nature and advertising is not required.
	2 10	cal Dovelopment Plans
	(a)	Plan under Clause 50(3) of the Deemed Provisions.
	(b)	without conditions under Clause 52(1)(a) of the Deemed Provisions.
	(c)	The determination to require modifications to a Local Development Plan under a Clause 52(1)(b) of the Deemed Provisions.
	(d)	The determination to amend an approved Local Development Plan under Clause 59(1) of the Deemed Provisions.
	(e)	The refusal of a Local Development Plan under Clause 52(1)(c) of the Deemed Provisions.
	4. He	ritage
	(a)	
	(b)	The determination under Clause 11 of the Deemed Provisions to require a Heritage Assessment to be carried out prior to the approval of any development proposed in heritage area or a place on a heritage list.
	(c)	The determination under Clause 12 (1-3) of the Deemed Provisions to vary site or development requirements, subject to undertaking public consultation to preserve the heritage values of a heritage area or a place on a heritage list or on the Register of Heritage Places.
	(d)	The determination under Clause 13 (1-6) of the Deemed Provisions to consider a place on a heritage list is not being properly maintained and to give a person who is the owner or occupier of the heritage place a written notice requiring specified repairs to the heritage place, or extend or revoke a notice.
	5. To	wn Planning Scheme No. 4A
	The	e review of estimated costs, acceptance of a cost
	aco	ntribution, the lodgement and withdrawal of caveats and quisition and disposal of land in accordance with clause .12.2.
Council Conditions on	Nil.	
this Delegation: Express Power to	Local	Government Act 1995:
Sub-Delegate:	_000, 0	



	 s 5.44 CEO may delegate some powers and duties to other employees.
Sub-Delegate/s:	Director Community PlanningManager Development and Place
CEO Conditions on this Sub-Delegation:	Conditions on the CEO delegation also apply to the sub-delegation.
Compliance Links:	
Record Keeping:	 Delegations exercised are to be recorded in the Town's document management system.



11. Statutory Delegations and Authorisations to Local Government from State Government

Environmental Protection Act 1986

Noise Control – Environmental Protection Notices [Reg.65(1)]

Published by: Environment GOVERNMENT GAZETTE Western Australia <u>Previous</u> <u>Close</u> <u>Next</u> No. 47. 19-Mar-2004 Page: 919 Pdf - 476kb

EV401

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1986 Section 20

Delegation No. 52

Pursuant to section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986, the Chief Executive Officer hereby delegates as follows-

Powers and duties delegated-

All the powers and duties of the Chief Executive Officer, where any noise is being or is likely to be emitted from any premises not being premises licensed under the Act, to serve an environmental protection notice under section 65(1) in respect of those premises, and where an environmental protection notice is so served in such a case, all the powers and duties of the Chief Executive Officer under Part V of the Act in respect of that environmental protection notice.

Persons to whom delegation made-

This delegation is made to any person for the time being holding or acting in the office of Chief Executive Officer under the *Local Government Act 1995*.

Pursuant to section 59(1)(e) of the *Interpretations Act 1984*, Delegation No. 32, dated 4 February 2000 is hereby revoked.

Dated this 9th day of January 2004.

Approved-

FERDINAND TROMP, A/Chief Executive Officer.

Dr JUDY EDWARDS MLA, Minister for the Environment.



11. Statutory Delegations and Authorisations to Local Government from State Government

Noise Management Plans – Keeping Log Books, Noise Control Notices, Calibration and Approval of Non-Complying Events

Published by: Environment

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE Western Australia Previous Close Next

No. 232. 20-Dec-2013 Page: 6282 Pdf - 3Mb

EV402

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1986

Delegation No. 112

I, Jason Banks, in my capacity as Acting Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Environment Regulation responsible for the administration of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* ("the Act"), and pursuant to section 20 of the Act, hereby delegate to any person for the time being holding or acting in the office of a Chief Executive Officer under the *Local Government Act 1995*, my powers and duties under the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, other than this power of delegation, in relation to--

(a) waste collection and other works--noise management plans relating to specified works under regulation 14A or 14B;

(b) bellringing or amplified calls to worship--the keeping of a log of bellringing or amplified calls to worship requested under regulation 15(3)(c)(vi);

(c) community activities--noise control notices in respect of community noise under regulation 16;

(d) motor sport venues--noise management plans in relation to motor sport venues under Part 2 Division 3;

(e) shooting venues--noise management plans in relation to shooting venues under Part 2 Division 4;

(f) calibration results--requesting, under regulation 23(b), details of calibration results undertaken and obtained under Schedule 4;

(g) sporting, cultural and entertainment events--approval of events or venues for sporting, cultural and entertainment purposes under Part 2 Division 7, subject to the following limitation--

(i) Subregulation 18(13)(b) is not delegated.

Under section 59(1)(e) of the *Interpretation Act 1984*, Delegation No. 68, gazetted 22 June 2007 is hereby revoked.

Dated the 12th day of December 2013.

JASON BANKS, Acting Chief Executive Officer.

Approved by--

JOHN DAY, Acting Minister for Environment; Heritage.



11. Statutory Delegations and Authorisations to Local Government from State Government

Noise Management Plans – Construction Sites

Published by: Environment GOVERNMENT GAZETTE Western Australia <u>Previous</u> <u>Close</u> <u>Next</u> No. 71. 16-May-2014 Page: 1548 Pdf - 2Mb

EV405

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1986

Delegation No. 119

I, Jason Banks, in my capacity as the Acting Chief Executive Officer of the Department responsible for the administration of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* ("the Act"), and pursuant to section 20 of the Act, hereby delegate to the holder for the time being of the offices of--

(a) Chief Executive Officer under the Local Government Act 1995; and

(b) to any employee of the local government under the *Local Government Act* 1995 who is appointed as an Authorised Person under section 87 of the Act,

all my powers and duties in relation to noise management plans under regulation 13 of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, other than this power of delegation.

Under section 59(1)(e) of the *Interpretation Act 1984*, Delegation No. 111, gazetted 20 December 2013, is hereby revoked.

Dated the 1st day of May 2014.

JASON BANKS, Acting Chief Executive Officer.



11. Statutory Delegations and Authorisations to Local Government from State Government

Planning and Development Act 2005

Instrument of Authorisation – Local Government CEOs - Sign Development Applications for Crown Land as Owner

DoL FILE 1738/2002v8; 858/2001v9

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005

INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION

I, Donald Terrence Redman MLA, Minister for Lands, a body corporate continued by section 7(1) of the Land Administration Act 1997, under section 267A of the Planning and Development Act 2005, HEREBY authorise, in respect of each local government established under the Local Government Act 1995 and listed in Column 2 of the Schedule, the person from time to time holding or acting in the position of Chief Executive Officer of the relevant local government, to perform the powers described in Column 1 of the Schedule subject to the conditions listed in Column 3 of the Schedule.

Dated the 2 day of Sume

2016

HON DONALD TERRENCE REDMAN MLA MINISTER FOR LANDS



SCHEDULE

This is the Schedule referred to in an Instrument of Authorisation relating to Development Applications under the Planning and Development Act 2005

Column 1

Column 2

Column 3

The power to sign as owner in respect of Crown land that is:

- a reserve managed by the local government pursuant to section 46 of the Land Administration Act 1997 and the development is consistent with the reserve purpose and the development is not for a commercial purpose; or
- the land is a road of which the local government has the care, control and management under section 55(2) of the Land Administration Act 1997 and where there is no balcony or other structure proposed to be constructed over that road unless that structure comes within the definition of a "minor encroachment" in the Building Regulations 2012 (Regulation 45B), or is an "awning, verandah or thing" (Regulation 45B), or is a ground anchor, and where the development is consistent with the use of the land as a road,

in respect of development applications being made under or referred to in:

- section 99(2) of the *Planning and Development Act* 2005 in respect of development for which approval is required under a regional interim development order (as that term is defined in that Act);
- section 103(2) of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of development for which approval is required under a local interim development order (as that term is defined in that Act);
- section 115 of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of development within a planning control area (as that term is defined in that Act);
- section 122A of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of which approval is required under an improvement scheme (as that term is defined in that Act);
- section 162 of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of developments for which approval is required under a planning scheme or interim development order (as those terms are defined in that Act);

City of Albany City of Armadale Shire of Ashburton Shire of Augusta-Margaret River Town of Bassendean City of Bayswater City of Bayswater City of Bayswater City of Bayswater Shire of Boyup Brook Shire of Boyup Brook Shire of Bunbury Shire of Bunbury Shire of Cambridge City of Cambridge City of Cambridge City of Camamah Shire of Carel Shire of Carel Shire of Carel Shire of Caremont City of Cackburn Shire of Cockburn Shire of Cockburn Shire of Cocks Shire of Cudeardin Shire of Condeardin Shire of Cudeardin Shire of Cudeardin Shire of Dalwallinu Shire o

In accordance with and subject to approved Government Land policies.

Any signature subject to the following endorsement: Signed only as acknowledgement that a development application is being made in respect of a proposal that includes Crown land, Crown reserves under management for the purpose, or a road and to permit this application to be assessed under the appropriate provision of the Planning and Development Act 2005 (including any planning scheme). The signature does not represent approval or consent for planning purposes. Further, in the event that development approval is granted for the proposal, the above signature should not be taken as an acknowledgement of or consent to the commencement or carrying out of the proposed development or to any modification of the tenure or reservation classification of the Crown land component.



(vi) section 163 of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of development on land which is comprised within a place entered in the Register maintained by the Heritage Council under the Henitage of Western Australia Act 1990, or of which such a place forms part;

(vii) section 171A of the Planning and Development Act 2005 in respect of a prescribed development application (as that term is defined in that section of that Act).

Shire of Gingin Shire of Gowangerup Shire of Gowangerup Shire of Gowanling City of Gosnells Shire of Halls Creek Shire of Halls Creek Shire of Halls Creek Shire of Halls Creek City of Kalamunda City of Kalamunda City of Kalamunda City of Kalamunda Shire of Kett Shire of Ketten Shire of Ketten Shire of Ketten Shire of Ketten Shire of Kollin City of Kulin City of Mandurah Shire of Laverton Shire of Laverton Shire of Mandurah Shire of Marawa Town of Marama Shire of Muthagnet Shire of Maramjan Shire of Narampan Shire of Perth Shire of Perth Shire of Pantagenet Shire of Ravensthorpe City of Sudian Shire of Saram Shire of Sarampan Shire of S



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HON DONALD TERRENCE REDMAN MLA MINISTER FOR LANDS

2 20



Development Control Powers – Powers of Local Governments and DOT -Metropolitan Region Scheme (DEL.2017/02)

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE Tuesday, 30 May 2017 No.14 *GUIDANCE NOTE:*

This delegation must be read in conjunction with amendments Gazetted on Tuesday, 18 December 2018 No.193 – please see inserted below.

PL403

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005 INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION Del 2017/02 Powers of Local Governments and Department of Transport Metropolitan Region Scheme

Delegation of certain powers and functions of the Western Australian Planning Commission relating to the Metropolitan Region Scheme

Preamble

Under section 16 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005* (the Act) the Western Australian Planning Commission (the WAPC) may, by resolution published in the *Government Gazette*, delegate any function to an officer of a public authority or to a local government, a committee established under the *Local Government Act 1995* or an employee of a local government.

In accordance with section 16(4) of the Act, a reference in this instrument to a function or a power of the WAPC includes and extends to, without limitation or restriction, any of the powers, privileges, authorities, discretions, duties and responsibilities vested in or conferred upon the WAPC by the Act or any other written law as the case requires.

Resolution under section 16 of the Act (delegation)

On 24 May 2017, pursuant to section 16 of the Act, the WAPC resolved-

- A. To delegate to local governments, and to members and officers of those local governments, its functions in respect of the determination, in accordance with Part IV of the Metropolitan Region Scheme, of applications for approval to commence and carry out development specified in clauses 1 and 2 of Section A, within their respective districts, subject to the conditions set out in clauses 1 to 4 of Section B;
- B. To delegate to the Managing Director, Policy, Planning and Investment—Transport, of the Department of Transport, and the person or persons from time to time holding or acting in that office, its functions in respect of the determination, in accordance with Part IV of the Metropolitan Region Scheme (MRS), of applications for approval to commence and carry out development specified in clause 3, Section A, subject to the conditions set out in clause 5 of Section B.
- C. To revoke its delegation of powers and functions to local governments as detailed in the notice entitled "DEL 2011/02 Powers of local governments (MRS)" published in the *Government Gazette* on 10 June 2014, to give effect to this delegation,

KERRINE BLENKINSOP, Secretary, Western Australian Planning Commission.



PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005 INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

SECTION A-Types of Development

1. Development on zoned land

Applications for development on land zoned under the MRS except-

- (a) where the land is subject to a resolution under Clause 32 of the MRS; or
- (b) where the land is subject to the declaration of a planning control area under Section 112 of the Planning and Development Act 2005; or
- (c) where that land is partly within the development control area described in section 10 of the Swan and Canning Rivers Management Act 2006 or is outside the development control area but abuts waters within the development control area; or
- (d) where the local government is of the opinion that the application should be determined by the WAPC on the grounds that the proposal is of State or regional importance or is in the public interest, or
- (e) in respect of public works undertaken by public authorities.

2. Development on regional road reservations

Applications for developments on or abutting land that is reserved in the MRS for the purpose of a regional road, but excluding any application relating to large format digital signage.

3. Large Format Digital Signage applications

Applications from any public authority for development in relation to large format digital signage, on land reserved under the MRS for the purpose of a Primary Regional Road.

SECTION B—Conditions

1. Referral requirements for development on land within or abutting a regional road reservation

The following applications for development on land that abuts or is fully or partly reserved as regional road reservation (classified as Category 1, 2 and 3) shall be referred to Main Roads WA (MRWA) or the Department of Planning (DoP), as applicable, for transport planning related comments and recommendations before being determined by the local government subject to the process explained in clause 4, Section B.

Type of regional road reservation in the MRS	Classification on plans SP 693 (PRR) and SP 694 (ORR)	Referral Agency
Primary Regional Road (PRR)	Category 1, 2 and 3	Main Roads WA
Other Regional Road (ORR)	Category 1, 2 and 3	Department of Planning

The regional road network (PRR and ORR) changes periodically with amendments to the MRS. This clause relates to all regional road reservations in the MRS as amended from time to time. Regional roads subject to this notice and the relevant agency that is responsible for their planning are shown on accompanying editions of plans SP 693(PRR, MRWA) and SP 694 (ORR, WAPC).



The road categories shown on plans SP 693 (PRR) and SP 694 (ORR) classify the regional roads based on— $\,$

- (a) the permissible vehicular access arrangements to the subject land via the regional road frontage
 - Category 1 road means that frontage access is not allowed (control of access);
 - Category 2 road means that frontage access may be allowed subject to approval; and
- (b) the legibility and statutory powers of current road land requirements defined for the purpose of regional road reservation in the MRS
 - Category 3 road means that the subject regional road reservation is not accurately defined or is subject to review by the agency that is responsible for planning of the regional road.

"Category 1 road" applies where regional roads-

- (a) are constructed or planned to a fully controlled and grade separated freeway standard; or
- (b) are constructed or planned to an access controlled arterial standard, (i.e. functioning as Primary Distributor or Integrator Arterial (District Distributor) road with widely spaced signalised intersections or roundabouts, and a few, if any, direct access points to individual sites or local streets.

"Category 2 road" applies where regional roads-

- (a) are constructed or planned to a partially access controlled arterial standard, (i.e. a primary or district distributor road with direct connections to local streets and driveways to larger sites, but with some restriction of direct frontage access to individual properties); or
- (b) have direct frontage access to abutting properties due to the historic development of the road and properties.

"Category 3 road" applies where regional road reservation is not accurately defined or is under review.

For enquiries and assistance regarding-

- (a) PRR Category 1, 2 and 3-call Main Roads WA on 138 138.
- (b) ORR Category 1, 2 and 3-call Department of Planning on (08) 6551 9000.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 below outline the category of the regional road reservation and the criteria for referring development applications to agencies for comment in accordance with this instrument of delegation.

Table 1—Referral process of development applications with respect to Category 1 (PRR or ORR reservations in the MRS)

Respective referral	agency (as per Section B)	
Referral is required in these instances	Referral is not required in these instances	
 Where a development application has one or more of the following characteristics— (a) Development, including earthworks and drainage, which encroaches or impacts upon the road reservation; or (b) Development with potential for a significant increase in traffic using any access, either directly or indirectly, onto the road reservation; or 	 Where the local government first decides to refuse the application under the MRS; or Under circumstances where the application is for an ancillary and incidental addition or modification to an existing authorised development, which does not encroach upon the road reservation and has no intention to alter existing access arrangements. 	
(c) Development, which involves direct vehicle access to and/or from the regional road reservation.		
Table 2—Referral process of development applications with respect to Category 2 (PRR or ORR reservations in the MRS)		

Category 2 (FRK of ORK reservations in the MRS)				
Respective referral agency (as per Section B)				
Referral is required in these instances	Referral is not required in these instances			
1. Where a development application has one or more of the following characteristics—	1. Where the local government first decides to refuse the application under the MRS; or			
 (a) Development, including earthworks and drainage, which encroaches or impacts upon the road reservation; or (b) Development with potential for a significant increase in traffic on the regional road using any access, either directly or indirectly, onto the road reservation; or 	 Under circumstances where the application is for an ancillary and incidental addition or modification to an existing authorised development, which does not encroach upon the road reservation and has no intention to alter existing access arrangements. 			



Respective referral	agency (as per Section B)
Referral is required in these instances	Referral is not required in these instances
(c) Development, which involves the retention of more than one existing access; or additional, relocated or new access between the subject land and the road reservation; or	
(d) Development, which proposes retention of an existing access between the subject land and the road reservation, where alternative access is or could be made available from side or rear streets or from rights of way at rear; or	
 (e) Development on a lot affected by the regional road reservation where— 	
 all or part of the proposed development is within the regional road reservation; and 	
 has a construction value greater than \$20 000; or 	
(f) Development on a lot affected by the regional road reservation where—	
 none of the proposed development is within the regional road reservation; and 	
 has a construction value greater than \$150 000 	

Table 3—Referral process of development applications with respect to Category 3 (PRR or ORR reservations in the MRS)

Respective referral agency (as per Section B)				
Referral is required in these instances	Referral is not required in these instances			
1. All development applications, other than those where local government first decides to refuse it.	1. Where the local government first decides to refuse the application under the MRS			

Notes-

- Copies of plans SP 693 (PRR) and SP 694 (ORR) are available from the WAPC's website: "Resolutions and instruments of delegation—WAPC Powers of local governments (MRS)". (http://www.planning.wa.gov.au/1212.asp)
- (http://www.pianing.wa.gov.aw1212.asp)
 (2) In determining applications under this delegation, local governments shall have due regard to relevant WAPC and MRWA policy and guidelines, including but not limited to the Commission's D C Policy—5.1 Regional Roads (Vehicular Access), the Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines, and MRWA Driveways Policy, which set out the principles and requirements to be applied when considering proposals for vehicle access to or from developments abutting certain categories of regional roads. (http://www.planning.wa.gov.au/publications/812.asp; and

https://www.mainroads.wa.gov.av/BuildingRoads/StandardsTechnical/ RoadandTrafficEngineering/GuidetoRoadDesign/Pages/Driveways.aspx)

- (3) Local governments shall ensure that sufficient transport information accompanies the development application to assist the referral agency in assessing the transport implications of the proposal. This information should be provided in accordance with the WAPC's Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines. http://www.planning.wa.gov.au/publications/1197.asp
- With regard to proposals for new noise-sensitive developments, the local government shall have due regard to the provisions of Commission's State Planning Policy—5.4 Road and Rail Transport Noise and Freight Considerations in Land Use Planning. (http://www.planning.wa.gov.au/publications/1182.asp)
- (5) With regard to development application for the display of advertisements on land reserved under the MRS local government should have regard to the Commission's DC Policy 5.4 Advertising on Reserved Land. (http://www.planning.wa.gov.au/publications/825.asp

2. Referral requirements for development on land abutting the Swan River Trust Development Control Area

Applications for development on land that is outside the development control area but abutting land that is in the development control area, or which in the opinion of the local government are likely to affect waters in the development control area, shall be referred to the Swan River Trust for comment and recommendation before being determined by the local government.



3. Referral requirements for development on land abutting other reservations

Applications for development on land abutting land reserved in the MRS for purposes other than regional roads or Parks and Recreation (where the reservation corresponds with the Swan River Trust development control area and is covered by Clause 2, Section B of this notice) shall be referred to the public authority responsible for that reserved land for comment and recommendation before being determined by the local government.

In the case of land reserved for the purpose of Parks and Recreation, which is not vested or owned by another public authority, the applications shall be referred to the Department of Planning before being determined by the local government.

4. For the purpose of this Instrument of Delegation (excluding applications under clause 3, Section A)—

- (a) Where an application is referred by the local government to a public authority for comment and recommendation, the public authority shall provide comment and a recommendation, if any, within 30 days of receipt of the application. If no comment or recommendation is received within that 30 day period the local government may determine the application on the available information.
- (b) Where the recommendation provided by the public authority specified in the delegation notice is not acceptable to the local government the application, together with the recommendations provided by all public authorities consulted and the reasons why the recommendation is not acceptable to the local government, shall be referred immediately to the WAPC for determination.
- (c) The powers delegated to a member or officer of a local government may only be exercised by a member or officer who has been delegated power from the local government to consider and determine applications for approval to commence and carry out development within the local government district under the local government's local planning scheme.

5. Referral Requirements for applications from a public authority for large format digital signage development on land within a Primary Regional Road reservation

Where applications for large format digital signage development relate to land that is reserved as Primary Regional Roads (PRR) reservation in the MRS, the following shall apply—

- (a) DoT shall refer the application to the relevant local government and Main Roads WA for comment and recommendation;
- (b) the local government and Main Roads WA shall provide their comments and recommendations, if any, to the delegate within 30 days of receipt of the application;
- (c) Once the 30 day period has elapsed, the delegate may determine the application, even in the absence of comments and recommendations; and
- (d) the delegate is not bound to follow any recommendation received.

Interpretation

In this Instrument of Delegation, unless the context otherwise requires—

- A reference to a 'position' or 'classification' contemplates and includes a reference to its successor in title.
- "access" means both entry and exit from either a road or abutting development by a vehicle.
- "Commission" or "WAPC" means the "Western Australian Planning Commission".
- "development" has the same meaning given to it in and for the purposes of the Planning and
 - Development Act 2005 or "development means the development or use of any land, including— (a) any demolition, erection, construction, alteration of or addition to any building or structure on the land;
 - (b) the carrying out on the land of any excavation or other works;
 - (c) in the case of a place to which a Conservation Order made under section 59 of the Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990 applies, any act or thing that—
 - (i) is likely to change the character of that place or the external appearance of any building; or
 - (ii) would constitute an irreversible alteration of the fabric of any building".
- "DoT" means the Department of Transport
- "Large format digital signage" means an electronic billboard whether freestanding or attached to another structure with a display area of greater than 13m² "local government" means a local government within the area covered by the MRS.
- "local road" means a public road other than a private road or a road subject of reservation under Part II of the MRS.
- "not acceptable" means that the local government wishes to determine the application, as a delegate of the WAPC, in a manner that is inconsistent with the recommendation received from the public agency to which the local government was required to consult under this Notice of Delegation.
- Main Roads WA means Main Roads Western Australia
- "Public authority" means any of the following—
 - (a) a Minister of the Crown in right of the State;



- (b) a department of the Public Service, State trading concern, State instrumentality or State public utility;
- (c) any other person or body, whether corporate or not, who or which, under the authority of a written law, administers or carries on for the benefit of the State, a social service or public utility;
- "regional road" means any road designated under the region Scheme as follows—

 (a) land coloured red in the Scheme Map—Primary Regional Roads; and
- (b) land coloured dark blue in the Scheme Map—Other Regional Roads.
- "reserved land" means land reserved under Part II of the MRS.
- "road reservation" means land reserved for the purposes of a regional road in the MRS.
- "significant increase in traffic" means generating more than 100 vehicle trips in the peak hour and would therefore require a transport assessment to accompany the development application. Refer to the Commission's Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines

CORRECTION TO DELEGATION 2017/02 GOVERNMENT GAZETTE 2 June 2017

PL101

CORRECTION

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005

INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

Del 2017/02 Powers of Local Governments and Department of Transport

Metropolitan Region Scheme

Certain typographical errors were recorded in the Instrument of Delegation, made under the *Planning and Development Act 2005,* and published on 30 May 2017 from page 2738 to 2743 of the *Government Gazette.*

The errors are corrected as follows—

1. On page 2739, the text of Resolution C is deleted and replaced with the following words— "TO REVOKE its delegation of powers and functions to local governments and the Department of Transport as detailed in the notice entitled "DEL 2015/02 Powers of local governments and Department of Transport (MRS)" published in the *Government Gazette* on 18 December 2015, to give effect to this delegation."

AMENDMENT TO DELEGATION 2017/02 GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, Tuesday, 18 December 2019, No.193 GUIDANCE NOTE:

The below gazettal amends the above delegation and the two must be read in conjunction.

PL402

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005

AMENDMENT TO INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION—POWERS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND DOT Notice of amendment to the Instrument of Delegation, Instrument of Delegation 2017/02—Powers of Local Governments and Department of Transport, Metropolitan Region Scheme, as gazetted on 30 May 2017

Preamble

Under section 16 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005* (the Act), the Western Australian Planning Commission (WAPC) may, by resolution published in the *Government Gazette*, delegate any function to a member, committee or officer of the WAPC or to a public authority or to a member or officer of a public authority.

In accordance with section 16 (4) of the Act, a reference in this instrument to a function or power of the WAPC includes and extends to, without limitation or restriction, any of the powers, privileges, authorities, discretions, duties and responsibilities vested in or conferred on the WAPC by the Act or any other written law as the case requires.

Resolution under section 16 of the Act (delegation)

On 12 December 2018, pursuant to section 16 of the Act, the WAPC resolved-

A. To amend the Instrument of Delegation 2017/02—Powers of Local Governments and Department of Transport, Metropolitan Region Scheme as gazetted on 30 May 2017, as set out in Schedule 1 below.

SAM FAGAN, Secretary, Western Australian Planning Commission.



Schedule 1

1. Instrument of delegation amended

The amendments within this Schedule are to the Schedules set out in the Instrument of Delegation 2017/02—Powers of Local Governments and Department of Transport, Metropolitan Region Scheme, as gazetted on 30 May 2017 and as amended.

2. Amendment to Section A

1. The word "but excluding any application relating to large format digital signage" are deleted from clause 2.

2. Clause 3 is deleted.

3. Amendments to Section B

1. The words in brackets "(excluding applications under clause 3, Section A)" are deleted from the title to clause 4.

2. Clause 5 is deleted.

3. In the interpretation section the terms "Large format digital signage" and "Public Authority" and their respective definitions, are deleted.



WA Planning Commission – Powers of Local Governments - s.15 of the Strata Titles Act 1985 (DEL.2020/01)

822 GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, WA

PL402

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005

INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

Del 2020/01 Powers of Local Governments

Delegation to local governments of certain powers and functions of the Western Australian Planning Commission relating to the issuing of certificates of approval under section 15 of the *Strata Titles Act 1985.*

Preamble

Under section 16 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005* (the Act) the Western Australian Planning Commission (the WAPC) may, by resolution published in the *Government Gazette*, delegate any function under the Act or any other written law to a local government, a committee established under the *Local Government Act 1995* or an employee of a local government.

In accordance with section 16(4) of the Act, a reference in this instrument to a function or a power of the WAPC includes and extends to, without limitation or restriction, any of the powers, privileges, authorities, discretions, duties and responsibilities vested in or imposed on the WAPC by the Act or any other written law as the case requires.

Resolution under section 16 of the Act (delegation)

On 19 March 2020, pursuant to section 16 of the Act, the WAPC RESOLVED-

- A. To delegate to local governments, and to members and officers of those local governments, its powers and functions under section 15 of the *Strata Titles Act 1985* as set out in clause 1 of Schedule, within their respective districts, subject to the conditions set out in clause 2 of Schedule 1;
- B. To declare that this instrument recording its resolution is to take effect upon the proclamation of the Strata Titles Amendment Act 2018.

SAM FAGAN, Secretary, Western Australian Planning Commission.

27 March 2020

Schedule 1

1. Applications made under section 15 of the Strata Titles Act 1985

Power to determine applications for the issuing of a certificate of approval under section 15 of the Strata Titles Act 1985, except those applications that—

- (a) propose the creation of a vacant lot;
- (b) propose vacant air stratas in multi-tiered strata scheme developments;
- (c) propose the creation or postponement of a leasehold scheme;
- (d) in the opinion of the WAPC as notified to the relevant local government in writing, or in the opinion of the relevant local government as notified to the WAPC in writing, relate to
 - i. a type of development; and/or
 - ii. land within an area,

which is of state or regional significance, or in respect of which the WAPC has determined is otherwise in the public interest for the WAPC to determine the application.

2. Reporting requirements

A local government that exercises the power referred to in clause 1 is to provide WAPC with data on all applications determined under this Instrument of Delegation at the conclusion of each financial year in the format prescribed by the WAPC.



Main Roads Act 1930 Traffic Management - Events on Roads

A list of local governments authorised for Traffic Management for Events can be found on the Main Roads WA website.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA ROAD TRAFFIC CODE 2000 REGULATION 297(2) INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION

RELATING TO TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT FOR EVENTS

Pursuant to Regulation 297(2) of the *Road Traffic Code 2000* the Commissioner of Main Roads ("the Commissioner") hereby authorises (<u>Insert name of Local Government</u>) (Authorised Body") by itself, its employees, consultants, agents and contractors (together "Representatives") to, from the date indicated below, erect, establish, display, alter or take down such road signs of whatsoever type or class (except for permanent traffic control signals) as may be required for the purpose and duration of any:

- "event" subject to an order from the Commissioner of Police pursuant to Part VA of the Road Traffic Act 1974;
- race meeting or speed test for which the Minister referred to in section 83 of the Road Traffic Act 1974 has, under that provision, temporarily suspended the operation of any provisions of the Road Traffic Act 1974 or regulations made under that Act; or
- iii) public meeting or procession the subject of a permit granted by the Commissioner of Police under the *Public Order in Streets Act 1984*;

or as may be required for the purpose of controlling traffic on a road adjacent to, or in the vicinity of, any event or organised activity approved by the Authorised Body under its local laws, on a road (other than a main road or highway) within its jurisdiction, SUBJECT ALWAYS to the following terms and conditions:

- (a) the Authorised Body shall at all times observe, perform and comply with the provisions of the "Traffic Management for Events Code of Practice" (as amended or replaced from time to time in consultation with the Traffic Management for Events Advisory Group) issued by Main Roads Western Australia ("the Code") referring to the version which is current at the time of the event, a copy of which can be obtained from Main Roads Western Australia from www.mainroads.wa.gov.au or by contacting Main Roads by phone;
- (b) the Authorised Body shall develop and implement procedures that will satisfy the Commissioner that traffic management implemented by the Authorised Body, its employees, agents and contractors will in all respects conform to and comply with the requirements of the Code; and
- (c) the Authorised Body shall ensure that its Representatives comply with the terms and conditions identified above at paragraphs (a) and (b) as if they were named in those paragraphs in place of the Authorised Body.

By executing and returning the acknowledgment at the foot of this authorisation, the Authorised Body agrees to observe, perform and comply with the above terms and conditions.

The powers in this Instrument of Authorisation do not change or replace:

- any prior Instrument of Authorisation from the Commissioner of Main Roads for the purposes of undertaking traffic management for works on roads; and
- any powers and responsibilities of a local government provided in regulation 9 of the Road Traffic (Events on Roads) Regulations 1991.

Page 1 of 2



Dated:

THE COMMON SEAL OF THE COMMISSIONER OF MAIN ROADS

WAS AFFIXED BY

COMMISSIONER OF MAIN ROADS

FOR THE TIME BEING IN THE PRESENCE OF:

Signature of Witness

Name of Witness (please print)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY AUTHORISED BODY

...... (Insert name of Local Government)...... agrees to unconditionally observe, perform and be bound by the above conditions.

THE COMMON SEAL of

[Insert name of Local Government]

Was hereunto affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Council in the presence of:

Signature of Chief Executive Officer

Signature of Witness

Name of Witness (please print)



Traffic Management – Road Works

A list of Local Governments authorised for the purposes of Road Traffic Code 2000 r.297(2) are available on Main Roads WA website <u>here</u>

WESTERN AUSTRALIA ROAD TRAFFIC CODE 2000 REGULATION 297(2) INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION

- (a) the Authorised Body shall at all times observe, perform and comply with the provisions of the "Traffic Management for Works on Roads Code of Practice" (as amended or replaced from time to time in consultation with the Traffic Management for Roadworks Advisory Group) issued by Main Roads Western Australia ("the Code") referring to the version which is current at the time of the relevant works, a copy of which can be obtained from Main Roads Western Australia from www.mainroads.wa.gov.au or by contacting Main Roads by phone;
- (b) the Authorised Body shall develop and implement procedures that will satisfy the Commissioner that traffic management implemented by the Authorised Body, its employees, agents and contractors will in all respects conform to and comply with the requirements of the Code; and
- (c) the Authorised Body shall ensure that its Representatives comply with the terms and conditions identified above at paragraphs (a) and (b) as if they were named in those paragraphs in place of the Authorised Body.

By executing and returning the acknowledgment at the foot of this authorisation, the Authorised Body agrees to observe, perform and comply with the above terms and conditions.

This Instrument of Authorisation replaces any prior Instrument of Authorisation under Regulation 297(2) of the Road Traffic Code 2000 between the Commissioner and the Authorised Body. The Commissioner's delegation dated 17 July 1975 to a number of Local Governments outside the Perth metropolitan area, is not affected by this Instrument of Authorisation except that this Instrument of Authorisation prevails wherever roadworks are concerned. That 1975 delegation was made under Regulation 301 of the Road Traffic Code 1975 and related to non-regulatory signage.



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Dated:

THE COMMON SEAL OF THE COMMISSIONER OF MAIN ROADS WAS AFFIXED BY

COMMISSIONER OF MAIN ROADS) FOR THE TIME BEING IN THE PRESENCE OF:)

Signature of Witness

Name of Witness

ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY AUTHORISED BODY

..... agrees to observe, perform and be bound by the above conditions.

Chief Executive Officer

Witness



Road Traffic (Vehicles) Act 2012 Approval for Certain Local Government Vehicles as Special Use Vehicles



Government of Western Australia Department of Transport

ROAD TRAFFIC (VEHICLES) ACT 2012

Road Traffic (Vehicles) Regulations 2014

RTVR-2017-202046

APPROVAL UNDER REGULATION 327(4)(f) FOR CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENT VEHICLES AS SPECIAL USE VEHICLES

Pursuant to the *Road Traffic (Vehicles) Regulations 2014* (the *Regulations*), I, Christopher Davers, Assistant Director Strategy and Policy, Driver and Vehicle Services, Department of Transport, and delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Transport by way of a delegation instrument dated 7 August 2017, hereby approve vehicles owned by a local government and ordinarily used by persons authorised or appointed by that local government to perform functions on its behalf under:

- (a) the Local Government Act 1995;
- (b) regulations made under the Local Government Act 1995;
- (c) a local law;
- (d) any other legislation empowering a local government to authorise or appoint persons to perform functions on the behalf of the local government (including but not limited to the *Dog Act 1976*); or
- (e) any combination of the above paragraphs (a) to (d);

as special use vehicles for the purposes of paragraph "f" of the definition of "*special use vehicle*" in regulation 327(4) of the *Regulations*, with the effect that those vehicles may be fitted with one or more yellow flashing lights under regulation 327(3)(b) of the *Regulations*, subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS

- Those lights must emit rotating, flashing yellow coloured light(s) and must not be a strobe light.
- At least one flashing light shall be mounted on top of the vehicle and when lit, shall be visible in normal daylight up to a distance of not less than 200 metres to vehicles approaching from any direction.
- No part of the lens of the flashing lights is visible either directly or indirectly to the driver when seated in the normal driving position.
- If more than one flashing light is fitted, they must be placed symmetrically about the centre line of the vehicle or combination of vehicles.
- An on/off switch for the flashing lights must be installed so as to be easily operated from the driver's seat.
- Any additional equipment fitted to the vehicle must not interfere with the overall safe operation of the vehicle.
- 7. Any vehicle fitted with flashing lights for the purposes of this approval must:



MINUTES

Arts, Culture & Events Committee

Tuesday 29 November 2022, 3:30 pm

in the Council Chamber, Administration Building 48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054



1 Declaration Of Opening; Acknowledgment of Country; Acknowledgment of Visitors; Disclaimer

The Acting Director Community Planning declared the meeting open, welcomed all those in attendance and acknowledged the past and present traditional owners and custodians of the land on which the meeting was held.

2 Election of Presiding and Deputy Presiding Member

As this is the first Committee meeting since the creation of the Committee, the positions for Presiding and Deputy Presiding Members were decided.

Presiding Member

The A/Director Community Planning, Ms Donna Shaw, conducted the election of the Presiding Member under delegated authority of the Chief Executive Officer (Interim).

Cr Ames was nominated unopposed and declared Presiding Member.

Deputy Presiding Member

Cr Ames conducted the election of the Deputy Presiding Member.

Cr Carter was nominated unopposed and declared Deputy Presiding Member.

3 Announcements by the Presiding Member without Discussion

Nil

4 Attendances, Apologies and Leave of Absence

<u>Members</u>

Cr Kathryn Hamilton Cr Jennie Carter Cr Tallan Ames

Officers

Ms Donna Shaw, Acting Director Community Planning Mr Salvatore Siciliano, Manager Recreation & Culture Mrs Amy Holmes, Minute Secretary



Observers

Rikki Jane Stocks, Events Officer Anita Dela Cruz, Community Development Officer Ben Woodward, Community Member

5 Declarations of Interest

Nil

6 Confirmation of Minutes

Nil

7 Business Deferred from Previous Meeting

Nil

8 **Presentations or Deputations**

8.1 Terms of Reference	
Attachments	1. Arts Culture and Events Committee [8.1.1 - 3 pages]

The A/Director Community Planning provided an overview of the Terms of Reference and the prescribed roles and functions of the Committee.

The function of this committee, as outlined in the Terms of Reference, is to set strategic direction and discuss and make recommendations on items listed in the agenda. This committee has no power to allocate funds or approve budget items. It can make recommendations to Council. Interested community members can attend and make deputations/presentations.

8.2 Committee Context	
Attachments	Nil

The purpose of this presentation is to is to outline the Town's involvement in arts, event and culture and discuss community aspirations and as conveyed through the Catalyse survey, and to clearly articulate the terms of reference of this Committee.



The Town engaged Catalyse to conduct a district wide Markyt Community Scorecard. The Markyt Community Scorecard is a standard assessment tool used by a significant number of local governments for the purpose of continuous improvement and enables a comparative analysis with other local governments in terms of performance.

The Scorecard was designed to evaluate community needs and aspirations in order to inform budget decisions, strategic planning and performance evaluation for the Town.

In 2022, Catalyse conducted the survey once again for the Town, which has been presented to Councillors and informs the review of the Strategy Community Plan.

Festivals, events, art and cultural activities were identified as one of the top five community priorities.

The Manager Recreation & Culture gave a background overview on Arts, Culture and Events in the Town of Bassendean and answered questions of the committee.

9 Reports

9.1 Strategic Budget Planning 2023/24	
Attachments	Nil

Purpose

The purpose of this item is to consider future budget allocations and the scale of projects for arts, culture and events to be considered by Council in subsequent budget processes.

Events Coordination

A core function of the Town's Community Development Business Unit (CDBU) is to plan, coordinate and facilitate the delivery of events within the Town. In addition, other business units also undertake this function in relation to their respective line of business. The CD business unit is made up of a Manager Community Development, two Senior Community Development Officers (one full time Volunteers Services and the other part time 0.8 Events, Community Funding and Arts & Culture), one part time Community Development Officer and one Senior Community Recreation Officer. The Administration Officer Community Planning also provides support to the CD team regarding event coordination.

Events planning has traditionally occurred around known significant dates (such as Australia Day and ANZAC Day), however, there has been little strategic direction in respect to the scale and frequency of events to inform budget processes.

To provide strategic direction for future events and funding, the Town has prepared a draft ACE Strategy for consideration. A copy of the draft ACE Strategy is attached for the Committee's consideration as a separate item to this agenda.



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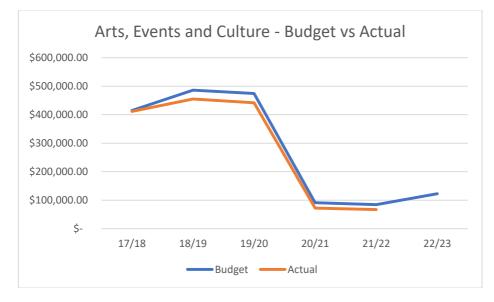
This strategy will be considered by Council prior to public consultation and further consideration by Council prior to adoption.

Current Funding

As advised in the CEO Bulletin dated 29 July 2022, Council's annual budget allocation for community events, activations and cultural activities has decreased significantly over recent years thereby reducing the Town's ability to host events on the same scale, as demonstrated below:

Year	Budget	Actual
17/18	414,700	411,536
18/19	486,200	455,123
19/20	474,300	441,954
20/21	91,052	72,066
21/22	84,405	67,141
22/23	122,600	

The below graph clearly demonstrates Council's budget allocation and the resultant expenditure.



As part of the eight Councillor workshops on the draft 2022/23 budget, the prospect of Councillors wanting to provide more funding for community events and activations (with a view to the Town delivering more and/or larger community events and activations) was not raised.

Councillors were advised that this matter can be revisited as part of the preparation of the 2023/24 annual budget, however, it is considered appropriate for this Committee to consider likely future arts, culture and events and associated scale to assist in future budget allocations.



Event Hierarchy/Budget

Based on previous event information, the Town has compiled the following table to demonstrate the expected attended numbers/reach and approximate budget based on different scaled events.

Catchment						
Level	Suburb Centric	ToB Suburbs	Surrounding LGs	Metro Perth	Attendees	Est Cost
Regional	~	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	2,501 - 5,000 +	\$100-150,000 +
District	~	✓	✓		1001 - 2,500	\$50-100,000
N/Hood	✓	✓			501 - 1,000	\$10-\$50,000
Local	\checkmark				0 - 500	Up to \$10,000

Assuming future budget allocations are similar to the \$122,600 allocated towards events in the 2022/23 budget, whilst one regional scale event could be feasible, in the absence of an increased budget allocation, it would preclude additional events throughout the year.

This is not considered appropriate given the range of events currently held which are valued by the community, including NAIDOC and reconciliation week, senior's week, and international volunteer day.

As such, until such time additional funding and resourcing is made available in subsequent budget processes, it is recommended that the Town deliver a range of local, neighbourhood and district level events throughout the following financial year to recognise and celebrate various significant dates, as outlined in the draft ACE Plan.

Funding Sources

Public Art Trust / Developer Contributions

Through the application of Local Planning Policy No. 15 – Public Art, the Town can seek contributions via a condition of development approval for residential, commercial or mixed use development, where the estimated cost of the development exceeds \$2 million (with actual contributions being equivalent of 1% of the estimated cost of development, but not exceeding \$250,000).

The application of the above Policy has resulted in the creation of an existing Public Art Trust account (T2580). These funds were collected via historic development contributions at the time of development approval, and an audit of the funds would need to be undertaken to determine whether they were collected as contributions via a condition of approval to be expended in proximity to the development.



Decommissioning of Artworks

The Town currently has a collection of over 50 pieces, with a previous (2015) estimated collective value of \$77,000. The most recent piece was acquired in 2019 as part of the (then) Visual Art Awards.

A potential funding source for ACE is the decommissioning of artworks that are in poor condition, damaged or deteriorated beyond reasonable repair, or duplicate other elements of the collection.

Council Policy 4.2 – Art Acquisition, Management and Decommissioning was considered by Council in February 2022, which provides a framework to acquire, and thereafter, develop, maintain and dispose of (where relevant) a collection of artworks.

The Policy provides that the Town may, at its absolute and sole discretion, remove any art from the collection for the purposes of selling, gifting, donating, storing, or otherwise disposing of the art, provided that the Town provides the relevant artist prior notice of its intentions.

Part 2 of Council's February 2022 resolution on the matter requested the CEO to provide information within our month via the bulletin outlining art proposed to be retained on an art collection register, artworks proposed to be decommissioned and potential options for any additional artworks to be housed with other organisations to allow them to be viewed by the public.

The Town will be undertaking a review of existing artworks to determine if any pieces are appropriate for decommissioning in accordance with Policy requirements. This will be presented at a future Committee Meeting.

To assist in potential decommissioning, a recent valuation for the art collection is necessary should Council resolve to sell artworks. As such, it is recommended that the Committee request Council consider a budget allocation for valuation services in this respect.

External Funding

The Town can also apply for grants from external funding sources and partner with external providers where available.

The A/Director Community Planning gave an overview on the way the adminstration currently undertakes event coordination and any future potential funding sources (ie. decommissioning of art works) in additional to municipal funding.

Town officers are seeking to encourage more neighbourhood and local scale events, to bring the community on board and deliver events in partnership with local community groups.



Administration require strategic direction from Council on what events the Town is planning so we can apply for appropriate grant funding.

Officer Recommendation – Item 9.1

That the Committee:

- 1. Notes that the Town will deliver local, neighbourhood and district scale events for the remainder of the 2022/23 financial year; and
- Recommends that Council consider a budget allocation in the 2023/24 annual budget for art valuations, to guide potential future disposal of artworks consistent with Council Policy 4.2 - Art Acquisition, Management and Decommissioning.

Committee Recommendation – Item 9.1 ACE - 1/11/22

MOVED Cr Ames, Seconded Cr Carter, that the Committee:

- 1. Notes that the Town will deliver local, neighbourhood and district scale events for the remainder of the 2022/23 financial year; and
- 2. Notes that the Town will undertake an evaluation of art works, to guide potential future disposal of artworks consistent with Council Policy 4.2 Art Acquisition, Management and Decommissioning.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 3/0

9.2 Draft Arts, Culture and Events Strategy		
Attachments	1.	Draft Arts Culture and Events Strategy [9.2.1 - 16 pages]

Purpose

The purpose of this item is to consider a draft Arts, Culture and Events Plan (ACE Strategy) for the purposes of advertising.

Background

Given the lifespan of the Town's Arts and Culture Plan 2019-2023, the Town has commenced a review of this document with a view to formulating a contemporary plan, reflective of Council's current Strategic Community Plan, as well as community aspirations. A copy of the current Arts and Culture Plan 2019-2023 is attached.



Purpose

The purpose of the draft ACE Strategy is to provide strategic direction for future events and funding, as well as providing clarification on the Town's role with respect to events.

Undertaking a strategic approach to the delivery of ACE is important in clearly linking the community's aspirations with the Council's vision, long term strategy and budgeting processes.

As such, the draft ACE Strategy seeks to align the delivery of each ACE actions in subsequent years for the lifespan of the plan, which was not included in the current Arts and Culture Plan 2019-2023.

This will ensure required funding can be considered in subsequent budget cycles, and to ensure it is clear to the community when each ACE is likely to occur.

The draft Plan captures all the Town's current ACEs, as well as proposing additional ACEs for Committee's consideration. These are represented as either 'NP' (new project' or 'EP' (existing project) within the strategy recommendations. A copy of the draft ACE Strategy is attached.

It is open to Committee to add, modify or delete ACE actions contained within the draft Plan, however, it is noted that this will have budget implications.

Further, the draft ACE Strategyoutlines the community development approach the Town will have regard to in its scale of involvement for each ACE action.

The Strategy:

- Provides and open and transparent framework for the delivery of ACE;
- Buildings organisational and resource capability and capacity to meet community needs;
- Recognises that resources are requiring to deliver ACE;
- Provides the ability to convey longer term financial implications of ACE; and
- Optimises success by understanding the integration and interdependencies between the components.

It is intended that the draft ACE Strategy will be considered by Council as part of the minutes of this Committee, prior to public consultation and further consideration by Council prior to adoption. Should the draft ACE Strategy be adopted by Council for the purposes of advertising, the Town intends to advertise for a minimum period of four weeks in the following manner:

- The Town's website and social media;
- A copy being made available at the Town's Customer Services and the Bassendean Memorial Library;
- Thrive, and
- Liaising with local artists and community groups.



The draft ACE Strategy is intended to not only recognise the ACEs delivered by the Town, contributing to desired social outcomes, but also those delivered by its partners and other providers providing coverage in the district, including not for profit organisations and community groups.

The intent of the ACE Strategy is to list all of the potential ACE actions and have this committee add or remove actions, take to Council for approval and public advertising.

Keen to see inclusion of a Pride event and also a NAIDOC event in collaboration with Swan Districts Football Club.

Officer Recommendation – Item 9.2

That the Committee recommends that Council adopt the draft Arts, Culture and Events Strategy for the purposes of advertising.

Committee Recommendation – Item 9.2 ACE - 2/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Ames, that the Committee recommends that Council adopt the draft Arts, Culture and Events Strategy, with the inclusion of an event for Pride Week in November 2023 and collaboration with Swan Districts Football Club for a NAIDOC event in July 2023, for the purposes of advertising. CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 3/0

9.3 Commu	0.3 Community Cultural Development Project	
Attachments	Nil	

As part of the 2022/23 budget process, Council approved a budget allocation of \$50,000 for a Community Cultural Engagement Project, which was made up of \$20,000 of municipal funds, supported by an anticipated \$30,000 grant from the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries.

The Town engaged an artist to scope a 'River Stories' project, which included project concept design, delivery planning and grant preparations involving three stages of project development and delivery to performance/presentation. The project included a series of workshops and community consultation (including Bassendean Primary School), with part of those funds intended for the artist, in addition to materials etc. or other local artists to assist in delivering the project.



The artist was paid \$1,360 for the initial work undertaken to date in respect to scoping the project, however, the Town has not directed the artist to continue with the project given at that point in time, a budget allocation had not been finalised, nor matters pertaining to procurement resolved. The Town did not apply for the \$30,000 grant on this basis.

The Town has since met with the artist to discuss the project moving forward, which is broadly summarised as follows:

- The artist is working with Bassendean Primary School and local riverside schools in preparing a project which involves sharing community stories;
- The stories will relate to the Derbarl Yerrigan (Swan River) and be interpreted with visual art;
- The Bassendean Primary School may seek external grant funding to assist with funding the project;
- Whilst the project can be presented in December 2023 at Bassendean Primary School, the artist/School is seeking the Town's assistance to showcase the project adjacent the river and potentially at other community events. For example, portions of the project could be showcased at the Town's Australia Day Event in January 2024; and
- The Town's role in the project would be to connect the artist and the School with local community connections (such as the local studies collection), facilitate workshops with the community and to host the event.

In considering the above, whilst the Town can facilitate workshops and events, where the project exceeds \$5,000, consideration is required to Council's Purchasing Policy.

The artist may be considered a sole supplier for the purposes of the purchasing policy given the unique nature of the project scope, however, this would require CEO approval.

Rather than appointing the artist to deliver the project, it is recommended that the Town continue to liaise with the artist and Bassendean Primary School to facilitate workshops and event(s) to showcase the final project. In the interim, the balance of unspent funds is recommended for recommittal to the community events, activations and cultural activities budget, given the project will not be finalised in this financial year in any instance.

The Town can determine procurement and future event costings once the project is further progressed, with a view to committing funds for this purpose from the community events, activations and cultural activities budget in the 2023/24 financial year.



Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 9.3 ACE - 3/11/22

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Ames, that the Committee notes:

- 1. That the Town will continue to work with the artist and Bassendean Primary School on a Community Cultural Engagement Project; and
- 2. That the balance of funds (\$18,640) be recommitted to the community events, activations and cultural activities budget, as part of the upcoming mid-year budget review.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 3/0

9.4 Australia Day 2023	
Attachments	Nil

Purpose

The purpose of this item is to consider how the Town will recognise Australia Day in 2023.

Background:

Until 2017, the Town staged Australia Day Celebrations and Fireworks for 13 consecutive years at Ashfield Reserve.

At its 7 February 2017 meeting, the Town's then 'Liveable Town Advisory Committee' sought to establish a Working Group to conduct a review of the event, which was endorsed by Council at its 28 February 2017 Ordinary Meeting. The review was based on the following terms of reference:

- The sensitivity of holding the event on 26 January each year;
- The effectiveness of the Town's Australia Day event from the perspective of measuring the quality and impact of the event and experiences;
- The current investment by the Town, complexity of the event each year and risk management issues associated with the fireworks and overall event management;
- The Cultural Plan review which was scheduled to be conducted in the first half of the 2016/17 financial year.

In recent years, the Town has either held a neighbourhood scale event (2022) or a scaled down event (2021) due to the Covid-19 pandemic.



On 26 January 2022, the Town hosted an event to celebrate Birak (the Noongar season for December and January) at Mary Crescent Reserve, which included the mandatory citizenship ceremony, as well as the following elements:

- a breakfast provided by the Bassendean SES volunteers;
- a Welcome to Country by Trevor Stack, a Noongar man with connections to Whadjuk, Ballardong, Tued and Wardandi clans of Western Australia;
- a musical performance by Gina Williams and Guy Ghouse;
- a Karaak and Marri showcase presented by Bassendean Primary School students; and
- a traditional performance from the Gya Ngoorp dance group.

Given this event was well received by the community and displayed unity, culture and connection, it is recommended that the Committee endorses a similar event for 26 January 2023. Similar scaled neighbourhood events are recommended in future in lieu of one large event given current budget considerations, as provided in the Officers recommendation.

In respect to funding for this event, in the previous two years, the Town was successful in receiving grants from the National Australia Day Council (NADC) for the staging of Australia Day events (which includes the required Citizenship Ceremony).

Given that these grants are released late in the year, the Town sought a budget allocation as to not be reliant on an external funding source to secure the delivery of an event. An allocation of \$20,500 has been approved by Council, \$15,000 of which is proposed to be used to stage the 2023 Australia Day event, commensurate with a neighbourhood sized event. The balance of funds has been used for the Citizenship Ceremony that occurred in October 2021 and is proposed to be used for the future Citizenship Ceremony in May 2023.

Notwithstanding, the Town will apply for a NADC grant to supplement the existing budget allocation, including increasing the cultural component as well as focusing on access and inclusion to the event.

<u>Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 9.4</u> <u>ACE - 4/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr Ames, Seconded Cr Hamilton, that the Committee notes the Town will continue to deliver a neighbourhood level event for residents to recognise Australia Day.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 3/0



10 Announcements of Notices of Motion for the Next Meeting

Nil

11 Motions of Which Previous Notice Has Been Given

Nil

12 Closure

The next Committee meeting will be held on 7 March 2023, commencing at 3.30pm.

There being no further business, the Presiding Member closed the meeting at 5.06pm.



MINUTES

Audit & Governance Committee Meeting

Wednesday 30 November 2022, 5:30 pm

in the Council Chamber, Administration Building 48 Old Perth Road, Bassendean WA 6054



1 Declaration Of Opening; Acknowledgment of Country; Acknowledgment of Visitors; Disclaimer

The Presiding Member declared the meeting open, welcomed all those in attendance and acknowledged the past and present traditional owners and custodians of the land on which the meeting was held.

2 Announcements by the Presiding Member without Discussion Nil

3 Attendances, Apologies and Leave of Absence

Present

Members

Cr Hilary MacWilliam, Presiding Member Cr Kathryn Hamilton Cr Renee McLennan - *Cr McLennan is authorised to attend the meeting through electronic means (regulation 14C)* Cr Paul Poliwka Patrick Eijkenboom

Staff/Consultants

Paul White, Director Corporate Services Raj Malde, Manager Finance Elizabeth Kania, Manager Governance & Strategy Tina Lane, Project Officer Jay Teichert, Office of the Auditor General Ron Back, Advisor to the Committee Amy Holmes, Minute Secretary

Apologies

Kim Stewart Duy Vo, William Buck

4 Declarations of Interest

Nil

5 Presentations or Deputations





Nil

6 Confirmation of Minutes – 7 September 2022

These minutes were not noted at this meeting and are yet to be confirmed as a true and correct record.

7 Business Deferred from Previous Meeting

Nil

8 Reports

8.1 Review of Investment Policy	
Property Address	N/A
Landowner/Applicant	N/A
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1
Department	{use-custom-field-directorate-do-not-remove}
Previous Reports	N/A
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.
Attachments	 Investment Policy - 2018 [8.1.1 - 7 pages] Draft Amended Investment Policy - Nov 2022 - Tracked Changes [8.1.2 - 8 pages] Draft Amended Investment Policy - Nov 2022 [8.1.3 - 5 pages]

Purpose

The purpose of this report is for the Audit and Governance Committee to review Council's Investment Policy and make a recommendation to Council as to the interest rate differential and maximum basis point differential that should be accepted for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders.

Background

In December 2015, Council resolved that the existing policy be amended:



"to incorporate deliberative preference for investment with financial institutions that do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry where:

- a) The investment is compliant with Council's investment policy with regards to risk diversification & credit rating;
- b) The investment rate of interest is favourable to Council relative to other similar investments that may be on offer to Council at the time of investment."

Council referred the matter to the next Audit and Risk Management Committee meeting to review the policy.

In March 2016, the Committee considered the policy and recommended that Council amends the policy to include:

"Preference will be given to invest in financial institutions who do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry."

Later in March 2016, Council adopted the revised Investment Policy.

In May 2017, section 19C(2)(b) of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* was amended to change the maximum fixed term deposit period for investments from 12 months to three years.

In June 2017, the Audit and Risk Management Committee recommended to Council that the Investment Policy be amended to accommodate the change in the Regulations, and Council adopted the amended policy at its June 2017 Ordinary Council Meeting.

Meanwhile, Council reviewed all leadership and governance policies, with a workshop held on 1 March 2017. The revised policies that followed were presented to Council for adoption at the June 2017 Ordinary Council Meeting. Council resolved to adopt the policies for the purposes of public consultation.

In September 2017, following receipt of public comments (two public comments were received, each commenting on multiple policies), Council considered the leadership and governance policies and resolved to (among other things) adopt the policy without any further modification.

In January 2018, Council considered the draft amended Policy which included the following addition:

"The Town will not make investments in companies that derive any revenues in the following areas of activity:



- a) Controversial weapons: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of controversial weapons such as land mines, cluster bombs and nuclear weapons;
- *b)* Tobacco: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of tobacco products.

The Town will not make investments in companies that derive 10% or more of their revenues in the following areas of activity:

- a) Armaments: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of armaments;
- b) Gambling: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of gambling machines and services and/or ownership of outlets housing these machines;
- c) Old growth logging: Companies involved in the logging of old growth forests; or
- d) Uranium Mining/Nuclear: companies involved in uranium mining and production of nuclear energy.

The Town has determined that the Fund will not make investments in companies that derive 1/3 (one-third) or more of their revenues in high carbon sensitive activities."

Council resolved to adopt the Investment Policy (with the above amendments), plus the following additional amendment:

"That the Town will not engage in leverage investments or securities."

The amendments to the Investment Policy adopted by Council in January 2018 were closely aligned with public comments received in response public consultation, which Council had considered, but declined to make any consequential amendment at the September 2017 Ordinary Council Meeting.

The amendment for the Town not to engage in leverage investments of securities was unnecessary given restrictions on the type of investments local governments can make under the *Local Government (Financial management) Regulations 1996.* Local governments cannot invest in securities other than term deposits or government bonds, which cannot be leveraged.



The Town is unable to implement the remaining policy amendments made in January 2018, with present resources and currently available and reported information, while complying with the important portfolio and counterparty limits specified in the policy.

Finally, the policy does not provide sufficient guidance for the administration to properly give effect to Council's preference for non-fossil fuel investment, while seeking to achieve a suitable investment yield, providing a revenue source for the Town. Consequently, the draft Amended Investment Policy proposes inclusion of an interest rate differential, subject to a basis point cap, to guide investment decisions.

While the core components of the Investment Policy remain valid, it is considered a major review of the policy is required to:

- Simplify the policy in alignment with the Town's other more recent policies;
- Remove provisions that are incapable of application in practice; and
- Remove unnecessary content.

Further, review of the policy presents an opportunity to give practical effect to Council's desire for a focus on investment with non-fossil fuel lending institutions by setting an interest rate differential and maximum basis point differential for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders.

Proposal

That the Audit and Governance Committee review the existing Investment Policy and recommend that Council adopts the draft amended Investment Policy. In doing so, the Committee is requested to make a recommendation to Council as to the interest rate differential and maximum basis point differential Council should accept for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders.

Communication and Engagement

A desktop review of comparable local governments in the Perth metropolitan area was undertaken and from the 15 local governments surveyed, 11 have a policy statement on non-fossil fuel investment. Most policy statements specify a preference for investment in non-fossil fuel lenders, subject to risk considerations and favourable terms (interest rates).

The 'favourable terms' qualification operates to restrict investment in non-fossil fuel lenders to a relatively low level in most local governments. Two local governments specify an interest rate differential the local government is prepared to accept for investment in non-fossil fuel lenders (5 basis points and 10 basis points). For example, if the best fossil fuel lender interest rate available was 3.0%, the required non-fossil fuel lender interest rate is 2.95% in the first instance and 2.9% in the second instance.



Of the 15 local governments surveyed, the Town had the highest level of actual investment in non-fossil fuel lenders, at 70% as of 31 October 2022, with other local governments ranging from zero to 50%. The lower uptake is primarily due to higher investments returns available from fossil fuel banks and secondarily due to lower risk profiles of banks from this category.

The portfolio limits and institution limits specified in the investment policies of other local governments vary widely. For local governments that specified limits for A - 1 rated and A - 2 rated institutions, the range was:

	Portfolio limit		Institution limit	
	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
A – 1 rated	100%	80%	50%	15%
A – 2 rated	80%	15%	40%	10%

The Town has the highest A - 1 rated institution limit at 50% and for A - 2 rated institutions at 30%.

Strategic Implications

Priority Area 4: Driving Financial Suitability

4.1 Ensure there is sufficient, effective and sustainable use of assets

Comment

Non-Fossil Fuel Lenders

The existing Policy presently states:

"Preference will be given to invest in financial institutions who do not invest on or finance the fossil fuel industry."

However, this is subject to the Policy Objective, which presently states:

"To invest funds to ensure the maximisation of returns with due consideration of the associated risks, whilst protecting the initial capital investment and future cash flows."

Presently, the administration must give effect to Council's desire for a preference for investment in non-fossil fuel lenders, while maximising returns. Where available interest rates for investments with non-fossil fuel lenders are lower than those available for fossil fuel lenders for an equivalent investment option, the administration must resort to qualitative considerations of balance between these two competing objectives.



It is necessary for the administration to receive guidance from Council, to quantify Council's interest rate expectations for investment in non-fossil fuel lenders so the administration can implement the Investment Policy in a consistent and transparent way.

Consequently, the Committee is now requested to quantify the interest rate differential it recommends Council ought to accept, as well as a cap on that differential expressed in terms of a number of basis points, for comparable investment options with non-fossil fuel lenders.

Broader Restrictions on Investments

The draft amended policy proposes that the inclusions adopted by Council in January 2018 be removed, as the Town is unable to implement those policy measures.

Implementation of the January 2018 amendments requires not only an in-depth understanding of the business of the Authorised Deposit-taking Institution (ADI) and its policies, but also detailed calculations of sources of revenue that are not reported or otherwise publicly available. For non-fossil fuel lenders, the Town uses Marketforces to identify institutions the Town regards as non-fossil fuel lenders. The Marketforces website is regularly updated and is used by many local governments to determine fossil fuel status.

According to its website, Marketforces "exposes the institutions that are financing environmentally destructive projects and help Australians hold these institutions accountable". Marketforces categorises financial institutions according to their fossil fuel lending practices, identifying whether they are engaged in lending to fund fossil fuel industries.

There is no equivalent body undertaking the same or similar activity that would assist the Town to categorise financial institutions in terms of the January 2018 amendments to the policy. While most ADIs have corporate positions on environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues which tend to make general statements, with most ADIs stating a commitment to positive change on ESG issues, confirmation of individual investment or financing in areas of controversial weapons, armaments, gambling or old growth logging becomes more complicated with little or no information being included in annual reports or on lender websites. The research showed no reliable or up-to-date websites which provide this information.

As stated in the Background section above, the January 2018 amendment for the Town not to engage in leverage investments of securities is unnecessary given restrictions on the type of investments local governments can make under the *Local Government (Financial management) Regulations 1996.* Local governments cannot invest in securities other than term deposits or government bonds, which cannot be leveraged.



Legislative Requirements

Legislative requirements are included in the document control box at the end of the policy and it is not necessary to repeat the list of Acts within the policy itself. Consequently, this section of the policy is proposed to be removed.

Delegation of Authority

Delegations are included in the Council-adopted Delegations Register which is regularly reviewed. As such, inclusion of such matters in the policy is not necessary. Further, any amendment to the Delegations Register will also require amendment to the Policy. Consequently, this section of the policy is proposed to be removed.

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

This is covered by the Town's Code of Conduct. Consequently, this section of the policy is proposed to be removed.

Credit Ratings

The portfolio credit framework and counterparty credit framework have been reviewed for appropriateness and benchmarked against other metropolitan local governments, as outlined in the Communication and Engagement section above.

The administration considers the portfolio credit framework and counterparty credit framework to be appropriate for the Town, to achieve the objectives of the policy. Consequently, no change to the existing policy is recommended.

While increasing the A - 2 rated portfolio limit from 60% to 75%, for example, would make it easier for the Town to achieve a higher level of non-fossil fuel investment, it does pose additional risks which may be inconsistent with the principal objective of the policy to preserve capital.

Authorised Investments

The requirements have been summarised in the draft amended policy, rather than re-stating the Regulations.

Fossil Fuel Free Investments

It is proposed to insert a new section into the draft amended policy to give effect to Council's preference for the Town's investments to be made with non-fossil fuel lenders. This is discussed extensively throughout this report.



The administration will aim to achieve investment of 60% of the Town's funds available for investment at any given time with non-fossil fuel lenders, subject to Council's decision in terms of the interest rate differential; noting that the lower the differential, the harder it will be for the Town to meet the criteria enabling higher investments in fossil fuel free deposits.

When investing the funds, the Town must consider risk, liquidity (cash flow requirements), diversification, the lenders' stance on fossil fuel and the restrictions in the policy. This can be a difficult balance, and subject to fluctuation from time-to-time, particularly given different investments are for varying lengths of time, depending on the purpose for which the funds are held by the Town and cash flow requirements. Also, the Town normally holds some funds at call, in an interest-bearing account with its banker, Commonwealth Bank (CBA), which is a fossil fuel lender.

Several corporate takeovers are beginning to have major implications for the Town's investments with non-fossil fuel lenders and may mean the Town will find it more difficult to achieve the target 60% investment with non-fossil fuel lenders. The Town may need to expand its portfolio either via further direct investments in other non-fossil fuel lenders that meet the criteria or via an investment broker with wider access to ADI's.

More specifically, the ANZ (a fossil fuel lender) is presently engaged in a buyout of Suncorp. As the only A-1 rated non-fossil fuel lender, the Town presently relies heavily on Suncorp, with current investment of \$6.5 million as of 31 October 2022 (32% of total funds under investment). If approved by the ACCC, this buyout is expected to be completed in the second half of 2023, removing the only A – 1 rated non-fossil fuel lender as an investment option for the Town.

The Bank of Queensland (BoQ) has recently acquired ME Bank, with ME Bank completing the migration to BoQ's banking system in July 2022. BoQ does not directly fund fossil fuel mining projects but has some exposure through asset and equipment finance used in the extraction of fossil fuels. BoQ has committed to cease funding equipment directly involved in the extraction of fossil fuels by 2024, at which point they will be regarded as a non-fossil fuel lender.

The Town's current investments with ME Bank total \$4.4 million as of 31 October 2022 (21%) and as these investments were made prior to the system migration they are classified by the Town as non-fossil investments. Any new funds invested with ME Bank will be classified as fossil fuel investments.

The Town has recently held meetings with both National Australia Bank and CBA regarding "green" term deposits and bonds and the difference in interest rates that may apply. The Town is awaiting further information to determine whether they represent suitable investment options.



Investment Advisor

It is proposed to make wording changes and incorporate the ability to use an external platform to manage the Town's investments, should the Town need to access a broader range of ADI's.

Reporting and Review

It is proposed to make wording changes.

Glossary of Terms

Considered unnecessary and is proposed to be removed from the draft amended policy.

Application

Considered unnecessary and is proposed to be removed from the draft amended policy.

Statutory Requirements

A local government must comply with the requirements of the *Local Government Act* 1995 and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations* 1996 when investing funds, as follows.

Local Government Act 6.14 Power to invest

(1) Money held in the municipal fund or the trust fund of a local government that is not, for the time being, required by the local government for any other purpose may be invested as trust funds may be invested under the Trustees Act 1962 Part III.

(2A) A local government is to comply with the regulations when investing money referred to in subsection (1).

(2) Regulations in relation to investments by local governments may —

(a) make provision in respect of the investment of money referred to in subsection (1); and

[(b) deleted]

(c) prescribe circumstances in which a local government is required to invest money held by it; and



- (d) provide for the application of investment earnings; and
- (e) generally provide for the management of those investments.

Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 19C. Investment of money, restrictions on (Act s. 6.14(2)(a))

- 1. In this regulation —
- 2. authorised institution means
 - a. an authorised deposit-taking institution as defined in the Banking Act 1959 (Commonwealth) section 5; or
 - *b.* the Western Australian Treasury Corporation established by the Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986;

foreign currency means a currency except the currency of Australia.

- 3. When investing money under section 6.14(1), a local government may not do any of the following
 - a. deposit with an institution except an authorised institution;
 - b. deposit for a fixed term of more than 3 years;
 - c. invest in bonds that are not guaranteed by the Commonwealth Government, or a State or Territory government;
 - d. invest in bonds with a term to maturity of more than 3 years;
 - e. invest in a foreign currency

Financial Considerations

The draft amended Investment Policy contains the following clauses in relation to investments in non-fossil fuel lenders:

- *"8.1 When making investment decisions, the Town will give preference to institutions that do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry, where:*
 - 8.1.1 The investment complies with all other elements of this Policy, and
 - 8.1.2 The interest rate is at least XX of, and no more than XX basis points below, the interest rate available for comparable investment options available at the time."

The Committee is requested to make a recommendation to Council as to the interest rate differential and maximum basis point differential that it should accept for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders. The recommendation of the administration is that the interest rate differential be set between zero and 10%, and the basis points cap be set between zero and 50 basis points. The following examples show the effect of some different options open to the Committee.



Example One: Interest rate differential of 1%, with a basis points cap of 5 basis points:

- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is less than 5.0% per annum, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 1%. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 3.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 2.97% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$300.
- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is 5.0% per annum or higher, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 5 basis points. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 5.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 4.95% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$500.

Example Two: Interest rate differential of 5%, with a basis points cap of 25 basis points:

- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is less than 5.0% per annum, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 5%. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 3.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 2.85% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$1,500.
- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is 5.0% per annum or higher, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 25 basis points. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 5.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 4.75% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$2,500.

<u>Example Three:</u> Interest rate differential of 10%, with a basis points cap of 50 basis points:



- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is less than 5.0% per annum, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 10%. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 3.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 2.7% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$3,000.
- Where the highest available interest rate offered by a fossil fuel lender for the desired investment is 5.0% per annum or higher, the Town will invest in a non-fossil fuel lender equivalent where it can obtain an interest rate within 50 basis points. For example, if a fossil fuel lender is offering a rate of 5.00% for a term deposit taken over 12-months, the Town would be prepared to accept a reduced rate from a non-fossil fuel lender of 4.5% or above. For an investment of \$1 million for a 12-month term this could equate to a loss of potential investment income of up to \$5,000.

The Town's total funds under investment in 2021/22 averaged \$15.5 million, with the actual amount under investment dependant on the time of year and other factors including the timing of rates instalments, grant income and cash flow requirements. Accordingly, the maximum theoretical loss in revenue from the proposed interest rate differential and basis points cap for non-fossil fuel lenders is approximately:

- Option One: \$7,750
- Option Two: \$38,750
- Option Three: \$77,500.

That is based on available interest rates of at least 5.0%, which are not presently available. Further, a significant portion of the Town's investments are for terms shorter than 12-months, which generally attract a lower rate of interest. Finally, the Town is unable to invest 100% of the funds available for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders at the present time, given the policies of the various ADI's, cash flow requirements and the portfolio and counterparty credit limits specified in the Investment Policy.

Assuming an average maximum interest rate available from fossil fuel lenders of 3.0%, with 60% of the Town's funds invested with non-fossil fuel lenders, the maximum loss in revenue from the proposed interest rate differential for non-fossil fuel lenders is approximately:

- Option One: \$ 2,790
- Option Two: \$13,950
- Option Three: \$27,900.



Should the interest rates available from non-fossil fuel lenders be close to those available for equivalent investments from fossil fuel lenders, the loss to revenue will be lower.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk Medium

The draft amended Investment Policy has an overall objective of the preservation of capital. The portfolio and counterparty credit portfolio limits specified in the policy are considered appropriate for that objective.

The interest income forgone would be required to be met by a corresponding increase in other revenue or reduction in expenses.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

The Director Corporate Services spoke on this report and advised that the Committee is requested to make a recommendation to Council as to the interest rate differential and maximum basis point differential that it should accept for investment with non-fossil fuel lenders.

Officer Recommendation – Item 8.1

That the Audit and Governance Committee recommends that Council adopts the draft amended Investment Policy, as attached to this report, subject to clause 8.1.2 being amended to read as follows:

"The interest rate is at least **<<TBD>>%** of, and no more than **<<TBD>>** basis points below, the interest rate available for comparable investment options available at the time. (this section is required to be reworded at the Committee Meeting)."



Committee Recommendation – Item 8.1 AGC-1/11/22

MOVED Cr Poliwka, Seconded Cr Hamilton, that the Audit and Governance Committee recommends that Council adopts the amended draft Investment Policy, as attached to this report, subject to clause 8.1.2 being amended to read as follows:

The interest rate is at least 5% of, and no more than 25 basis points below, the interest rate available for comparable investment options available at the time.

CARRIED BY AN ABSOLUTE MAJORITY 4/1

Cr Poliwka, *Cr* Hamilton, *Cr* MacWilliam & Patrick Eijkenboom voted in favour of the motion. Cr McLennan voted against the motion.

8.2 Audit Risk Register		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1	
Author	Paul White	
Department	Director Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	N/A	
Authority/Discretion	Executive The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.	
Attachments	 CONFIDENTIAL - Audit Risk Register - Nov 2022 [8.2.1 - 6 pages] 	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide the Audit and Governance Committee with the Town's Audit Risk Register, with updated actions since the meeting of the Committee on 7 September 2022.

Background

In 2019, a review was undertaken on the appropriateness and effectiveness of the Town's systems and procedures in relation to risk management, internal controls and legislative compliance, pursuant to Regulation 17 of the *Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996.* The creation of an Audit Risk Register was a recommendation arising from that review.



Proposal

For the Audit and Governance Committee to receive the Audit Risk Register and consider the action taken or proposed to address the identified risks.

Communication and Engagement

Nil.

Strategic Implications

Priority Area 6: Providing Visionary Leadership and Making Great Decisions

6.1 Make brave decisions in line with a risk appetite

6.3 Ensure operational activities reflect the strategic focus of Council

- 6.4 Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council, administration and the community
- 6.6 Respond effectively and efficiently to crises

Comment

The Audit Risk Register presents a summary of the audit risks and recommendations made in recent internal and external audit reports relating to the Town and provides an update on actions taken or proposed to address the identified risks.

No further Audit Reports have been received since the last meeting of the Committee. The audited annual financial statements for 2020/21 have been delayed. This is the subject of a separate report to this meeting.

Statutory Requirements

The Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, Regulation 16 states:

"An audit committee has the following functions —

- (a) to guide and assist the local government in carrying out
 - *(i) its functions under Part 6 of the Act; and*
 - *(ii) its functions relating to other audits and other matters related to financial management;*
- (b) to guide and assist the local government in carrying out the local government's functions in relation to audits conducted under Part 7 of the Act;
- (c) to review a report given to it by the CEO under regulation 17(3) (the CEO's report) and is to
 - *(i)* report to the council the results of that review; and
 - (ii) give a copy of the CEO's report to the council;
- (d) to monitor and advise the CEO when the CEO is carrying out functions in relation to a review under
 - (i) regulation 17(1); and



- (ii) the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 regulation 5(2)(c);
- (e) to support the auditor of the local government to conduct an audit and carry out the auditor's other duties under the Act in respect of the local government;
- (f) to oversee the implementation of any action that the local government
 - (i) is required to take by section 7.12A(3); and
 - (ii) has stated it has taken or intends to take in a report prepared under section 7.12A(4)(a); and
 - (iii) has accepted should be taken following receipt of a report of a review conducted under regulation 17(1); and
 - (iv) has accepted should be taken following receipt of a report of a review conducted under the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 regulation 5(2)(c);
- (g) to perform any other function conferred on the audit committee by these regulations or another written law."

Financial Considerations

Implementation of some audit recommendations may require additional funds and will be the subject of separate budget submissions as and when required. Council's Purchasing Policy and the Town's Procurement Framework will govern any required engagements.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk Medium

Risk implications are detailed in the Audit Risk Register.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

No new audits have been undertaken since the last meeting. The register has been updated with actions taken since the last meeting.

<u>Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 8.2</u> <u>AGC-2/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that the Audit and Governance Committee receives the Audit Risk Register and notes the action taken or proposed to be taken, to address the identified risks.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 5/0



8.3 OAG - Audit Committee Chair Forum - October 2022		
Property Address	Address here	
Landowner/Applicant	Owner/s here	
File Reference	FINM/AUD1	
Author	Director Corporate Services	
Department	Corporate Services, Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	xxReportDetailsxx	
Authority/Discretion	Information For the Council/Committee to note.	
Attachments	 OAG Audit Committee Chair October 2022 Summary [8.3.1 - 2 pages] OAG Audit Committee Chair October 2022 Caroline Spencer [8.3.2 - 27 pages] OAG Report 20 Fraud Risk Management Better Practice Guide [8.3.3 - 64 pages] 	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to inform the Committee of the most recent Audit Committee Chair Forum held by the Office of the Auditor General, on 13 October 2022, and to draw the Committee's attention to the Auditor General's Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide.

Background

The OAG hosted its fifth Audit Committee Chair Forum, on 13 October 2022. Auditor General Caroline Spencer provided an overview of the 2022 audit season, including audit access and provided a presentation on considerations for audit committees in the era of sustainability reporting. Assistant Auditor General Forensic Audit, Carl Huxtable, presented on the OAG's Fraud Risk Management - Better Practice Guide and the tools available to assist entities to uplift their fraud resilience.

Proposal

That the Committee note the Auditor General's presentation and the Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide.

Communication and Engagement

Nil



Strategic Implications

Priority Area 6: Providing Visionary Leadership and Making Great Decisions6.1 Make brave decisions in line with a risk appetite6.4 Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council, administration and the community

Comment

The Committee considered a new Fraud and Corruption Policy and Fraud and Corruption Control Plan for the Town at its 22 March 2022 meeting and recommended Council adopt both documents, which it did at the March 2022 Ordinary Council Meeting. The Town's Fraud and Corruption Control Plan draws from the Australian Standard AS8001-2021 – 'Fraud and Corruption Control' and is supported by an Action Plan, which the Town will continue to implement throughout 2022/23.

The OAG Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide also draws from Australian Standard AS8001-2021 and the Town's Fraud and Corruption Control Plan is broadly consistent with the Better Practice Guide.

A focus of the Better Practice Guide is aimed at guiding those responsible for developing and implementing an entity's fraud risk management program, and it includes some useful resources designed to support the fraud risk management process. The Town will review its Fraud and Corruption Control Action Plan in light of the Better Practice Guide, to incorporate elements appropriate for the Town.

Statutory Requirements

Regulation 17 of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 requires local government CEOs to review their entity's systems and procedures, including for risk management, to ensure they are effective and appropriate for the entity's needs.

Financial Considerations

Implementation of the Fraud and Corruption Control Plan may require additional funds and will be the subject of separate budget submissions as and when required. The Town's Purchasing Policy and Procurement Guidelines will govern any required engagements.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk High

> 20 of 25 339 of 493



The Auditor General reported that:

The Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Report to the Nations 2022, estimated that fraud losses in businesses, government and not-for-profits are approximately 5% of their annual turnover. If this estimate is an accurate reflection of actual fraud losses within the WA public sector, the impact on the people of WA, and the services to them, is considerable.

Fraud within the WA public sector is typical of instances in other jurisdictions and sectors where investigations regularly find deficiencies within entities' controls. These deficiencies may have been identified earlier if the entities had a robust and rigorous fraud risk management program in place.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

The Director Corporate Services and Jay Teichert of the Office of the Auditor General, spoke on this item and gave an overview on the Fraud Risk Management -Better Practice Guide and the tools available to assist entities to uplift their fraud resilience.

<u>Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 8.3</u> <u>AGC-3/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that the Audit and Governance Committee notes the Auditor General's presentation and the Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 5/0

8.4 Delay to the Audited Annual Financial Statements for 2021/22		
Property Address	Address here	
Landowner/Applicant	Owner/s here	
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1	
Author	Director Corporate Services	
Department	Corporate Services, Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	xxReportDetailsxx	
Authority/Discretion	Information For the Council/Committee to note.	
Attachments	Nil	



Purpose

The purpose of this report is to inform the Committee of a delay in the Town receiving the audited annual financial statements for 2021/22 and the reason for the delay.

Background

Section 5.53 of the *Local Government Act 1995* requires the Town to prepare an annual report for each financial year, with the local government required to accept the annual report for the previous financial year by 31 December, or within two months of receipt of the auditor's report. The local government must then hold a general meeting of electors within 56 days of accepting the annual report.

The Town had planned to present the annual report, including the audited annual financial statements for 2021/22 to Council for acceptance at the Ordinary Council Meeting, on 13 December 2022, and to propose the annual meeting of electors be held in early-February 2023. However, this is no longer possible due to a significant delay regarding the revaluation of the Town's assets required for the annual financial statements.

Consequently, the following is now proposed:

- Hold a supplementary Audit and Governance Committee meeting on 8 February 2023 for the audit closing meeting and receipt of the annual financial statements and auditors report;
- Present the annual report, with the audited annual financial statements for Council to accept at the Ordinary Council Meeting on 28 February 2023; and
- Hold the general meeting of electors in late-March 2023.

Proposal

That the Committee note the delay in the Town receiving the Audited Annual Financial Statements for 2021/22 and the reason for the delay, and the consequential effect on the timing of the general meeting of electors.

That the Committee recommend to Council that a supplementary meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee be held on 8 February 2023.

Communication and Engagement

The Town has engaged extensively with the appointed contractor engaged to undertake valuation of the Town's land, building and infrastructure assets, and with the appointed auditors RSM Australia, with a view to having the asset revaluation completed in time to allow the audit to be finalised and the annual report presented to Council in 2022.



Strategic Implications

Priority Area 4: Driving Financial Suitability 4.1 Ensure there is sufficient, effective and sustainable use of assets

Comment

All local governments are required to revalue their assets every five years, and the Town's revaluation was due for the financial year ending 30 June 2022. The Town conducted an RFQ process and awarded the contract for revaluation services in May 2022, with completion of the exercise due by 31 August 2022. That would have allowed sufficient time for the Town to undertake its due diligence, complete its financial statements and submit them for audit. However, the asset valuation process has been problematic; with the contractor consistently failing to:

- Meet deadlines
- Provide sufficient and adequate information
- Provide accurate data
- Respond to numerous queries arising from the Town's due diligence in a timely manner.

The Town has completed its annual financial statements for 2021/22 and the asset valuation for the Town's land and buildings is now complete. While the asset valuation for the Town's Infrastructure assets is nearing completion, it cannot now be finalised in time for RSM Australia and then the Auditor General to complete their processes in time to present the auditor's report to Council this year. Whilst drafting this report, the Finance and Assets team are querying the unit rate used by the valuer for the pavement component of the road, showing a substantial change from the previous valuation. This has required further discussion with the Town's auditors, RSM, and its appointed road maintenance contractor.

The Town will investigate options to mitigate the risk of this re-occurring in the future, including staggering the revaluation of different asset classes and bringing the infrastructure revaluation of assets in-house.

Statutory Requirements

Section 5.53 Local Government Act 1995 Part 7 Local Government Act 1995 Part 4 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996



Financial Considerations

No direct financial consequences, although Town staff (particularly the Manager Finance and Asset Management Contractor) have been tireless in their efforts to progress the matter, and this has dominated their time and taken them away from other important work such as the development of the Long-Term Financial Plan model.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk High

The Town is the custodian of significant assets, and the accurate valuation of those assets is a critical component of the annual financial statements. A mis-statement in the infrastructure asset category, which makes up 56% of the Town's total assets, would have a significant impact on the financial position of the Town. To mitigate this risk, the Town engaged the external contractor to perform the Town's Land and Buildings and Infrastructure Categories. Internally, the Town used the services its appointed Asset Management contractor who has extensive knowledge of the Town's assets, with oversight provided by the Manager Finance.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

The Manager Finance spoke on this report and the delay in the Town receiving the Audited Annual Financial Statements. It is recommended an additional meeting be held on 8 February 2023 in preparation for the General Meeting of Electors in March 2023.

Cr Hamilton left the room at 6.56pm and returned at 6.57pm.

Cr McLennan left the meeting at 7.01pm and did not return.



<u>Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 8.4</u> <u>AGC-4/11/22</u>

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that the Audit and Governance Committee:

- 1. Notes the delay in the Town receiving the Audited Annual Financial Statements for 2021/22 and the reason for the delay, and the consequential effect on the timing of the general meeting of electors.
- 2. Recommends that an additional meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee be held on 8 February 2023.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 4/0

9 Motions of Which Previous Notice Has Been Given

Nil

10 Announcements of Notices of Motion for the Next Meeting

Nil

11 Closure

An additional meeting will be held on Wednesday 8 February 2023 at 5.30pm.

The next Audit and Governance Committee meeting will be held on Wednesday 8 March 2023 commencing at 5.30pm.

There being no further business, the Presiding Member closed the meeting at 7.10pm.



TOWN OF BASSENDEAN

MINUTES

AUDIT AND GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, 48 OLD PERTH ROAD, BASSENDEAN ON WEDNESDAY 7 SEPTEMBER 2022, AT 5.30PM

1 Declaration Of Opening; Acknowledgment of Country; Acknowledgment of Visitors; Disclaimer

The Presiding Member declared the meeting open, welcomed all those in attendance and acknowledged the past and present traditional owners and custodians of the land on which the meeting was held.

2 Announcements by the Presiding Member Without Discussion

Nil

3 Attendances, Apologies and Applications for Leave of Absence

Present

<u>Members</u>

Cr Hilary MacWilliam, Presiding Member Cr Kathryn Hamilton Cr Renee McLennan Cr Paul Poliwka Patrick Eijkenboom Kim Stewart

Staff/Consultants

Paul White, Director Corporate Services Elizabeth Kania, Manager Governance & Strategy Raj Malde, Manager Finance Markus Stone, Acting Manager Information & Technology Ron Back, Advisor to the Committee Amy Holmes, Minute Secretary



Apologies

Jay Teichert, Office of the Auditor General Amit Kabra, RSM

4 Declarations of Interest

Nil

5 Presentations or Deputations

Nil

6 Confirmation of Minutes

6.1 Confirmation of Minutes

Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 6.1(a)

MOVED Cr MacWilliam, Seconded Cr McLennan, that the minutes of the Audit and Governance Committee meeting held on 8 June 2022, be received.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

Committee/Officer Recommendation - Item 6.1(b)

MOVED Cr McLennan, Seconded Patrick Eijkenboom, that the minutes of the Audit and Governance Committee meeting held on 8 June 2022, be confirmed as a true record.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

7 Reports		
7.1 OAG Financial Audit Results - Local Government 2020/21		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	FINM/AUD1	
Author	Paul White	
Department	Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	N/A	
Authority/Discretion	Information For the Council/Committee to note.	
Attachments	1. OAG - Financial Audit Results - Local Government 2020/21 [7.1.1 - 68 pages]	



Purpose

The purpose of this report is for the Committee to receive the Auditor General's report on Local Government financial audits for 2020/21 and note an error in that report pertaining to the Town of Bassendean.

Background

The Auditor General was responsible for the financial audits of all local governments in Western Australia for the first time in 2020/21, following a four-year transition program.

The Auditor General tabled its report "Financial Audit Results Report – Local Government 2020/21" in Parliament on 17 August 2022. Appendix 1 to that report stated that the Town had not met the statutory deadline of 30 September 2021 for provision of the accounts for 2020/21.

The Town's records show that it submitted the accounts for 2020/21 to the Town's appointed auditors RSM Australia on 30 September 2021.

Proposal

That the Committee receives the Auditor General's report on Local Government financial audits for 2020/21 and notes an error in that report pertaining to the Town of Bassendean.

Communication and Engagement

The Town wrote to the Auditor General on 23 August 2022 to ascertain the reasons for the apparent erroneous reference in the above-mentioned report and was informed that the records of the Auditor General show the Town provided its accounts on 12 October 2021. The Town then provided a screen shot of the RSM portal showing lodgment on 30 September 2021 to the Auditor General and is awaiting a response.

Strategic Implications

Priority Area 6: Providing Visionary Leadership and Making Great Decisions 6.4 Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council, administration and the community

Comment

The Town will seek an amendment to the above-mentioned report to reflect that the accounts for 2020/21 were provided by the due date.





Statutory Requirements

- 6.4. Financial report
- (1) A local government is to prepare an annual financial report for the preceding financial year and such other financial reports as are prescribed.
- (2) The financial report is to ---
 - (a) be prepared and presented in the manner and form prescribed; and
 - (b) contain the prescribed information.
- (3) By 30 September following each financial year or such extended time as the Minister allows, a local government is to submit to its auditor
 - (a) the accounts of the local government, balanced up to the last day of the preceding financial year; and
 - (b) the annual financial report of the local government for the preceding financial year.

Financial Considerations

Nil

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk Low

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 7.1(a) AGC-1/9/22

MOVED Cr McLennan, Seconded Patrick Eijkenboom, that the Audit and Governance Committee recommends that Council:

1. Receives the Auditor General's report on Local Government Financial Audits for 2020/21; and





2. Notes that the Town will seek **a correction** to that report to show that the Town's accounts were provided to the appointed auditor by the due date specified in section 6.4 of the *Local Government Act* 1995.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0

Committee Recommendation – Item 7.1(b) AGC-2/9/22

MOVED Cr McLennan, Seconded Patrick Eijkenboom, that the Audit & Governance Committee recommends that Council requests the CEO write to the Auditor General to seek a review to its processes to include an opportunity for the Local Government to make representations in relation to any adverse mention, prior to finalisation of the report.

CARRIED 5/1

Cr McLennan, Patrick Eijkenboom, Cr Hamilton, Cr MacWilliam & Kim Stewart voted in favour of the motion. Cr Poliwka voted against the motion.

7.2 Review of Related Party Transactions and Disclosure Policy		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	FINM/AUD1	
Author	Director Corporate Services	
Department	Corporate Services, Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	N/A	
Authority/Discretion	Legislative Includes adopting local laws, town planning schemes & policies.	
Attachments	 Related Party Transactions - Disclosure Form [7.2.1 - 6 pages] Disclosure of Related Party Transactions Procedure [7.2.2 - 5 pages] 	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is for the Committee to consider recommending that Council revoke the Related Party Transactions and Disclosure Policy.

Background

Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) Standard 124 Related Party Disclosures requires disclosure of certain transactions in the Town's annual financial statements.





To assist the Town to comply with the requirements of AASB 124, Council adopted the Related Party Transactions and Disclosure Policy in August 2017. The policy is supported by a Privacy Collection Notice and a form for making a disclosure.

The requirements for compliance with AASB 124 are administrative in nature and non-discretionary, best served by an administrative procedure rather than a Council Policy.

Proposal

That the Committee recommend Council revoke the Related Party Transactions and Disclosure Policy and notes that the CEO has developed the proposed Disclosure of Related Party Transactions Procedure and supporting disclosure form, attached to this report.

Communication and Engagement

Nil.

Strategic Implications

Priority Area 6: Providing Visionary Leadership and Making Great Decisions 6.4 Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council, administration and the community

Comment

The purpose of AASB 124 is to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of **related parties** and by transactions and outstanding balances, including commitments, with such parties.

A 'related party' is a person or entity that is related to the reporting entity (Town of Bassendean). A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person: (i) has control or joint control of the reporting entity; (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity.

Key management personnel (KMP) are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity. In the Local Government context, KMPs include Councillors and Executive staff.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.





AASB 124 provides further guidance on interpretation and application of the Standard.

The practice at the Town has been for the administration to provide KMPs with information to enable them to determine whether any related party transactions require disclosure and a disclosure form for completion. Information provided to KMPs to enable this determination includes the Town's Contracts Register, Leases and License Register and a list of entities that have transacted with the Town in the relevant financial year. This information is normally provided in early October following completion of the trial balance for the previous financial year, to allow sufficient time to make any required disclosures in the financial statements. This practice is proposed to continue under the administrative procedure.

Statutory Requirements

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 requires the Town to prepare an annual financial report prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards.

Financial Considerations

Nil.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk Low

The risk of non-compliance with AASB 124 is that the Town's financial statements may lack disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of related parties.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

<u>Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 7.2</u> <u>AGC-3/9/22</u>

MOVED Cr Hamilton, Seconded Cr Poliwka, that the Audit & Governance Committee recommends to Council that it:

1. Revoke the Related Party Transactions and Disclosure Policy; and





2. Notes that the CEO has developed the proposed Disclosure of Related Party Transactions Procedure and supporting disclosure form, attached to this report. <u>CARRIED BY AN ABSOLUTE MAJORITY</u> 6/0

7.3 Audit Risk Register		
Property Address	N/A	
Landowner/Applicant	N/A	
File Reference	GOVN/CCLMEET/1	
Author	Paul White	
Department	Director Corporate Services	
Previous Reports	N/A	
Authority/Discretion	Executive The substantial direction setting and oversight role of the Council.	
Attachments	 CONFIDENTIAL REDACTED - Audit Risk Register [7.3.1 - 7 pages] 	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide the Audit and Governance Committee with the Town's Audit Risk Register, with updated actions since the meeting of the Committee on 8 June 2022.

Background

Creation of an Audit Risk Register was a recommendation arising from the 2019 review of the appropriateness and effectiveness of the Town's systems and procedures in relation to risk management, internal controls and legislative compliance pursuant to Regulation 17 of the *Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996*.

Proposal

For the Audit and Governance Committee to receive the Audit Risk Register and consider the action taken or proposed to address the identified risks.

Communication and Engagement

Nil.

Strategic Implications

Priority Area 6: Providing Visionary Leadership and Making Great Decisions 6.1 Make brave decisions in line with a risk appetite



6.3 Ensure operational activities reflect the strategic focus of Council

6.4 Reinforce a culture of collaboration, trust and demarcation between Council,

administration and the community

6.6 Respond effectively and efficiently to crises

Comment

The Audit Risk Register presents a summary of the audit risks and recommendations made in recent internal and external audit reports relating to the Town and provides an update on actions taken or proposed to address the identified risks.

The Town's internal auditor William Buck Consulting (WA) Pty Ltd (William Buck) completed two important audits, the reports for which were tabled at the last meeting of the Committee:

- Internal audit of Regulation 17 of the *Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996;* and
- General Finance Control Review.

The recommendations from these two audits and action taken or proposed to be taken in response have been incorporated into the Audit Risk Register.

Statutory Requirements

Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, Regulation 16, states:

An audit committee has the following functions -

(a) to guide and assist the local government in carrying out ---

(i) its functions under Part 6 of the Act; and

(ii) its functions relating to other audits and other matters related to financial management;

- (b) to guide and assist the local government in carrying out the local government's functions in relation to audits conducted under Part 7 of the Act;
- (c) to review a report given to it by the CEO under regulation 17(3) (the CEO's report) and is to
 - (i) report to the council the results of that review; and
 - (ii) give a copy of the CEO's report to the council;
- (d) to monitor and advise the CEO when the CEO is carrying out functions in relation to a review under
 - (i) regulation 17(1); and
 - (ii) the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 regulation 5(2)(c);
- (e) to support the auditor of the local government to conduct an audit and carry out the auditor's other duties under the Act in respect of the local government;
- (f) to oversee the implementation of any action that the local government
 - (i) is required to take by section 7.12A(3); and



- (ii) has stated it has taken or intends to take in a report prepared under section 7.12A(4)(a); and
- (iii) has accepted should be taken following receipt of a report of a review conducted under regulation 17(1); and
- (iv) has accepted should be taken following receipt of a report of a review conducted under the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 regulation 5(2)(c);
- (g) to perform any other function conferred on the audit committee by these regulations or another written law.

Financial Considerations

Implementation of some audit recommendations may require additional funds and will be the subject of separate budget submissions as and when required. The Town's Purchasing Policy and Procurement Framework will govern any required engagements.

Risk Management Implications

Financial Risk Medium

Risk implications are detailed in the Audit Risk Register.

Declaration of Conflicts of Interest

All officers involved in the preparation of this report have considered and determined that they do not have a conflict of interest in the matter.

Risk Management Framework – need to embed the processes within the organisation

Committee/Officer Recommendation – Item 7.3 AGC-4/9/22

MOVED Kim Stewart, Seconded Cr Hamilton, that the Audit and Governance Committee receives the Audit Risk Register and notes the action taken or proposed to address the identified risks.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY 6/0



8 Motions of which Previous Notice has been given

Nil

9 Announcements of Notices of Motion for the Next Meeting

Nil

10 Confidential Business

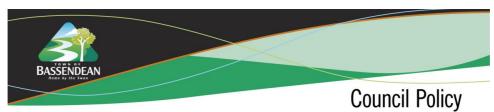
Nil

11 Closure

The next Audit and Governance Committee meeting will be held on Wednesday 30 November commencing at 5.30pm.

There being no further business, the Presiding Member closed the meeting at 6.39pm.





Investment Policy

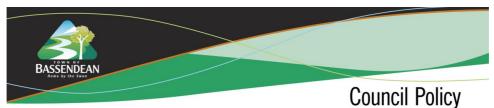
Objective

To invest funds to ensure the maximisation of returns with due consideration of the associated risks, whilst protecting the initial capital investment and future cash flows.

While exercising the power to invest, consideration is to be given to the preservation of capital, liquidity, and the return of investment.

Investments are to be made in accordance with legislative requirements of the Local Government Act and the associated Regulations.

- Preservation of capital is the principal objective of the investment portfolio. Investments are to be undertaken and in a manner that ensures security and safeguard the Town's Investment Portfolio. This includes managing credit and interest rate risk within identified thresholds and parameters.
- The investment portfolio will ensure there is sufficient liquidity to meet all reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements, as and when they fall due, without incurring significant costs due to the unanticipated sale of an investment.
- The investment is expected to achieve a yield that takes into account the Council's risk tolerance. Any additional return target set by Council will also consider the risk limitation and prudent investment principles.
- Preference will be given to invest in financial institutions who do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry.
- The Town will not make investments in companies that derive any revenues in the following areas of activity:
 - a) Controversial weapons: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of controversial weapons such as land mines, cluster bombs and nuclear weapons;
 - b) Tobacco: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of tobacco products.
- The Town will not make investments in companies that derive 10% or more of their revenues in the following areas of activity:
 - a) Armaments: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of armaments;
 - b) Gambling: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of gambling machines and services and/or ownership of outlets housing these machines;
 - c) Old growth logging: Companies involved in the logging of old growth forests.
 - d) Uranium Mining/Nuclear: companies involved in uranium mining and production of nuclear energy.



- The Town has determined that the Fund will not make investments in companies that derive 1/3 (one-third) or more of their revenues in high carbon sensitive activities.
- The Town will not engage in leverage investments of securities.

Legislative Requirements

All investments are to comply with the following:

- Local Government Act (WA) 1995
- Trustees Act (WA)1962 (As amended as at the 16 January 2013)
- Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

Delegation of Authority

Authority for implementation of the Investment Policy is delegated by Council to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995. (Section 6.14 of the Local Government Act 1995 & Section 19 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996).

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

In accordance with the Town's Code of Conduct, Officers shall refrain from personal activities that would conflict with the proper execution and management of Council's investment portfolio. All disclosures are to be in accordance with the Town's Code of Conduct.

A local government officer must act with the care, prudence, skill and diligence that a prudent person acting in like capacity under similar circumstances would act.

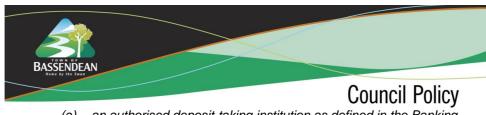
Authorised Institution Investments

This policy authorises investment of the Town's funds, including surplus funds, with an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution as defined in the *Banking Act 1959* (Commonwealth) section 5.

Investments are limited in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act (Financial Management) Regulations 19C which provides:

19C. Investment of money — Restrictions on Act S6.14(2)(a)

(1) In this regulation authorised institution means —



- (a) an authorised deposit-taking institution as defined in the Banking Act 1959 (Commonwealth) section 5; or
- (b) the Western Australian Treasury Corporation established by the Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986;

foreign currency means a currency except the currency of Australia.

- (2) When investing money under section 6.14(1), a local government may not do any of the following
 - (a) deposit with an institution except an authorised institution;
 - (b) deposit for a fixed term of more than 3 years;
 - (c) invest in bonds that are not guaranteed by the Commonwealth Government, or a State or Territory government;
 - (d) invest in bonds with a term to maturity of more than 3 years;
 - (e) invest in a foreign currency.

Overall Portfolio Limits

To control the Credit quality on the entire portfolio, a global credit framework will apply to limit the percentage of the portfolio exposed to any particular rating category as outlined below.

The maximum available limits in each category are as follows:

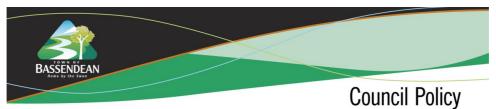
S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A-1	100%
A-2	60%

Counterparty Credit Limit

All investments made on behalf of the Town of Bassendean will comply where applicable, with the credit guidelines based on the S&P ratings for each institution. Exposure to an individual institution will be restricted, where applicable, by their S&P rating so that single entity exposure is limited, as detailed in the table below:

S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A-1	50%
A-2	30%

Investment Advisor



The Town may appoint an investment advisor who must be licensed by the Australian Securities and Investment Commission. The advisor must be an independent person who has no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to investment products being recommended in accordance with the terms and conditions of this policy.

Reporting and Review

A monthly report will be provided to Council in support of the monthly statement of activity. The report will detail the investment portfolio in terms of performance, percentage exposure of total portfolio and maturity date.

Documentary evidence must be held for each investment and details thereof maintained in an Investment Register.

For audit purposes, certificates must be obtained from the financial institutions confirming the amounts of investments held on the Council's behalf as at 30 June each year and reconciled to the Investment Register.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Local Government Act 1995

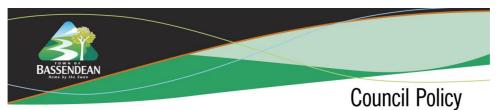
Section 6.14 of the Local Government Act 1995 provides that "subject to regulations, money held in the municipal fund or the trust fund of a local government that is not, for the time being, required by a local government for any other purpose may be invested in accordance with "Part III of the Trustees Act 1962" (Trustees Act)"

Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

Regulation 19 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 states a local government is to "establish and document internal control; procedures to be followed by employees to ensure control over investments"

Regulation 19C provides for the definition of the authorised institution, and the limitation of the investment funds.

Regulation 28 and 49 prescribe the disclosure requirements for investment in the Annual Budget and Annual Financial Report respectively. Additional disclosure requirements are also provided under the Australian Accounting Standards.



As part of the reporting requirement under Regulation 34 Financial Activity Statement Report, each local government is to include in its monthly statement of financial activity any supporting information considered relevant by the local government. This should include a monthly investment summary to ensure the performance of the investment portfolio is in accordance with anticipated returns and complies with the investment policy.

Preservation of Capital

Preservation of capital refers to an investment strategy with the primary goal of preventing losses in an investment portfolio's total value.

Prudent Person Rule

Investments will be managed with the care, diligence and skill that a prudent person will exercise. Delegated Officers are to manage the Investment Portfolio to safeguard the portfolios in accordance with the spirit of this investment policy, and not for speculative purposes.

Trustees Act 1962

Section 17 of the Trustees Act 1962, states "a trustee may, unless expressly prohibited by the instrument creating the trust -

- (a) invest trust funds in any form of investment; and
- (b) at any time, vary an investment or realise an investment of trust funds and reinvest money resulting from the realisation on any form of investment".

INVESTMENT DEFINITIONS

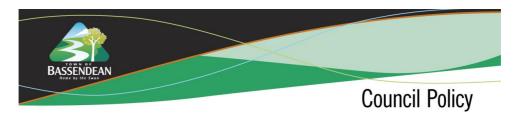
Authorised institution means -

- (a) an authorised deposit-taking institution as defined in the *Banking Act 1959* (Commonwealth) section 5; or
- (b) the Western Australian Treasury Corporation established by the Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986;

Foreign currency means a currency except the currency of Australia.

Reference - Local Government Act (Financial Management) Regulations

<u>Bonds</u>



Bonds are financial securities issued by the Commonwealth, State or Territory government authorities as a means of raising funds. These securities are restricted to maturity of less than 3 years.

Security investments

Security investments (also known as 'negotiable certificates of deposit' or 'bills of exchange' accepted or endorsed by Australian banks) are 'discount securities' because they are sold at a discount to their face value. The difference between the purchase price (amount invested) and the face value (amount at maturity) represents the interest earned.

Term deposit

A Term Deposit is an investment where the interest rate is guaranteed not to change for the whole of the nominated term. It provides the security of knowing that interest income is protected from fluctuations in investment markets.

S&P Credit Ratings

S&P stands for Standard and Poors, which is a globally accredited professional organisation that provides analytical services. An S&P credit rating is an opinion of the general creditworthiness of an obligor with respect to particular debt security or other financial obligation based on relevant risk factors.

Credit ratings are based, in varying degrees, on the following considerations:

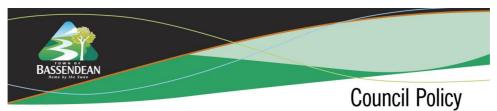
- Likelihood of payment;
- Nature and provisions of the obligation; and
- Protection afforded by, and relative position of, the obligation in the event of bankruptcy, reorganization or other laws affecting creditors' rights.

The issue rating definitions are expressed in terms of default risk.

S&P Short Term Credit Rating A-1

This is the highest short term category used by S&P. The institutions capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on these obligations is extremely strong.

S&P Short Term Credit Rating A-2



A short term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the institutions capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is satisfactory.

Application

Responsibility for the implementation of this policy rest with the Mayor, Councillors, Council delegates and Chief Executive Officer. The Policy is to be reviewed every three years or as required in the event of legislative changes.

Policy Type: Strategic Policy	Responsible Officer:
	Chief Executive Officer
	Delegated Authority:
Link to Strategic Community Plan: Leadership	Director Corporate Services
and Governance	Manager Corporate Services
	Last Review Date: January 2018
	Next Review due by: March 2019



6.16 Investment Policy

Policy Objective

To <u>ensure the</u> invest<u>ment of the Town's in a manner that</u><u>funds to ensure the</u> maximis<u>esation of</u> returns, with due consideration of <u>the associated</u> risks, <u>whilst</u> <u>protectingpreserving</u> the initial capital investment and <u>ensuring future</u> liquidity,<u>future cash flows</u> whilst balancing social and environmental considerations.

Policy Scope

This policy applies to the investment of surplus, long term cash, current assets, and other funds in authorised investments in accordance with the Local government Act 1995 and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.

Policy Statement

This policy sets out the parameters for the investment of the Town's surplus funds.

Preservation of Capital

While exercising the power to investments, are to be undertaken with consideration is to be given to the preservation of capital the primary objective., liquidity, and the return of investment.

Investments are to be made in accordance with legislative requirements of the Local Government Act and the associated Regulations.

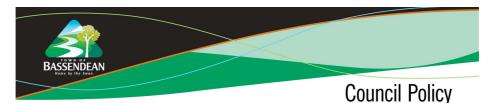
Preservation of capital is the principal objective of the investment portfolio. Investments are to be undertaken and in a manner that ensures security and safeguard the Town's Investment Portfolio. This includes managing credit and interest rate risk within identified thresholds and parameters.

Liquidity of Capital

The investment portfolio will <u>be managed to provideensure there is</u> sufficient liquidity to meet all reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements, as and when <u>required they fall due</u>, without incurring significant costs <u>from due to the</u> unanticipated <u>termination sale</u> of <u>an-investments</u>.

Performance

The ilnvestments are to be managed in accordance with is expected to achieve a yield that takes into account the Council's risk tolerance, while balancing revenue objectives with credit and interest rate risk, within the portfolio and counterparty



<u>credit framework specified in this policy</u>. Any additional return target set by Council will also consider the risk limitation and prudent investment principles.

Preference will be given to invest in financial institutions who do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry.

The Town will not make investments in companies that derive any revenues in the following areas of activity:

- a) Controversial weapons: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of controversial weapons such as land mines, cluster bombs and nuclear weapons;

- b) Tobacco: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of tobacco products.

The Town will not make investments in companies that derive 10% or more of their revenues in the following areas of activity:

- a) Armaments: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of armaments;

- b) Gambling: Companies involved in the manufacture and/or production of gambling machines and services and/or ownership of outlets housing these machines;

— c) Old growth logging: Companies involved in the logging of old growth forests.

 d) Uranium Mining/Nuclear: companies involved in uranium mining and production of nuclear energy

The Town has determined that the Fund will not make investments in companies that derive 1/3 (one-third) or more of their revenues in high carbon sensitive activities.

Legislative Requirements

All investments are to comply with the following:

Local Government Act (WA) 1995 (As Amended as at November 2015)

Trustees Act (WA)1962 (As amended as at the 16 January 2013)
 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (As amended as at June 2013)

Delegation of Authority

Authority for implementation of the Investment Policy is delegated by Council to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995. (Section 6.14 of the Local Government Act 1995 & Section 19 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996).



Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

In accordance with the Town's Code of Conduct, Officers shall refrain from personal activities that would conflict with the proper execution and management of Council's investment portfolio. All disclosures are to be in accordance with the Town's Code of Conduct.

A local government officer must act with the care, prudence, skill and diligence that a prudent person acting in like capacity under similar circumstances would act.

Credit Ratings

<u>Credit ratings are determined by the likelihood an institution will fail to fulfil its</u> obligations and the risk of loss due to the failure to pay the interest or repay the principal of an investment. Short term credit ratings refer to a term of 12 months or less.

The Standard & Poor's (S&P) Short Term Credit Ratings (or equivalent Moody's or Fitch) attributed to each individual institution will be used to determine maximum holdings:

- A 1: Strong capacity to meet financial commitments, but somewhat susceptible to adverse economic conditions and changes in circumstances.
- A 2: Adequate capacity to meet financial commitments, but more susceptible to adverse economic conditions.

Overall Portfolio Credit FrameworkLimits

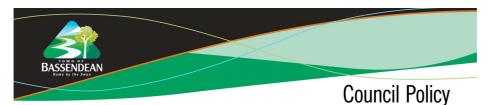
To control the <u>c</u>Gredit quality of<u>n</u> the <u>Town's investmententire</u> portfolio, a global credit framework will apply to limit the percentage of the portfolio exposed to any <u>particular ratingcredit rating</u> category as outlined below.

The maximum available limits in each category are as follows:

S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A-1	100%
A-2	60%

Counterparty Credit FrameworkLimit

All investments made on behalf of the Town of Bassendean will comply where applicable, with the credit guidelines based on the S&P ratings for each institution. To minimise the risk of eExposure to an individual institution, a counterparty credit framework will apply to limit the percentage of the portfolio exposed to any



individual institution. will be restricted, where applicable, by their S&P rating so that single entity exposure is limited, as detailed in the table below: The maximum investment in a singular institution is as follows:

S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A-1	50%
A-2	30%

Authorised Institution Investments

This policy authorises investment of the Town's funds, including surplus funds, with an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution as defined in the *Banking Act 1959* (Commonwealth) section 5.

Investments are limited in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act-(Financial Management) Regulations, investments are limited to 19C which provides:

- Deposits with Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions, not exceeding a fixed term of 3 years.
- Bonds guaranteed by Commonwealth, State or Territory Governments, not exceeding a term to maturity of 3 years.
- Those made in Australian Currency.

19C. Investment of money — Restrictions on Act S6.14(2)(a)

- (1) In this regulation
 - - (a) an authorised deposit-taking institution as defined in the Banking Act 1959 (Commonwealth) section 5; or
 - (b) the Western Australian Treasury Corporation established by the Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986;
 - foreign currency means a currency except the currency of Australia.
- (2) When investing money under section 6.14(1), a local government may not do any of the following
 - (a) deposit with an institution except an authorised institution;
 - (b) deposit for a fixed term of more than 12 months;

(c) invest in bonds that are not guaranteed by the Commonwealth Government, or a State or Territory government;



The Town will use external resources to monitor prevalent non-fossil fuel lenders and determine those institutions that do invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry.

Investment Advisor

The Town may appoint a licensedn investment advisor to manage the Town's investments in accordance with this policy, and the use of an external platform to manage its investments who must be licensed by the Australian Securities and Investment Commission. The advisor must be an independent person who has no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to investment products being recommended in accordance with the terms and conditions of this policy.

Reporting and Review

An investment monthly report will be provided to Council in support of the monthly, as part of the statement of financial activity. The investment report will detail the investment portfolio in terms of performance, investment maturity, portfolio and institution credit exposure, and investment mix between fossil fuel and non-fossil fuel lenderspercentage exposure of total portfolio and maturity date.

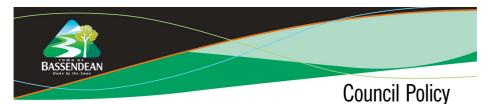
Documentary evidence must be held for each investments and details thereof maintained in an Investment Register, supported by documentary evidence.

For audit purposes, certificates must be obtained from <u>Authorised Deposit-taking</u> the financial institutions confirming the amounts of investments held on the <u>Council's behalf as at 30 June each year and reconciled to the Investment Register</u>.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Local Government Act 1995

Section 6.14 of the Local Government Act 1995 provides that "subject to regulations, money held in the municipal fund or the trust fund of a local



government that is not, for the time being, required by a local government for any other purpose may be invested in accordance with "Part III of the Trustees Act 1962" (Trustees Act)"

Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

Regulation 19 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 states a local government is to "establish and document internal control; procedures to be followed by employees to ensure control over investments"

Regulation 19C provides for the definition of the authorised institution, and the limitation of the investment funds.

Regulation 28 and 49 prescribe the disclosure requirements for investment in the Annual Budget and Annual Financial Report respectively. Additional disclosure requirements are also provided under the Australian Accounting Standards.

As part of the reporting requirement under Regulation 34 Financial Activity Statement Report, each local government is to include in its monthly statement of financial activity any supporting information considered relevant by the local government. This should include a monthly investment summary to ensure the performance of the investment portfolio is in accordance with anticipated returns and complies with the investment policy.

Preservation of Capital

Preservation of capital refers to an investment strategy with the primary goal of preventing losses in an investment portfolio's total value.

Prudent Person Rule

Investments will be managed with the care, diligence and skill that a prudent person will exercise. Delegated Officers are to manage the Investment Portfolio to safeguard the portfolios in accordance with the spirit of this investment policy, and not for speculative purposes.

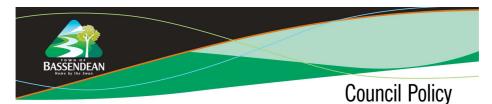
Trustees Act 1962

Section 17 of the Trustees Act 1962, states "a trustee may, unless expressly prohibited by the instrument creating the trust -

invest trust funds in any form of investment; and at any time, vary an investment or realise an investment of trust funds and reinvest money resulting from the realisation on any form of investment".

INVESTMENT DEFINITIONS

Authorised institution means -



(a) an authorised deposit-taking institution as defined in the Banking Act 1959 (Commonwealth) section 5: or

(b) the Western Australian Treasury Corporation established by the Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986;

Foreign currency means a currency except the currency of Australia.

Reference - Local Government Act (Financial Management) Regulations

Bonds

Bonds are financial securities issued by the Commonwealth, State or Territory government authorities as a means of raising funds. These securities are restricted to maturity of less than 3 years.

Security investments

Security investments (also known as 'negotiable certificates of deposit' or 'bills of exchange' accepted or endorsed by Australian banks) are 'discount securities' because they are sold at a discount to their face value. The difference between the purchase price (amount invested) and the face value (amount at maturity) represents the interest earned.

Term deposit

A Term Deposit is an investment where the interest rate is guaranteed not to change for the whole of the nominated term. It provides the security of knowing that interest income is protected from fluctuations in investment markets. <u>S&P Credit Ratings</u>

S&P stands for Standard and Poors, which is a globally accredited professional organisation that provides analytical services. An S&P credit rating is an opinion of the general creditworthiness of an obligor with respect to particular debt security or other financial obligation based on relevant risk factors.

Credit ratings are based, in varying degrees, on the following considerations:

Likelihood of payment;

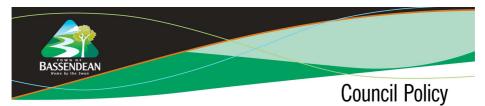
Nature and provisions of the obligation; and

Protection afforded by, and relative position of, the obligation in the event of bankruptcy, reorganization or other laws affecting creditors' rights.

The issue rating definitions are expressed in terms of default risk.

S&P Short Term Credit Rating A-1

This is the highest short term category used by S&P. The institutions capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the



obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on these obligations is extremely strong.

S&P Short Term Credit Rating A-2

A short term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the institutions capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is satisfactory.

Application

Responsibility for the implementation of this policy rest with the Mayor, Councillors, Council delegates and Chief Executive Officer. The Policy is to be reviewed every three years or as required in the event of legislative changes.

Policy Type: Strategic Policy	Responsible Officer:
	Chief Executive Officer
	Delegated Authority:
Link to Strategic Community Plan: Leadership	Director Corporate Services
and Governance	Manager Corporate Services
	Last Review Date: March 2016
	Next Review due by: March 2019

Document Control box					
Document Responsibili	Document Responsibilities:				
Owner:	Director Corporate Services	Owner Business Unit:	Corporate Services		
Inception Date:	Draft November 2022	Decision Maker:	Council		
Review Date:	Biannual	Repeal and Replace:	Existing Investment Policy 2018		
Compliance Requirements:					
Legislation:	Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996				



Draft Investment Policy

Policy Objective

To ensure the investment of the Town's funds in a manner that maximises returns, with due consideration of risks, preserving the initial capital investment and ensuring future liquidity, whilst balancing social and environmental considerations.

Policy Scope

This policy applies to the investment of surplus, long term cash, current assets, and other funds in authorised investments in accordance with the *Local government Act 1995* and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*.

Policy Statement

This policy sets out the parameters for the investment of the Town's surplus funds.

1. Preservation of Capital

1.1 Investments are to be undertaken with preservation of capital the primary objective.

2. Liquidity of Capital

2.1 The investment portfolio will be managed to provide sufficient liquidity to meet all reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements, as and when required without incurring significant costs from unanticipated termination of investments.

3. Performance

3.1 Investments are to be managed in accordance with Council's risk tolerance, while balancing revenue objectives with credit and interest rate risk, within the portfolio and counterparty credit framework specified in this policy.

4. Credit Ratings

- 4.1 Credit ratings are determined by the likelihood an institution will fail to fulfil its obligations and the risk of loss due to the failure to pay the interest or repay the principal of an investment. Short term credit ratings refer to a term of 12 months or less.
- 4.2 The Standard & Poor's (S&P) Short Term Credit Ratings (or equivalent Moody's or Fitch) attributed to each individual institution will be used to determine maximum holdings:

- A 1: Strong capacity to meet financial commitments, but somewhat susceptible to adverse economic conditions and changes in circumstances.
- **A 2:** Adequate capacity to meet financial commitments, but more susceptible to adverse economic conditions.

5. Portfolio Credit Framework

5.1 To control the credit quality of the Town's investment portfolio, a global credit framework will apply to limit the percentage of the portfolio exposed to any credit rating category. The maximum available limits in each category are as follows:

S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A - 1	100%
A - 2	60%

6. Counterparty Credit Framework

6.1 To minimise risk exposure to an individual institution, a counterparty credit framework will apply to limit the percentage of the portfolio exposed to any individual institution. The maximum investment in a singular institution is as follows:

S & P Short Term Rating	Direct Investment Maximum %
A - 1	50%
A - 2	30%

7. Authorised Investments

- 7.1 In accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*, investments are limited to:
 - 7.1.1 Deposits with Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions, not exceeding a fixed term of 3 years.
 - 7.1.2 Bonds guaranteed by Commonwealth, State or Territory Governments, not exceeding a term to maturity of 3 years.
 - 7.1.3 Those made in Australian Currency.

8. Fossil Fuel Free Investments

- 8.1 When making investment decisions, the Town will give preference to institutions that do not invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry, where:
 - 8.1.1 The investment complies with all other elements of this Policy, and

- 8.1.2 The interest rate is at least XX% of, and no more than XX basis points below, the interest rate available for comparable investment options available at the time.
- 8.2 The Town will use external resources to monitor prevalent non-fossil fuel lenders and determine those institutions that do invest in or finance the fossil fuel industry.

9. Investment Advisor

9.1 The Town may appoint a licensed investment advisor to manage the Town's investments in accordance with this policy, and the use of an external platform to manage its investments.

10. Reporting and Review

- 10.1 An investment report will be provided to Council monthly, as part of the statement of financial activity. The investment report will detail the investment portfolio in terms of performance, investment maturity, portfolio and institution credit exposure, and investment mix between fossil fuel and non-fossil fuel lenders.
- 10.2 Investments must be recorded in an Investment Register, supported by documentary evidence.
- 10.3 For audit purposes, certificates must be obtained from Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions confirming the amounts of investments held on the Council's behalf as at 30 June each year and reconciled to the Investment Register.

Document Control box					
Document Respo	Document Responsibilities:				
Owner:	Director Corporate ServicesOwner Business Unit:Corporate Services				
Inception Date:	OCM/12/ December 2022	Decision Maker:	Council		
Review Date:	Biannual	Repeal and Replace:	Existing Investment Policy 2018		
Compliance Requirements:					
Legislation: Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996					

Audit Committee Chair Forum summary October 2022



On 13 October 2022, the OAG hosted its fifth Audit Committee Chair Forum. Auditor General Caroline Spencer provided an overview of the 2022 audit season, including audit access and provided a presentation on considerations for audit committees in the era of sustainability reporting. Assistant Auditor General Forensic Audit, Carl Huxtable, presented on the OAG's Fraud Risk Management - Better Practice Guide and the tools available to assist entities to uplift their fraud resilience.

Key points of the presentations are provided below.

Audit access and information gathering powers

Access powers are provided by the *Auditor General Act 2006.* Although it is essential our auditors see everything to be able to do their job, we don't disclose everything.

The Office is currently engaging with key public sector entities to provide clarity for the sector around the information the OAG can obtain and how it is used. We will issue guidance with central agencies once finalised.¹



Sustainability reporting

This is a new area of reporting, that has central agency direction and coordination through the Departments of Treasury and Water and Environmental Regulation.

The WA Government climate change policy is based on an emissions reduction target to 80% below 2020 levels by 2030. Progress towards this target is expected to be reported from the 2023-24 financial year. Not all entities will be required to have the same reporting requirements depending on the business operations.

To prepare we are engaging with central agency regulators and upskilling our staff. Discussions with entities will be preliminary as disclosures in entity financial statements are still some time away.



For now, public sector audit committees should be preparing to understand how the increased reporting requirements will impact their entity and prepare to evolve reporting processes. It is key to continue to focus on core service delivery and neither ignore nor catastrophise the future requirements. It is important to be considered in the suite of entity's usual reports and audit obligations.

Some additional reading can be found the links below:

- <u>Climate-related risks (aasb.gov.au)</u>
- Western Australian Climate Change Policy

¹ Since the forum, the Attorney General has introduced the Auditor General Amendment Bill, 2022, in which our office was consulted



Office of the Auditor General WA

Fraud Risk Management - Better Practice Guide

A robust and well-targeted fraud risk management program can minimise the likelihood and consequences of fraud events. The program should be tailored to an entity's objectives, environment and risk profile. The *Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide*, aims to assist entities to uplift their fraud resilience and raise the standard of fraud and corruption control across the WA public sector.

The guide along with the included tools can be found on our <u>website</u>.



If you have any feedback on the forum or topics you would like presented, email <u>communications@audit.wa.gov.au</u>. Our next forum is scheduled for March or April 2023.



Office of the Auditor General WA





Caroline Spencer

Auditor General for Western Australia



Agenda

- Financial audit season update
- Audit access and information gathering powers
- Sustainability reporting some key WA Government initiatives
- Sustainability reporting thoughts for Audit Committees





Overview

- State:
 - 2020-21: record number of qualifications: 31 matters at 17 entities
 - 2021-22: new record?
 - 83 opinions issued by 28 September 2022 behind 2021.
 - Most financial auditors have moved onto local government sector, will come back to outstanding State government entities in November/December
- Local government:
 - 2020-21: many delays OAG, LGs, 5 still outstanding
 - 2021-22: commenced, some ahead of schedule



Audit preparedness - getting ready for a financial audit

- Prior year findings
- Preparing financial statements
- Information requirements
- Data
- Agreed reporting timeframes





Getting ready for a financial audit

- Asset records
- Valuations
- Contaminated sites
- Rehabilitation provisions
- Developer contributions (LG)





Western Australian Auditor General's Report



Western Australian Public Sector Financial Statements – Better Practice Guide

> Report 28: 2020-21 14 June 2021

Office of the Auditor General Western Australia

Annual Financial Audit Planning Summary

South Metropolitan Health Service

Year ended 30 June 2022

17 March 2022

Improving the financial reporting and audit process

FPOR' Western Australian Public Sector **Financial Statements – Better Practice** Guide This guide has been developed to promote better practice principles for financial statement preparation for the WA public sector. Download PDF Toolkit Contents The following tools are Microsoft Word and Excel spreadsheets. Toolkit Tool 1: Example - Risk analysis for financial statements Give your feedback Tool 2: Template - Lessons learned tracking sheet Subscribe to reports Tool 3: Template - Project schedule Office of the Auditor General

Attachment 12.14.8

Serving the Public Interest

Tool 11 example: Requirements for supporting documentation

Introduction

The financial statements are based on accounts and records. There should be a clear management trail of supporting evidence indicating how each item in the financial statements is derived and/or substantiated.

The following example outlines the types of supporting evidence required for selected financial statements items.

ltem	Supporting documentation	Responsibility	Due date
Cash on hand and at bank	Schedule of cash and bank balances as at year- end.		
	Confirmation certificates from cash holders stating the amount held at year-end.		
	Bank reconciliations for all bank accounts at year-end with bank statements and supporting documentation for reconciling items.		
	A schedule of all bank accounts including information on bank account numbers, branch and domicile. The schedule includes bank accounts as at year-end and accounts that were opened and/or closed during the year.		
	Confirmations from banks for all bank accounts		



Tool 12 checklist: CFO assurance

Introduction

Smaller entities can combine Tool 12 and 13 and tailor it for their own circumstances

have been considered.

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of an entity generally has primary responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements and is a co-signatory, with the accountable authority, to the financial statements. It is therefore

appropriate that the CFO ensures that necessary processes have been conducted and that the financial statements present fairly in accordance with the financial reporting framework.

The following checklist is provided as a tool in considering a range of issues relating to the preparation of an entity's financial statements. It may assist the CFO in discharging his/her responsibilities. Further, it may form the

and the accountable authority in prepar

CFO checklist item	Actioned? (Yes/No)
Planning phase (September to March)	
Review OAG and internal audit findings from previous year and ensure appropriate corrective action has been taken.	
Review the previous year's financial statements preparation process and identify opportunities for improvement.	
Review relevant OAG audit reports and better practice guides for suggestions for improved practice.	
Review the OAG audit planning summary document for the year and identify any implications of their approach.	
Identify and assess the risks to the completion of the financial statements, whether from fraud or error.	



Tool 13 checklist: CFO and finance team assurance processes for audit committee

Introduction

Smaller entities can combine Tool 12 and 13 and tailor it for their own circumstances This checklist is an example of what a CFO/finance area might provide to the audit committee in regard to the financial statements process. It includes examples of actions that the finance team may take throughout the year to

support the CFO and audit committees in meeting their financial statements certification responsibilities. The checklist should be tailored to meet the entity's particular circumstances and actions completed.

The checklist would normally be applied o certification checklist financial statements and annual report of t

CFO and finance team assurance processes for supporting audit committee certification checklist

Actioned? (Yes/no)



Tool 14 template: Chief financial officer's report

Introduction

The purpose of the CFO's report is to provide the accountable authority, through the audit committee, with assurance that an entity's financial statements are suitable for signing by the accountable authority (and the CFO) in accordance with the requirements of the FM Act, TIs, LG Act and LG Regs.

It is generally accepted that the report the entity's audit committee, to support relation to an entity's financial statem Overview

Include a summary explanation that the financial statements are ready for signature, highlighting any particular issues that the audit committee and the accountable authority should be aware of, such as:

- expected modifications or other references to be included in the auditor's report
- significant improvements or deterioration in the entity's result or financial position
- significant movements in financial statements balances or significant write-offs.

Regulatory requirements

Indicate the basis on which the financial statements have been prepared and outline any substantive changes to legislative and accounting standards' requirements.

Accounting policies and disclosures

Outline the key accounting policies that underpin the financial statements and highlight any significant changes made to these during the year.



Audit access and information gathering powers



Audit access and information gathering powers

- The Auditor General is provided access powers as part of the *Auditor General Act 2006*
- The Office is currently undertaking a program of engagement with key Government and public sector entities to provide clarity for the sector around the information the OAG can obtain and how it is used.
- We expect further developments in the future on this front, and will issue **guidance** with central agencies.





Some key WA Government initiatives



Key WA Government initiatives

- Emissions target reducing public sector emissions by 80% below 2020 levels by 2030
- State electric vehicle strategy
- Climate adaption strategy
- Climate science initiative
- Decarbonisation and a Just Transition
- Climate risk reporting





Types of climate risk

Climate change risk refers to the potential negative or positive impacts of natural hazards and climate under the influence of rising global greenhouse gas emissions



Source: Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, *Climate change risk management guide (interim): Practical guidance for the Western Australian public sector to assess and manage climate change risks*, 10 February 2022



Sustainability reporting Thoughts for audit committees



Background to modern reporting and assurance

- **Reporting** recording things (grain, livestock etc), >5000 years old
- Auditing 'to listen to the account', ~800yrs,
- **Modern** financial reporting and auditing established with early mercantile companies C19th railways etc. due to separation of ownership & control (i.e. agency theory)
- Evolving common frameworks, standards and practices to:
 - enhance consistency, for quality and comparability (across entities, sectors, over time)
 - o enhance usefulness, to meet emerging information needs and wants (e.g. digital reporting)
 - o move beyond financial resources to non-financial (public sector performance, water, carbon, modern slavery...)
- Driven by:
 - \circ Those with an interest (the 'rulers', investors, owners, lenders...)
 - Community
 - Regulators
- **Underpinned** by the financial imperative, hence the primacy of financial reporting



Climate change risk reporting and assurance - the landscape



- Emerging area of practice part of sustainability reporting
- **Complex** all the challenges of financial reporting, and then some!
- Data and modelling incomplete, requires *very* careful interpretation and use
- **Diversity** of responses depends on risk owner. Different policy levers available for government and for private sector ('too big to fail'?)
- Capacity and capability severe lack of skills & experience



Disclosures – an Australian perspective

New International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB)

- Sustainability-related financial disclosures prioritised
- Expect standards to prioritise climate, build on existing frameworks (e.g. GRI, TCFD) and focus on the for-profit sector before NFP (incl. govt) sectors
- Australia (through AASB) is a 'standard taker'
- Whole of government framework for each jurisdiction (GFS/Uniform presentation)
- Why disclose?...Lenders care, our community wants to know





Disclosures – some reporting principles

E.g. TCFD

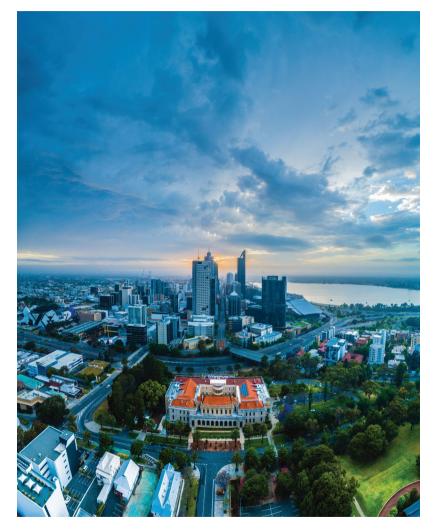
- governance
- strategy
- risk management
- metrics & targets

1	2	3	4
Disclosures should	Disclosures should	Disclosures should	Disclosures should
represent relevant	be specific and	be clear, balanced,	be consistent
information	complete	and understandable	over time
5 Disclosures should be comparable among companies within a sector, industry, or portfolio	6 Disclosures should be reliable, verifiable, and objective	7 Disclosures should be provided on a timely basis	

Source: The Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures, Targets & Metrics Guidance 2021, p. 8

Principles for Effective Disclosures





What public sector agencies are doing

- E.g. In WA, agencies are to engage in 'first pass climate change risk assessment':
- o Identify physical climate risks
- o Identify and prioritise risk treatments
- Qualitative assessment only (at this stage)
- Some agencies more advanced than others
- Coordination & collaboration will be required, as many decisions will impact on others
- Central agency direction and coordination – Treasury/DWER climate reporting framework 2023





What auditors are doing

- Engaging with regulators (central agencies)
- As part of assessing the risk management process, determine if climate change risks are being considered (where necessary)
- Discuss with agencies where they are at with their early implementation (WA = 'first pass assessments')
- Disclosures in agency financial statements still some time away
- Some audit offices examining preparedness for implementation



Considerations for public sector audit committees

- **Starting** the journey first, seek to understand the Question
 - Only then can you develop a response
- Keep an open mind about what reporting & assurance will look like, but framed within existing disciplines and approaches
 - First principles existence, completeness, cut-off, rights & obligations, accuracy and valuation, presentation & disclosure etc etc.
- The reporting & assurance wheel does <u>not</u> need reinventing, just ongoing evolution and, of course, continuous improvement.





Considerations for public sector audit committees

- **Prudence** balance enthusiasm with capacity and capability
- Always focus on core service delivery including full and frank advice around impacts if focus diverted
- Distinguish between organisational purpose and strategy
- Part of **wholistic risk management**, not separate from
- Whole of Government focus, central agency coordination
- **Uncertainty** acknowledge, engage with and be explicit about potential trade-offs in planning & policy
- Neither ignore, nor catastrophise





Useful links

- Climate-related Risks (aasb.gov.au)
 - Project insights: Developing sustainability-related financial reporting standards in Australia (June 2022)
 - Position Statement on Extended External Reporting Framework (March 2022) TCFD
 - Position Statement on Extended External Reporting & Assurance
 - <u>Climate related Risk & Financial Statements: Implications for Regulators, Preparers, Auditors and Users</u>
- <u>Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures | TCFD) (fsb-tcfd.org)</u>
- <u>GRI Home (globalreporting.org)</u>
- <u>Western Australian Climate Change Policy | Western Australian Government (www.wa.gov.au)</u>



Thank you and questions





Western Australian Auditor General's Report



Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide



Report 20: 2021-22 22 June 2022

Attachment 12.14.9

403 of 493

Office of the Auditor General Western Australia

Report team: Carl Huxtable Chiara Galbraith

National Relay Service TTY: 133 677 (to assist people with hearing and voice impairment)

We can deliver this report in an alternative format for those with visual impairment.

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The Office of the Auditor General acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to the land, waters and community. We pay our respects to all members of the Aboriginal communities and their cultures, and to Elders both past and present. WESTERN AUSTRALIAN AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT

Fraud Risk Management – Better Practice Guide

> Report 20: 2021-22 June 2022

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THE PRESIDENT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL THE SPEAKER LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

FRAUD RISK MANAGEMENT – BETTER PRACTICE GUIDE

This report has been prepared for submission to Parliament under the provisions of section 23(2) and 24(1) of the *Auditor General Act 2006*.

Better practice checklists regularly feature in my Office's performance audit reports as a means of providing guidance to help the Western Australian public sector perform efficiently and effectively. This is the third comprehensive stand-alone better practice guide we have produced.

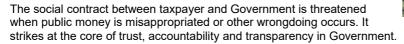
CAROLINE SPENCER AUDITOR GENERAL 22 June 2022

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Auditor General's overview

Fraud and corruption are ever present and growing threats to businesses, including the Western Australian public sector. As well as loss of funds, fraud and corruption can result in loss of confidence in government institutions. The community needs to have faith that the public sector is serving them well for democracy to work.



Good governance is important to protect our power, water, justice and transport infrastructure, as well as our health, education and regulatory systems from ineffectiveness, inefficiency and of course failure to deliver what people need when they need it.

It is therefore critical that all levels of the Western Australian (WA) public sector commit to good governance to safeguard public assets from fraudulent or corrupt activity. To do this, every WA public sector entity must understand, in detail, the risks that occur generally within the public sector environment and the specific risks relevant to the activities they undertake.

A common motivator for most people who join the public sector is a desire to do a good job. To assist with this we develop and share guidance on better practice. The purpose of this Better Practice guide is to raise the standard of fraud and corruption control across the WA public sector. Parts 1 and 2 of this guide are aimed at decision makers, highlighting the importance of a fraud and corruption risk management program and the current state of fraud control in the WA public sector. Part 3 is aimed at guiding those responsible for developing and implementing an entity's fraud risk management program.

The guide follows the establishment of our Forensic Audit team as set out in my report of December 2021, its purpose being to uplift fraud resilience within the WA public sector. As has always been the case, public sector entities are responsible for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption. This guide is intended to empower entities to do more to discharge their governance responsibilities by better controlling their risks of fraud and corruption.

We encourage entities to use this guide along with the tools and other available resources to manage the risk of fraud against their entity. While fraud risks cannot be eliminated, a robust and well-resourced fraud risk management program can minimise the likelihood and consequences of fraud events.

We thank the Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre for their generous support in helping develop this guide as well as McGrathNicol Advisory for their guidance. We also extend our appreciation to the State entities that provided valuable feedback on the draft guide.

Part 1: Introduction

1.1 About this guide

This Better Practice Guide aims to help Western Australian (WA) public sector entities to manage their fraud and corruption risks. It outlines why fraud and corruption risk management is important (Part 2) and provides practical guidance on the process of developing a fraud and corruption risk management program (Part 3).

The guide refers to a range of tools which are included in the appendices and available on our website (www.audit.wa.gov.au). The online tools will be updated as required.

1.2 Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for use by WA public sector entities (entities) and may be applicable to other organisations.

Parts 1 and 2 are intended for directors general, chief executive officers, managers and other key decision makers. Part 1 outlines the high-level principles entities should apply to fraud and corruption risk management and Part 2 highlights the importance of entities implementing an effective fraud and corruption risk management program.

Part 3 is for those tasked with fraud risk management within an entity. It aims to step them through the process of developing, executing and monitoring an entity's fraud and corruption risk management program.

Ultimately, preventing and detecting fraud and corruption is the responsibility of every person in the WA public sector, and as such, this guide may be relevant for all public sector employees.

1.3 What is fraud and corruption

Fraud and corruption involve a benefit being obtained through dishonesty and/or an abuse of position to the detriment of another person or entity (Figure 1). They can pose a risk to an entity's finances, reputation, and service delivery. More seriously, they go to the heart of trust and confidence in Government. In this guide, we use the term fraud to include corruption.



Source: OAG using information from the Victorian Auditor General's Office – Fraud and Corruption Control report, March 2018

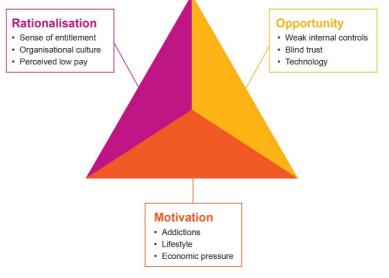
Figure 1: Definitions of fraud and corruption

Not all fraud can be prevented – every organisation, public or private, is vulnerable. A robust and rigorous fraud control system, with appropriate prevention and detection processes, can reduce the risk of fraud occurring and minimise losses.

To effectively fight fraud an entity must first acknowledge that fraud occurs and then seek to understand how and why it occurs. The fraud triangle (Figure 2) outlines 3 key elements that are generally present when fraud has occurred in an entity:

- **Opportunity** a vulnerability within systems or processes is identified and exploited.
- **Motivation** also referred to as pressure, is the reason someone commits fraud.
- **Rationalisation** how someone justifies their fraudulent behaviour to themselves.

With the right mix of motivation, opportunity and rationalisation even the most trusted employee can be tempted to commit a fraudulent act.



Source: OAG adapted from Other People's Money1

Figure 2: The fraud triangle

A fraudster's personal motivation and the ability to rationalise their behaviour is largely beyond an entity's control although, entities will benefit from being alert to and aware of behavioural red flags in respect of their staff and suppliers. The most effective way for an entity to manage its risk of fraud is by controlling the opportunity – implementing or enhancing controls aimed at preventing fraud or detecting it quickly if it does occur.

1.4 Fraud control principles

To build a robust and effective fraud risk management program requires 10 essential principles. Each of the following principles link to 1 or more stages of a better practice fraud risk management program as set out in this guide.

¹ Other People's Money: A Study in the Social Psychology of Embezzlement, Dr Donald Cressey, Free Press 1953.

Strong leadership	An entity's leadership must model a commitment to fraud control, establishing a strong 'tone at the top' culture to demonstrate their personal commitment to operating with integrity and encouraging a 'finding fraud is good' mindset.	
Recognise fraud as a business risk	Entities must acknowledge they are vulnerable to fraud. Fraud should be viewed and treated in the same way as an entity's other enterprise risks.	
Adequate control resourcing	Entities should invest in appropriate levels of fraud control resourcing including specialist information system security management personnel.	
Clear accountability for fraud control	Entities should establish clear personal accountabilities for fraud control at the governance, executive management and management levels.	
Implement and maintain an effective fraud control system	An effective fraud control system (FCS) can reduce the opportunity for fraud. It needs to align with better practice guidance, be fully implemented, monitored and updated periodically.	
Periodic assessment of fraud risks	Fraud risk assessments should be carried out periodically or whenever a significant change that affects the entity occurs.	
Effective awareness raising program across the entity	To ensure employees recognise red flags for fraud, entities should establish an effective awareness program.	
Open channels to report suspicions of fraud	 To encourage whistle-blowers to come forward entities should support: active reporting of fraud through accessible anonymised reporting channels ensure that the entire workforce is aware of organisational expectations for reporting detected or suspected cases of fraud ensure they have robust whistle-blower protection policies and procedure that includes assurance that victimisation of those who, 	
	in good faith, make such reports will not be tolerated.	
Implement a fraud detection program	An effective fraud detection program that includes detection measures such as data analytics and post-transactional review are important.	
Consistent response to fraud incidents	Rapid and robust response to suspected fraud events with effective investigation procedures will drive decisive action and result in better outcomes for detected fraud incidents.	
	A strong and consistent response to all fraud events will send a strong message to the workforce that the entity will not tolerate fraud, no matter how minor.	
	Source: OAC	

Source: OAG

Table 1: Foundation principles for fraud control

1.5 Acknowledgements

We would like to express our appreciation to the entities and their employees who contributed to the development of this guide.

We also acknowledge and express our appreciation to the Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre (CFPC) and Standards Australia, who willingly shared their original intellectual property in the development of this guide, and McGrathNicol Advisory, who were engaged to provide technical expertise.

Part 2: Why develop a fraud risk management program

2.1 Overview

In this part of the guide, we outline why entities should develop a fit for purpose fraud risk management program. In summary:

- there are WA government requirements to implement integrity measures to protect the financial and reputational position of entities
- the financial, reputational and human impact on an entity and its employees when fraud occurs can be significant
- entities' fraud control maturity is not meeting best practice.

Fraud risk management has a critical role in preventing and promptly detecting fraud to minimise loss, retain trust in entities and protect employees.

2.2 Public sector requirements

Entities are required to consider their risks and implement protections.

Treasurer's Instruction (TI) 825 requires all WA State government entities to develop and implement a risk management program. The TIs state, where possible, entities' policies and procedures should be consistent with Australian Standards including:

- AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management Guidelines (risk standard)
- AS 8001:2021 Fraud and corruption control (fraud control standard).

Similarly, Regulation 17 of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 requires local government CEOs to review their entity's systems and procedures, including for risk management, to ensure they are effective and appropriate for the entity's needs.

In addition to these requirements, the Public Sector Commission encourages all entities to commit to implementing its *Integrity Strategy for WA Public Authorities 2020-2023*. This strategy includes the *Integrity Snapshot Tool* which enables entities to self-assess their current integrity position and help identify areas for improvement.

This guide is intended to aid all entities in the application of the above Australian Standards and is not a replication of them. Entities should obtain a copy of the above from Standards Australia or from an authorised distributor to ensure a full and proper understanding of the content and their compliance with them.²

2.3 Impact of fraud in the WA public sector

The Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Report to the Nations 2022, estimated that fraud losses in businesses, government and not-for-profits are approximately 5% of their

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annual turnover.³ If this estimate is an accurate reflection of actual fraud losses within the WA public sector, the impact on the people of WA, and the services to them, is considerable.

Fraud within the WA public sector is typical of instances in other jurisdictions and sectors where investigations regularly find deficiencies within entities' controls. These deficiencies may have been identified earlier if the entities had a robust and rigorous fraud risk management program in place.

The following is a short summary of some detected fraud events within the WA public sector in the last 15 years and the practical impact on service delivery. These incidents demonstrate that the WA public sector remains vulnerable to fraud by members of its own workforce as well as external fraudsters.

Fraud	The equivalent to
State government department executive Approved payments of false invoices to shell companies he controlled State government department executive State government State government	90 public houses for vulnerable or low income people/ families
• Radiographer • Underreported income payable to the Department of Health \$1.5	3 CT scanners
Shire CEO Unauthorised credit card use and theft from municipal account	New fire unit
State government department executive Approved payments of false invoices to shell companies he controlled \$50	2 x-ray mammogram machine and 1 nurse's annual salary
Contractor engaged by a metropolitan health service Provided benefits to an executive (travel, accomodation, meals and AFL grand final tickets) State	المربق
 Shire councillor contracted as a vehicle licence examiner Received payments for driving assessments that were not undertaken 	Running cost of a medical centre in a regional area for 4 months
Vehicle fleet coordinator Provided his friend with competitors' quotations and received \$3,400 worth of travel vouchers \$3,400 worth of travel vouchers	Grants for healthy eating initiatives for local sporting clubs

Figure 3: Examples of known fraud in the WA public sector

Source: OAG

³ Association of Certified Fraud Examiners, Occupational Fraud 2022: A Report to the Nations.

The impact of fraud goes beyond financial and service delivery losses and includes:

- **Human impact**: Those who rely on government services (such as the elderly, the vulnerable, the sick and the disadvantaged) are often the ones most harmed by fraud, increasing the disadvantage, vulnerability and inequality they suffer.
- **Reputational impact**: When it is handled poorly, fraud can result in an erosion of trust in government and industries, and lead to a loss of international and economic reputation. This is particularly true when fraud is facilitated by corruption.
- **Industry impact**: Fraud can result in distorted markets where fraudsters obtain a competitive advantage and drive out legitimate businesses, affecting services delivered by businesses and exposing other sectors to further instances of fraud.
- **Environmental impact**: Fraud can lead to immediate and long-term environmental damage through pollution and damaged ecosystems and biodiversity. It can also result in significant clean-up costs.⁴
- **Organisational impact**: The impact of fraud on employees can be significant. It can lead to low morale, mistrust, inefficient additional oversight and ultimately staff leaving due to the entity's damaged reputation. It can also result in reduced efficiency and effectiveness of the entity's activities.

2.4 Status of fraud control maturity across the sector

In 2021, we conducted a high-level review of State government entities' fraud risk management. As reported in our *Forensics Audit Report – Establishment Phase*, we found many entities fell well short of better practice. We reported similar results in our 2013 report, *Fraud Prevention and Detection in the Public Sector*, and in our 2019 report, *Fraud Prevention in Local Government*. Significant work is required across the public sector to raise the standard of fraud risk management to a satisfactory level.

As part of our 2021 review we asked: "Has the entity completed an assessment of its fraud and corruption risks?" Set out at Table 2 is an analysis of the findings of that review.

Responses			
Assessment completed	Assessment in progress	Assessment not completed	Total
71	12	11	92

Source: OAG

Table 2: Number of entities who have completed an assessment of their fraud and corruption risks

We selected a sample of 12 entities for more detailed analysis. This further analysis highlighted several key themes as set out in Table 3 below:

Theme	Summary	Why it matters
Lack of a risk framework	Some entities did not have an overall risk framework that could be applied in the context of fraud risk.	An overall risk framework ensures consistency in approach to all the entity's identified risks.

⁴ Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre, The total impacts of fraud (accessed 17 May 2022).

Theme	Summary	Why it matters	
Entity size not an indicator of quality	Several larger entities provided insufficient details to show they had undertaken a fraud risk assessment. This suggests that inadequate resourcing is not the sole cause of poor fraud risk assessments being conducted.	The public sector collectively provides a diverse range of services and entities should apply a fit for purpose approach to their fraud risk assessment.	
Lack of collaboration	Our analysis suggested a lack of collaboration with risk and process owners in the identification and analysis of the entity's fraud risks.	Collaboration is important because different employees bring different perspectives and experience.	
No fraud risk register	Many entities did not have a fraud risk register, despite this being a requirement of their fraud control program.	Entities cannot efficiently monitor and review fraud risks if they have not been documented. The appropriate way to document an entity's fraud risks is in a fraud risk register.	
Failure to assess fraud risk	It was clear from our analysis that a significant proportion of entities had not assessed their fraud risks. In many cases entities mistook a fraud control framework for a fraud risk assessment.	Entities must ensure they have a sound understanding of fraud risks that could impact their organisation – this can only be done by implementing a comprehensive process to identify, analyse and evaluate specific fraud risks that could impact the entity.	
Data analytics not targeted Entities had not identified and assessed relevant fraud risks prior to undertaking data analytics to identify fraudulent transactions.		Data analytics is a useful tool for the prevention and detection of fraud, but it requires discipline for it to be efficient and effective. Entities risk implementing inefficient and costly data analytics that are not effective for fraud risks specific to their entity.	
Excessive generalisation	Fraud risks that were identified were excessively general rather than being linked to specific processes.	Entities must properly identify	
Risk register limited to strategic risks	Fraud had been identified as an overall strategic risk; however, we saw little evidence that specific fraud risks were identified for individual business units or that a comprehensive fraud risk assessment had been undertaken across all parts of the organisation.	and define their vulnerabilities to enable implementation of effective controls.	

Source: OAG

Table 3: Themes identified from survey of entities' fraud control maturity

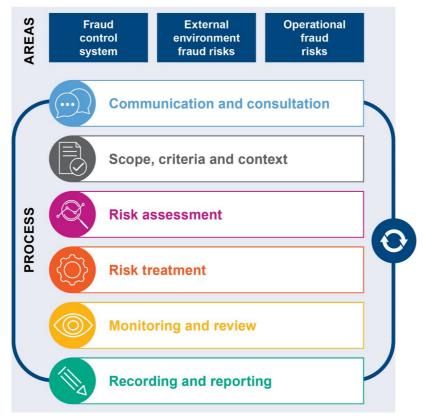
Part 3: How to develop a fraud risk management program

3.1 Overview

To effectively manage fraud risks, entities should develop and implement a robust and effective fraud risk management program. The program should be tailored to an entity's objectives, environment and risk profile and cover:

- the 3 areas where fraud vulnerabilities can be found (based on AS 8001:2021 *Fraud and corruption control*) section 3.2
- the 6-stage process to manage risks (based on AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management – Guidelines) – section 3.3.

The diagram below is a simple illustration of the fraud risk management program.



Source: OAG based on AS 8001:2021 and AS ISO 31000:2018

Figure 4: Risk management process including 3 areas of fraud risks to consider

3.2 Where to look for fraud vulnerabilities

In accordance with AS 8001:2021, effective management of fraud risk requires a comprehensive examination of an entity's overall fraud control system (FCS), external threats and operational (or internal) activities.

Our survey of State government entities found that most entities who had taken steps to manage their risk of fraud only considered 1 of the 3 vulnerability areas and none provided evidence that they had considered all 3.

The following is a brief overview of the 3 areas of fraud vulnerability. Whilst we have focused the fraud risk management process that follows at 3.3 on operational risks, it can be applied to the other 2 areas of fraud vulnerability.

A fraud control system is the tools and techniques used to mitigate an entity's fraud risks. When considering fraud risks, analysing the existing control environment is important to assess how closely it aligns to better practice.

AS 8001:2021 – *Fraud and corruption Control* Clause 2.10 identifies 4 elements for an FCS: foundation, prevention, detection and response, examples of these are included in the table below:

FCS elements	Overview
Foundation	Adequate resourcing to implement a multi-faceted approach to managing fraud risks. Examples include specialist resourcing, awareness training, risk management, information security management systems.
Prevention	Prevention controls are the most common and cost-effective way to mitigate fraud. Examples include an integrity framework, internal controls, workforce screening, physical security.
Detection	Detection controls can help to identify when fraud has occurred but are not as cost-effective as preventative measures. Examples include post-transactional review, data analytics, whistle-blower management.
Response	Response controls can assist the entity to respond to a fraud incident after it has occurred and are the least cost-effective, however can significantly reduce the impact of present and future frauds. Examples include investigation, disciplinary procedures, crisis management, recovery.

Source: OAG based on AS 8001:2021 - Fraud and corruption control Clause 2.10

Table 4: Elements of a fraud control system

Entities may not have formally documented their FCS, but it is likely they have several existing controls.

Designing and implementing a robust fraud risk management program will inevitably strengthen an entity's FCS. It is for this reason it is recommended an entity assess their FCS against better practice prior to undertaking the fraud risk management process.

The fraud control standard (Clause 2.10) sets out an approach to developing and implementing an entity's FCS and a structure for documenting it. Appendix 3 is a tool for entities to benchmark their current FCS maturity against the fraud control standard.

Updating the fraud control system documents throughout the fraud risk management process assists entities to monitor their increased maturity.

External threats come from outside an entity and are largely beyond their control. The fraud control standard recommends entities consider the 6 external factors that can impact an organisation, known as the PESTLE model. The model is explained in the table below and a complete tool is provided in Appendix 4:

PESTLE factor	Overview
Political	To identify the political situation of the country, State or local government area in which the entity operates, including the stability and leadership of the government, whether there is a budget deficit or surplus, lobbying interests and local, regional, national or international political pressure.
Economic	To determine the economic factors that could have an impact on the entity including interest rates, inflation, unemployment rates, foreign exchange rates and monetary or fiscal policies.
Social	To identify the expectations of society by analysing factors such as consumer demographics, significant world events, integrity issues, cultural, ethnic and religious factors, and consumer opinions.
Technological	To identify how technology, including technological advancements, social media platforms and the role of the internet more broadly, is affecting or could affect the entity.
Legal	To identify how specific legislation, including industry specific regulations, and case law are affecting or could affect the entity's future operations.
Environmental	To identify how national and international environmental issues are affecting or could affect the entity.

Source: OAG based on AS 8001:2021 - Fraud and corruption control, Clause 2.9

Table 5: External factors that can impact an entity

Operational fraud risks are the fraud risks associated with an entity's day-to-day operations. There will be risks that are common to all entities (e.g. procurement, payroll, asset management) and those that are entity specific (e.g. property development, grant administration, major projects). Operational risks will also include changes in function or activity (e.g. new government initiative, creation of a relief fund in response to a natural disaster). The following section, Fraud risk management process, is focused on managing your operational fraud risks and discusses this in more detail. We also provide further tools in the appendix to assist with better managing them.

3.3 Fraud risk management process

In this section we have mapped out the 6 stages in the risk management process as summarised in Figure 4 above. It is not a linear process; each stage will connect to others at different times throughout the risk management cycle.

We describe the stages and introduce several tools which can be used to assist in developing an effective fraud risk management program. The complete tools are included in the appendices and are available on our website. These tools are not an exhaustive list, there are many tools available (free and for a fee) and entities should determine which ones best suit their needs.

Communication and consultation

To effectively identify fraud risks within an entity's processes and systems, it is essential that the people who best know and run or control the business processes and business area are adequately engaged throughout the fraud risk management process. Entities should also consider if subject matter experts need to be engaged, such as information system security specialists.



Communication and consultation are intended:

"...to assist stakeholders in understanding risk, the basis on which decisions are made and the reasons why particular actions are required."5

Employees can feel challenged when asked to respond to questions or contribute to discussions about fraud risks – they may feel that considering this issue with them or in their presence is, in effect, calling their integrity into question. Those tasked with the fraud risk management program should keep the people they need engaged and at ease throughout the process to ensure the best outcome.

Communication and consultation	Better practice	
Promote awareness and understanding of fraud risks	 Implement multimodal training programs specific to fraud risks – "What is a fraud risk" 	
	• Effectively communicate to employees that the objective is to protect the integrity of the entity and employees	
Bring different expertise together throughout the process using effective mechanisms	Engage different levels of expertise and experience to bring various perspectives	
	• Use a variety of communication methods such as emails, workshops, one-on-one interviews and surveys to obtain a wide range of feedback and opinions	
Build a sense of inclusiveness and ownership for process owners	Use fraud risk workshops to obtain "buy in" from process operators and owners	
(e.g. one-on-one interviews, focus groups)	 Invite all relevant employees, regardless of seniority, to attend a workshop 	
Obtain sufficient knowledge from relevant stakeholders of business processes to facilitate fraud	 Facilitate fraud risk workshops to discuss and map business processes and internal controls 	
oversight and decision making	 Ask attendees to consider "what could go wrong?" in processes they engage with or manage 	
	 Identify areas of fraud risk in a process map that requires internal controls 	
Engage with relevant stakeholders to obtain feedback and	Structure emails and/or surveys that focus on fraud risks for specific processes	
information to support decision- making	Adopt appropriate modes of communication	

Source: OAG

Table 6: Better practice examples of the communication and consultation stage

⁵ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.2.

One way to enhance communication is by meeting one-on-one to facilitate a better understanding of relevant risk and control issues.

To help with communication and consultation, entities should prepare a communication plan that outlines the intended methods, people and timelines for consultation. This also forms the basis of reporting to any oversight committees on the progress of projects in the fraud risk management program. Examples of methods of communication and consultation are provided in Appendix 5.1.

Scope, context, and criteria

Establishing the scope, context and criteria for the fraud risk assessment is done using the communication and consultation processes outlined above. They will differ for each entity and will be determined by the size and complexity of the process being assessed.



"...Scope, context and criteria involve defining the scope of the process and understanding the external and internal context." 76

Case study 1: Example of scope, context and criteria for a risk assessment of selected parts of the Procure to Pay process

Factor	Procure to Pay	
Scope	• The specific parts of the Procure to Pay process to be assessed are: supplier selection, onboarding vendors, purchase validation (business case, receipt of goods/services) and release of payment.	
	 We will engage with the finance business unit and operational staff responsible for purchase orders and validation of receipt of goods/service. 	
	• The entity's risk assessment policy dated 31 January 2020 will be applied in conjunction with the approved fraud risk assessment program dated 30 June 2021.	
	 As the entity's procurement staff are across the State, we will need to engage in a number of online meetings with potential site visits. 	
	• Timeline:	
	 engagement with procurement staff by 30 June 2022 	
	 identification of risks by 31 October 2022 	
	 completion of risk register and mapping of risks by 31 December 2022 	
	 first review to Internal Audit and Risk Committee (IARC) by 28 February 2023 	
	 second review to IARC by 30 April 2023 	
	 submission to Board for approval by 31 May 2023. 	

⁶ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.3.

Context	Internal factors include:		
	 the strategic objectives of the entity are: community focused delivery of services, sound business practices and quality services. A list of the specific goods, services or works to be procured are provided in Annexure A 		
	• the existing employee level in the Procure to Pay process is sufficient, however, their experience is inadequate. No training has been delivered in identifying indicators of potential fraud		
	there is no assessment of fraud controls within vendors		
	 the entity has policies and processes in respect of independence for supplier selection panels and purchase validation. 		
	External factors include:		
	 increasing fraud trends targeting procurement and finance teams (i.e. business email compromise - fake emails impersonating an internal senior person or a vendor) 		
	recent known scams in the public domain that have been uncovered.		
Criteria	• The below risk criteria are taken from the entity's risk assessment policy dated 31 January 2020.		
	• The entity rates likelihood risk on a scale from extremely unlikely to almost certain. Within the Procure to Pay process, rare is conceivable but unlikely, unlikely is conceivable and has occurred in the past but unlikely in the next year.		
	• The entity rates consequence risk on a scale from negligible to catastrophic across the following loss factors: financial, reputational, legal, service delivery.		
	• Within the Procure to Pay process, negligible has no negative consequence, low disrupts internal non-management process and has no external financial loss, moderate requires corrective action by senior management, potential disciplinary action and minor financial impact etc.		

Entities will need to develop a scope, context and criteria for all activities and processes they perform. The CFPC's *Fraud Risk Assessment Leading Practice Guide* provides a strategic profiling tool in support of its recommendation that entities responsible for multiple activities and processes prioritise the areas of the entity that are at higher risk for fraud.

Scope, context and criteria	Better practice
Define the scope of the activity being assessed for fraud risk including objectives and decisions to be made	Clearly document the scope and objective of the process that is being assessed for fraud risks
prior to commencing any fraud risk assessment	Circulate a document that sets out the scope to all employee participating in the fraud risk assessment
	Break down complex processes into manageable scopes

Scope, context and criteria	Better practice
Establish the context of the fraud risk activity	 Understand the external environment Understand the internal operating environment Reflect the specific environment of the activity to which the fraud risk management process is to be applied
Align the fraud criteria with an overarching risk management framework used to assess all business risks for consistency	 Review the entity's existing risk management framework prior to commencing to ensure up-to-date and fit-for-purpose Align consequence and likelihood criteria and the risk rating matrix with existing framework
The fraud risk assessment criteria should reflect the organisation's values, objectives and resources and be consistent with policies and statements about risk management	 Review the entity's existing risk management policy to understand the entity's risk appetite

Source: OAG

Table 7: Better practice examples of the scope, context and criteria stage

Appendix 5.2 provides a guide on how you could outline your scope, context and criteria.

Risk assessment

Once the scope, context and criteria are established, entities need to assess their fraud risks.

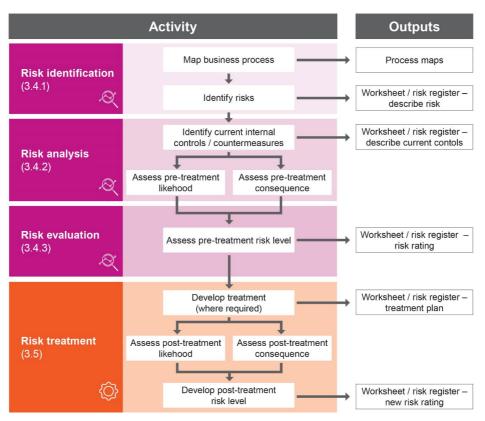
If an entity has a detailed risk assessment approach, then it is logical and likely more efficient to apply that for fraud risks as well.

AS ISO 31000:2018 *Risk Management - Guidelines* sets out 3 sub-phases in the risk assessment stage:

- risk identification
- risk analysis
- risk evaluation.

The assessment stage is followed by treatment. An overview of the risk assessment and treatment stages is set out below.





Source: OAG based on AS ISO 31000:2018 *Risk Management - Guidelines* Clause 6.4 and 6.5 **Figure 5: Risk assessment and treatment stages overview**

Identifying risks

Think like a fraudster. Discover what you don't know.

Risk identification involves:

"... finding, recognising and describing risks that might help or prevent an organisation achieve its objectives." $^{\!7\!7}$

It is important to avoid the temptation to be defensive and dismiss risks before they have been properly analysed and evaluated.

Identifying fraud risks should be viewed as a creative process. Brainstorm the various fraud schemes that have and could be committed within or against the entity. An effective way to identify fraud risks is to map the process that is being assessed and identify vulnerabilities within the process. Below is an example of an accounts payable process map, sometimes referred to as a flow chart. The coloured circles represent identified fraud risks in the accounts payable (AP) process.

⁷ AS ISO 31000:2018 *Risk management - Guidelines* Clause 6.4.2.

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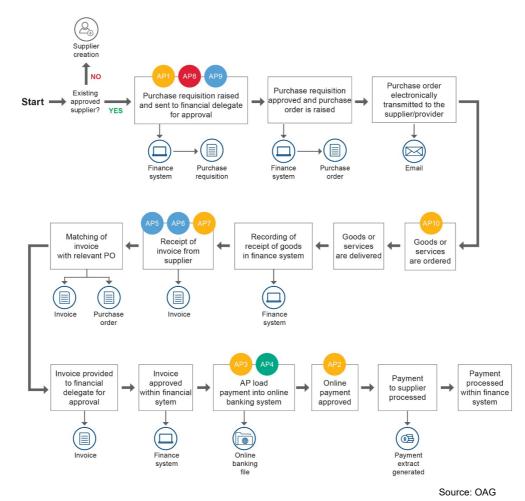


Figure 6: Accounts payable process map

A fraud risk assessment should consider common methods used by fraudsters and look for vulnerabilities within the entity's processes and activities. This will involve challenging assumptions about, and existing processes within, an entity to identify gaps and thinking of creative ways to circumvent internal controls.

Common frauds are a good place to start but entities should not stop there. Risk identification needs to be realistic but at the same time entities should remember that even the most far-fetched fraud scheme can occur when the right balance of motivation, rationalisation and opportunity are present. Asking hypothetical questions about how fraud could be perpetrated in a structured and controlled way will put the fraud risk assessment process on the right path.

Finally, a good fraud description will allow you to understand ways to prevent or detect the fraud. One way to identify and describe your fraud risks is to consider who did what and what the result was, also described below as the Actor, Action, Outcome method⁸:

⁸ Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre, Fraud Risk Assessment – Leading Practice Guide.

- actor accounts payable (AP) officer
- action submits and processes fictitious invoice
- outcome payment of invoice results in money going to AP officer's bank account.

Fraud risks that have been identified should be adequately documented on a fraud risk worksheet. Fraud risk worksheets can function as an aid to the risk assessment but also as a fraud risk register and an implementation worksheet.

Appendix 5.3 includes:

- an example of a fraud risk worksheet
- risk assessment and treatment process overview
- key questions you could ask when trying to identify fraud risks
- the CFPC's Actor, Action, Outcome method of describing fraud risks
- an example diagrammatic presentation of assessed fraud risks
- a short summary of fraud risks that are commonly found in the public sector environment. The summary is not intended to be an exhaustive list. The examples in section 2.3 would also be useful in this exercise.

Analysing fraud risks

Once the potential fraud risks within the business unit or process have been identified the next step is to analyse the risks.

Risk analysis is:

"... a detailed consideration of uncertainties, resources, consequences, likelihood, events, scenarios, controls and their effectiveness."⁹

Fraud risk analysis requires input from employees within the business unit(s) being assessed and any additional subject matter experts who can add value to the process.

An analysis of each risk includes considering:

- the likelihood of the risk occurring
- the consequence for the entity if it did occur
- resourcing constraints impacting controls
- the effectiveness of existing controls intended to mitigate the risks.

The entity should use its established risk analysis matrix to analyse the likelihood, consequences, and strength of existing controls to assign a risk rating to each fraud risk. It is critical that every business unit within an entity use the same risk analysis matrix to allow for a proper comparison of risks across the entity.

Figure 7 below is an example of a risk assessment matrix that shows the likelihood combined with the consequences risks results:

⁹ AS ISO 31000:2018 *Risk management - Guidelines* Clause 6.4.3.

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		Consequence				
		Negligible	Low	Moderate	Major	Extreme
8	Almost Certain	Medium	High	Very High	Very High	Very High
Likelihood	Likely	Medium	High	High	Very High	Very High
Ľ	Possible	Low	Medium	High	High	Very High
	Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	High	High
	Rare	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Medium

Source: OAG

Figure 7: Example of a risk assessment matrix

Sometimes an entity undertaking a fraud risk assessment can overestimate the effectiveness of internal controls. One technique to fully assess their effectiveness is to conduct a walk-through of the relevant process or activity and determine if the controls are currently operating effectively. Applying a sceptical approach to the controls and adopting the mindset of a determined fraudster can help to assess if a control can be overridden or avoided. Internal audit resources can also be helpful in this assessment.

Risk analysis	Better practice
Consider uncertainties, risk sources, consequences, likelihood, events, scenarios, controls and their effectiveness	 Detailed documentation of the analysis including reasoning for decisions for example if a risk is determined to be HIGH for consequence document why and what inputs were used
Events can have multiple causes and consequences and affect multiple objectives	 Deep dive analysis to identify all causes, both internally, externally and potential consequences
Scrutiny of existing controls	 Sufficiently analyse and test existing controls including walk-throughs and penetration testing Consider engaging specialists to identify gaps in existing system controls

Source: OAG

Table 8: Better practice examples of the risk analysis stage

Evaluating fraud risks

Once an entity's fraud risks have been analysed, they need to be evaluated against the entity's risk appetite and tolerance. This should be defined in the entity's risk management policy and framework. The evaluation is used to determine if further action is required to reduce identified residual risks to an acceptable level.

Entities' risk appetites and tolerances vary and depend on factors such as the circumstances of a particular program, the cost-benefit of implementing controls to reduce the risk of fraud, resources or other constraints and reputational risk. Risk tolerance is not static and should be determined on a case-by-case basis for each risk identified.

The purpose of risk evaluation is to:

"... support decisions. Risk evaluation involves comparing the results of the risk analysis with the established risk criteria to determine where additional action is required."¹⁰

It is important that the evaluation of fraud risks involves detailed input from the process and risk owners and includes senior employees who can consider the cost of countering fraud against the entity's risk tolerance. The evaluation considers the residual fraud risk and should conclude with one of the following outcomes¹¹:

- avoid the risk
- accept the risk
- remove the risk source
- change the likelihood
- change the consequences
- share the risk
- retain the risk.

These conclusions, and links to any supporting documentation, should be included in the fraud risk assessment worksheet.

Risk evaluation	Better practice
Evaluate results from risk assessment	• Comparing the results of the risk analysis with the established risk criteria to determine if and where additional action is required
Record and communicate evaluation results	 Risk evaluation outcomes are recorded, communicated and then validated at appropriate levels of the organisation

Source: OAG

Table 9: Better practice examples of the risk evaluation stage

Risk treatment

After finalising the risk assessment, the risk treatment process is undertaken. An entity's evaluation of the risks and its risk appetite will determine if the residual risk is at an acceptable level or if treatment is required. Risk treatments can include enhancing existing controls, implementing new controls, or avoiding the risk altogether by no longer undertaking the activity, program or service.



An entity needs to consider how to mitigate the residual fraud risks that remain above the entity's tolerance level. The objective of treating the fraud risk is to reduce the residual risk identified in the assessment to an acceptable level.

¹⁰ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.4.4.

¹¹ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Section 6.5.2.

The aim of risk treatment is to:

".. select and implement options for addressing risk."12

An overview of the risk treatment process has been set out in Figure 5.

Some treatments may enhance existing controls or introduce new controls. Fraud controls are specific measures, processes or functions that are intended to prevent or detect fraud events or to enable the entity to respond to them. These would be suitable to address the following outcomes:

- accept the risk
- change the consequence
- change the likelihood
- change both the consequence and likelihood
- share the risk
- retain the risk.

Subject to the entity's risk appetite and tolerance, not every risk will require the development and implementation of treatments.

Risk treatment	Better practice
Determine appropriate risk treatments	Select risk treatment options with the entity's objectives, risk criteria and available resources
	 Balance the potential benefits against cost, effort or disadvantage of implementation
Document implementation plan	Document the treatment plan outlining the responsibilities, resources and other relevant implementation information in the fraud risk worksheet
Risks that do not have a treatment option	 If no treatment options are available or if treatment options do not sufficiently modify the fraud risk, the risk is recorded and kept under ongoing review
Remaining risk is documented	Inform decision makers and other stakeholders of the nature and extent of the remaining risk after treatment
	 Document the remaining risk and subject to monitoring, review and, where appropriate, further treatment
Consider beyond economic consequences	Justification for risk treatment is broader than solely economic consequences and considers the entity's obligations, voluntary commitments and stakeholder views
	Source: OAG

Table 10: Better practice examples of the risk treatment stage

¹² AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.5.

A useful way to examine your controls is to ensure they are specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and timed (SMART). This model and examples of internal controls that may be applied with a view to change the consequence, likelihood or both are provided at Appendix 5.4.

Monitoring and review

Entities should actively monitor the implementation of fraud risk treatments, because until the new or improved controls are in place, the fraud risk will remain above this tolerance level. Fraud risk owners will be responsible for ensuring the controls are implemented in a timely manner and remain effective. When a new or improved control has been implemented the entity should review the control in practice over time to ensure it continues to be effective.



Further, it is essential that entities have a program to continuously monitor and review their fraud risks. Sometimes only small changes to a business process or function can alter the inherent fraud risk rating, result in the emergence of new fraud risks, or impact the effectiveness of existing controls.

Monitoring and review is:

"... to assure and improve the quality and effectiveness of process design implementation and outcomes." $^{\rm Y13}$

Monitoring and review	Better practice
Monitoring and review takes place during all elements of fraud risk management program	 Monitoring and review includes planning, gathering and analysing information, recording results and providing feedback
Monitoring and review progress is reported	Results of monitoring and review are incorporated throughout the entity's performance management, measurement, and reporting activities

Table 11: Better practice examples of the monitoring and review stage

Recording and reporting

As noted earlier, fraud risks identified through a fraud risk assessment can be integrated into the entity's broader enterprise risk register. Whether entities combine all risks into a single source risk register or maintain a separate fraud risk register, they must be documented and reported. Entities should report to appropriate oversight committees and management including any audit committees which are responsible for overseeing the entity risk management and internal controls.

Risk management process and its outcomes should be:

"... documented and reported through appropriate mechanisms."14

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Source: OAG

¹³ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.6.

¹⁴ AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.7.

The fraud risk assessment worksheet details several key processes and outcomes that should be documented including the methodology for the risk assessment, the results and the response.

Recording and reporting	Better practice
Detailed recording of fraud risk assessment process	Worksheets include adequate information that demonstrates reason for decisions made and actions taken
Ongoing monitoring and periodic review of the fraud risk management process and its outcomes is planned, and responsibilities clearly defined	 Updates provided to senior management and those charged with governance on progress Monitoring through audit committee Documented responsibilities for undertaking fraud risk management are outlined in the entities' FCS

Source: OAG

Table 12: Better practice examples of the recording and reporting stage

Conclusion

Fraud is a pervasive and growing issue within Australia. Fraud can be initiated by employees or close associates of an entity and, increasingly, by parties with no apparent connection to the entity. It can also involve collusion between internal and external parties.

Historically, the approach of many Australian entities to fraud risk management has been wholly reactive. Entities that embrace adequate and proportionate approaches to managing fraud risks will increase their chance of reducing fraud events.

We encourage entities to use this guide along with the tools and any other available resources when applying AS ISO 31000:2018 - Risk management - Guidelines and AS 8001:2021 - Fraud and corruption control to manage the risk of fraud against their entity. While fraud risks cannot be eliminated, a robust and well-resourced fraud risk management program can minimise the likelihood and consequences of fraud events.

Appendix 1: Glossary

Term	Definition
Better practice guide (BPG)	A fraud risk assessment better practice guide (this report).
Bribery	Offering, promising, giving, accepting or soliciting of an undue advantage of any value (either financial or non-financial) directly or indirectly, and irrespective of location(s), in violation of applicable law, as an inducement or reward for a person acting or refraining from acting in relation to the performance of that person's duties.
Cloud computing	The practice of using a network of remote servers hosted on the internet to store, manage, and process data, rather than a local server or a personal computer.
Close associate	A person with a close connection with the organisation other than an employee (e.g. director, consultant, contractor).
Collusive tendering	The act of multiple tenderers for a particular contract colluding in preparation of their bids – also often referred to as bid rigging.
Conflict of interest	A situation in which a person is in a position to derive personal benefit from actions or decisions made in their official capacity.
Corruption	Dishonest activity in which a person associated with an entity (e.g. director, executive or employee) acts contrary to the interests of the entity and abuses their position of trust in order to achieve personal advantage or advantage for another person or entity.
Cryptocurrency	A digital currency in which transactions are verified and records maintained by a decentralised system using cryptography, rather than by a centralised authority.
Data theft	Also known as information theft. The illegal transfer or storage of personal, confidential, or financial information.
Enterprise risk	Risks arising from the general operation of an entity that can impact on the entity's ability to meet its objectives (refer also definition of 'risk' below).
FCS	Fraud Control System - a framework for controlling the risk of fraud against or by an entity.
Fraud	Dishonest activity causing actual or potential gain or loss to any person or entity including theft of moneys or other property by persons internal and/or external to the entity and/or where deception is used at the time, immediately before or immediately following the activity.
Identity fraud	Also known as identity theft or crime. It involves someone using another individual's personal information without consent, often to obtain a benefit.
Internal control	Internal control is a process, effected by an entity's board of directors, management and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance that information is reliable, accurate and timely.
Malware	Malicious software intentionally designed to cause disruption to a computer, server, client, or computer network, leak private information, gain unauthorised access to information or systems, deprive user's access to information or which unknowingly interferes with the user's computer security and privacy.

Term	Definition
Nepotism and/or Cronyism	Where the appointee is inadequately qualified to perform the role to which he or she has been appointed. The appointment of friends and associates to positions of authority, without proper regard to their qualifications.
OAG	The Office of the Auditor General.
PESTLE model	Consideration of 6 external environmental factors that can impact an entity, namely the political, economic, social, technological, legal and environmental factors.
Phishing and/or Spear- phishing	Cyber-intrusion. Theft of intellectual property or other confidential information through unauthorised systems access.
Ransomware	Form of malware designed to encrypt files on a device, rendering any files and the systems that rely on them unusable.
Risk	The effect of uncertainty on objectives. An effect is a deviation from the expected. It can be positive, negative or both, and can address, create or result in opportunities and threats.
Risk appetite	The level of overall risk an entity is prepared to accept in pursuing its objectives.
Risk tolerance	The level of risk an entity is prepared to accept in relation to specific aspects of its operation – the practical application of the concept of 'risk appetite' to specific risk categories (relevantly to the subject of this guide, this can include application of an entity's risk appetite to the concept of fraud risk).
Social engineering	A broad range of malicious activities accomplished through human interactions (e.g. psychological manipulation of people into performing actions or divulging confidential information).

Appendix 2: References

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Standards Australia, <u>AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management – Guidelines Risk Assessment,</u> 2018.
Standards Australia, <u>SA SNZ HB 436-2013 <i>Risk Management Guidelines</i> (companion to AS ISO 31000:2018)</u> , 2013.

Appendix 3: Fraud control system benchmarking tool

An important component of the periodic assessment of the efficacy of an entity's FCS is to determine whether an entity's FCS aligns with the requirements and guidance set out in the standard, in effect, a benchmarking of the entity's fraud control program against the requirements and guidance of the standard. An organisation's performance against each element of the standard can be assessed in accordance with a 5-element rating scheme as set out below.

Alignment with AS 8001:2021 – <i>Fraud and corruption control</i> best practice model	Rating
Meeting better practice	5
Approaching better practice	4
Minimum acceptable level	З
Inadequate but some progress made towards better practice	2
Inadequate - no progress towards achieving better practice	1

The following are the relevant steps required to prepare and deliver an FCS benchmarking project:

Step 1	Consult and collaborate across the entity in a consideration of the FCS benchmarking model and determine which, if any, elements of the model are not relevant to the entity's own circumstances, make necessary adjustments to the model in preparation for analysis. ¹⁵
Step 2	Gather all entity documentation pertaining to the control of fraud risk within the entity – this would include:
	current FCS documentation
	current governing body charter
	 most recent fraud risk assessment
	the entity's disciplinary procedures
	 recent analysis of awareness raising activities within the entity
	most recent external environmental scan analysis

¹⁵ e.g. requirements and guidance of AS 8001:2021 Section 3.6 Performance Based Targets may not be relevant to public sector entities and could therefore be removed from the model.

	internal audit charter
	any recent internal audit reports in relation to fraud risk management
	all integrity related documentation
	current workforce screening policy
	current cybersecurity / information system management policies
	 a summary of the last 5 years fraud incidents covering results could provide insight into common activities, themes and weaknesses. Details such as number of events per year, fraud theme (procurement, CC etc), quantum, fraud substantiated Y/N, vulnerability identified, how vulnerability treated, date vulnerability treated
	• reports of analysis of internal control efficacy including pressure testing transactions.
	Consult broadly across the entity to arrive at a realistic and reliable assessment of the entity's current performance against each relevant element of AS8001:2021. Consultation would include:
	• if a relevant policy or procedure is currently in place or is proposed
Step 3	• the frequency of review of all relevant policies and procedures
	• if there is adequate resourcing to ensure that the FCS is properly and effectively administered
	• the culture within the entity in terms of adherence to the key elements of the FCS.
Step 4	Collaborate with relevant system and process owners to arrive at a rating on a scale of 1 to 5 for each element of the FCS being assessed in terms of its current alignment with AS 8001:2021.
Step 5	Consult broadly within the organisation in relation to initiatives currently in train for implementation in the future, collaborate with relevant system and process owners to arrive at a rating on a scale of 1 to 5 for each element of the FCS being assessed in terms of its future alignment with AS 8001:2021 on the assumption that the initiative is fully implemented.
Step 6	Enter scores into the model and review the output chart.
Step 7	Present to the relevant oversight committee within the entity.
Step 8	Implement remedial action required for the entity to better align with the better practice model per AS 8001:2021.
Step 9	Monitor the ongoing efficacy of the FCS in light of this analysis over time.

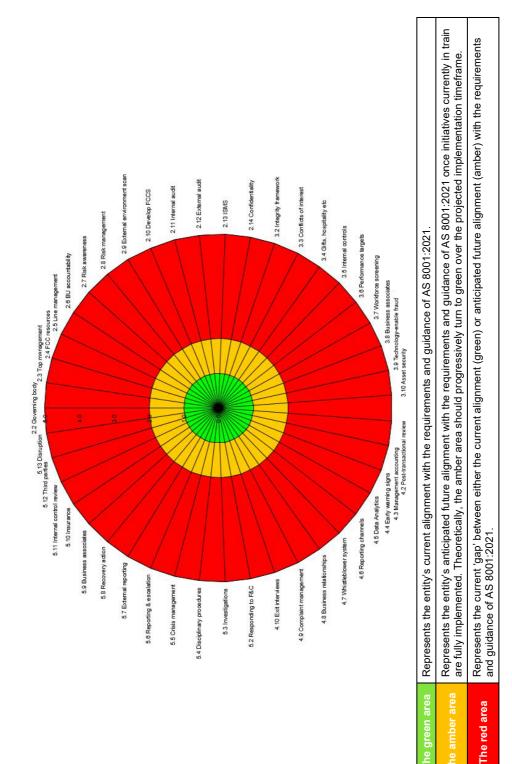
Presentation of the benchmarking analysis

The outcome of this analysis can be usefully presented in a variety of tabular or graphical formats. The way in which the benchmarking analysis results are presented will depend on the needs of the entity. One particularly visual way of presenting the outcomes of the benchmarking analysis is by way of a 'spider-web' diagram as shown below.

A Microsoft Excel tool is provided on our website with detailed instructions to assist in the preparation of this analysis and production of the spider web diagram is detailed below.

showing improvement over time. For example, if a spider web diagram depicting the current and anticipated alignment of the entity's FCS with AS 8001:2021 is presented to each meeting of the relevant oversighting committee (e.g. an audit committee) the committee would be able to efficiently monitor progress against action items initiated to address identified gaps. The spider web diagram is particularly useful for presenting current and future state alignment of an entity's FCS with AS 8001:2021 and for

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Assessment of external threats using the PESTLE model requires a rigorous 7-step process as follows:

Step 1: Consult and collaborate across the entity, make necessary adjustments to the worksheet in preparation for analysis.

Step 2: Gather all documentation pertaining to external threats in the environment in which the entity operates or is considering operations.

Step 3: Consider the most recent fraud risk assessment conducted in relation to the entity's operation

Step 4: In collaboration with risk and process owners, consider the six PESTLE factors that could impact the entity's fraud risks.

Step 5: Identify external factors that need to be addressed by the entity to more effectively control fraud risks.

Step 6: Develop risk treatments for risks that need to be further mitigated and adjust in fraud risk assessment and fraud control system.

Step 7: Review external threats periodically.

The following is an example worksheet for assessing external threats against an entity using the PESTLE model.

PESTLE factor	Example questions to consider	External threat assessment	Action to be taken (risk assessment, risk treatments, fraud control system)
Political			
To identify the political situation of the country in which the organisation operates, including	 Has there been a recent change in government (at local, state or federal level)? 	Insert text	Insert text
the stability and leadership of the government, whether there is a budget deficit or surplus, lobbying interests and international political pressure.	 Is there any anticipated change in government funding foreshadowed? How will a change in funding impact the entity's fraud exposure (e.g. an increase in funding for grants or a decrease in funding for administration)? 		
	Is there any legislative change anticipated in relation to employment law that may impact the entity's ability to manage its fraud exposure?		

PESTLE factor	Example questions to consider	External threat assessment	Action to be taken (risk assessment, risk treatments, fraud control system)
	 Is there a likely increase or reduction in government mandated regulation? 		
	If yes, will that give rise to an increase in the entity's fraud exposure (either internally or externally initiated fraud)?		
	6 . Are there any other political factors the entity should consider?		
Economic			
To determine the economic factors that could have an impact on the croanisation including	 Are all economies in which the entity operates currently stable? 	Insert text	Insert text
on the organization, interest rates, inflation, unemployment rates, foreign exchange rates and monetary or fiscal policies.	 If there are indications of instability in an economy in which the entity operates, to what degree will this impact the risk of fraud within or against the entity? 		
	 Are there any key economic decisions (either recently implemented or in contemplation) likely to have an impact on the entity's fraud exposure (e.g. rising interest rates, a change in taxation rates)? 		
	 Is there currently significant pressure on wages and salaries that could act to reduce disposable income of the general population and to what degree could that impact on the entity's fraud exposure? 		
	Is there likely to be a change in employment levels in the economy in the next three to five years?		

PESTLE factor	Example questions to consider	External threat assessment	Action to be taken (risk assessment, risk treatments, fraud control system)
	6. Is there likely to be a change in working arrangements that may increase the risk of fraud within the entity (e.g. remote working, flexible working arrangements)?		
	 Are there any other economic factors the entity should consider? 		
Social			
To identify the expectations of society by analysing factors such as consumer demographics, significant world events, integrity issues, cultural, ethnic and reliaious factors, and consumer	 Has there been a marked decline in integrity standards within the broader community or is this anticipated going forward? How could these changes impact the entity's fraud exposures in the future? 	Insert text	Insert text
opinions.	 Is it likely that the entity will only be able to attract adequate human resource is by offering work arrangements that are not sustainable for the entity? 		
	Are there any other social factors they should consider?		
Technological			
To identify how technology, including technological advancements social media	 Does the entity have a heavy reliance on technology internally? 	Insert text	Insert text
platforms and the role of the internet more broadly, is affecting or could affect the organisation.	Does the entity have a heavy reliance on technology to interact with external parties including business associates, customers, clients		

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PESTLE factor	Example questions to consider	External threat assessment	Action to be taken (risk assessment, risk treatments, fraud control system)
	and the general public?		
	Does the entity embrace leading edge cyber- security?		
	 Does the entity have strict policies governing the use of its IT equipment by the workforce for personal purposes? 		
	5. Does the entity have strong controls over the use of technology in the course of remote working?		
	6. Does the entity closely monitor developments in technology-enabled fraud?		
	7. Are there any other technological factors that the entity should consider?		
Legal			
To identify how specific legislation, including industry	 Does the entity have a strong compliance function? 		
spectric regulations, and case law are affecting or could affect the organisation's future operations.	2. Does the entity have a strong sense of its own duties of integrity when interacting with external parties (i.e. is there a risk of the entity itself being accused of fraudulent or other illegal conduct)?		
	Are there indicators of significant change in the regulatory landscape affecting the entity?		
	4. Is the entity aware of its vicarious liabilities in relation to the conduct of members of its own		

PESTLE factor	Example questions to consider	External threat assessment	Action to be taken (risk assessment, risk treatments, fraud control system)
	workforce?		
	Are there any other legal factors that the entity should consider?		
Environmental			
To identify how local, national and international environmental issues are affecting or could affect the organisation	 Does the entity operate in circumstances where there is a likelihood of a high environmental impact? 		
	If so, does this give rise to any raised risk of manipulation of financial or non-financial reporting?		
	Are there any other environmental factors that the entity should consider?		

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Appendix 5: Tools to support the fraud risk management process

A5.1 Communication and consultation tool

fraud controls relating to their risks. This may be because a control owner is experiencing staffing or funding constraints or they lack the requisite expertise. In these circumstances the person tasked with performing the fraud risk program can assist Fraud risk owners can sometimes encounter problems with those responsible for developing, implementing and maintaining through:



- requesting progressive pieces of work
- fostering productive linkages between parties responsible for fraud control
- providing expert advice to stakeholders
- seeking strategic support from the senior staff to formulate solutions to impediments at the operational or program level.

The table below describes some methods for communication and consultation across an entity.

Structured one-on-one discussion with the process / risk owners	Speak with relevant business units – the people who work with the systems and processes every day. Meet one-on-one to facilitate an enhanced understanding of relevant risk and control issues.
Convene focus groups with process and risk owners and stakeholders	Facilitate detailed discussion of fraud risks with focus groups along with one-on-one meetings as an effective way to identify risks, internal controls that should mitigate those risks, whether they are operating as intended (think like a fraudster), assessing risks and developing effective risk treatments.
Seek input on fraud risk matters from across the entity	Invite the entire workforce to provide their input in relation to the entity's fraud exposures in an online survey.
Regular reporting to the project management committee	A project to manage fraud risk should be subject to a rigorous program of two-way communication between the oversight committee and the practitioner/team tasked with the project.
External communication and consultation	The project committee and the team responsible for delivering the project should consider the benefits of communication and consultation with parties external to the entity such as regulators, subject matter experts and peer organisations.
Reporting to the audit and risk committee	It is important for an audit and risk committee to be informed of developments in relation to fraud risks because they are responsible for overseeing the entity's risk management and internal controls.

A5.2 Scope context and criteria tool

1.00	scope contex	
Factor	Definition	Fraud risk assessment "XX Process"
Scope	The boundaries	 The specific parts of the XX process to be assessed for fraud risks.
	fraud risk	• The business units and operational teams involved in the processes to be assessed.
	assessment will take place.	 Tools to be used in the fraud risk assessment.
		• Logistical considerations, milestones and timelines for completing the fraud risk assessment.
Context	The internal and	Internal factors may include:
	external ractors influencing the	 The strategic objectives of the entity and how this influences the XX process.
	environment the entity operates in.	• The existing employee level in the XX process and their experience, as well as their level of training in identifying indicators of potential fraud.
		External factors include:
		 Increasing fraud trends targeting XX process.
		Recent known scams in the public domain that have been uncovered.
Criteria	Likelihood and consequence criteria aligned to an entitv's existing	 Likelihood criteria is a rating scale (i.e Extremely unlikely to Almost certain) set by the entity to identify the expected frequency of a fraud risk in the XX process being realised, both with no internal controls in place (inherent) and existing controls in place (residual).
	risk framework that can be used to rate fraud risks identified in the fraud risk assessment.	 Consequence criteria is a rating scale (Low – Catastrophic) across a number of defined loss factors (i.e. financial damage, reputational damage, legal damage), to identify the expected impact of a fraud risk in the XX process being realised both with no internal controls in place (inherent) and existing controls in place (residual). What is acceptable frequency / consequence.



A5.3 Risk assessment tools

A5.3.1 Example fraud risk assessment worksheet

A fraud risk assessment worksheet can be used to document all relevant information for each risk identified and assessed. Having applied the worksheet for this purpose it can also then be used as a risk register (alternatively, identified and assessed fraud risks could be included in the entity's enterprise risk register).

	r on the	and hard	ig Priority Resnonsibility			HJG	Medium	<u>1</u>	960	High	HJG	Medium	HJG	Lov	HJG				
	n a supplier		Rating	Ette - time	LIFECUVE		Effective			Effective		Effective		Effective					
	Procurement employee obtains a benefit from a supplier on the	טווטפוגאומוט גוואג גווד פווטטעדים אווו מאמוט אטרג נט גווד אטטעוופו	Applicable)	for staff	IDI SIGIL.		interest			o be prepared	with governance.	(i.e. monthly)	iy vendor.	ude open source	Dir Directors.			Date Assessed	13 Mau 22
1 of Risk	it employee obtai	ng mar me emp	Proposed Treatment (If Applicable)	Training and supremore initiative for staff	מאמובו ובאא		Reaular review of the conflict of interest	gister.		Documented evaluation reports to be prepared	ana submineer to mose charged with governance.	Finance to review regular reports (i.e. monthly)	with expenditure broken down by vendor.	Due diligence checks should include open source information hadrocaud Apollo on Discotance	iniormation background checks on birectors.			Entered By	HN
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evel	Post-treatment	High		atinge	shiine		Partially Effective		Major	Likely		Effective	Moderate	Possible				iness Unit	Pavable
Risk Level	Pre-treatment	Very High		Outring Dating		Pre-treatment	Internal Control		Consequence	Likelihood	Post-treatment	Internal Control	Consequence	Likelihood				System Business Unit	Accounts Pauahle
	ickbacks)		Rating	D 61-11- 566 61-1	Partially Effective		Effective			Ineffective		Ineffective		Partially Effective		Partially Effective	•	Department	Procurerment
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Fraud Risk (Short Title)	AP 1 Corruption in procurement (kickbacks)		Current Internal Controls	Documented solicion and areas	Documented policies and procedures for proclirement transactions > \$50,000 are in place		Conflict of interest declaratio			Independent evaluation of te		Missing control: There is no regular transaction	review of purchases over \$20,000.	Due diligence is performed on successful vendors.		An independent party reviews any vendor	complaints from the tender process.	Risk Owner	HIG

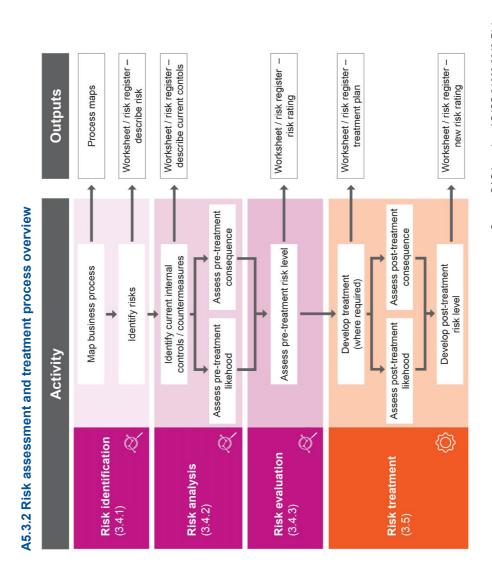
referred to in the following table will not have been prepared in the risk identification stage when the fraud risk worksheet is first created. The worksheet is intended to build over time as the entity works its way through the identification, analysis, evaluation and treatment development The following is a short summary of the information that would be recorded on each risk assessment sheet (note that much of the information phases). As noted above, each identified risk should be recorded on a separate risk assessment worksheet. The risk assessment worksheet can then be used as the entity's register of fraud risks. Alternatively, identified and assessed fraud risks can be recorded in the entity's enterprise risk

useu as irre errity s register of ria register.	ומנת וואא. אופווומווענוץ, ותכווווונים מות מאפאשם וומנת וואא כמודעב ובכטותכם ווו נווב כוווון א כוונכו אואכ ווא
Data field	Information to be recorded (for each risk)
Fraud Risk Number	A reference number unique to each risk – the risk number is used in all outputs of the risk assessment process.
Fraud Risk (Short Title)	Short description of the risk that is generally used to identify the risk being discussed in relevant outputs.
Description of Risk	A more detailed outline of the risk consistent with the short title.
Risk Owner	The individual or position within the business unit who has primary responsibility for the business systems relevant to the identified fraud risk.
Department	The department to which the business unit belongs (see below).
System Business Unit	The business unit that has most control of the business systems and processes relevant to the identified risk.
Entered By	The individual or position who entered the fraud risk particulars into the risk assessment worksheet.
Date Assessed	The date on which the worksheet was populated.
Current Internal Controls	A short active title / description of each existing internal control (e.g. "System controls only allow limited authorised users to change bank accounts") and a short statement as to how the internal control mitigates the risk.
Current Internal Controls Rating	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Ineffective", "Partially Effective" or "Effective") of the effectiveness of each internal control on mitigating the risk.
Proposed Treatment (If Applicable)	Treatments the entity proposes to take to strengthen the existing internal control framework and reduce the risk rating to an acceptable level.
Proposed Treatment (If Applicable) Rating	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Ineffective", "Partially Effective" or "Effective") of the effectiveness of each treatment on mitigating the risk.
Proposed Treatment Priority	The proposed priority of the treatment.
Overall Ratings – Pre-treatment Internal Control	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Ineffective", "Partially Effective" or "Effective") of the overall effectiveness of the existing internal control framework on mitigating the risk.

Data field	Information to be recorded (for each risk)
Overall Ratings – Pre-treatment Likelihood	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Almost Certain" to "Rare") of the likelihood of a risk being realised with the existing internal control framework.
Overall Ratings – Pre-treatment Consequence	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Extreme" to "Negligible") of the consequence of a risk being realised with the existing internal control framework.
Overall Ratings – Post-treatment Internal Control	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Ineffective", "Partially Effective" or "Effective") of the overall effectiveness of the post-treatment internal control framework on mitigating the risk.
Overall Ratings – Post-treatment Likelihood	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Almost Certain" to "Rare") of the likelihood of a risk being realised with the post- treatment internal control framework.
Overall Ratings – Post-treatment Consequence	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Extreme" to "Negligible") of the consequence of a risk being realised with the post-treatment internal control framework.
Overall Risk Rating Pre-treatment	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Very High" to "Low") of the fraud risk level by reference to the risk matrix (taking into account the assessed effectiveness of pre-existing internal controls).
Overall Risk Rating Post- treatment	A rating on an appropriate scale (i.e. "Very High" to "Low") of the fraud risk level by reference to the risk matrix taking into account the assessed effectiveness of the post-treatment internal control framework.



Source: OAG based on AS ISO 31000:2018 Risk management - Guidelines Clause 6.4 and 6.5





A5.3.3 Key fraud risk identification questions

Some key questions to ask when trying to identify fraud risks are listed below.

Key questions that need to be asked in identifying fraud risks

If I wanted to steal from this entity, knowing what I know about the current business systems process and internal controls, how would I do it?

If I wanted to get some sort of improper financial or non-financial advantage out of my position, how would I do it?

What do I know about this process that nobody else knows or checks?

Who has sole control over specific systems or processes that nobody else has visibility over?

What forms of payment does this process have - is it cash, card, EFT etc?

How can this process be made easier for the process owner at the expense of the entity?

A5.3.4 Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre's 'Actor, Action, Outcome' method of describing fraud risks¹⁶

An effective method for describing fraud risk is to consider the actor, action and outcome. The level of detail is important when describing fraud risks. Without sufficient detail it becomes difficult to consider the factors (i.e. actors and actions) that contribute to the fraud risk and how fraud controls will specifically address these contributing factors.

An example of a poorly defined fraud risk from the invoice payment process provided would be "Fraud in the invoice payment process"

The following are more accurately defined fraud risks from the same example:

- "a service provider (Actor) submits a falsified invoice (Action) to receive a payment for services not provided (Outcome)"
- "a service provider (Actor) coerces an official to approve and/or process a falsified invoice (Action) to receive a payment for services not provided (Outcome)"
- "an official (Actor) manipulates the finance system (Action) to divert an invoice payment to their own bank account (Outcome)"

Judgement should be applied in striking a balance between capturing sufficient detail and documenting a manageable number of fraud risks. This could be achieved by combining similar risks and clearly documenting the various contributing factors (actors and actions).

¹⁶ Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre 'Fraud Risk Assessment – Leading Practice Guide'.





The description can help with an entity's assessment of its fraud risks and how it considers ways in which to control it. Some of these controls may already exist and some may be new.

For example, an entity might limit the opportunity for an accounts payable officer to submit and processes a fictitious invoice that pays into an employee's account by:

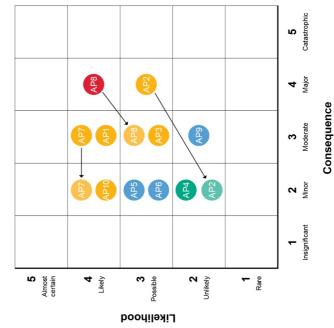
- splitting the authorising powers (submit and process)
- segregation of duties between invoice entry and payment authority
- validating the invoice details (fictitious invoice)
- third party verification of goods/services being received
- check supplier details in your supplier master file are an exact match to public records (e.g. Australian Business Register) 0
- cross-checking internal records (employee account)
- compare bank accounts in supplier payment file against employee bank accounts.

Entities can link each of the above controls back to distinct parts (actor, action, outcome) of the fraud description.

A5.3.5 Example diagrammatic presentation of assessed fraud risks

It can be useful to present identified and assist fraud risks in diagrammatic form.

PR-1 is due to the introduction of new or revised internal controls that will reduce the consequence of the risk if it did occur (although in this implementation of a treatment plan introducing new or revised internal controls / fraud controls. The change in rating in relation to risk accounts payable related fraud risks. Diagrammatic analysis is also useful to show the projected change in risk rating as a result of The following example shows the relative ratings of likelihood and consequence and the resulting overall risk rating for ten example the likelihood remains unchanged)



Accounts payable

High
 Medium
 Low

Risk rating Very high

- AP 1 Corruption of the procurement process (kick-backs)
- AP 2 Fraudulent alteration of EFT upload file
- AP 3 Fraudulent change to existing vendor masterfile record (internal)
- AP 4 Fraudulent change to existing vendor masterfile record (external)
- AP 5 False invoicing (internal)
- AP 6 False invoicing (external)
- AP 7 Double invoicing (initiated by supplier/vendor)
 - AP 8 Collusive tendering (external)
- AP 9 Serious/unresolved conflict of interest
- AP 10 Fraudulent use of the corporate purchasing card (personal benefit)

A5.3.6 Example public sector fraud risks

The following is a short summary of fraud risks that are commonly found in the public sector environment. This summary is not intended to be an exhaustive list, but it can be used as a 'thought provoker' in the identification of operational risks types facing the entity being assessed.



Accounts payable fraud	
False invoicing (creation of a fictitious vendor)	A flictitious vendor is created in the finance system to which payments for false invoices are made for goods/services not ordered and not delivered (typically fraud of this type involves personnel within the entity but it can be perpetrated at times by external parties acting alone or by external parties operating in collusion with a member of the target entity's workforce)
Fraudulent change to vendor master file	Fraudulent change to the entity's vendor master file (i.e. change of bank details to divert legitimate vendor payments to an account controlled by the perpetrator) – this can be done by a person internal to the entity, a person external to the entity or by collusion between internal and external persons
Online banking fraud	Manipulation of vendor or other payments in the online banking system immediately prior to execution of the payment file in the entity's online banking system – the fraudulent manipulation of the online payment file is concealed by making false entries in the entity's accounting records
False invoicing (existing vendor)	Manipulation and processing of fraudulent payments for invoices apparently rendered by a legitimate vendor but, in fact, fraudulently generated and issued by the perpetrator who is generally a member of the entity's own workforce
Duplicate payments for the invoices already settled	More than one payment is made for the same invoice – this can be initiated inadvertently by a vendor who issues the same invoice twice in error but the vendor then fails to report the double receipt and fraudulently converts the duplicate payment

Procurement and tendering	
Corruption of the procurement process (involving personnel within the entity)	Corruption involving an employee of the entity and a vendor in the selection of a winning bid or tender often involving bribery / kickbacks but often motivated by personal or family association between the bidder and the entity's employee without direct financial reward – corruption can involve provision of a confidential bid price, contract details or other sensitive information to gain an advantage for one tenderer over other tenderers
Bid rigging (excluding personnel within the entity)	Collusive tendering between multiple bidders for the same contract for mutual advantage (no involvement of the entity's personnel)

Procurement and tendering	
Conflicts of interest	Undeclared association between an employee of an entity and a tenderer giving rise to an actual or perceived bias in awarding of a contract
Improperly receiving hospitality, gifts and benefits	An employee receiving or soliciting hospitality, gifts or benefits from a vendor or potential vendor hoping to gain a commercial advantage in doing so – depending on the circumstances, this behaviour may constitute fraud

Falsification and manipulation of	n of claims for work-related expenditure
Use of the entity's funds for personal expenditure	Claiming employee expenses for business-related expenditure not incurred or incurred for personal use or benefit (supported by false or inflated receipts / invoices)
Double-dipping	Claiming multiple reimbursements for the same expenses or claiming for expenses paid personally using receipts for purchases already made via another of the entity's reimbursement systems

Diversion of incoming funds	
Accounts receivable fraud	Redirection of incoming receipts to a spurious account followed by write-off of accounts receivable balance
Unauthorised discounts	Processing unauthorised discounts for early payment of invoices where the discount value is fraudulently transferred to the employee's own bank account
An authorised application of unknown receipts	Funds can be received by an entity where the source of the funds is unknown and the funds are allocated to a suspense account pending rectification – a possible fraud involves the transfer of part of the balance of the suspense account to an employee's own benefit with a manipulation of the accounting system to conceal the theft
Inflating invoice value	Inflating the value of an invoice raised by the entity with receipts in payment of the invoice directed to a spurious account controlled by the staff member concerned who then redirects the correct (reduced) value of the invoice to the entity's correct account
Vendor overpayment	Deliberately overpay a vendor in payment of an invoice for goods or services validly received, claim a refund for the overpayment and then direct the remittance to a spurious bank account
Theft of cash all funds received	Fraudulently failing to record receipt of cash received and then misappropriate for own benefit

Payroll	
Timesheet fraud	Fraudulent submission of falsified timesheets for casual employees who did not work with diversion of resulting remuneration generated to own account
Fraudulent alteration of remuneration rates	Alteration of remuneration rates (salaries or hourly rates) in the payroll system in relation to the employee making the change or for another employee in exchange for personal benefit
Ghost employee fraud	Fabrication of fictitious employees on the payroll with remuneration paid to own account
Fraudulently failing to record personal leave	An employee taking personal leave (annual, long-service, sick or carer's leave) without recording the leave in the HR system
Worker's compensation fraud	Worker's compensation fraud – fraudulent claims for injuries not sustained
Assets and Inventory	
Asset theft	Theft of the entity's assets, including computers and other IT related assets
Information theft	Theft or abuse of proprietary or confidential information (customer information, intellectual property, pricing schedules, business plans, etc)
Unauthorised private use of employer property	Use of employer property for personal use or benefit
Cash theft	Theft of petty cash

Manipulation of financial reportin	Bu
Fraudulent manipulation of an entity's financial reporting	Fraudulent manipulation of financial reports in order to make it appear that a business entity has performed better (in financial or non-financial terms) than it has actually performed – this can be motivated by a need to demonstrate a certain level of personal performance in order to secure a performance bonus but may also be driven in the public sector by the need to meet political expectations

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Business email compromiseEmails impersonating vendors or an executive instructing payment to be made to a spurious bank account or a cl to existing bank detailsPhishing emailsEmails designed to dupe employees into providing personal information (i.e. by clicking on a link or opening an attachment)MalwareInstalling malware onto a computer or computer system within the entity which then issues fraudulent instructions to change the bank account of a vendor in the vendor masterfile or change the payroll bank account of one or mo employees)	Cyber-borne attack	
emails	Business email compromise	Emails impersonating vendors or an executive instructing payment to be made to a spurious bank account or a change to existing bank details
	Phishing emails	Emails designed to dupe employees into providing personal information (i.e. by clicking on a link or opening an attachment)
	Malware	Installing malware onto a computer or computer system within the entity which then issues fraudulent instructions (e.g. to change the bank account of a vendor in the vendor masterfile or change the payroll bank account of one or more employees)

A5.4 Risk treatment tools

A5.4.1 SMART principle for co-designing fraud controls¹⁷

Think about the fraud risk you have described and ways in which you might be able to prevent, monitor or detect the exploitation.

The following table outlines the 'SMART' principle which can be applied to help co-design controls with key risk stakeholders.

Specific	The control should have a clear and concise objective. They should also be well defined and clear to anyone with a basic knowledge of the work. Consider: who, what, where, when and why.
Measurable	The control and its progress should be measurable. Consider:
	What does the completed control look like?
	 What are the benefits of the control and when they will be achieved?
	 The cost of the control (both financial and staffing resources).
Achievable	The control should be practical, reasonable and credible and should also consider the available resources. Consider:
	 Is the control achievable with available resources?
	Does the control comply with policy and legislation?
Relevant	The control should be relevant to the risk. Consider:
	 Does the control modify the level of risk (through impacting the causes and consequences)?
	 Is the control compatible with the entity's objectives and priorities?
Timed	The control should specify timeframes for completion and when benefits are expected to be achieved.

¹⁷ Commonwealth Fraud Prevention Centre 'Fraud Risk Assessment – Leading Practice Guide'.



A5.4.2 Example internal controls that may be effective in controlling fraud risks

The following is a short summary of internal controls that experience has shown may be effective in controlling fraud risks in each of the categories contemplated in A5.3.6 above.

each WA public sector entity when undertaking a targeted fraud risk assessment. It is anticipated that these internal controls may be effective in Once again, this is not intended as an exhaustive list and is intended to promote consideration of current and possible internal controls within controlling fraud by:

- preventing a fraudulent transaction from being processed
- quickly detecting a fraudulent transaction after it has been processed thereby preventing any further transactions and minimising loss
- assisting an entity to respond to fraud incidents that have been detected

The internal controls set out below can be used to:

- identify internal controls already in place during the risk analysis phase of the risk assessment

Require procurement and accounts payable employees to take leave of a minimum duration (e.g. two weeks at a time) with another member of the team performing their role in their absence identify internal controls that may be useful in further mitigating fraud risk in the risk evaluation phase of the risk assessment. Separate handling (receipt and deposit) functions from record keeping functions (recording transactions and reconciling accounts) Require reconcilitation to be completed by an independent person who does not have record keeping responsibilities Monitor the entity's financial activity, compare actual to budgeted revenues and expenses Separate procurement and payment functions Accounts payable fraud • •

If the entity is so small that duties cannot be separated, require an independent check of work being done supplemented by appropriate and

effective data analytics and other reviews appropriate to the entity's situation

•

₽	Procurement and tendering
•	 Implement a tendering / contracting panel made up of independent personnel (i.e. unconnected to the procurement processes), to oversight the awarding of contracts
•	Standard contract conditions and specifications to be used with variations to be approved by senior management
•	Use evaluation criteria as agreed by the contract panel prior to tendering
•	Contract terms and conditions should be those of the purchasing department and not subject to change without the written approval of senior management
•	Clear audit trails with written records including formal authorisation of changes to original documentation
•	Independent post-transactional review of a substantial sample of tendering and contracting transactions with a particular focus on high-risk transaction types
•	Splitting of contacts should not be permitted unless authorised by senior management
•	Management reviews of the reasonableness and competitiveness of prices
•	Ensure contractors with a poor performance record are removed from the approved supplier's list
ш	Falsification and manipulation of claims for work-related expenditure
•	Limit the number of entity issued purchasing cards and users
•	Set account limits with purchasing card providers (value, items that can be purchased etc.)
•	Docuits amployee with antity issued nursharing and to submit themical ariginal reacient for all nurshared fulled and show of hard converted and

Require employees with entity issued purchasing cards to submit itemised, original receipts for all purchases followed by lodgement of hard copy supporting documentation

Independent rigorous examination of credit card transactions each month including detailed review of relevant receipts, invoices and other supporting documentation

ш	Falsification and manipulation of claims for work-related expenditure
•	Periodic review of a sample of hardcopy supporting documentation
•	Monitor the entity's financial activity, compare actual to budgeted revenues and expenses
•	Require an explanation of significant variations from budget
ā	Diversion of incoming receipts
•	Send official notification to all regular providers / suppliers with particulars of the entity's bank account with statement that this is the only account to which refunds should be remitted
•	Independent post-transactional view of a sample of invoices rendered to identify any manipulations
•	Independent post-transactional review of emails between accounts payable / accounts receivable personnel within the entity and customers / clients to determine if there is any indication of manipulation of invoices raised or payments made
å	Payroll
•	Payroll system procedures and training
•	Segregation of duties preventing payroll batch file payments or payroll master file changes without two approvers
•	Limited system administrator access to the payroll system
•	System controls to prevent changes to pay rates or salaries without approval
•	Changes to payroll masterfile (e.g. particularly for bank account numbers) only available to employees via an HR 'kiosk' in the HR system – system unable to process a change of bank account number outside of the HR kiosk
•	HR system to automatically generate a confirmation email to the employee where there has been a change of masterful data
•	Rigorous approval process for creation of new employees in the payroll system

٩,	Payroll
•	Timely notification process from HR to Payroll of employees due to resign from the entity
•	Periodic review of payroll system audit logs
•	Management review of variance reports from previous payroll run to confirm reasons for significant differences
•	Employee background checks for new hires with access to the payroll system – this should include criminal record screening and specific questions about any previous integrity concerns / disciplinary findings etc.
•	Mandatory password changes for those with access to the payroll system to a suitable strength and complexity
•	Physical security of computers used by payroll staff with direct system access
•	Electronic timesheet systems and approval process for overtime
۷	Assets and inventory
•	Physical security of desirable assets (i.e. laptops, IT equipment)
•	Password protection and remote wiping capability in the case a laptop is lost or stolen
•	Regular stocktakes of assets and inventory and updating asset registers
•	Security of cash (i.e. petty cash) and gift vouchers in locked tins or a safe
•	Tracking systems for assets and approval process for transfer of location
•	Maintain vehicle logs, listing the dates, times, mileage or odometer readings, purpose of the trip, and name of the employee using the vehicle

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Active engagement with entity's external auditor in relation to the annual audit (i.e. working collaboratively with the auditor to identify any manipulation of the financial reporting)

Analysis to identify unusual activity

• Detailed review of journal and other adjustments to the general Ledger with a focus, as a minimum, on high value transactions

0	Cyber-borne attack
•	BitLocker protection of all IT assets to ensure security of data
•	Access to databases/systems require unique user logon identification and password authentication
•	Document authorisation that is needed to establish accountability and issue, alter, or revoke user access
•	Prohibit shared user logon IDs and passwords, and user logon IDs and passwords
•	Set database user access permissions that are based on the principles of privilege and separation of duties
•	Restrict access to servers and office locations which contain sensitive and confidential data by physical security to authorised personnel
•	Access to databases/systems require unique user logon identification and password authentication

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Auditor General's 2021-22 reports

Number	Title	Date tabled
19	Forensic Audit – Construction Training Fund	22 June 2022
18	Opinion on Ministerial Notification – FPC Sawmill Volumes	20 June 2022
17	2022 Transparency Report – Major Projects	17 June 2022
16	Staff Rostering in Corrective Services	18 May 2022
15	COVID-19 Contact Tracing System – Application Audit	18 May 2022
14	Audit Results Report – Annual 2020-21 Financial Audits of State Government Entities Part 2: COVID-19 Impacts	9 May 2022
13	Information Systems Audit Report 2022 – State Government Entities	31 March 2022
12	Viable Cycling in the Perth Area	9 December 2021
11	Forensic Audit Report – Establishment Phase	8 December 2021
10	Audit Results Report – Annual 2020-21 Financial Audits of State Government Entities	24 November 2021
9	Cyber Security in Local Government	24 November 2021
8	WA's COVID-19 Vaccine Roll-out	18 November 2021
7	Water Corporation: Management of Water Pipes – Follow-Up	17 November 2021
6	Roll-out of State COVID-19 Stimulus Initiatives: July 2020 – March 2021	20 October 2021
5	Local Government COVID-19 Financial Hardship Support	15 October 2021
4	Public Building Maintenance	24 August 2021
3	Staff Exit Controls	5 August 2021
2	SafeWA – Application Audit	2 August 2021
1	Opinion on Ministerial Notification – FPC Arbitration Outcome	29 July 2021



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Office of the Auditor General for Western Australia

LIST OF PAYMENTS

FOR PERIOD

ENDED 30 November 2022

Any questions relating to the List of Payments, please raise with Paul White, Director Corporate Services, prior to Briefing Session.

SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS

FUND	VOUCHERS	AMOUNT \$
MUNICIPAL / TRUST		
EFT, Direct Debits Cr Card and Payroll 01-30 November 2022	48167 - 48446	-\$2,128,375.13
TRUST FUND		
Cheques Commonwealth 6100-1015-9136		\$0.00
MUNICIPAL BANK		
Cheques Commonwealth 6100-1015-9128	86390 – 86395	\$-27,300.88
		-\$2,155,676.01

This list of payments, covering vouchers as above has been checked and is fully supported by vouchers and invoices, which have been duly certified as to the receipt of goods and the rendition of services and as to prices, computations, and costings, and the amounts shown have been paid.

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	An	nount
EFT48167	03/11/2022	CTI RISK MANAGEMENT (CTI5 PTY LTD T/AS)	Banking collection from Office	-\$	2,329.25
EFT48168	03/11/2022	ALLTOOLS (WA) PTY LTD	Saw Blade	-\$	90.00
EFT48169	03/11/2022	APEX GATES	Program Auto Gate & Remotes At The Depot	-\$	235.00
EFT48170	03/11/2022	ASPHALTECH PTY LTD	Railway Pde Road Resurfacing	-\$	250,730.44
EFT48171	03/11/2022	ASSET INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT	Asset Working Tool Subscription	-\$	1,100.00
EFT48172	03/11/2022	BEAVER TREE SERVICES	Tree pruning services	-\$	8,855.00
EFT48173	03/11/2022	BUNNINGS GROUP LIMITED	Hardware items	-\$	1,008.09
EFT48174	03/11/2022	CASA SECURITY PTY LTD	Security monitoring cost - various sites	-\$	1,848.00
EFT48175	03/11/2022	CURTAIN DECOR	Supply & Install Vertical Blinds in Hyde Retirement Village	-\$	499.00
EFT48176	03/11/2022	CUSTOM CARS	Grey Canvas Tarp - for Hino Tip Truck	-\$	528.00
EFT48177	03/11/2022	DAVID CLARKE	Internal painting at HRV	-\$	1,045.00
EFT48178	03/11/2022	DEPARTMENT OF FIRE & EMERGENCY SERVICES	Annual Monitoring DBA Library	-\$	1,881.00
EFT48179	03/11/2022	DS WORKWEAR & SAFETY	Safety Boots	-\$	124.95
EFT48180	03/11/2022	E FIRE & SAFETY (WA)	Fire Alarm Service and Panel Testing	-\$	126.50
EFT48181	03/11/2022	ELLIOTTS FILTRATION	Check & Service of Iron Ore Pump - BIC Reserve	-\$	565.40
EFT48182	03/11/2022	HAYS SPECIALIST RECRUITMENT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	3,666.71
EFT48183	03/11/2022	KLEENIT PTY LTD	Re-Mark Pathway at Caledonian Soccer Club	-\$	9,513.13
EFT48184	03/11/2022	MACKIE PLUMBING AND GAS PTY LTD	Various plumbing works	-\$	1,925.91
EFT48185	03/11/2022	NUTRIEN WATER	Reticulation parts	-\$	620.58
EFT48186	03/11/2022	OFFICEWORKS SUPERSTORES PTY LTD	Locckable Key Cabinet	-\$	253.88
EFT48187	03/11/2022	PARAMOUNT ELECTRICAL SERVICES	Electrical Callout- 35 OPR	-\$	213.55
EFT48188	03/11/2022	PRESTIGE PROPERTY MAINTENANCE	Traffic Management for Mowing Of Guildford Road	-\$	2,561.90
EFT48189	03/11/2022	PRODUCT RECOVERY INDUSTRIES PTY LTD	Sand and concrete waste recycling	-\$	201.85
EFT48190	03/11/2022	STRUCTERRE CONSULTING ENGINEERS	Geotechnical Inspection - Ashfield Community Centre	-\$	3,025.00
EFT48191	03/11/2022	UMESH THAPA	Cleaning expenses	-\$	810.00
EFT48192	03/11/2022	WATER2WATER PTY LTD	Filtered water contract	-\$	49.50
EFT48193	03/11/2022	WESTERN IRRIGATION PTY LTD	Pump repairs at Ashfield Reserve	-\$	3,487.00
EFT48194	04/11/2022	EASTERN METROPOLITAN REGIONAL COUNCIL - EMRC	General Waste Disposal Costs	-\$	42,164.32
EFT48195	07/11/2022	ALSCO PERTH	Weekly linen services - Administration	-\$	98.06
EFT48196	07/11/2022	BASSENDEAN TENNIS CLUB	Grass court maintenance	-\$	2,291.30
EFT48197	07/11/2022	CATERALL	Hot Food Bar for Power to People - RAC	-\$	869.00
EFT48198	07/11/2022	CLEAR HEALTH PARTNERS PTY LTD	Employee Assistance Provider	-\$	700.00
EFT48199	07/11/2022	CLOSE THE LOOP OPERATIONS	Recycling of cartridges	-\$	63.53
EFT48200	07/11/2022	COLES SUPERMARKETS AUSTRALIA	Groceries supplies -Wind in the Willows	-\$	923.66
EFT48201	07/11/2022	ENVIRONMENT HOUSE INCORPORATED	Plants to Residents	-\$	16,500.00

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	Am	ount
EFT48202	07/11/2022	EPOCH TRAINING (ORGANIC TRAINING SOLUTIONS)	Relax Term 3 - Wu Tao	-\$	360.00
EFT48203	07/11/2022	FREESTYLE NOW	Skate And Scooter Workshops -Power to People- RAC	-\$	1,980.00
EFT48204	07/11/2022	HATCHET PTY LTD	KOH Website Update	-\$	264.00
EFT48205	07/11/2022	HAYS SPECIALIST RECRUITMENT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	6,428.07
EFT48206	07/11/2022	IT VISION	Synergy Soft Training Expenses	-\$	825.00
EFT48207	07/11/2022	LANDGATE	Valuation charges	-\$	5,559.88
EFT48208	07/11/2022	MARKETFORCE PTY LTD	West Australian Newspaper Advertisement for Tenders	-\$	588.27
EFT48209	07/11/2022	MCLEODS & CO	Legal Professional Fees -	-\$	719.40
EFT48210	07/11/2022	MOORE AUSTRALIA (WA) PTY LTD - MOORE STEPHENS	Consultancy charges for payroll	-\$	330.00
EFT48211	07/11/2022	MT LAWLEY MILK SUPPLY	Office Milk Supplies	-\$	147.06
EFT48212	07/11/2022	PAZAZ DANCE COMPANY	Dance workshops -Power to People- RAC	-\$	880.00
EFT48213	07/11/2022	RICOH FINANCE AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Lease rentals	-\$	206.80
EFT48214	07/11/2022	ROBERT WALTERS PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	2,242.57
EFT48215	07/11/2022	SCITECH DISCOVERY CENTRE	SciTech Science Show- Power To The People	-\$	1,900.00
EFT48216	07/11/2022	SHORT PROMOTIONAL RUNS	Roadside signs- Town Centre Masterplan	-\$	77.00
EFT48217	07/11/2022	TENDERLINK	Tenderlink Portal uploads	-\$	181.50
EFT48218	07/11/2022	THE SCIENCE MUM (CARMEN PIGGOTT)	Extension Activity - Science Mum With Carmen	-\$	299.00
EFT48219	07/11/2022	XPRESSO LANE CAFE	Volunteer meal vouchers	-\$	600.00
EFT48220 to 48229			Cancelled		
EFT48230	09/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN SERVICES UNION	Payroll deductions	-\$	103.60
EFT48231	09/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN TAX OFFICE (PAYG)	Payroll deductions	-\$	86,012.00
EFT48232	09/11/2022	LGRCEU	Payroll deductions	-\$	88.00
EFT48233	09/11/2022	PAY@BILITY PTY LTD	Payroll deductions	-\$	354.24
EFT48234	09/11/2022	TOWN OF BASSENDEAN PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	Payroll deductions	-\$	921.12
EFT48235	09/11/2022	ASSET INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT	Consulting fee - Asset Management	-\$	4,937.63
EFT48236	09/11/2022	BASSENDEAN CALEDONIAN SOCCER FOOTBALL CLUB	Supply & Installation of Storm Water Fixtures	-\$	2,090.00
EFT48237	09/11/2022	BEAVER TREE SERVICES	Tree pruning services	-\$	15,207.50
EFT48238	09/11/2022	BUNNINGS GROUP LIMITED	Large Soak Well Liner With Lid	-\$	1,032.07
EFT48239	09/11/2022	COMMERCIAL TYRES (MARGWAY PTY LTD T/AS)	Tyres for Skid Steer Loader	-\$	1,538.00
EFT48240	09/11/2022	COMPLETE OFFICE SUPPLIES PTY LTD - COS	Office stationery	-\$	461.86
EFT48241	09/11/2022	ENVIROPATH PTY LTD	Street Sweeping- Town and Reserve Car Parks	-\$	3,739.12
EFT48242	09/11/2022	HUMES (HOLCIM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Concrete Lids-1050X 1050 X 150	-\$	3,130.05
EFT48243	09/11/2022	KLEENIT PTY LTD	Measure & Mark New Demarcation Lines- OPR Bassendean Oval Pred	-\$	890.12
EFT48244	09/11/2022	LANDCARE WEED CONTROL	Guildford Road PSP Weed Control	-\$	2,468.95
EFT48245	09/11/2022	LGC TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	Traffic management for Drainage repairs	-\$	1,205.60
EFT48246	09/11/2022	MIDLAND MINICRETE	Premix concrete for footpath repairs	-\$	2,976.60
EFT48247	09/11/2022	PRODUCT RECOVERY INDUSTRIES PTY LTD	Sand and concrete waste recycling	-\$	205.70

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	Am	ount
EFT48248	09/11/2022	PROFOUNDER TURFMASTER PTY LTD	Fertiliser to War Memorial at BIC	-\$	744.37
EFT48249	09/11/2022	SETON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Sqwincher Hydration Qwik Sticks	-\$	541.68
EFT48250	09/11/2022	SHELTER STATION WA PTY LTD	Install Container Canopy Dome	-\$	3,025.00
EFT48251	09/11/2022	SUPREME SHADES	Removal of Damaged Shade Sails in Jubilee Reserve	-\$	220.00
EFT48252	09/11/2022	THE RIGGING SHED	Test & Tag Leg Lifting Sling	-\$	283.80
EFT48253	09/11/2022	UMESH THAPA	Cleaning expenses	-\$	1,470.00
EFT48254	09/11/2022	VENUS PLUMBING	Supply Excavator and Operator For Footpath & Verge- Anzac Tce	-\$	770.00
EFT48255	09/11/2022	W & M ELLISS	Consumables	-\$	44.00
EFT48256	09/11/2022	WATER2WATER PTY LTD	Filtered water contract	-\$	49.50
EFT48257	09/11/2022	ASPHALTECH PTY LTD	Burford Street Civil Component Drainage Works	-\$	8,339.77
EFT48258	09/11/2022	DVG AUTO PARTS (BUICK HOLDINGS PTY LTD)	Auto parts	-\$	315.73
EFT48259	09/11/2022	MACKIE PLUMBING AND GAS PTY LTD	Plumbing Repairs at Bassendean Seniors & Community Centre	-\$	6,248.00
EFT48260	09/11/2022	PRESTIGE PROPERTY MAINTENANCE	Mowing at various reserves	-\$	23,117.60
EFT48261	09/11/2022	PROFOUNDER TURFMASTER PTY LTD	Mowing Of Ivanhoe Street And Iolanthe Street	-\$	4,675.00
EFT48262	09/11/2022	EASIFLEET (NOVATED LEASE)	Payroll deductions	-\$	9,274.66
EFT48263	11/11/2022	ACCWEST PTY LTD	Preparation Of Annual Financial Report	-\$	11,000.00
EFT48264	11/11/2022	ALSCO PERTH	Weekly linen services - Administration	-\$	90.64
EFT48265	11/11/2022	BASSENDEAN SES	ESL Operating Grant	-\$	19,723.00
EFT48266	11/11/2022	BUNNINGS GROUP LIMITED	Hardware items	-\$	64.55
EFT48267	11/11/2022	CDM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	IT consumables	-\$	264.00
EFT48268	11/11/2022	CLEAR HEALTH PARTNERS PTY LTD	Employee Assistance Provider	-\$	220.00
EFT48269	11/11/2022	COLES SUPERMARKETS AUSTRALIA	Groceries supplies -Wind in the Willows	-\$	972.93
EFT48270	11/11/2022	COMPLETE CORPORATE HEALTH - ASCOT	Pre employment medical	-\$	272.80
EFT48271	11/11/2022	DEPARTMENT OF MINES, INDUSTRY REGULATION & SAFETY	Building Services Levy	-\$	1,939.29
EFT48272	11/11/2022	EASTERN METROPOLITAN REGIONAL COUNCIL - EMRC	General Waste Disposal Costs	-\$	17,876.88
EFT48273	11/11/2022	EDEN HILL PRIMARY SCHOOL	National Tree Day Planting Grant	-\$	1,100.00
EFT48274	11/11/2022	FUJI XEROX AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Lease rentals	-\$	1,040.81
EFT48275	11/11/2022	ILLION AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Credit check charges	-\$	168.30
EFT48276	11/11/2022	JACQUI OTAGO	Community Grant	-\$	2,000.00
EFT48277	11/11/2022	MCLEODS & CO	Legal professional fees	-\$	698.38
EFT48278	11/11/2022	MT LAWLEY MILK SUPPLY	Office Milk Supplies	-\$	76.16
EFT48279	11/11/2022	OFFICEWORKS SUPERSTORES PTY LTD	Office stationery	-\$	134.96
EFT48280	11/11/2022	OIL TECH WA PTY LTD	Lubricants	-\$	297.00
EFT48281	11/11/2022	PAPERSCOUT	Management Practice Document Update	-\$	137.50
EFT48282	11/11/2022	PERTH COMMERCIAL FRIDGES & EQUIPMENT	Kalor Planetary Mixer	-\$	1,758.90
EFT48283	11/11/2022	PREPARE PRODUCE PROVIDE (LIVE TO TELL YOUR STORY INC T/AS)	Cup Cake Decorating Workshops	-\$	910.00
EFT48284	11/11/2022	QTM PTY LTD	Traffic management for Drainage repairs	-\$	2,087.35

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	An	nount
EFT48285	11/11/2022	REMIDA PERTH INC	Community Play Space	-\$	540.00
EFT48286	11/11/2022	SEEK LIMITED	Recruitment advertisement	-\$	401.50
EFT48287	11/11/2022	SUEZ RECYCLING & RECOVERY PTY LTD	General, Recycling and FOGO bin collection expenses	-\$	126,591.65
EFT48288	11/11/2022	TECHNOLOGY ONE LTD	Tech One GDA 2020 Conversion Consultation	-\$	6,468.00
EFT48289	11/11/2022	TOE BEANS BASSENDEAN (A STEP TO GO PTY LTD T/A)	Catering - Community Transport Meeting	-\$	156.00
EFT48290	11/11/2022	TRUGRADE MEDICAL SUPPLIES	Supplies For HCP Client	-\$	91.86
EFT48291	11/11/2022	ADMIR ALAGIC	Rate refund	-\$	1,979.08
EFT48292	11/11/2022	ELINA SPINA	Rate refund	-\$	2,421.22
EFT48293	11/11/2022	GILLIAN RUTH RHODES	Rate refund	-\$	173.77
EFT48294	11/11/2022	MARGARET THOMAS	Rate refund	-\$	654.17
EFT48295	11/11/2022	MELISSA ANN GALEA	Sustainable Products Rebate	-\$	93.25
EFT48296	11/11/2022	PRASANNA GOWDA	Reimbursement of booking fee	-\$	90.00
EFT48297	11/11/2022	RYAN MATHEW BENTLEY	Crossover contribution	-\$	592.00
EFT48298	17/11/2022	ABACUS CALCULATORS (WA) PTY LTD	Lease rentals	-\$	427.64
EFT48299	17/11/2022	AUSTRALIA POST	Postal charges	-\$	998.31
EFT48300	17/11/2022	BEST WEST DRIVING SCHOOL (MAX SPEED PTY LTD T/AS)	Driving Lessions For Ryde Scolarships	-\$	11,000.00
EFT48301	17/11/2022	CDM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Dell-Charger	-\$	495.00
EFT48302	17/11/2022	CLEAR HEALTH PARTNERS PTY LTD	Employee Assistance Provider	-\$	220.00
EFT48303	17/11/2022	COLES SUPERMARKETS AUSTRALIA	Groceries supplies -Wind in the Willows	-\$	739.86
EFT48304	17/11/2022	COMPLETE CORPORATE HEALTH - ASCOT	Pre employment medical	-\$	272.80
EFT48305	17/11/2022	IT VISION USER GROUP (INC)	IT Vision User Group Membership Fee	-\$	770.00
EFT48306	17/11/2022	LANDGATE	Valuation charges	-\$	241.57
EFT48307	17/11/2022	MINTERELLISON	Legal Expenses	-\$	4,482.50
EFT48308	17/11/2022	MISHA ELLIOTT	Casual Shift Work	-\$	220.00
EFT48309	17/11/2022	MORLEY BAPTIST CHURCH INCORPORATED.	Community Funding Grant	-\$	1,650.00
EFT48310	17/11/2022	N & N J HAEUSLER	Supply of news papers	-\$	208.40
EFT48311	17/11/2022	OFFICEWORKS SUPERSTORES PTY LTD	Office stationery	-\$	507.00
EFT48312	17/11/2022	STOTT AND HOARE	Microsoft licencing -MS 365 and other licence renewals	-\$	7,618.96
EFT48313	17/11/2022	SUPERLOOP (OPERATIONS) PTY LTD	Internet Over Nbn	-\$	515.77
EFT48314	17/11/2022	SYNERGY	Power charges for various sites	-\$	408.00
EFT48315	17/11/2022	TPG NETWORK PTY LTD	Telephone Charges	-\$	1,850.29
EFT48316	17/11/2022	BENJAMIN LISLE	Trust Bond Redound	-\$	7,000.41
EFT48317	17/11/2022	CONNOR MCARDLE	Hall Bond Refund	-\$	50.00
EFT48318	17/11/2022	FOUNDATION HOUSING LTD	Security Bond Refund	-\$	2,805.00
EFT48319	17/11/2022	JUNE JANICE TILLEY	Dudley Robinson Youth Grant	-\$	250.00
EFT48320	23/11/2022	AMAZING BRICK PAVING	Brick paving - Crossover	-\$	2,291.30
EFT48321	23/11/2022	ASPHALTECH PTY LTD	Road Works- Lord Street, Mary To Morley Drive	-\$	95,265.66
EFT48322	23/11/2022	BASSENDEAN PRESERVATION GROUP INC	Propagation and Planting of 1,500 Seedlings	-\$	2,500.00

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	Am	ount
EFT48323	23/11/2022	BCITF	Building & Construction Industry - Levy collected	-\$	1,744.35
EFT48324	23/11/2022	BEAVER TREE SERVICES	Tree pruning services	-\$	8,470.00
EFT48325	23/11/2022	BUNNINGS GROUP LIMITED	Dulux Weather Shield	-\$	1,204.93
EFT48326	23/11/2022	CASA SECURITY PTY LTD	Indala Tags for WIW	-\$	323.13
EFT48327	23/11/2022	CLEANAWAY (TOX FREE)	Removal Of Dangerous Good At The Depot	-\$	2,089.50
EFT48328	23/11/2022	COMMERCIAL TYRES (MARGWAY PTY LTD T/AS)	Tyres	-\$	476.50
EFT48329	23/11/2022	COMPLETE OFFICE SUPPLIES PTY LTD - COS	Office stationery	-\$	404.42
EFT48330	23/11/2022	DAVID CLARKE	Painting Expenses	-\$	594.00
EFT48331	23/11/2022	DAVID GRAY & CO PTY LIMITED	MGB Security Lock	-\$	2,817.80
EFT48332	23/11/2022	DI CANDILO & SONS	Steel Sheets	-\$	220.00
EFT48333	23/11/2022	DRAINFLOW SERVICES PTY LTD	Jet washing of stormwater drainage lines	-\$	2,970.00
EFT48334	23/11/2022	DVG AUTO PARTS (BUICK HOLDINGS PTY LTD)	Auto parts	-\$	311.52
EFT48335	23/11/2022	E FIRE & SAFETY (WA)	Fire Alarm Service and Panel Testing	-\$	674.30
EFT48336	23/11/2022	EASTERN METROPOLITAN REGIONAL COUNCIL - EMRC	General Waste Disposal Costs	-\$	42,422.20
EFT48337	23/11/2022	ELLENBY TREE FARM PTY LTD	New Trees- Power to People	-\$	9,001.00
EFT48338	23/11/2022	ENVIRONMENT ESSENTIALS PTY LTD	Annual Subscription HSE Law guides	-\$	2,475.00
EFT48339	23/11/2022	ENVIROPATH PTY LTD	Extra Sweep Ireland Way	-\$	418.00
EFT48340	23/11/2022	FARMARAMA PTY LTD	Chicken Manure	-\$	668.80
EFT48341	23/11/2022	GREENSTEAM AUSTRALIA	Steam weeding of roads	-\$	10,670.00
EFT48342	23/11/2022	GRONBEK SECURITY	Security Keys	-\$	736.82
EFT48343	23/11/2022	HAYS SPECIALIST RECRUITMENT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	21,892.71
EFT48344	23/11/2022	KLEENIT PTY LTD	Line Marking -Harcourt Street	-\$	1,711.71
EFT48345	23/11/2022	LANDCARE WEED CONTROL	Weed Control - Jubilee Reserve	-\$	16,478.54
EFT48346	23/11/2022	LGC TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	Traffic Management Plan -For Guard Rail Barrier Replacement	-\$	2,048.20
EFT48347	23/11/2022	MACKIE PLUMBING AND GAS PTY LTD	Supply & Replace Vandalised Basins & Connections	-\$	4,560.90
EFT48348	23/11/2022	MIDLAND MINICRETE	Premix concrete for footpath repairs	-\$	1,172.60
EFT48349	23/11/2022	MILLS RECRUITMENT (MILLS CORPORATION PTY LTD T/AS)	Facilitation of CEO Recruitment	-\$	7,837.50
EFT48350	23/11/2022	MORLEY MOWER CENTRE	Filter Housing	-\$	71.37
EFT48351	23/11/2022	NUTRIEN WATER	Reticulation parts	-\$	1,116.38
EFT48352	23/11/2022	OFFICEWORKS SUPERSTORES PTY LTD	Office stationery	-\$	542.55
EFT48353	23/11/2022	PARAMOUNT ELECTRICAL SERVICES	Replacement Street Pole to OPR after accident	-\$	17,844.59
EFT48354	23/11/2022	PITNEY BOWES AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Lease Rental of Franking Machine	-\$	402.60
EFT48355	23/11/2022	PRECISION PANEL & PAINT	Painting Expenses	-\$	500.00
EFT48356	23/11/2022	PRESTIGE PROPERTY MAINTENANCE	Mowing at various reserves	-\$	6,723.20
EFT48357	23/11/2022	PRODUCT RECOVERY INDUSTRIES PTY LTD	Sand and concrete waste recycling	-\$	316.80
EFT48358	23/11/2022	PROFOUNDER TURFMASTER PTY LTD	Supply And Application of Posterity Fungicide	-\$	1,151.00
EFT48359	23/11/2022	ROBERT WALTERS PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	2,081.02

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	An	nount
EFT48360	23/11/2022	SEEK LIMITED	Recruitment advertisement	-\$	792.00
EFT48361	23/11/2022	SIFTING SANDS (CHEWELL HAWLEY PTY LTD T/AS)	Decompaction of Mulch Playgrounds -Sandy Beach Reserve	-\$	5,084.64
EFT48362	23/11/2022	STATEWIDE CLEANING SUPPLIES PTY LTD	Packvac 700 Vacuum Cleaner	-\$	363.00
EFT48363	23/11/2022	SUEZ RECYCLING & RECOVERY PTY LTD	General, Recycling and FOGO bin collection expenses	-\$	93,975.18
EFT48364	23/11/2022	SUNSHINE AIR CONDITIONING	Removal Old A/C and Supply & Install New 3.5Kw A/C	-\$	1,760.00
EFT48365	23/11/2022	SUPERCHARGE BATTERIES	Battery	-\$	199.61
EFT48366	23/11/2022	SUPREME SHADES	To Install Shade Sails in Sandy Beach Play Ground	-\$	220.00
EFT48367	23/11/2022	TOTALLY WORKWEAR MIDLAND	Staff uniforms	-\$	475.95
EFT48368	23/11/2022	TRILLION TREES (MEN OF THE TREES)	New Plants Supplied	-\$	1,531.04
EFT48369	23/11/2022	UNITED PETROEUM PTY LTD	Diesel into underground tank	-\$	19,552.11
EFT48370	23/11/2022	WA TEMPORARY FENCING SUPPLIES	Temporary fencing- Walter Road	-\$	2,079.00
EFT48371	23/11/2022	WESKERB PTY LTD	Kerb Repairs -Walter Road East	-\$	4,880.43
EFT48372	23/11/2022	WEST TIP WASTE CONTROL PTY LTD	Concrete, Sand etc Waste from the Depot	-\$	2,392.50
EFT48373	23/11/2022	WESTCARE INDUSTRIES	Community Grant	-\$	1,100.00
EFT48374	23/11/2022	WESTERN IRRIGATION PTY LTD	Air Development of Bore at Ashfield	-\$	5,742.00
EFT48375	23/11/2022	WESTON ROAD SYSTEMS	Line mark Spotting After Re-Surfacing	-\$	4,180.00
EFT48376	23/11/2022	ZIRCODATA PTY LTD	Document storage expenses	-\$	35.18
EFT48377	23/11/2022	BENJAMIN LISLE	Refund of Subdivision Application	-\$	25,000.00
EFT48378	23/11/2022	IPS MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS	Key Bond refunds	-\$	50.00
EFT48379	25/11/2022	Cancelled		\$	-
EFT48380	25/11/2022	ToB Staff member	One-off payroll payment	-\$	1,239.65
EFT48381	30/11/2022	ARTEIL (WA) PTY LTD	Office Chair	-\$	401.50
EFT48382	30/11/2022	ATI-MIRAGE PTY LTD	Staff Training	-\$	569.25
EFT48383	30/11/2022	BASSENDEAN NEWSAGENCY	Library subscriptions	-\$	133.95
EFT48384	30/11/2022	BOC LIMITED	Monthly gas container service	-\$	145.88
EFT48385	30/11/2022	BUCCI HOLDINGS PTY LTD T/A VISIMAX	Slip leads	-\$	127.65
EFT48386	30/11/2022	BUNNINGS GROUP LIMITED	Tools	-\$	291.57
EFT48387	30/11/2022	CAI FENCING	Jubilee Reserve Artificial Practice Wicket Replacement	-\$	8,536.00
EFT48388	30/11/2022	CASA SECURITY PTY LTD	Inspect of PE Beam Damaged Depot	-\$	104.50
EFT48389	30/11/2022	CITY OF SOUTH PERTH	Animal Pound fees	-\$	3,284.57
EFT48390	30/11/2022	CLEAR HEALTH PARTNERS PTY LTD	Employee Assistance Provider	-\$	220.00
EFT48391	30/11/2022	COLES SUPERMARKETS AUSTRALIA	Groceries supplies -Wind in the Willows	-\$	803.88
EFT48392	30/11/2022	COMMERCIAL TYRES (MARGWAY PTY LTD T/AS)	Tyres	-\$	551.50
EFT48393	30/11/2022	COMPLETE CORPORATE HEALTH - ASCOT	Pre employment medical	-\$	490.60
EFT48394	30/11/2022	DONEGAN ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	Play Equipment - Ashfield Reserve	-\$	158.40
EFT48395	30/11/2022	EASTERN METROPOLITAN REGIONAL COUNCIL - EMRC	Processing of FOGO	-\$	26,726.08
EFT48396	30/11/2022	ENVIRONMENT HOUSE INCORPORATED	Waste education	-\$	83.50

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	Am	ount
EFT48397	30/11/2022	FIND WISE LOCATION SERVICES	Underground location services	-\$	520.30
EFT48398	30/11/2022	FUJI XEROX AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Lease photocopier/printer	-\$	154.57
EFT48399	30/11/2022	GALLERIA MOTORS PTY LTD T/AS GALLERIA TOYOTA	Auto parts	-\$	200.24
EFT48400	30/11/2022	HAYS SPECIALIST RECRUITMENT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	6,463.83
EFT48401	30/11/2022	INTELIFE GROUP LIMITED	Cleaning services various sites	-\$	11,798.99
EFT48402	30/11/2022	JOHN LANE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SERVICES	Emergency Management Services	-\$	4,950.00
EFT48403	30/11/2022	JORDAN PHILIP ANDONOVSKI	Relax Term 3 booklets	-\$	240.00
EFT48404	30/11/2022	KLEENIT PTY LTD	Graffiti removal	-\$	3,289.00
EFT48405	30/11/2022	LOCKDOC	Standard padlocks	-\$	230.00
EFT48406	30/11/2022	MARIA DANIELS	Relax - Drumming Courses	-\$	2,160.00
EFT48407	30/11/2022	MT LAWLEY MILK SUPPLY	Office Milk Supplies	-\$	76.16
EFT48408	30/11/2022	NIKKI DENNERLEY (HAPPY FEET FITNESS)	Children's Dance And Fitness Class	-\$	125.00
EFT48409	30/11/2022	NUTRIEN WATER	Reticulation parts	-\$	1,825.77
EFT48410	30/11/2022	OFFICEWORKS SUPERSTORES PTY LTD	Office stationery	-\$	187.31
EFT48411	30/11/2022	PARAMOUNT ELECTRICAL SERVICES	Replacement Solar lighting controllers and street lights etc	-\$	6,008.20
EFT48412	30/11/2022	REPCO	Nava Side Marker Lamp	-\$	113.85
EFT48413	30/11/2022	REVETMENT SYSTEMS AUSTRALIA (WA) PTY LTD	To Supply And Install Revetment Systems	-\$	1,650.00
EFT48414	30/11/2022	RUBY 9 PTY LTD	Term 4 Relax - Thurs Morning Yoga	-\$	1,050.00
EFT48415	30/11/2022	SEEK LIMITED	Recruitment advertisement	-\$	869.00
EFT48416	30/11/2022	SIGNING HANDS	Signing hands	-\$	1,237.50
EFT48417	30/11/2022	STARLET NAPERY	Rigger Gloves	-\$	856.00
EFT48418	30/11/2022	STATEWIDE CLEANING SUPPLIES PTY LTD	Disinfectant	-\$	44.22
EFT48419	30/11/2022	SYNERGY	Power charges for various sites	-\$	5,713.28
EFT48420	30/11/2022	THE SCIENCE MUM (CARMEN PIGGOTT)	Extension Activity - Science Mum	-\$	299.00
EFT48421	30/11/2022	TPG NETWORK PTY LTD	Telephone Charges	-\$	1,853.07
EFT48422	30/11/2022	WATER CORPORATION	Water charges	-\$	7,498.72
EFT48423	30/11/2022	WATTLEUP TRACTORS	Beacon Kit	-\$	570.17
EFT48424	30/11/2022	WESTBOOKS	Library Books	-\$	267.24
EFT48425	30/11/2022	WOODLANDS DISTRIBUTORS & AGENCIES PTY LTD	Dog waste bags	-\$	3,044.80
EFT48426	30/11/2022	ALL PRINTERS AND CARTRIDGES PTY LTD	Printer consumables	-\$	259.60
EFT48427	30/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT (AIM)	Excel Essentials Training	-\$	936.00
EFT48428	30/11/2022	BASSENDEAN HOTEL	Deposit For Staff Christmas Function	-\$	2,700.00
EFT48429	30/11/2022	BRIGHT BYTES - MICHAEL STEVENSON	Deep Clearing Of Public & Staff Computers	-\$	165.00
EFT48430	30/11/2022	CDM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Relocate Printer from 35 OPR to 2 Colstoun Road	-\$	440.00
EFT48431	30/11/2022	COLES SUPERMARKETS AUSTRALIA	Groceries supplies -Wind in the Willows	-\$	919.14
EFT48432	30/11/2022	HATCHET PTY LTD	Keen on Halloween	-\$	165.00
EFT48433	30/11/2022	HAYS SPECIALIST RECRUITMENT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	76.16

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	Am	ount
EFT48434	30/11/2022	LANDGATE	Valuation charges	-\$	182.50
EFT48435	30/11/2022	MMJ REAL ESTATE WA PTY LTD	Valuation Lot 67 Hamilton Street Bassendean	-\$	1,688.50
EFT48436	30/11/2022	MT LAWLEY MILK SUPPLY	Office Milk Order	-\$	3,214.04
EFT48437	30/11/2022	ROBERT WALTERS PTY LTD	Contract staff expenses	-\$	2,590.44
EFT48438	30/11/2022	ST JOHN AMBULANCE AUSTRALIA	Replenishment of first aid boxes	-\$	493.16
EFT48439	30/11/2022	THE LAND DIVISION (NASTECH (WA) PTY LTD)	Plan Of Subdivision - 14 Iveson Place, Bassendean	-\$	1,034.00
EFT48440	30/11/2022	WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY INC.	Annual Institutional Membership Renewal	-\$	100.00
EFT48441	30/11/2022	DEPARTMENT OF BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION AND ATTRACTIONS	Fishing Line Bin MOU	-\$	2,200.00
EFT48442	30/11/2022	HATCHET PTY LTD	RYDE Website hosting	-\$	1,551.07
EFT48443	30/11/2022	HELEN DOBBIE	Yoga Classes Term 3	-\$	1,050.00
EFT48444	30/11/2022	PATRICIA FLETCHER (FAMILY TRUST)	Relax Term 2 - Zumba And Metafit	-\$	3,850.00
EFT48445	30/11/2022	SCOUTS ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALIA - SCOUTS WA	Clean up of Bassendean Oval	-\$	5,200.00
EFT48446	30/11/2022	SYNERGY	Power charges for street lighting	-\$	29,140.18
DD20917.1	08/11/2022	AWARE SUPERANNUATION	Superannuation contributions	-\$	38,498.57
DD20917.2	08/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN ETHICAL SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,033.68
DD20917.3	08/11/2022	HOST PLUS	Superannuation contributions	-\$	2,736.04
DD20917.4	08/11/2022	MLC SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	442.79
DD20917.5	08/11/2022	FUTURE SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	411.46
DD20917.6	08/11/2022	COMMONWEALTH ESSENTIAL SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	87.97
DD20917.7	08/11/2022	MARITIME SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	393.32
DD20917.8	08/11/2022	SUN SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	245.50
DD20917.9	08/11/2022	UNISUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,181.67
DD20947.1	22/11/2022	AWARE SUPERANNUATION	Superannuation contributions	-\$	37,708.90
DD20947.2	22/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN ETHICAL SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,035.28
DD20947.3	22/11/2022	HOST PLUS	Superannuation contributions	-\$	2,880.12
DD20947.4	22/11/2022	MLC SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	442.79
DD20947.5	22/11/2022	FUTURE SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	411.46
DD20947.6	22/11/2022	COMMONWEALTH ESSENTIAL SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	118.75
DD20947.7	22/11/2022	MARITIME SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	372.30
DD20947.8	22/11/2022	SUN SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	245.50
DD20947.9	22/11/2022	UNISUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	934.95
DD20969.3	17/11/2022	WESTERN AUSTRALIAN TREASURY CORPORATION	Loan repayments with interest	-\$	7,918.44
DD20917.10	08/11/2022	SLATE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	271.13
DD20917.11	08/11/2022	CARE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,052.17
DD20917.12	08/11/2022	HESTA SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,096.24
DD20917.13	08/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN/WESTSCHEME SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	9,268.05
DD20917.14	08/11/2022	MANIC SUPERANNUATION SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	893.87

Chq/EFT	Date	Name	Description	An	nount
DD20917.15	08/11/2022	ANZ SMART CHOICE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	654.55
DD20917.16	08/11/2022	REST SUPERANNUATION	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,629.35
DD20917.17	08/11/2022	COLONIAL FIRST STATE	Superannuation contributions	-\$	745.00
DD20917.18	08/11/2022	AMP SUPERLEADER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	126.71
DD20917.19	08/11/2022	NGS SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	346.50
DD20947.10	22/11/2022	SLATE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	322.70
DD20947.11	22/11/2022	CARE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,006.61
DD20947.12	22/11/2022	HESTA SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,118.87
DD20947.13	22/11/2022	AUSTRALIAN/WESTSCHEME SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	8,976.32
DD20947.14	22/11/2022	MANIC SUPERANNUATION SUPER FUND	Superannuation contributions	-\$	890.23
DD20947.15	22/11/2022	ANZ SMART CHOICE SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	555.63
DD20947.16	22/11/2022	REST SUPERANNUATION	Superannuation contributions	-\$	1,736.55
DD20947.17	22/11/2022	COLONIAL FIRST STATE	Superannuation contributions	-\$	672.54
DD20947.18	22/11/2022	AMP SUPERLEADER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	159.97
DD20947.19	22/11/2022	NGS SUPER	Superannuation contributions	-\$	352.56
555059000086073	05/10/2022	COMMONWEALTH CREDIT CARDS	Credit Card October 2022 - Attachment 2	-\$	16,520.52
F211088590301	09/11/2022	Salaries and Wages fortnightly pay	Fortnightly Salaries	-\$	281,104.95
F211239488848	23/11/2022	Salaries and Wages fortnightly pay	Fortnightly Salaries	-\$	275,249.80
			TOTAL MUNICIPAL & TRUST EFT PAYMENTS	-\$	2,128,375.13
86390	02/11/2022	CITY OF BELMONT	East Swan River Contiguous Local Authorities Group Contribution 202	-\$	7,047.95
86391	02/11/2022	SG FLEET AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Fleet vehicles leases	-\$	9,257.29
86392	02/11/2022	TOWN OF BASSENDEAN-PETTY CASH-PLEASE PAY CASH	Petty Cash Recoup - WIW	-\$	394.70
86393	02/11/2022	VEOLIA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES (AUST) PTY LTD	General Waste Event Collection	-\$	53.59
86394	15/11/2022	CITY OF COCKBURN	Long Service Leave Contribution	-\$	10,347.35
86395	15/11/2022	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT	Vehicle ownership checks	-\$	200.00
			TOTAL MUNICIPAL CHEQUES	-\$	27,300.88
			TOTAL PAYMENTS FOR THE MONTH	-Ś	2,155,676.01

		October	Credit Card Expenditure 2022				
		Statement P	eriod: 05/10/2022 to 02/11/2022				
Attachment 2							
Date:	Vendor:		Description	Amo	unt:		
5-Oct-22	HEATLEY SALES PTY LTD BASSENDEAN		Work Boots for Staff	\$	174.69		
5-Oct-22	Woolworths Online BELLA VISTA AUS		Catering for Long Table Dinner	\$	76.50		
5-Oct-22	OFFICEWORKS BENTLEIGH EA		Monitor Arm for Wind in the Willows	\$	98.00		
6-Oct-22	WASTE MANAGEMENT BURWOOD		Incorrectly Charged Membership	\$	1,035.00		
6-Oct-22	COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS		Catering	\$	134.40		
6-Oct-22	NISBETS AUSTRALIA SMEATON GRANAUS		Kitchen and Safe Food Items	\$	88.46		
6-Oct-22	NISBETS AUSTRALIA SMEATON GRANAUS		Kitchen and Safe Food Items	\$	195.36		
6-Oct-22	COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS		Cleaning Supplies & Tissues for Library	\$	12.20		
6-Oct-22	OFFICEWORKS BENTLEIGH EA		Monitor Stand	\$	157.00		
6-Oct-22	OFFICEWORKS BENTLEIGH EA		Monitor Stand	\$	157.00		
7-Oct-22	REV.COM 8883690701 CA ##1022	6.00 US DOLLAR	Subtitles for Mayor Video	\$	9.35		
7-Oct-22	INTNL TRANSACTION FEE		International Transaction Fee for 'Subtitles for Mayor Video'	\$	0.23		
7-Oct-22	JAKES CONTINENTAL BU BASSENDEAN WA		Catering for Power to the People Community BBQ	\$	230.00		
10-Oct-22	Canva* 03566-4361948 Sydney AUS		Subscription	\$	164.99		
10-Oct-22	WANO WELSHPOOL WELSHPOOL WA		Fuel Cap	\$	92.26		
10-Oct-22	PAYPAL *COLESSUPERM 4029357733 AUS		Groceries for Wind in the Willows	\$	353.53		
10-Oct-22	BWS LIQUOR 4122 BASSENDEAN AUS		Catering for Long Table Dinner	\$	12.00		
10-Oct-22	KMART 1004 MORLEY AUS		Decorations for Long Table Dinner	\$	45.50		
10-Oct-22	SP JB HI-FI ONLINE SOUTHBANK VIC		Library Stock Purchase: 10x DVDs	\$	244.75		
10-Oct-22	COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS		Office Supplies for Library	\$	16.60		
10-Oct-22	COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS		Catering for HRV AGM Lunchoen	\$	26.90		
10-Oct-22	IINET BATCH PERTH GPO WA		NBN Charges for Ashfield Seniors Centre	\$	109.99		
11-Oct-22	WASTE MANAGEMENT BURWOOD		Refund of Incorrectly Charged Membership	-\$	1,035.00		
11-Oct-22	PAYPAL *COLESSUPERM 4029357733 AUS		Groceries for Wind in the Willows	\$	447.63		
11-Oct-22	SEC*PUBLIC LIBRARIES W KARRINYUP WA		PLWA Membership	\$	200.00		
11-Oct-22	WALTER S DELIGHTS BASSENDEAN WA		Catering for HRV AGM Lunchoen	\$	260.00		
11-Oct-22	CV CHECK OSBORNE PARKWA		National Police Clearance	\$	59.80		
12-Oct-22	CARROLL RICHARDSON-FLA 03 9566 4500VIC		Rainbow Flag	\$	109.80		
12-Oct-22	BASSENDEAN ORIENTAL BASSENDEAN WA		Catering	\$	143.00		

		October Credit Card Expenditure 2022						
	Statement Period: 05/10/2022 to 02/11/2022							
Attachment 2								
Date:	Vendor:	Description	Amo					
	2 BOC GAS & GEAR MALAGA	Dry Ice for Mosquito Trapping	\$	10.45				
	2 PPSR AFSA BARTON	Encumberance check on impounded vehicle before approval for sale	\$	2.00				
12-Oct-22	2 PPSR AFSA BARTON	Encumberance check on impounded vehicle before approval for sale	\$	2.00				
12-Oct-22	2 PPSR AFSA BARTON	Encumberance check on impounded vehicle before approval for sale	\$	2.00				
12-Oct-22	2 PPSR AFSA BARTON	Encumberance check on impounded vehicle before approval for sale	\$	2.00				
12-Oct-22	2 IKEA PTY LTD TEMPE NSW	Children Cups for Wind in the Willows	\$	49.00				
	2 The Lucky Charm Bassendean WA	Notebooks	\$	17.97				
13-Oct-22	2 THE ART OF HEALING MALMSBURY VIC	1x Magazine Subscription for 'Art of Healing'	\$	49.00				
13-Oct-22	2 Childcare Association SOUTH PERTH AUS	ACAWA Membership	\$	511.26				
14-Oct-22	2 To The Woods Bassendean WA	Catering for Long Table Dinner	\$	878.00				
14-Oct-22	2 SQUARESPACE INC. NEW YORK NY	Subscription	\$	330.00				
14-Oct-22	2 MagshopOnline Sydney NSW	1x Magazine Subscription for 'Realing Living'	\$	74.99				
14-Oct-22	2 Booktopia Pty Ltd RHODES AUS	Library Stock Purchase: 22x Assorted Books	\$	449.99				
14-Oct-22	2 WANEWSDTI Osborne ParkWA	Newspaper Subscription for Library and Admin	\$	144.01				
14-Oct-22	2 WEX AUSTRALIA PTY LTD CAMBERWELL VIC	Fuel Expenses for Ryde Vehicles	\$	129.06				
14-Oct-22	2 DANISH PATISSERIE BASSENDEAN	Catering for Educator Morning Tea	\$	43.50				
14-Oct-22	2 ASHFIELD IGA ASHFIELD	Groceries for Wind in the Willows	\$	5.13				
14-Oct-22	2 MAHAKAL RETAIL PTY L MORLEY WA	Resources for Diwali Celebrations	\$	40.00				
17-Oct-22	2 MAILCHIMP *MISC MAILCHIMP.COGA	Subscription	\$	399.01				
17-Oct-22	2 Spotify Sydney AUS	Spotifty Subscription for Youth Services	\$	18.99				
17-Oct-22	2 VIBE BASSENDEAN BASSENDEAN WA	Fuel	\$	91.98				
17-Oct-22	2 PLANNING INSTITUTE OF BARTON ACT	Planning PIA Gala Dinner	\$	750.00				
17-Oct-22	ADOBE ACROPRO SUBS 800615316 AUS	Adobe Pro Subscription	\$	10.16				
17-Oct-22	2 KMART 1004 MORLEY AUS	Sandwich Pressess for Kitchens	\$	70.00				
17-Oct-22	2 CV CHECK OSBORNE PARKWA	National Police Clearance	\$	49.90				
18-Oct-22	2 CV CHECK OSBORNE PARKWA	National Police Clearance	\$	59.80				
	2 COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS	Catering for WHS Training Morning Tea	\$	33.61				
19-Oct-22	2 UBER* EATS SYDNEY NSW	Catering	\$	138.09				
19-Oct-22	2 BWS ONLINE BELLA VISTA AUS	Catering	\$	152.00				

		October Credit Card Expenditure 2022						
	Statement Period: 05/10/2022 to 02/11/2022							
		Attachment 2						
Date:	Vendor:	Description	Amount:					
19-Oct-22	2 iStock.com New York	Communications Subscription	\$ 31.90					
19-Oct-22	2 GRASS ROOTS PUBLISHING SEYMOUR VIC	1x Magazine Subscription for 'Grass Roots'	\$ 60.00					
19-Oct-22	2 ZEN*GCS Balmain AUS	Gift Card for Survey Staff Voluneers	\$ 58.45					
19-Oct-22	2 ZEN*GCS Balmain AUS	Gift Card for Survey Staff Voluneers	\$ 58.45					
19-Oct-22	2 ZEN*GCS Balmain AUS	Gift Card for Survey Staff Voluneers	\$ 109.60					
19-Oct-22	2 ZEN*GCS Balmain AUS	Gift Card for Survey Staff Voluneers	\$ 58.45					
20-Oct-22	2 DANISH PATISSERIE BASSENDEAN	Catering	\$ 141.02					
20-Oct-22	2 DANISH PATISSERIE BASSENDEAN	Catering	\$ 22.27					
20-Oct-22	2 UBER *EATS Sydney AUS	Catering	\$ 55.09					
20-Oct-22	2 THE REJECT SHOP 6622 BASSENDEAN WA	Catering	\$ 12.25					
20-Oct-22	2 iStock.com New York	Communications Subscription	\$ 136.40					
21-Oct-22	2 MYO*Dairy to your Door Alexander HeAUS	Incorrectly Charged, refund organised	\$ 111.37					
21-Oct-22	2 COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS	Groceries for Youth Service Cooking Program	\$ 113.98					
21-Oct-22	2 Booktopia Pty Ltd RHODES AUS	Library Stock Purchase: 8x Books	\$ 174.35					
21-Oct-22	2 SP JB HI-FI ONLINE SOUTHBANK VIC	Library Stock Purchase: 5x DVDs	\$ 142.89					
21-Oct-22	2 PLE Computers Wangara AUS	6x Keyboards	\$ 216.00					
24-Oct-22	2 eBay O*01-09246-54719 Sydney AUS	Snooker Ball for Youth Sevices	\$ 89.90					
24-Oct-22	2 REEF GROUP PTY LTD HIGH WYCOMBEWA	Container Movement at Depot	\$ 423.85					
24-Oct-22	2 SQ *AMY NICOLE?S MUSI Greenwood AUS	Replacement Ukulele Pack	\$ 75.00					
25-Oct-22	2 MessageNet Pty Ltd Melbourne AUS	SMS service for Library Management System	\$ 120.00					
25-Oct-22	2 MAXO.COM.AU HARRISTOWN	Phone Charges for Youth Services	\$ 39.95					
25-Oct-22	2 IINET BATCH PERTH GPO WA	NBN Charges for Youth Services	\$ 79.99					
25-Oct-22	2 ADOBE ACROPRO SUBS 800615316 AUS	Adobe Pro Subscription	\$ 481.86					
25-Oct-22	2 COMMAND A COM EAST VICTORIWA	Phone Charges for Wind in the Willows	\$ 122.10					
25-Oct-22	2 SHREE GANESH FOODS MALAGA WA	Resources for Diwali Celebrations	\$ 8.91					
26-Oct-22	2 WALTER S DELIGHTS BASSENDEAN WA	Catering	\$ 240.00					
26-Oct-22	2 BOC GAS & GEAR MALAGA	Dry Ice for Mosquito Trapping	\$ 8.70					
26-Oct-22	2 OFFICEWORKS BENTLEIGH EA	Stationery Supplies for Wind in the Willows	\$ 198.83					
26-Oct-22	2 OFFICEWORKS BENTLEIGH EA	Office Supplies for Library	\$ 227.83					

		October Credit Card Expenditure 2022		
	<u>Sta</u>	tement Period: 05/10/2022 to 02/11/2022		
		Attachment 2		
Date:	Vendor:	Description	Amo	ount:
26-Oct-22	2 BUNNINGS 591000 MIDLAND	Storage Containers for Power to the People Project	\$	31.90
26-Oct-22	2 IINET BATCH PERTH GPO WA	NBN Charges for Depot	\$	79.99
26-Oct-22	2 STOCKFEED WEST MIDVALE WA	Animal Fee for Wind in the Willows	\$	122.00
26-Oct-22	2 EZI*EZIKindy Manager Parkwood AUS	Kiosk Support for Wind in the Willows	\$	213.74
26-Oct-22	2 The Lucky Charm Bassendean WA	Farewell Card	\$	9.99
26-Oct-22	2 COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS	Catering for WHS Training Morning Tea	\$	26.01
26-Oct-22	2 CV CHECK OSBORNE PARKWA	National Police Clearance	\$	59.80
27-Oct-22	2 PAYPAL *BLOOMINBOXC 4029357733 AUS	Flower Arrangement	\$	140.00
27-Oct-22	2 OFFICEWORKS 0621 MALAGA AUS	D Cell Batteries for Mosquitio Trapping	\$	58.00
27-Oct-22	2 OFFICEWORKS 0609 MORLEY AUS	Printer Toner	\$	507.00
27-Oct-22	2 SIPTEL PTY LTD-INV 986 GREGORY HILLNSW	1x Deskphone Handset	\$	279.40
28-Oct-22	2 PLE COMPUTERS PTY LT BENTLEY WA	Keyboard for Computer	\$	99.00
31-Oct-22	2 FACEBK *J5W7JJF3P2 fb.me/ads IRL	Facebook Advertising for 'Keen on Halloween' and 'Power to the People'	\$	950.00
31-Oct-22	2 WA LOCAL GOVERNMENT WEST LEEDERV	Environment and Sustainability eLearning	\$	330.00
31-Oct-22	2 ZOHO-MANAGEENGINE SER SYDNEY NSW	Helpdesk Software Cloud Subscription	\$	415.80
31-Oct-22	2 KMART 1052 MIDLAND AUS	Face Washer Packs for Wind in the Willows	\$	30.25
1-Nov-22	2 ROLL VS BOWL MORLEY	Catering	\$	166.77
1-Nov-22	2 SPUD SHED QPS MORLEY	Catering	\$	17.97
1-Nov-22	2 ANNUAL FEE	Annual Credit Card Fee	\$	6.67
1-Nov-22	2 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPOR PERTH	SES Trailer License Renewal	\$	24.85
1-Nov-22	2 ADS*77JZ7J73P2 fb.me/ads IRL	Advertising for 'Keen on Halloween"	\$	151.36
1-Nov-22	2 BASSENDEAN ORIENTAL BASSENDEAN WA	Catering for Long Table Dinner	\$	404.50
2-Nov-22	2 BWS LIQUOR 4122 BASSENDEAN AUS	Catering	\$	30.00
2-Nov-22	2 WESTNET PERTH WA	Charges for Public Internet Access	\$	109.99
2-Nov-22	2 CV CHECK OSBORNE PARKWA	National Police Clearance	\$	59.80
2-Nov-22	2 IINET BATCH PERTH GPO WA	NBN Charges for 48 Old Perth Road	\$	280.48
2-Nov-22	2 WESTNET PERTH WA	NBN Charges for Wind in the Willows	\$	69.99
2-Nov-22	2 MOSSKEY PTY LTD PERTH WA	Rubber Stamp	\$	68.97
2-Nov-22	2 COLES 0395 BASSENDEAN AUS	Catering for WHS Committee Meeting Morning Tea	\$	23.06
	TOTAL		\$	16,520.52



MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED

30 November 2022

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT (Containing the Statement of Financial Activity) for the period ended 30 November 2022

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

by Nature and Type for the period ended 30 November 2022

	2022/23 Authorised	2022/23 YTD Budget	2022/23 YTD Actual	Var. \$	Var. %
	Budget	(a)	(b)	(b)-(a)	(b)-(a)/(a)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue					
Rates	14,511,165	14,462,415	14,391,485	(70,930)	(0%)
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	554,442	277,286	203,880	(73,406)	(26%)
Fees and charges	6,767,613	4,705,848	4,716,856	11,008	0%
Service charges	513,034	513,034	507,213	(5,821)	(1%)
Interest earnings	317,345	128,657	192,997	64,340	50%
Other revenue	267,981	61,706	48,782	(12,924)	(21%)
	22,931,580	20,148,946	20,061,213	(87,733)	(0%)
Expenses					
Employee costs	(12,049,864)	(4,659,282)	(4,665,769)	(6,487)	0%
Materials and contracts	(8,147,824)	(3,623,668)	(2,593,872)	1,029,796	(28%)
Utility charges	(698,715)	(290,985)	(291,358)	(373)	0%
Depreciation on non-current assets	(3,881,983)	(1,617,380)	(1,610,000)	7,380	(0%)
Interest expenses	(28,798)	(7,695)	(7,004)	691	(9%)
Insurance expenses	(489,297)	(203,525)	(200,678)	2,847	(1%)
Other expenditure	(2,047,865)	(1,587,701)	(1,581,341)	6,360	(0%)
	(27,344,346)	(11,990,236)	(10,950,022)	1,040,214	(9%)
Subtotal	(4,412,766)	8,158,710	9,111,191	952,481	12%
Discontinued Operations					
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	1,770,730	727,681	684,436	(43,245)	(6%)
Profit on asset disposals	0	0	0	0	()
Loss on asset disposals	(15,000)	0	0	0	
·	1,755,730	727,681	684,436	(43,245)	(6%)
	0				()
Net result	(2,657,036)	8,886,391	9,795,627	909,236	10%
Other comprehensive income					
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	0	0	0	0	0%
Total other comprehensive income	0	0	0	0	0%
Total comprehensive income	(2,657,036)	8,886,391	9,795,627	909,236	10%

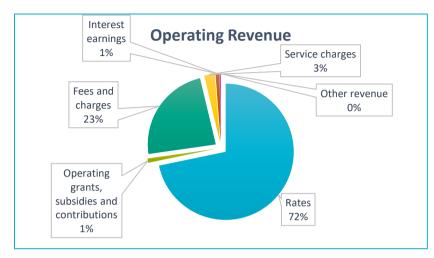
RATE SETTING STATEMENT

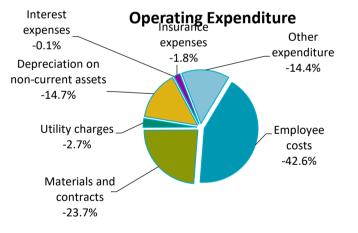
by Nature and Type

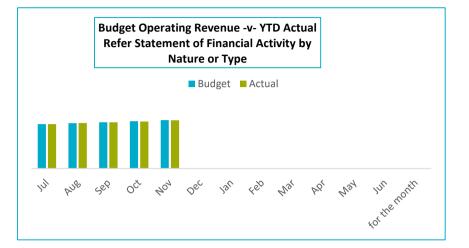
for the period ended 30 November 2022

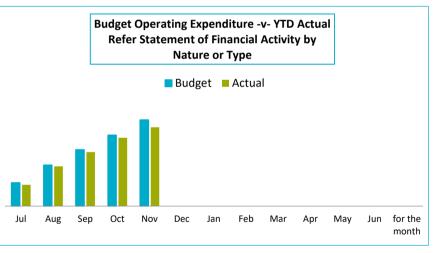
	2022/23 Current Budget	2022/23 YTD Budget (a)	2022/23 YTD Actual (b)	Var. \$ (b)-(a)	Var. % (b)-(a)/(a)
	\$	(u)	\$	(b)-(a)	(b)-(a)/(a) \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	1,320,660	1,320,660	2,624,434	1,303,774	99%
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)	1,320,660	1,320,660	2,624,434	1,303,774	99%
Operating grants, subsidies and					
contributions	554,442	277,286	203,880	(73,406)	(26%)
Fees and charges	6,767,613	4,705,848	4,716,856	11,008	0%
Service charges	513,034	513,034	507,213	(5,821)	(1%)
Interest earnings	317,345	128,657	192,997	64,340	50%
Other revenue	267,981	61,706	48,782	(12,924)	(21%)
Profit on asset disposals	,	-	-	0	(2170)
	8,420,415	5,686,531	5,669,728	(16,803)	(0%)
Expenditure from operating activities	0,120,110	0,000,001	0,000,120	(10,000)	(070)
Employee costs	(12,049,864)	(4,659,282)	(4,665,769)	(6,487)	0%
Materials and contracts	(8,147,824)	(3,623,668)	(2,593,872)	1,029,796	(28%)
Utility charges	(698,715)	(290,985)	(291,358)	(373)	(20%)
Depreciation on non-current assets	(3,881,983)	(1,617,380)	(1,610,000)	7,380	(0%)
Interest expenses	(28,798)	(7,695)	(7,004)	691	(0%)
Insurance expenses	(489,297)	(203,525)	(200,678)	2,847	(9%)
•	(2,047,865)	(1,587,701)	(1,581,341)	6,360	(1%)
Other expenditure Loss on asset disposals	(2,047,803)	(1,367,701)	(1,381,341)	0,300	(0%)
	(27,359,346)	(11,990,236)	(10,950,022)	1,040,214	(9%)
	2 000 002	4 647 200	1 610 000	(7.200)	(00())
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	3,896,983	1,617,380	1,610,000	(7,380)	(0%)
Amount attributable to operating activities	(13,721,288)	(3,365,665)	(1,045,860)	2,319,805	(69%)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	1,770,730	727,681	684,436	(43,245)	(6%)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(1,492,341)	(784,295)	(61,841)	722,454	(92%)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	(3,016,310)	(588,441)	(682,204)	(93,763)	16%
Proceeds from disposal of assets	52,000	-	-	-	
Proceeds from self-supporting loans	21,503	10,574	10,574	0	0%
Amount attributable to investing activities	(2,664,418)	(634,481)	(49,035)	585,446	(92%)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Repayment of borrowings	(104,061)	(25,565)	(25,565)	0	0%
Principal elements of finance lease payments	(160,000)	-	-	0	0,0
Proceeds from new borrowings	750,000	-	-	0	
Transfers to cash backed reserves (restricted assets)	(790,763)	-	-	0	
Transfers from cash backed reserves (restricted assets)	2,330,707	-	-	-	
Amount attributable to financing activities	2,025,883	(25,565)	(25,565)	0	0%
Pudgated definional before general rates	(14,359,823)	(4,025,711)	(1,120,460)	2,905,251	(700/)
Budgeted deficiency before general rates	(14,359,823)	(4,025,711)	14,391,485	(70,930)	(72%)
Estimated amount to be raised from general rates Net current assets at end of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	14,511,165 151,342	14,462,415	13,271,025	2,834,321	(0%) 27%
Net current assets at end of mancial year - Surplus/(uencil)	151,342	10,430,704	13,27 1,023	2,034,321	21 70

Town of Bassendean Information Summary For the Period Ended 30 November 2022









TOWN OF BASSENDEAN NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY for the period ended 30 November 2022

Note 1: Explanation of Material Variances

The material variance thresholds are adopted annually by Council as an indicator of whether the actual expenditure or revenue varies from the year to date budget, whichever is higher than \$15,000 or 10%.

Ø More Revenue OR Less Expenditure 8 Less Revenue OR More Expenditure

Reporting Program	Var. \$	Var. %	Var.	Timing/ Permanent	Explanation of Variance
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	1,303,774	99%	٥	Permanent	Surplus position is likely to be in line with the budget after year-end adjustments
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)					
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	(73,406)	(26%)	8	Timing	MRWA Grants \$26K, Financial Assistance Grants \$26K, Environmantal grants \$10K and Bassendean Youth Service \$10K
Fees and charges	11,008	0%	0	Timing	Within reporting threshold
Interest earnings	64,340	50%	٢	Permanent	Increase in investment returns as Cash Rate increased by a further 50 basis points to 2.85%
Other revenue Profit on asset disposals	(12,924) 0	(21%)	8	Timing	Within reporting threshold
	(16,803)	(0%)	8		
Expenditure from operating activities Employee costs	(6,487)	0%	8	Permanent	Within reporting threshold
Materials and contracts	1,029,796	(28%)	٢	Timing	Lower due to timing of IT & Goverance Projects(\$260K), Sanitation (\$309K) and Lower expenses in Reserve, new trees and Bushland maintenance (\$249K) due to seasonal factors
Utility charges	(373)	0%	8	Permanent	Within reporting threshold
Depreciation on non-current assets	7,380	(0%)	8	Timing	Within reporting threshold
Interest expenses	691	(9%)	ö	Timing	Within reporting threshold
Insurance expenses	2,847	(1%)	0	Timing	Within reporting threshold
Other expenditure	6,360	(0%)	8	Timing	Maintenance - Reserves and Weed Control under budget due to timing
Loss on asset disposals	0	· · ·		0	5 5
	1,040,214	(9%)	٢		
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	(7,380)	(0%)	8		
Amount attributable to operating activities	2,319,805	(69%)	۳		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	(43,245)	(6%)	8	Timina	Local Roads and Community Infrastructure Grant Phase 3
Payments for property, plant and equipment	722,454	(92%)	8	Timing	Timing delay in procurement of plant, fleet and equipment
Payments for construction of infrastructure	(93,763)	16%	8	Timing	Carry forwarded expenditure from the FY 21-22
Proceeds from disposal of assets	0				
Proceeds from self-supporting loans	0	0%	_		
Amount attributable to investing activities	585,446	(92%)	۳		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Repayment of borrowings	0	0%			
Transfers to cash backed reserves (restricted assets)	0				
Transfers from cash backed reserves (restricted assets)	0				
Amount attributable to financing activities	0	0%			
Budgeted deficiency before general rates	2,905,251	(72%)	٢		
Estimated amount to be raised from general rates	(70,930)	(0%)	8	Permanent	Processing of Community Housing exemptions
Net current assets at end of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	2,834,321	27%	٢		

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY

for the period ended 30 November 2022

Note 2: Net Current Funding Position

Positive=Surplus (Negative=Deficit)

	Last Years Actual Closing 30 June 2022	Current 30 November 2022
	\$	\$
Current Assets		
Cash - Other	5,699,643	11,649,123
Cash Restricted - Reserves	8,584,137	8,584,137
Restricted Cash - Trust	266,987	180,174
Rates Outstanding	391,772	5,192,739
Sundry Debtors	1,060,383	949,458
GST Receivable	31,024	(13,058)
Accrued Interest	17,786	17,786
Prepayments	105,670	144,559
Proceeds from Disposal	-	-
Inventories	15,976	22,671
	16,173,378	26,727,589
Less: Current Liabilities		
Sundry Creditors	(1,030,151)	(1,892,715)
Payroll Creditors	(46)	(172)
Accrued Interest on Borrowings	(2,140)	(2,140)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	(923,733)	-
Rates in Advance		(57,184)
Current Loan Liability	(104,061)	(78,498)
Hyde Retirement Village Bonds	(16,300)	(15,050)
Bonds and Other Deposits	(1,911,098)	(1,825,456)
Current Lease Liabilities	(89,871)	(89,871)
Contract liabilities	(142,674)	(142,674)
Deferred Revenue	-	-
Current Employee Provisions	(2,198,463)	(2,196,832)
	(6,418,537)	(6,300,592)
Net Current Assets	9,754,841	20,426,997
Less: Cash Reserves	(8,584,137)	(8,584,137)
Less: SSL Borrowings Repayments	(0,00 ,,101)	(10,574)
Loan Liability - Current	104,061	104,063
Lease Liability - Current	89,871	89,871
Other Misc Adjustments	19,882	4,889
Plus : Liabilities funded by Cash Backe		1,239,916
Net Current Funding Position	2,624,434	13,271,025

Town of Bassendean Monthly Investment Report As at 30 November 2022

									Am	ount Inves	ted (Days)		Total	
Deposit Ref	Deposit Date	Maturity Date	S & P Rating	Institution	Term (Days)	Rate of Interest	U	o to 30	30-59		60-89	90-120+		Expec Intere
Iunicipal														
3156679	5/11/2022	5/12/2022	A1	CBA	30	2.95%		1,340,883.82				1	1,340,883.82	3,2
24657	14/11/2022	13/02/2023	A1 A2	BOQ	91	3.50%		1,340,883.82				903,927.27	903,927.27	7,8
47666565	11/08/2022	11/08/2023	A2 A1	NAB	365	3.90%	-					1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	58,5
204225	11/08/2022	11/08/2023	A1 A1	Suncorp	365	3.90%						2,500,000.00	2,500,000.00	97,7
4836	2/11/2022	2/03/2023	A1 A2	IMB	120	3.50%						1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	17,2
205041	28/11/2022	27/02/2023	A2 A1	Suncorp	91	3.76%						3,000,000.00	3,000,000.00	28.1
203041	28/11/2022	27/02/2023	AI	Suricorp	51	3.70%		1,340,883.82		-	-	9,403,927.27	10,744,811.09	212,7
estricted - Bond	s and Deposits:												., ,	
27750	21/11/2022	21/02/2023	A2	BOQ	92	3.50%	┥┝					501,121.92	501,121.92	4,4
							┥┢─					501.121.92	501.121.92	4.4
							┙┝	- 1,340,883.82		-		9,905,049.19	11,245,933.01	4,4
estricted - Conti	ract Liabilities/Deferr	ed Revenue (Grant	ts)					1,340,003.02				5,505,045.15	11,243,553.01	217,1
eserve		cu nevenue (oran												
3105	7/06/2022	6/03/2023	A2	ME Bank	272	2.85%		-				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	21,2
132620	15/09/2022	15/12/2022	A2	Bendigo	91	3.10%						1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	7,7
4713	15/09/2022	15/12/2022	A2	IMB	91	3.15%						1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	7,8
204925	15/11/2022	13/02/2023	A2	Suncorp	90	3.58%						1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	8,8
204169	3/08/2022	1/12/2022	A1	Suncorp	120	2.92%						1,000,665.75	1,000,665.75	9,6
204926	15/11/2022	13/02/2023	A2	Suncorp	90	3.58%						1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	8,8
3156679	5/11/2022	5/12/2022	A1	CBA	30	2.95%		948,384.01					948,384.01	2,2
98923	24/05/2022	24/05/2023	A2	BOQ	365	3.20%						600,030.88	600,030.88	19,2
204927	15/11/2022	13/02/2023	A2	Suncorp	90	3.58%						1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	8,8
								948,384.01		-	-	7,600,696.63	8,549,080.64	94,4
				-										
55365673	31/10/2022	1/05/2023	A1	NAB	182	4.05%						7,903.84	7,903.84	1
55365673	31/10/2022	1/05/2023	A1	NAB	182	4.05%		948 384 01					-	
55365673	31/10/2022	1/05/2023	A1	NAB	182	4.05%		948,384.01		-	-	7,903.84 7,608,600.47	7,903.84 8,556,984.48	
55365673	31/10/2022	1/05/2023	A1	NAB	182		Total	-		-	-	7,608,600.47	8,556,984.48	94,5
	31/10/2022	1/05/2023						2,289,267.83	JRE	-	-	7,608,600.47	-	94,5
ENVIRONMENT		1/05/2023		VIDUAL INSTITUT	TION EXPOSURE			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOS		-	-	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT	TAL COMMITMENT	1/05/2023	INDI		TION EXPOSURE BOQ ,			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	-	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT		1/05/2023	INDI	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	TION EXPOSURE BOQ , 10%			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE		- - nit	\$9,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TERI	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing Istitution	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested	1/05/2023	INDI	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	TION EXPOSURE BOQ , 10% NAB			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -		7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TERI	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing sstitution ossil Fuel Lendii	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested		INDI Bendigo 5%	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	TION EXPOSURE BOQ , 10%			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- - nit	\$9,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing stitution Fossil Fuel Lendin OQ	rAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07		INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	TION EXPOSURE BOQ , 10% NAB			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- - nit	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing sstitution cossil Fuel Lendin OQ AB	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested		INDI Bendigo 5%	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	BOQ , 10% NAB 8%			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$6,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing sstitution cossil Fuel Lendin OQ AB	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84		INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,
ENVIRONMENT Depositing stitution :cossil Fuel Lendin OQ	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB	BOQ , 10% NAB 8%			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$6,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendia IOQ JAB IBA	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74		INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13%	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$6,000,00 \$5,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendin VOQ AB SBA	AL COMMITMENT Value Invested 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74 ending ADI	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13% Suncorp	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$6,000,00 \$5,000,00 \$4,000,00 \$3,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendin IOQ IAB IBA Non Fossil Fuel Le iuncorp	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74 ending ADI 9,500,665.75	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13%	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$6,000,00 \$5,000,00 \$4,000,00 \$3,000,00 \$2,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendin IOQ IAB IBA Ion Fossil Fuel Le Nuncorp VIE Bank	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74 ending ADI 9,500,665.75 1,000,000.00	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13% Suncorp	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- -	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$6,000,00 \$5,000,00 \$4,000,00 \$3,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	1 94,5 311,7
ENVIRONMENT Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendin VOQ Hab ISBA Non Fossil Fuel Le uncorp V/E Bank Hendigo	AL COMMITMENT Value Invested 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74 ending ADI 9,500,665.75 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13% Suncorp	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- nit	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$5,000,00 \$4,000,00 \$3,000,00 \$2,000,00 \$1,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49	94,5
ENVIRONMENT Depositing nstitution Fossil Fuel Lendin (OQ JAB IBA BA Jon Fossil Fuel Le uncorp IE Bank	TAL COMMITMENT Value Invested ng ADI 2,005,080.07 1,507,903.84 2,289,267.83 5,802,251.74 ending ADI 9,500,665.75 1,000,000.00	M	INDI Bendigo 5% IE Bank	VIDUAL INSTITUT IMB 13% Suncorp	BOQ, 10% NAB 8% CBA			2,289,267.83 CREDIT EXPOSE	Exposure	- nit	\$9,000,00 \$8,000,00 \$7,000,00 \$5,000,00 \$4,000,00 \$3,000,00 \$2,000,00 \$1,000,00	7,608,600.47 17,513,649.66 TER 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	8,556,984.48 19,802,917.49 M TO MATURITIES	94,5

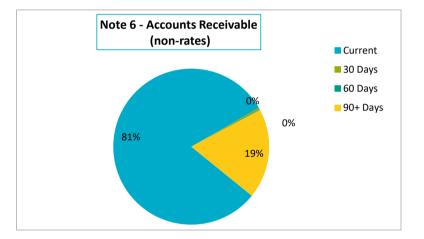
			Individual Limit	A1 A2	50% 30%					
	INSTITUTION BREAKUP	•		Maturity in I	Vonths	s	6 & P RATING	Investment Policy Limit	Portfolio Exposure	S&P Ratin
			< 30 Days	11.6%	\$2,289,268	A1	13,297,837	100%	67%	A1
BOQ	10.1%	2,005,080	30-60 Days	0.0%	\$0	A2	6,505,080	60%	33%	A2
NAB	7.6%	1,507,904	60-90 Days	0.0%	\$0					
CBA	11.6%	2,289,268	90+ Days	88.4%	\$17,513,650			-		
Suncorp	48.0%	9,500,666								
VIE Bank	5.0%	1,000,000								
Bendigo	5.0%	1,000,000								
MB	12.6%	2,500,000								
	100.0%	19,802,917.49		100.0%	\$19,802,917.5		19,802,917.49			

Attachment 12.16.1

TOWN OF BASSENDEAN NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY For the Period Ended 30 November 2022

Note 4: Receivables and Payables

Receivables - General	Current	30 Days	60 Days	90+ Days	Total	Payables - General	Current	30 Days	60 Days	90+ Days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Receivables - General	75,331	295	135	17,373	93,135	Payables - General	118,304	1,864	2,976	6,493	129,637



Comments/Notes - Receivables General The above amounts include GST where applicable.

	CAPITAL PROJECTS														
	30/11/2022														
Project Number	2022/23 Original Budget	Budget Amendments	202/23 Current Budget	2021/22 YTD Budget	YTD Actual	Purchase Orders	Total Inc Purchase Orders	Budget Remaining	% Budget Remaining to Annual Budget						
LAND AND BUILDINGS	\$671,222.66	\$0.00	\$671,222.66	\$395,795.00	\$45,696.12	\$65,920.97	\$111,617.09	\$559,605.57	83.4%						
DRAINAGE	\$235,098.00	\$0.00	\$235,098.00	\$0.00	\$1,504.50	\$0.00	\$1,504.50	\$233,593.50	99.4%						
FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT	\$345,618.00	\$0.00	\$345,618.00	\$200,000.00	\$16,145.00	\$163,998.26	\$180,143.26	\$165,474.74	47.9%						
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	\$475,500.00	\$0.00	\$475,500.00	\$188,500.00	\$0.00	\$27,709.00	\$27,709.00	\$447,791.00	94.2%						
INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS - OTHER	\$1,387,477.34	\$0.00	\$1,387,477.34	\$329,127.34	\$41,973.66	\$48,390.16	\$90,363.82	\$1,297,113.52	93.5%						
ROADS	\$1,277,723.73	\$0.00	\$1,277,723.73	\$209,313.50	\$638,725.79	\$31,680.28	\$670,406.07	\$607,317.66	41.5%						
FOOTPATHS	\$116,011.00	\$0.00	\$116,011.00	\$50,000.00	\$0.00	\$53,998.91	\$53,998.91	\$62,012.09	71.5%						
TOTAL	\$4,508,650.73	\$-	\$ 4,508,650.73	\$ 1,372,735.84	\$ 744,045.07	\$ 391,697.58	\$ 1,135,742.65	\$ 3,372,908.08	74.8%						

Note 5 - Capital Works Projects

TOWN OF BASSENDEAN NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY for the period ended 30 November 2022

##	Note 6: Proposed B	udget Amendments						
	GL Account Code	Description	Curr	rent Budget	Amende Budge		Budget ovement	Reason
		Sub-total - Budget Re-alignments	\$	-	\$	2	\$ -	
		NET CHANGE IN AMENDMENTS TO SURPLUS	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	CHANGE TO SURPLUS

TOWN OF BASSENDEAN NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY For the Period Ended 30 November 2022

Note 7: Disposal of Assets

		Original Annu	al Budget		YTD Act	YTD Actual			
Asset Class	Net Book Value	Proceeds	Profit	(Loss)	Net Book Value	Proceeds	Profit	(Loss)	
			-		-	_		_	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	